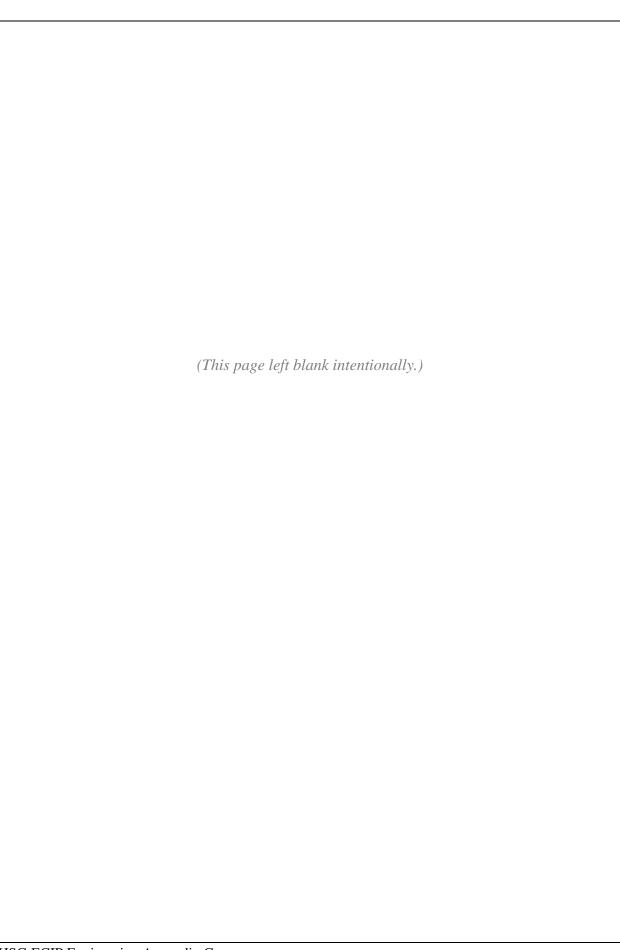
# ATTACHMENT 5 SHIP MANEUVERING SIMULATION STUDY OF PROPOSED CHANNEL MODIFICATIONS; HSC-ECIP FEASIBILITY STUDY, TEXAS





#### FINAL REPORT

April 13, 2018
Revised June 25 2019
Performed for
Port of Houston Authority
By
Waterway Simulation Technology, Inc.
&
Maritime Pilots Institute





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# **Executive Summary**

On November 17, 2017, the USACE Galveston District and the Port of Houston, in consortia with the Houston Pilots and G&H Towing, concluded ship maneuvering simulations in support of a feasibility study for the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Houston Ship Channel Expansion Channel Improvement Project (HSC ECIP). This overall study is evaluating potential channel improvements for the Houston Ship Channel (HSC) considering changing demands for admitting ships larger than the existing project and increasing efficiency of navigation for the existing vessel fleet. The study formulated to improve safety and efficiency of maritime operations on the HSC and related projects.

Project participants included the Port of Houston, the Houston Pilots, with the USACE in attendance as oversight. Simulations were conducted using the Kongsberg Polaris Full-Bridge Ship and Tug Simulators located at the San Jacinto Maritime College Maritime Technology and Training Center (SJMCMTTC) in LaPorte, Texas. The simulation study was conducted with cooperation between Waterway Simulation Technology (WST) and LOCUS. The project analyzed a number of proposed design alternatives aimed at increasing safety and efficiency of navigation by widening the navigation channel, easing bends, enlarging turning basins, and generally improving navigable space for the Houston Ship Channel (HSC), Bayport Ship Channel (BSC), and Barbours Cut Channel (BCC) based on specific design test vessels.

This feasibility-level assessment entailed two months of technical development, one week of simulation model vetting and one week of simulation-based testing which involved conducting 64 simulation runs using the various design alternatives. The simulation test runs performed are documented in Appendix C.

The ship and simulation model data bases, including data bases of the proposed project for the Portable Pilots Unit (PPU), were developed jointly by WST and LOCUS. The Engineering Research and Development Center (ERDC) in Vicksburg, Mississippi provided three-dimensional hydrodynamic current model output that was used by WST to generate depth-averaged current vector fields in ebb and flood conditions for the ship maneuvering simulations. Ship models were existing models available at the SJMCMTTC. Wind was provided as a global condition with directions of north and southeast at 10-20 knots. Simulations were conducted with Houston Ship Pilots and G&H Towing operators conning and operating the design vessels and tugs, respectively.

This report is provided with the understanding that it is a feasibility-level assessment of proposed design alternatives of the HSC in support of USACE 216 processes. This feasibility-level assessment was arrived at using simulations with ideal situations of visibility, simplicity in the simulated navigation channels in the Galveston Bay, predicted vessel traffic, available ship and tug models, and known piloting conditions. This project evaluation is a preliminary assessment by the project participants of the safety of navigation for pilotage in the proposed channel alternatives for the HSC. The results were evaluated using Houston Pilots Simulation-Based Evaluation Standards of Care included in Appendix I. The following summarizes results from the five areas of the HSC tested during the Houston 216 simulation study, see Figure 1.







Figure 1. Six Study Segments for the HSC ECIP Feasibility Study

A final debriefing was conducted following the completion of the simulations. A summary of the results of this debriefing is provided below. Specific simulated situations and conditions, locations, and ship models used are described in the full report.

#### Results of Two-way Traffic in the Proposed HSC Improvements

The results of two-way meeting situations in the Galveston Bay reaches of the HSC are summarized in this section. This includes meetings that took place in all three straight reaches of the HSC Bay Channels and the bends between the three reaches; i.e., Bolivar Roads to Redfish Bar (Channel Markers 51-52), Redfish Bar to Channel Markers 75-76 (Bayport), Channel Markers 75-76 to Morgan's Point (Barbors Cut).





- Meetings involving two design containerships in a straight reach of the 650-ft design channel were considered to be a high-risk maneuver.
- Meetings between the design containerships and tankers in a straight reach of the 650-ft design channel were considered to be a risky maneuver.
- No meetings between any of the design ships in the 650-ft design channel bends were simulated as the pilots considered such maneuvers unsafe.
- Meetings between two design containerships and between a design containership and tanker in both 700-ft design channel straight reaches and in 1030-ft Apex Cutoff Bends were considered to be acceptable.
- Design ships overtaking tows in the 700-ft design channel affected the tows as expected; this situation needs further analysis.
- It is acceptable for a design containership may meet another ship below Channel Markers 75-76 and then turn into the Bayport Ship Channel design as tested.

#### **Results of Barbours Cut Channel Simulations**

The results of the design containership conducting various maneuvers between Barbours Cut Channel and the HSC are reported in this section. In addition, tests of the design tanker were also conducted for a design widener at Barbours Cut for in- and out-bound transits. These results are also reported in this section. In all cases three tugs are considered required and wind limits of 15 knots maximum should be observed. For tug operations, the standards of care should be observed which requires a maximum speed of the ship of 7 knots when using a stern tug.

- The turning at the entrance to the Barbours Cut Channel and backing to a terminal berth of a
  design containership could be accomplished with good room and the design tested is
  acceptable.
- The transit of a design containership through the Barbours Cut Channel was considered acceptable.
- For a design containership exiting the Barbours Cut Channel and turning into the HSC there was good room and the design was acceptable.
- The design containership was able to turn with good room in the design turning basin and the basin design was considered acceptable.
- The transit of a design tanker, both inbound and outbound, between the Barbours Cut Channel and the HSC was considered acceptable with the design widener in place.

#### Results of Bayport Ship Channel Simulations

The results of the ship maneuvering simulations in the Bayport Ship Channel and between the Bayport Ship Channel and the HSC are reported in this section. In all cases three tugs of the 3075 type were considered required and wind limits of 15 knots maximum should be observed. For tug operations, the standards of care should be observed which requires a maximum speed of the ship of 7 knots when using a stern tug.

- The turning, both inbound and outbound, through the design 4,000-ft radius flared entrance of a design containership was considered to be acceptable.
- The meeting of another design ship below the entrance to the design Bayport Ship Channel with the design 4,000-ft radius and then making the turn into the Bayport Ship Channel by a design containership was considered to be acceptable.
- Use of the design "RO/RO Turning Basin near the land entrance of the Bayport Ship Channel was preferred for use when approaching the terminal's Berths 1-3. This would allow two inbound





ships to approach the container terminal at the same time with one going to Berths 4-6 and the other bound for Berths 1-3 with the full benefit of four daylight inbound transits per day.

- The design 455-ft bay channel was found to be acceptable.
- The design 400-ft land channel section was marginally acceptable; however, due to the drift angle required with cross-winds, a 455-ft design for the land channel is preferred.
- The inner Turning Basin was considered to be acceptable.

#### Results of Meetings in the Improved Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou Sections of the HSC

The results of the simulated meetings of design ships in the widened HSC and deepened channel section between Boggy Bayou and Greens Bayou are reported in this section.

- Meetings between a design Aframax and design Panamax in the design HSC Channel was found acceptable both below the Texas 8 Highway Bridge and above that bridge.
- Meetings between a design Suezmax and design Panamax in the design HSC Channel was found acceptable both below the Texas 8 Highway Bridge and above that bridge.

#### Results of Ship Turning in the Enlarged Brady Island Turning Basin

The results of turning the design Panamax ship in the design 900-ft turning basin was considered acceptable with sufficient room when two tugs of the 2460 class assisted the turn. This includes turning the design ship in the design turning basin with ships and bunkering barges alongside are at Wharfs 26-28. No wind restrictions were considered necessary.

#### Summary

As a result, the findings from the ship maneuvering simulation feasibility study are:

- Widen the HSC navigation channels to a width of 700 ft
- Widen the HSC bay bends as proposed as Cutoff Bends with 1030 ft Apex
- Widen the BSC bay channel from the intersection with the HSC to the proposed RO/RO Turning Basin with a 4,000 ft radius flare on the south edge at the intersection of the HSC.
- Construct the proposed RO/RO Turning Basin on the BSC
- Widen the BSC land channel to 400 ft with a taper on the north side of the channel from the RO/RO Turning Basin to the Land Cut
- Flare the entrance to the BCC as proposed with the widener transitioning from the 700 ft HSC channel to the existing channel at Markers 83-84
- Widen the BCC to 455 ft
- Widen and deepen the HSC from Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou as proposed to 530 ft and 46.5 ft below MLLW
- Enlarge the Brady Island Turning Basin as proposed.





#### Introduction

The ongoing feasibility study under the Houston Ship Channel Expansion Channel Improvement Project, Texas (HSC ECIP), has identified a need to conduct feasibility level ship maneuvering simulations in order to determine if the proposed channel design layout and dimensions for the projected design vessel classes are feasible and, where there is uncertainty about the required dimension, assist to identify the dimension needed. Of particular interest is the admission of Post- and Neo-Panamax container ships (now commonly referred to as Ultra Large Container Carriers or ULCC) that transit and, therefore, are limited to the maximum dimensions of the expanded Panama Canal. Since the terminals that would admit these vessels are both in the Galveston Bay below Morgans Point at the Bayport Ship Channel (BSC) and the Barbours Cut Channel (BCC), the design container test vessel (design containership) for Bay reaches and BSC and BCC have dimensions of an overall length of 1200 ft or less and a beam of 158 ft or less - and a Suezmax tanker with an overall length of 935 ft or less and a beam of 164 ft. The longer and wider containerships cannot meet any other vessels in the existing 530 ft HSC channel widths or the existing channel widths of the BSC and BCC; nor can they currently safely transit the existing unwidened bends of the HSC bay channels.

In addition, new and expanded turning basins are being considered with some of these requiring ship maneuvering simulation.

Finally, there is consideration of widening and deepening the HSC navigation channel between Boggy Bayou and Greens Bayou to accommodate developments along this reach of the HSC. Since the target design is to allow Aframax and Suezmax vessels to operate in this reach (this is not allowed under current pilot rules) and also a desire to determine the allowable limits for two-way traffic in this reach, simulations were recommended for this section of the HSC. An Aframax model was used for this purpose with the dimensions of LOA of 243.8m (799.9 ft), a beam of 42m (137.8 ft) and a draft of 12.2m (40.0 ft) even keel.

The navigation channel and turning basin designs to be tested were provided by the Project Delivery Team (PDT) consisting of members from the USACE and Port of Houston Authority (PHA). The ship maneuvering simulations study was conducted by the Waterway Simulation Technology, Inc. (WST) and Maritime Pilot Institute (MPI) with the Houston Pilots providing the piloting expertise.

It is understood that since these simulations were done as a part of a feasibility study, they were conducted as a limited set of tests, as quickly as possible and with minimum effort and cost, to refine feasible channel dimensions. Therefore, the testing program was designed to quickly assess a particular proposed design and to move to an alternate design based on the results of that test. The acceptability of the design was based on the participating Houston Pilot's opinions and the judgment of the team conducting the simulations using an accepted set of evaluation criteria.

Finally, the simulations were conducted at the SJCMTTC using their Kongsberg Polaris simulators. These simulators are similar to the simulator at the U.S. Army Engineering Research and Development Center (ERDC) at Vicksburg, MS.

Simulation matrices and scope were coordinated with ERDC in August and September and included fifty-five (55) simulation runs in the HSC, HSC/BCS, HSC/BCC, Boggy Bayou to Green's Bayou, and the Brady Island Turning Basin (this approved test matrix and the proposed scope of work are included as Appendix H). At the direction of the PDT, additional simulation of a Suezmax tanker was added to the





simulations planned from Boggy to Greens and simulation of modifications to the Brady Island Turning Basin if time allowed.

## **Purpose**

The primary purpose of this feasibility level simulation study was to determine the feasibility of the proposed channel improvements and to refine the proposed range of widening improvements in Galveston Bay. The Tentatively Selected Plan (TSP), provided a range of widening in the Galveston Bay sections of the HSC from the current 530-foot-wide channel to a 650 to 820 foot-wide channel. Due to the length of the transit in the Bay, the navigation channel in this reach is currently considered to allow two-way traffic. The existing channel widths and bend designs do not allow safe transits of the design containership, primarily due to the <u>length</u> and beam of these vessels. Therefore, two-way meeting simulations were required to refine the channel and bend width.

Since it is necessary for the new design containerships to enter and exit the channels leading to the container terminals from the HSC, simulations of the design containership maneuvering into and through the proposed navigation channels and turning basins for the BSC and BCC container terminals was required to determine if the proposed channel and turning basin designs are feasible.

Admission of Aframax and Suezmax vessels into the reaches above the East Sam Houston Tollway Bridge (Texas 8) from Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou is being considered and transits of these vessels were simulated with the proposed channel width of 530 ft and deepening to -46.5 ft MLLW. Tests were conducted to determine the feasible limits of two-way traffic meetings of the design vessels in this improved reach.

Finally, an expansion of the Brady Island Turning Basin is being proposed in order to relieve an operational constraint prohibiting turning of Panamax vessels while other vessels are berthed at the Wharfs 26-28 docks and especially while bunkering operations are ongoing at these locations. Simulated turning operations of a Panamax ship (700 ft LOA by 104 ft beam) were performed with Panamax vessels at these docks with a bunkering barge alongside one of the vessels to confirm the turning basin design.

# **Approach**

#### Ship Models

The Maritime Pilot's Institute (MPI) had a ship model of the *MAERSK EDINBURG* with a Length Over All (LOA) of 354m (1161.4 ft) and a beam of 48m (157.5 ft). Therefore, it was recommended that this model be modified to a length of 1200 ft and used as the representative design containership. MPI provided the maneuvering characteristics of this model based on observations of operating containerships. Houston Pilots vetted the model as described in a Memorandum for the Record<sup>1</sup> included in Appendix J.

A partially loaded Suezmax tanker model (ORION VOYAGER) that has been used extensively by the Houston Pilots on the San Jacinto simulator was used in these simulations. This tanker had dimensions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Memorandum for the Record, Subject Houston Ship Channel (HSC) 216 Ship Simulation Model Setup and Verification, Waterway Simulation Technology, Inc., October 20, 2017



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of 274m (900.4 ft) LOA, 50.0m (164 ft) beam and a draft aft of 13.79m (45.2 ft) and draft forward of 11.22m (36.8 ft.). This model was used as the representative Suezmax design vessel.

The PDT requested that combinations of vessels meeting in the deepened and widened reach of the HSC from Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou be included in the ship maneuvering tests. This reach was widened from 300 ft to 530 ft and deepened to a depth of 46.5 ft MLLW from 41.5 ft MLLW. The goal of the design change was to allow Aframax and Suezmax vessels to use this reach of the HSC, which is currently restricted for these vessels. In addition, the simulation was to determine what combination of these vessels could meet in this reach to provide for feasible two-way traffic conditions; thereby increasing efficiency. The models used included a Suezmax VLCC model (*ORION VOYAGER*) with an LOA of 902ft, a beam of 164ft, and a draft of 45ft; a Aframax tanker model (*EAGLE KANGAR*) with an LOA of 800ft, a beam of 138ft, and a draft of 40ft; and a Panamax bulk carrier (*M/S MAGITOGORSK*) with an LOA of 707ft, a beam of 104ft, and a draft of 38ft.

Additionally, the PDT requested that the proposed improvements to the Brady Island Turning Basin be tested if time allowed. For the turning basin tests at Brady Island, a typical Panamax vessel (*M/S MAGITOGORSK*) was used. The preferred LOA for such a vessel was 750 ft as this is the maximum length allowed in this reach of the HSC. However, the only acceptable model available was a Panamax bulk carrier with a LOA of 707 ft, a beam of 104 ft and a draft of 38 ft. This vessel was used with available tug support for the turning tests at Brady Island.

In summary, the ship class, model name, and dimensions used for each vessel are included in  $Table\ 1$  below:

Model	Ships Name	Dead Weight		RAFT	Displacement	Length Overall	Breath
Name	Snips Name	Tons	AFT (ft)	FWD (ft)	Tons	(ft)	(ft)
BULKC06L	M/S Magnitogorsk	22691	37.7	37.6	60920	706.5	104.3
TANK23L	EAGLE KANGAR	107481	40.0	40.0	99250	799.7	137.8
BULKC16	FRAISER RIVER	75000	41.0	41.0	85005	869.2	105.9
VLCC13X	ORION VOYAGER	156500	45.2	36.8	122400	900.4	164.0
MULCV14T	MAERSK EDINBURGH	133500	45.0	45.0	157281	1202.1	158.1

Table 1: Ship Models Used in the HSC Feasibility Ship Maneuvering Simulation Study

Pilot Cards for each of the vessel models used in these stimulations are presented in Appendix A.

#### **Model Databases**

A basic model of the HSC navigation channels was available on the San Jacinto simulator. Widening is proposed for the HSC Bay Channels above Bolivar Roads to Morgans Point to a width greater than the existing 530 ft. channel widths being considered for the simulation effort included 650 ft, 700 ft, and 750 ft. Bend wideners for each of four bends are also being considered for this channel segment of Galveston Bay. No deepening is being considered at this time. Therefore, modifications of these model databases (visual, radar and ECDIS, channel, currents) were required to account for the channel improvements being tested. WST assisted MPI in this development.

Currents were input as data. The currents for the HSC ECIP simulation were obtained from a 3D hydrodynamic model of the existing HSC developed at USACE Engineer Research and Development Center (ERDC). WST converted the three-dimensional data from this model to two-dimensional depth-





averaged data for simulation model input. Maximum ebb and flood currents for the Redfish Bend and the Bayport Channel sections were independently extracted from the model data to provide a range of water flow conditions for the simulations. Current data were also extracted from the model for the Bayou section simulations; although, current magnitudes in this region were very low.

Since the emphasis of this study was to determine the feasible navigation channel width for the larger design vessels, it was recommended that the proposed alternative navigation channel width for the bay channels be input based on agreement with the USACE and the Houston Pilots. It was anticipated that the initial testing would begin with a 650 ft wide channel from Bouy 18 to Morgans Point and a cutoff bend easing of 980ft at each of the channel bends at HSC stations 138+369 (Buoy 18), 128+731, 78+844 (Redfish), and 28+605 (Beacons 75/76). Simulations with vessel meetings were developed for all three channel sections of Galveston Bay. Based on discussions with the Houston Pilots and with approval from the Corps representatives during the simulation validation, meetings of the design vessels in the improved bends were also included. Emphasis was placed on meeting before and after the bends at Redfish, at HSC Beacons 75 and 76 below the intersection with the Bayport Ship Channel and then up to (Beacons 81-82). Other channel widths were prepared at 700 ft and 750 ft in anticipation of the need to test such alternatives. These channel cross-sections were constructed to be representative of typical cross-sections observed in the existing ship channels and to be representative of the typical conditions the ships would experience in the future after the channel has been used and shaped by the ship traffic. An example of the type of cross-section to be used in building the widened channels is shown in Figure 2. It was anticipated that barge shelves would be included to represent the bank conditions with these present in any future project expansion. Consideration was given to including operating tows on the barge shelf to observe the effects of deep-draft ships transiting the deep navigation channel.

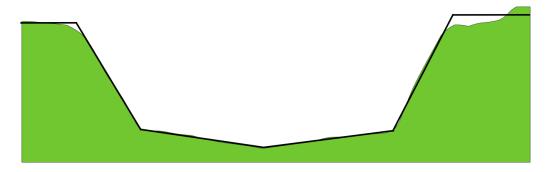


Figure 2. Typical Cross-section

Similarly, the proposed navigation channels in the HSC above the Texas 8 Bridge from Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou were developed based on the existing hydrographic survey data modified to represent the proposed improvements to the channel with a nominal channel width of 530 ft and depth of 46.5 ft MLLW. Modifications to the channel were made based on the results of transits of the largest permitted vessels (LOA<= 750 ft) in this reach at the present time.

The Bayport Ship Channel was widened on the north side of the ship channel from a width of 400 ft to 455 ft from the entrance near the bend at channel markers 75-76. A turning basin, identified as the RO/RO Turning Basin, was included in the modified Bayport project. Beginning at this turning basin, the simulated channel was tapered to a 400 ft width near the entrance to the land cut through the remainder of the ship channel and the turning basin. The simulated channel was also developed with a 455 ft width through the entire channel including the turning basin; however, this was not tested. Both ship channels were also developed with a 4,000 ft and 5,735 ft radius flare on the south side of the





Bayport Ship Channel connecting with the apex of the bend near channel marker 75 for each of the HSC navigation channel model databases.

The Barbours Cut Channel was modified to include a widening of the ship channel from 300 ft to 455 ft with offsets from the container terminal to the north. Straight-line flare designs on the north and south sides of the entrance were provided by the PDT and included in the simulated test channels. A transition from the eastern side of the widened HSC channel starting at channel marker 90A to the existing channel near channel marker 94 were also included and tested for traffic transiting between points north of Morgans Point and Barbours Cut.

Finally, a simulation database was developed for the proposed enlarged Brady Island Turning Basin. This enlargement was to enable the maximum sized Panamax vessels allowed to operate in the upper reaches of the HSC above Boggy Bayou to turn in the turning basin while vessels are berthed at the docks at Wharfs 26-27; especially while receiving bunker fuel from barges alongside the vessels. Therefore, Panamax vessels with a length of 750 ft and a beam of 106 ft were berthed at Wharfs 6-8 such as to restrict the turning area to test the relaxation of the current operating restrictions for this turning basin and a bunkering barge with length of 195 ft by 35 ft was placed adjacent to the tanker berthed at Wharf 27.

# Simulated Project Improvement Databases for the Houston Pilot Portable Pilot Units (Raven PPUs)

The Houston Pilots provided three computers used as Portable Pilot Units (PPUs) for use during these simulation tests and arranged for *myppu.com* to work with WST and MPI to develop databases of the proposed project improvements for use with the PPUs during the ship maneuvering simulation tests. The Houston Pilots regularly utilize PPUs to help them navigate vessel transits on the HSC system. Personnel from myppu.com were able to provide these databases with short lead times.

#### Ship and Waterway Model Validation and Adjustments

During the period from October 13-15, 2017, MPI, San Jacinto Maritime, Houston Pilots, and WST installed the simulation model databases for the reaches of the HSC, tested and adjusted the ship models until they were verified by the Houston Pilots, checked out the simulation databases, and discussed the project, feasibility study objectives, and testing program with the pilots, representatives from ERDC, the Galveston District, and Port of Houston Authority. A Memorandum for Record dated October 20, 2018 was prepared to document the results of this effort and is included in Appendix J.

#### **Ship Maneuvering Simulation Tests**

Ship maneuvering simulation tests were conducted at the San Jacinto Maritime Center Ship Simulator during the period November 13-17, 2017. The list of participants is provided in Appendix B. The simulations conducted as a part of this study and the conditions of each simulated transit are documented in Appendix C. The results of the simulations are presented below.

# **Results of the Ship Maneuvering Simulations**

A brief description of each principal simulation test area is presented in this section of the report. In addition, the basic findings and recommendations derived from those test sections are presented. The entire set of track plots for all simulations conducted are included in Appendix K-P.





#### Galveston Bay Channel of the HSC

Figure 3 through Figure 5 show representative track plots of the HSC tested during the simulation study. The HSC bay channels tested stretched from Bolivar Roads to just below BCC and were considered to represent three segments. The entire set of track plots for all simulations conducted are included in Appendix L. The proposed 650-ft widening of the Houston Ship Channel in the Galveston Bay was tested extensively and found to be unacceptable for two-way traffic operations (see Figure 3). The 700-foot-wide channel was tested next. The design vessel for this study segment was a representative design containership with dimensions of 1,200ft x 158ft x 45ft. The primary design operation was a meeting maneuver of two of these vessels. Additionally, meeting and passing maneuvers were simulated between the design containership and a Suezmax-class tanker (900ft x 170.6ft x 45.3ft/36.8ft). A few simulations also included traffic tows transiting the HSC along the barge lanes during the meeting/passing operations. The proposed 700-ft widening was found to be acceptable (see Figure 4). Also, meetings of the design containership in bends, which were widened to an apex of 1,030 ft and with the 700-ft channel, were found to be acceptable (see Figure 5). Below are the findings for simulations in the bay section of the HSC.



Figure 3. Two Design Containerships Meeting in the Proposed 650 ft Wide Houston Ship Channel







Figure 4. Two Design Containerships Meeting in the Proposed 700 ft Wide Houston Ship Channel



Figure 5. Two Design Containerships Meeting in Red Fish Bend

#### Findings for Bay Reach of the Houston Ship Channel

- 1. The design containership had better piloting success in the 700' channel than the 650' channel.
- 2. The design containership was able to meet another design containership in the 700' test channel while maintaining adequate separation between each vessel and the test channel toe.
- 3. The design containership was able to safely meet Suezmax (secondary design test vessel with dimensions of 900ft x 164ft x 45ft) vessels in the 700' channel of the HSC.
- 4. The design containership was able to meet another design containership and a Suezmax vessel in the widened design bends under current and wind conditions (20 knots SE) tested.





- 5. Tow vessels navigating in the deeper water alongside the channel toeline, on the margin of the barge lanes, <u>may</u> lose control of their vessel and/or tow units due to passing ship forces from the design containership.
- The channel widening provided in the 700' channel is feasible for two-way traffic meetings of an inbound and outbound design containership, Suezmax vessels, and a design containership and a Suezmax vessel.

#### Recommendations for the Bay Reach of the Houston Ship Channel

- 1. Consideration could be given to evaluating a reduction of the proposed 1,030-foot apex bend widening such that safe meeting operations may be maintained and further evaluated in Project Engineering and Design (PED).
- 2. Further analysis of ship and tow interaction in the 700' alternative is recommended to better understand the risk posed by the design containership as well as Suezmax vessels to tug and tow vessels transiting in the barge lanes alongside the 700' channel.

#### **Bayport Channel**

The design containership was successfully piloted in simulations in and out of Bayport Channel. Figure 6 - Figure 8 show representative track plots of the Bayport Channel. The entire set of track plots for all simulations conducted are included in Appendix N. A modification to the existing BSC southern flare is underway that will create a 4,000 ft radius. ERDC previously evaluated a flare modification up to a 5,375 ft radius. Discussions with the Houston Pilots indicated that the 5,375 foot radius may not be necessary for the southern side of the channel at the intersection of the BSC and HSC at beacon 75/76 when the HSC is widened to 700 feet, therefore, only the 4,000 ft radius with an additional modification to tie it into the proposed 700 ft wide HSC was simulated. The channel design tested was 455 ft wide from the 4000 ft-radius flare intersection with the HSC, westward to the proposed RO/RO Turning Basin and, from thence, tapering to 400 ft wide at the beginning of the land cut and past the container docks to the existing turning basin. A proposed new turning basin (RO/RO) on the south side of the channel at the beginning of the land-cut was also included in the simulation tests (Figure 7). The following findings for the Bayport Channel simulation are presented.







Figure 6. Design Containership Inbound to Bayport Container Terminal at Channel Intersection with HSC

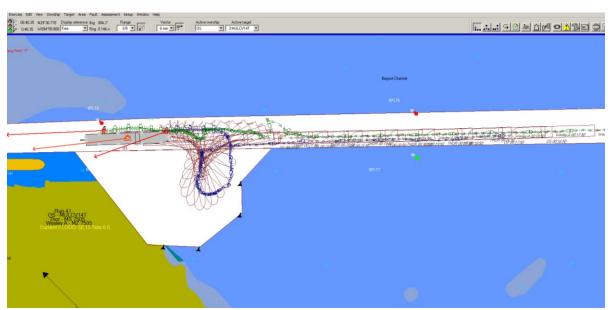


Figure 7. Design Containership Turning in the RO/RO Turning Basin and Backing to the Bayport Container Terminal





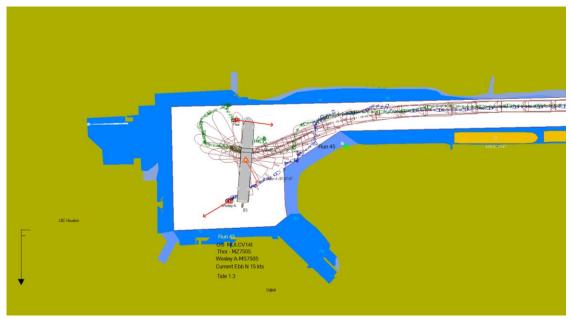


Figure 8. Design Containership Transiting the Bayport Container Terminal and Turning in the Existing Turning Basin which was Expanded by 400ft to the North

#### Bayport Ship Channel Findings

- 1. The design containership and ship assist tugs providing escort towing services to the design containership were able to maintain position in water considered safe by the pilots and tug masters during approaches and departures to Bayport container terminal using the additional space provided in the 700' HSC design, proposed bend wideners, 4000' flare at the entrance, and the widening of the Bayport Ship Channel to 455ft from the flare to the land cut.
- 2. The proposed widening of the Bayport Ship Channel open bay reach to 455', the approved and anticipated 4,000' radius flare at the entrance, and the proposed bend widener at the bend at Beacon 75/76 allowed successful entrance into and departure from the Bayport Ship Channel in accordance with the Houston Pilots Simulation-Based Evaluation Standards of Care even following the meeting with another vessel immediately below the bend at Beacons 75/76.
- 3. The Houston Pilots stated that the availability and use of the RO/RO Turning Basin would allow more efficient marine operations by allowing ships to move to the main turning basin followed by ships that would use the RO/RO Turning Basin; thus making effective use of 8 hours of daylight operations at the Bayport Terminals.
- 4. The proposed RO/RO Turning Basin near BSC Markers 6-7 allowed successful turning with the assistance of available escort tugs prior to entrance into the land cut of the BSC by backing to the eastern berths of the Bayport terminal in accordance with the Houston Pilots Simulation-Based Evaluation Standards of Care.
- 5. The proposed design of the Bayport Ship Channel widening to a 455 ft width tapers from the RO/RO Turning Basin to the entrance of the land cut at the eastern end of the container terminal to a 400 ft ship channel width along the terminal to the turning basin at the end of the channel. This increase in width from 350 ft provides for a successful transit of the design containership with available tug escort up to the wind limits of 15 knots.
- 6. The Houston Pilots stated that with the 400' land cut Bayport Ship Channel width would still require one-way traffic with the design containership and would limit bunkering operation in the channel and holding of barges along the channel.





- 7. The Houston Pilots stated that they believed this design would require three tugs to control the design containership with the upper wind limits of 15 knots.
- 8. The Houston Pilots prefer a width in the land cut of 455 ft.
- 9. The channel improvements proposed for the 455'/400' navigation channel for the approaches to the Bayport Terminals, inclusive of the 4,000 ft flare and channel improvements, are feasible for the successful transit of the design containership, assist tugs and normal HSC vessel traffic.

#### Recommendations for Bayport Ship Channel

1. The proposed RO/RO Turning Basin near the land cut in the Bayport Ship Channel is recommended by the Houston Pilots for consideration as this will provide for more efficient ship maneuvering operations to the eastern berths at the Bayport Container Terminal and allow optimal use of the channel during daylight restriction.

#### **Barbours Cut Channel**

Figure 9 through Figure 11 show representative track plots in the 455ft widened design channel for Barbours Cut Container Terminal near Morgans Point, Texas. In addition, design widenings and flares at the intersection of the Barbours Cut channel with the 700 ft design HSC are shown. The entire set of track plots for all simulations conducted are included in Appendix M. In order to successfully transition from the widened channel in Galveston Bay to the existing 530-wide channel above Morgans Point as well as the north bound turns out of BCC, slight widening and tapering of the channel transition was approximated. The following findings for the simulations of Barbours Cut Channel are presented.

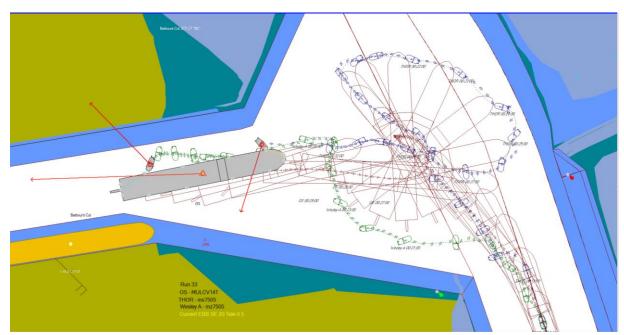


Figure 9. Design Containership Turning and Backing into Barbours Cut Container Terminal





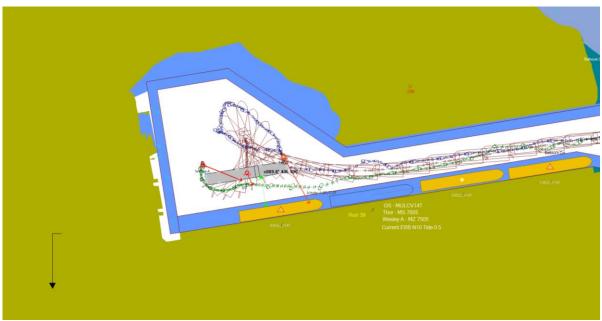


Figure 10. Design Containership Transiting the Widened 455ft Channel at Barbours Cut Container Terminal and Turning in the Existing Turning Basin

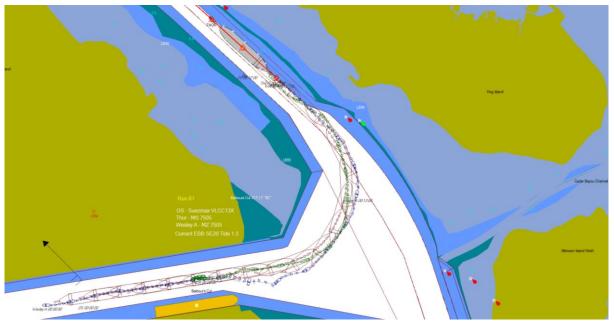


Figure 11. Suezmax Exiting the Barbours Cut Container Terminal Channel and Turning Up-channel Using the Widening Flare and East Houston Ship Channel Widener at Markers 83-84

#### Findings for Barbours Cut Channel

- 1. The widening of the BCC to 455' allowed the successful maneuvering of the design containership through the terminal past berthed design containerships at the terminal berths with tug support with both the ship and tugs maintaining Houston Pilots Simulation-Based Evaluation Standards of Care (see I).
- 2. The design containership was able to sucessfully turn and maintain Houston Pilots Simulation-Based Evaluation Standards of Care while turning in the BCC Turning Basin with assistance of the available tug escort and maneuvering assistance.





- 3. Transit of Suezmax-class vessels to and from the proposed BCC improvements into and from the proposed 700 ft HSC north of BCC was found to be successful with assistance of available tugs.
- 4. The channel improvements proposed for the 455' channel for the approaches to BCC, inclusive of the flare and HSC channel improvements, are feasible for the navigation of the design containership, assist tugs and normal HSC vessel traffic.

#### Recommendations for Proposed Barbours Cut Channel

1. The channel improvements at the entrance of the BCC and the widening of the Houston Ship Channel between channel markers 91 to 93-94 provided successful maneuvering of Suezmax tankers transiting between terminals north of Morgans Point and Barbours Cut. However, this transition should be specifically evaluated further in PED.

#### HSC from Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou

Figure 11 shows a representative track plot of the simulations between Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou. The entire set of track plots for all simulations conducted are included in Appendix P. In the Bayou section of the HSC, the proposed design tested was widening the section from Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou from a width of 300ft to 530ft and deepening to a depth of 46.5ft MLLW (Figure 12). Meetings of various combinations of Suezmax, Aframax, and Panamax vessels were simulated to evaluate the limits of vessel meetings that could feasibly be accomplished. Since these meetings were a completely new maneuver for the Houston Pilots, they were establishing the ship handling technique that was required to meet this size of vessel in this improved reach. Even though many of these meetings were close to the proposed channel toelines, the Houston Pilots stated that they consider these were safe meetings and within the pilots' standard of care as there is deep water outside the proposed channel toelines, which they routinely use.

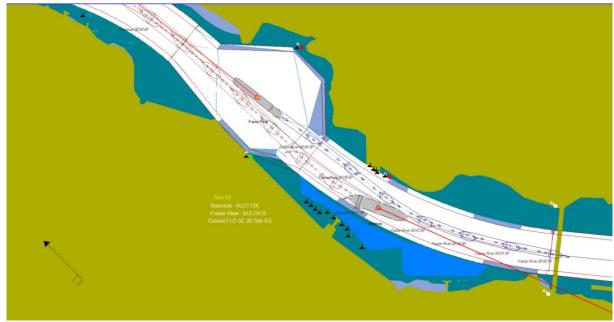


Figure 12. Meeting of Suezmax and Panamax Vessels in the Widened and Deepened Houston Ship Channel Between Boggy
Bayou and Greens Bayou





#### Findings for the Houston Ship Channel from Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou

- The proposed widening and deepening of the HSC reach between Boggy Bayou and Greens
  Bayou was found to provide for successful operations of Aframax and Suezmax vessels, which
  increases the size of ships allowed to operate in this reach above the existing LOA of 750 ft and
  beam of 106 ft.
- 2. The proposed widening and deepening for this reach was found to allow successful implementation of two-way traffic of loaded vessels with a maximum combined ship beam of 246'.
- 3. The proposed widening and deepening allowed the meeting of loaded Aframax and Panamax ships in this improved reach of the HSC.
- 4. The meetings of loaded vessels of Suezmax size with loaded vessels of Panamax size were problematic during the simulation tests; however, there is a possibility with a more realistic database considering the channel conditions along the navigation channel and additional training, two-way operations between these vessels could be possible.
- 5. The channel improvements provided in the proposed 530' channel widening and deepening to 46.5 MLLW for the upper Houston Ship Channel between Boggy Bayou (Shell) to Greens Bayou the deepening area are feasible.

#### Recommendations for the Houston Ship Channel from Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou

1. During PED, additional testing with a channel database representing the proposed design along with terminals that will be constructed to service these larger vessels may demonstrate the feasibility of relaxing the combined beam restriction cited in item 4 above.

#### **Brady Island Turning Basin**

The proposed enlargement of the Brady Island Turning Basin is shown in Figure 13. Simulations are shown of Panamax vessels turning in the enlarged Brady Island Turning Basin with Panamax vessels berthed at the docks at Wharfs 26-28 and a bunkering barge alongside the ship at Wharf 27. The entire set of track plots for all simulations conducted are included in Appendix O.





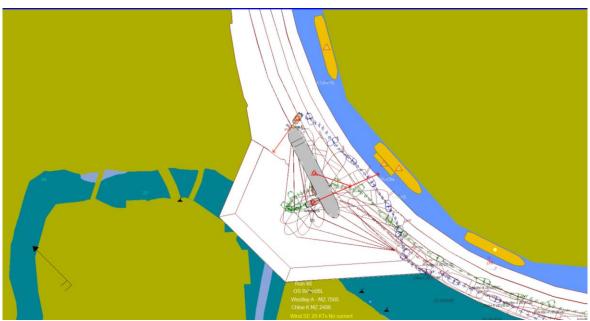


Figure 13. Panamax Turning in the Enlarged Brady Island Turning Basin

#### Findings for the Enlarged Brady Island Turning Basin

1. Successful turning maneuvers of the representative design test Panamax vessel with the assistance of available tugs in this enlarged turning basin with Panamax vessels at Wharfs 26, 27, and 28 and bunkering operations at these vessels can be accomplished in compliance with the Houston Pilots Simulation-Based Evaluation Standards of Care.





Appendix A: Pilot Cards for the Ship Models Used in the Simulations



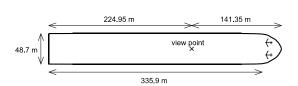


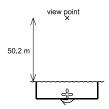
#### MULCV14Q Version 6

Ship's name	MPI 14000 TEU ULCV									Date				
Call Sign	N	/IPI1				Deadweight _	1335	00		t	onnes	Year built	2017	
Draught aft _	13.716	m /	45	ft	<u>0</u> in	Forward	13.716	_ m /	45	ft	0 in	Displacement	157281	tonnes

#### SHIP'S PARTICULARS

Length overall	365.7	m	Anchor chain:	Port	28.0	shackles	Starboard	28.0	shackles
Breadth	48.7	m		Stern		shackles			
Bulbous bow	Yes						(1 sha	ackle = 27.432 m = 15 fatho	ms)





Type of engine		Diesel		Maximum power	67699	kW (	92045	hp)			
Manoeuvring engine	)	RPM	Pitch		Speed (knots)						
order				Loaded	Loaded						
Full sea speed	1	101.7					24.8				
Full Ahead	0.8	89.8					22.4				
Half Ahead	0.5	59.9					15.3				
Slow Ahead	0.25	31.0			7.3						
Dead Slow Ahead	0.125	20.0					4.9				
Dead Slow Astern	0.125	-20.0									
Slow Astern	-0.25	-31.0		Time limit astern			m	nin:sec			
Half Astern	-0.5	-50.9		Full ahead to full as				nin:sec			
Full Astern	-1	-66.9		Max. No. of consecu							
				Minimum RPM	<del>-</del>			knots			
				Astern power				ahead			



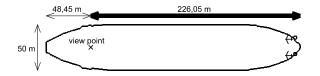


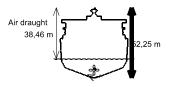
#### VLCC13X Version 5

Ship's name					(	Orion Voyager											
Call Sign						Deadweight		156400				toni	nes	Year built			
Draught aft	13.79	m / 4	5 ft	3	in	Forward	11.22	n	/ 3	36	ft	10	in	Displacement	1	122400	tonnes

#### SHIP'S PARTICULARS

Length overall	274.5	m	Anchor chain:	Port _	14.0	shackles	Starboard	14.0	shackles
Breadth	50	m							
Bulbous bow	No						(1 shac	kle = 27,432 m = 15 fatho	ms)





#### PROPULSION PARTICULARS

Type of engine		Diesel		Maximum power 14872	2 kW (20220 hp)							
Manoeuvring e	ngine	RPM	Pitch	Speed (knots)								
order				Loaded	Ballast							
Full sea speed	1	91.0	N/A	N/A	16.4							
Full Ahead	0.8	57.0	N/A	N/A	10.4							
Half Ahead	0.5	46.0	N/A	N/A	8.4							
Slow Ahead	0.25	35.0	N/A	N/A	6.4							
Dead Slow Ahead	0.125	27.0	N/A	N/A	4.9							
Dead Slow Astern	-0.125	-27.0	N/A									
Slow Astern	-0.25	-35.0	N/A									
Half Astern	-0.5	-46.0	N/A									
Full Astern	-1	-91.0	N/A									



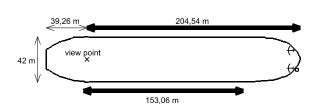


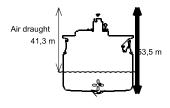
#### TANK23L Version 5

Snip's name _			Eagle Kangar						
Call Sign	9\	V8472	Deadweight	10	7481	tonnes	Year built	2010	
Draught aft	12.2	m / 40 ft 0	in <b>Forward</b>	12.2	m / 40	ft 0 in	Displacement	99250	tonnes

#### SHIP'S PARTICULARS

Length overall	243.8	m	Anchor chain:	Port _	13.0	shackles	Starboard	13.0	shackles
Breadth	42	m							
Bulbous bow	Yes						(1 shacl	kle = 27,432 m = 15 fatho	ms)





Type of engine		Diesel		Maximum power 13557	kW ( <u>18432</u> hp)						
Manoeuvring eng	ine	RPM	Pitch	Speed (knots)							
order				Loaded	Ballast						
Full sea speed	1	101.0	N/A	15.0	N/A						
Full Ahead	0.8	75.0	N/A	11.2	N/A						
Half Ahead	0.5	62.0	N/A	9.2	N/A						
Slow Ahead	0.25	42.0	N/A	6.2	N/A						
Dead Slow Ahead	0.125	35.0	N/A	5.1	N/A						
Dead Slow Astern	-0.125	-35.0	N/A								
Slow Astern	-0.25	-42.0	N/A								
Half Astern	-0.5	-62.0	N/A								
Full Astern	-1	-75.0	N/A								





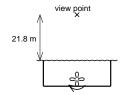
#### BULKC16 Version 1

Ship's name							Fraiser River						Date		
Call Sign	\	V7NS1					Deadweight _		75000		1	onne	Year built	1982	
Draught aft	12.5	m/	41	ft	0	in	Forward	12.5	m/	41	ft	0 ir	Displacer	ment 85005	tonnes

#### SHIP'S PARTICULARS

Length overall	265	m	Anchor chain:	Port _	25.1	shackles	Starboard _	25.1 s	hackles
Breadth	32.3	m		Stern		shackles			
Bulbous bow	Yes						(1 shad	kle = 27.432 m = 15 fathom	s)





Type of engine		Diesel		Maximum power 10860	kW (	14564	hp)
Manoeuvring engine		RPM	Pitch	Spee	d (knots)		
order				Loaded		Ballast	
Full sea speed	1	94.0		14.5			
Full Ahead	0.8	81.0		12.6			
Half Ahead	0.5	60.0		9.3			
Slow Ahead	0.25	40.0		6.1			
Dead Slow Ahead	0.125	28.0		4.2			
Dead Slow Astern	-0.125	-28.0					
Slow Astern	-0.25	-40.0		Time limit astern			min:sec
Half Astern	-0.5	-54.0		Full ahead to full astern			min:sec
Full Astern	-1	-81.0		Max. No. of consecutive start	is		
				Minimum RPM			knots
		<u> </u>		Astern power			ahead



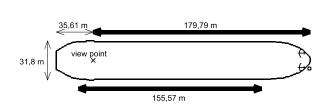


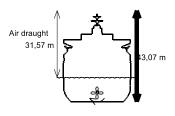
#### BULKC06L Version 15

Ship's name						M	/S Magnitogorsk	:							
Call Sign		A8IS3					Deadweight		22691		1	tonnes	Year built	1976	
Draught aft	11.5	m /	37	ft	9	in	Forward	11.5	m /	37	ft	9 in	Displacement	60920	tonnes

#### SHIP'S PARTICULARS

Length overall	215.4	m	Anchor chain:	Port _	10.9	shackles	Starboard	10.9	shackles
Breadth	31.8	m							
Bulbous bow	No						(1 shack	kle = 27,432 m = 15 fath	oms)





Type of engine		Diesel		Maximum power 9180	kW (12481 hp)						
Manoeuvring er	ngine	RPM	Pitch	Speed (knots)							
order				Loaded	Ballast						
Full sea speed	1	120.0	N/A	16.0	N/A						
Full Ahead	0.8	108.6	N/A	14.4	N/A						
Half Ahead	0.5	96.0	N/A	12.8	N/A						
Slow Ahead	0.25	76.2	N/A	10.1	N/A						
Dead Slow Ahead	0.125	45.0	N/A	6.0	N/A						
Dead Slow Astern	-0.125	-45.0	N/A								
Slow Astern	-0.25	-70.2	N/A								
Half Astern	-0.5	-89.4	N/A								
Full Astern	-1	-96.0	N/A								





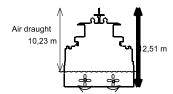
#### TUGBA21 Version 4

Ship's name _			MTY Tow 21					
Call Sign			Deadweight	0	tonnes	Year built	2002	
Draught aft	2.28	m / 7 ft 6 in	Forward	0.46	m / 1 ft 6 in	Displacement	790	tonnes

#### SHIP'S PARTICULARS

Length overall	141.4	m	Anchor chain:	Port	shackles	 Starboard	shackles
Breadth	10.67	m					
Bulbous bow	No					(1 shackle = 27,432 m = 15 fathor	ns)





Type of engine		Diesel		Maximum power	1177	kW (	1600	hp)
Manoeuvring engine	,	RPM	Pitch		Speed (knots)			
order				Loaded			Ballast	
Full sea speed	1	268.0	N/A	N/A			8.0	
Full Ahead	0.8	237.8	N/A	N/A			7.3	
Half Ahead	0.5	192.6	N/A	N/A			6.2	
Slow Ahead	0.25	120.0	N/A	N/A			4.2	
Dead Slow Ahead	0.125	32.0	N/A	N/A			1.1	
Dead Slow Astern	-0.125	-32.0	N/A					
Slow Astern	-0.25	-120.0	N/A					
Half Astern	-0.5	-192.6	N/A					
Full Astern	-1	-268.0	N/A					



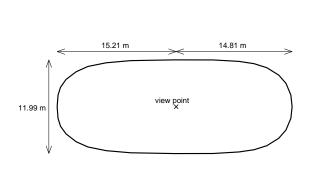


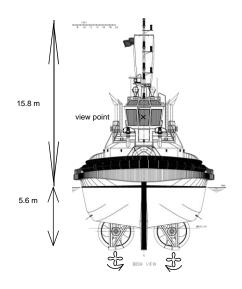
#### MS7505 Version 5

Ship's name		THOR						
Call Sign	WE	DB608	Deadweight	189	tonnes	Year built: 2007		
Draught aft	5.99	m / 19 ft	8 in Forward	5.85	m / 19 f	t 2 in Displacement	733	tonnes

#### SHIP'S PARTICULARS

Length overall	30.02	m	Anchor chain:	Port _	shackles Starboard	shackles
Breadth	11.99	m		Stern	shackles	
Bulbous bow	No				(1 shackle = 27.432 m = 15 fatho	oms)





Type of engine		Diesel		Maximum power 4633	kW ( <u>6299</u> hp)		
Manoeuvring engine		RPM Shaft	RPM Engine	Speed (knots)			
order				Loaded	Ballast		
Full speed	1	200.0	1800	12.2			
Ahead	0.8	168.0	1500	10.5			
Half Ahead	0.5	130.0	1200	8.7			
Quarter Ahead	0.25	100.0	950	6.5			
Slow Ahead	0.125	70.0	650	5.3			
				Time limit astern	min:sec		
				Full ahead to full astern	min:sec		
				Max. No. of consecutive starts			
				Minimum RPM	knots		
				Astern power	% ahead		



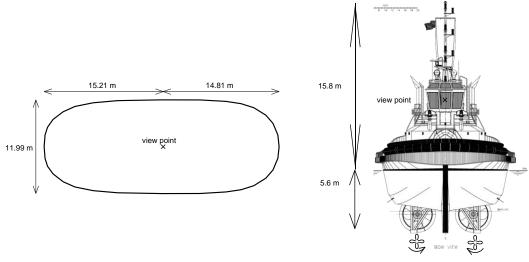


#### MZ7505 Version 5

Ship's name		WESLEY A						
Call Sign		WDE 2433	Deadweight	189	tonnes	Year built: 2007		
Draught aft	5.99	m / 19 ft 8 ir	Forward	5.85	m / 19 ft	2 in Displacement	733	tonnes

#### SHIP'S PARTICULARS

Length overall _	30.02	m	Anchor chain:	Port	shackles Starboard shac	kles
Breadth	11.99	m		Stern _	shackles	
Bulbous bow	No				(1 shackle = 27.432 m = 15 fathoms)	



#### PROPULSION PARTICULARS

Type of engine		Diesel		Maximum power 4633	kW ( <u>6299</u> hp)		
Manoeuvring engine		RPM Shaft	RPM Engine	Speed (knots)			
order				Loaded	Ballast		
Full speed	1	200.0	1800	12.2			
Ahead	0.8	168.0	1500	10.5			
Half Ahead	0.5	130.0	1200	8.7			
Quarter Ahead	0.25	100.0	950	6.5			
Slow Ahead	0.125	70.0	650	5.3			
				Time limit astern	min:sec		
				Full ahead to full astern	min:sec		
				Max. No. of consecutive starts			
				Minimum RPM	knots		
				Astern power	% ahead		





**Appendix B: Study Participants and Attendees** 





A partial list of participants of the ship maneuvering simulation study is provided below:

#### U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

- Dennis Webb
- Mario Sanchez
- Tim Shelton
- Tomas White

# Gahagan & Bryant Associates, Inc.

- Dana Chaney
- Ashley Judith

#### Maritime Pilots Institute

- George Burkley
- Fernando Lagunes

#### **Houston Pilots**

- Capt. Tom Goodwin
- Capt. Gregg Brown
- Capt. John Bratcher
- Capt. Sean Arbogast
- Capt. Jason Briones
- Capt. Brandon Bass

#### San Jacinto Maritime Simulator

- Renee Hendrix
- John Gregg

#### **G&H Towing**

- Capt. Robin Sarvis
- Capt. Bobby Pytka
- Capt. Bobby Pytka

#### Waterway Simulation Technology

- Larry Daggett
- Chris Hewlett





Appendix C. Simulation Runs Performed in Support of the HSC 216 Study





		Inbour	nd Ship	Heading			Outboun	d Ship	Heading							
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft)	(deg) Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft)	(deg) Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide	Wind Direction/ Speed (knts)	Tugs	Notes	Run Comments
									1 - T	esting HSC Widen	ed to 650 ft wit	h Bend W	deners			
1a	650 ft	Container	45	10	18	В	Suezmax	45	10	57-58	А	Flood	SE/20	0	Meeting Below Red Fish	1st Run with environment - Familiarization - !st Meeting good; With only 2 pilots, the setup of the second run was problematic.
1b	650 ft	Container	45	10	Continue	В	Container	45	10	63-64	Α	Flood	SE/20	0	Meeting Below Red Fish	2nd meeting very tight – outbound ship aground.
2	650 ft	Container	45	266/10	Bolivar Roads	В	Container	45	156/10	45-46	А	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Meeting Below Red Fish	Run to allow Pilot B to rerun previous run. Outbound ship over-steered in anticipation of bow wave - stern-to-stern collision.
3	650 ft	Container	45	336/10	31-32	В	Container	45	156/10	37-39	А	0	0	0	2 ship meeting in straight reach - no environmentals	B broke too soon and had too much drift angle
4	650 ft	Container	45	336/10	31-32	В	Container	45	156/10	37-38	А	0	0	0	Trying a slower speed- limit break angle to 3 degrees. No enviornmentals	Large angle/LOA creates stern section & turn to port - recovery crosses C//L.
5	650 ft	Container	45	336/10	31-32	В	Tanker	45	156/10	37-38	А	0	0	0	Meeting with Suzmax/Neo- Panamax. No environmentals	Good Run
6	650 ft	Suezmax	45	336/10	31-32	В	Tanker	45	156/10	37-38	Α	0.5/Ebb	SE/20	0	Add Environment	Suezmax Grounded
7	650 ft	Container	45	326/10	65-66	Α	Tanker	45	146/10	73/74	В	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Move Up-bay	ULCV Grounded
8	650 ft	Container	45	326/10	65-66	Α	Tanker	45	146/10	73-74	В	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Repeat run	Good run
9	650 ft	Container	45	326/10	65-66	Α	Container	45	146/10	73-74	В	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Container to Container	Both vessels grounded
10	650 ft	Tanker	45	326/10	65-66	Α	Tanker	45	146/10	73-74	В	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	VLCC/VLCC	Good run
11	700 ft	Container	45	326/10	63-64	Α	Container	45	146/10	71-72	В	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Check effects of a wider channel	Inbound vessel aground
12	700 ft	Container	45	326/10	63-64	Α	Tanker	45	146/10	71-72	В	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Check effects of a wider channel - VLCC/VLCC	ULCV grounded
13	700 ft	Container	45	326/10	63-64	А	Container	45	146/10	71-72	В	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Reduce Containership (red) bank moment	Vessels passed, but very tight on channel toe
14	700 ft	Container	45	326/10	63-64	А	Container	45	146/10	71-72	В	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	New vessel model with reduced bank moment & bow effect in ship/ship interaction	Good run. Pilots confirm Containership model is acceptable
15	650 ft	Container	45	326/10	63-64	Α	Container	45	146/10	71-72	В	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Repeat #9	Good Run
16	650 ft	Container	45	336.5/10	29-30	В	Container	45	156/10	39-40	Α	0.5/Ebb	SE/20	0	Clean Passing	Run with inbound @ 10 knts & outbound @ 14 knts
17	650 ft	Container	45	336.5/10	29-30	С	Tanker	45	156.3/10	39-40	D	0.5/Ebb	SE/20	0	2 new pilots - Start Suezmax meeting	Inbound ship grounded after meeting
18	650 ft	Container	45	336.5/10	29-30	С	Tanker	45	156.3/10	39-40	D	0.5/Ebb	SE/20	0	2 new pilots - Suezmax/Containership	Good meeting
19	650 ft	Container	45	336.5/10	29-30	D	Tanker	45	156.3/10	39-40	С	0.5/Ebb	SE/20	0	Switch Bridges	Containership close to bank
20	650 ft	Container	45	336.5/10	29-30	С	Container	45	156.3/10	37-38	D	0.5/Ebb	SE/20	0	2 Containerships meeting	Inbound container close to bank





		Inboun	nd Ship	Heading			Outboun	d Ship	Heading							
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft)	(deg) Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft)	(deg) Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide	Wind Direction/ Speed (knts)	Tugs	Notes	Run Comments
									2 - T	esting HSC Widen	ed to 700 ft wit	h Bend Wi	deners			
21	700 ft	Container	45	326.2/10	63-64	В	Container	45	146.5/10	71-72	С	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Wider channel - mid-bay reach	Successful Passing, but outbound ship rotated clockwise after passing
22	700 ft	Container	45	326.2/10	63-64	D	Container	45	146.5/10	71-72	Α	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	п	Good meeting
23	700 ft	Container	45	326.2/10	63-64	С	Container	45	146.5/10	71-72	В	0.5/Ebb	SE/20	0	Change currents	Good meeting
24	700 ft	Container	45	326.2/10	63-64	А	Container	45	146.5/10	71-72	D	0.5/Ebb	SE/20	0	Cat up traffic moatings	Good meeting
24	70011	Container	45	320.2/10	03-04	A	Tanker	45	161.8/10	81-82	В	0.3/ EDD	3E/20	U	Set up traffic meetings	Good meeting
25	700 ft	Container	45	326.2/10	65-66	В	Container	45	146.5/10	73-74	D	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Shorten Traffic separation	High speed 13.5 - Heeled & soft grounding
25	70011	Container	43	320.2/10	03-00	Ь	Tanker	45	161.8/10	81-82	А	U.5/Fiu	3E/20	U	Shorten Trainc Separation	Stopped model - lost tanker model - no evaluation
26	700 ft	Container	45	326.2/10	65-66	В	Container	45	146.5/10	73-74	D	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Shorten Traffic separation	Rudder stuck at port after meeting on outbound ship; grounded on red side of channel
							Tanker	45	161.8/10	81-82	Α		•		·	Meeting OK; passed grounded ship successfully
27	700 (1	Caralaina	4.5	226.2/40	72.74	6	Container	45	161.8/10	81-82	D	0.5/51-1	CE /20	0	Meet in Red Fish Bend	Changed rudder to azipods on Bridges B & C
27	700 ft	Container	45	326.2/10	73-74	С	Tanker	45	161.8/10	85-86	А	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Meet above Bayport Ship Channel	
28	700 ft	Container	45	326.2/10	63-64	С	Container	45	146.5/10	73-74	D	1.3/Ebb	SE/20	0	Meeting with tow in barge channel - TUGBA21 conned by Pilot A	Inbound tow difficult to control during overtaking
29	700 ft	Container	45	326.2/10	65-66	Α	Container	45	146.5/10	73-74	D	0.5/Ebb	SE/20	0	Repeat run 28 – Pilot E on Tow	Inbound tow difficult to control during overtaking
	_						Container	45	146.5/10	53-54	D					
30	700 ft	Container	45	336.5/10	43-44	Α	Tanker	45	146.5/10	57-58	E/D	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Meetings @ Red Fish	
31	700 ft	Container	45	336.5/10	43-44	Α	Tanker	45	146.5/10	55-56	D	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Meeting in Red Fish Bend	Inbound ship turned late; ended on red bank toeline
32	700 ft	Container	45	326.2/10	43-44	А	Container	45	146.5/10	55-56	D	0.5/Fld	SE/20	0	Meeting in Red Fish Bend / Change pilot visibility on Outbound ULCV	
							3	. Testing	Widened HS	C Channel (700 ft	) - Entrance to E	Babours Cu	t Channel @ 45	5 ft Width		
33	700ft / 455 ft	Container	45	342/7	87-88	D						0.5/Ebb	SE/20	2	Tugs = Thor@C/L Aft-C; Wesley A@C/L Bow-I	Time clear of channel 29:20 into simulation
34	700ft / 455 ft	Container	45	342/7	87-88	1						0.5/Ebb	SE/20	2	Tugs = Thor@PB- H; Wesley A@C/L Aft- G	Time clear of channel 34 min. into simulation; Wesely went out of channel; Max wind limits for this ship are 15 knots; New pilot disregard run - No Evaluation
35	700ft / 455 ft	Container	45	342/3	89A-90A	С						0.5/Ebb	N/10	2	Tugs = Thor@PB- G; Wesley A@C/L Aft- H	Bow clear of channel @ 20 min., Tug clear @20:36
36	700ft / 455 ft						Container	45	080/0	Berth 2	А	0.5/Ebb	N/10	2	Tugs = Thor@C/L B- G; Wesley A@C/L Aft- H	Grounded on the Point/Turned too early
37	700ft / 455 ft						Container	45	080/0	Berth 2	А	0.5/Ebb	N/10	2	Tugs = Thor@C/L B- G; Wesley A@C/L Aft- H	Good





		Inboun	ıd Ship	Heading			Outboun	d Ship	Heading				NAC:			
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft)	(deg) Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft)	(deg) Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide	Wind Direction/ Speed (knts)	Tugs	Notes	Run Comments
38	700ft / 455 ft						Container	45	080/0	Berth 2	D	0.5/Ebb	SE/10	2	Tugs = Thor@C/L B- G; Wesley A@C/L Aft- H	Good
39	700ft / 455 ft	Container	45	342/3	89A-90A	С						0.5/Ebb	N/10	2	Tugs = Thor@C/L B- G; Wesley A@C/L Aft- H	Good
							4.	. Testing	Widened HS	C Channel ( 700 ft	) - Entrance to B	ayport Shi	p Channel @ 45	55 ft Widtl	1	
40	700ft / 455-400ft	Container	45	328/8	73-74	А						0.5/Ebb	N/15	2	Tugs = Thor@C/L B- G; Wesley A@C/L Aft- H	Used RO/RO Turning Basin
41	700ft / 455-400ft	Container	45	328/8	73-74	С						0.5/Fld	SE/15	2	Tugs = Thor@C/L B- G; Wesley A@C/L Aft- H	Used RO/RO Turning Basin
42	700ft / 455-400ft						Container	45	089/4	Berth 2	D	0.5/Fld	SE/15	1	Tugs = Wesley A@C/L Aft- H	Simulation Stopped/Paused and restarted/finished OK
43	700ft / 455-400ft						Container	45	080/0	Berth 2	А	0.5/Ebb	N/15	0		
44	700ft / 455-400ft	Container	45	268/7	BSC 6-7	А					Α	1.3/Ebb	N/15	2	Tugs = Thor@C/L B- G; Wesley A@C/L Aft- H; Transit through the terminal	Note: Channel ranges and C/L for 350' channel- visual and Raven; Drifted to South with wind forces
45	700ft / 455-400ft	Container	45	268/7	BSC 6-7	С						1.3/Ebb	N/15	2	Tugs = Thor@C/L B- G; Wesley A@C/L Aft- H; Transit through the terminal	Changed the tug use per tug mater's advice; used power indirect
									!	5. Testing Enlarge	ed Brady Island	Turning Bas	sin			
46	400ft x 41.5 ft	Bulker	37.7	250.5/4	Wharf 32	А						0/Ebb	N/15	2	Tugs= Wesley A@SS - H;Chloe K@C/L Aft- G	Panamax ships berthed at Wharfs 26-28 with bunker barge at Wharf 27
47	400ft x 41.5 ft	Bulker	37.7	250.5/4	Wharf 32	С						0/0	0	2	Tugs= Wesley A@SS - H;Chloe K@C/L Aft- G	Panamax ships berthed at Wharfs 26-28 with bunker barge at Wharf 27
48	400ft x 41.5 ft	Bulker	37.7	250.5/4	Wharf 32	А						0/0	SE/20	2	Tugs= Wesley A@SS - H;Chloe K@C/L Aft- G	Panamax ships berthed at Wharfs 26-28 with bunker barge at Wharf 27
			6.	Testing Wid	ened and D	eepened S	an Jacinto to	Greens E	Bayou Chann	el (530 ft Wide x 4	16.5 ft Deep MLI	LW) (Texas	8 Bridge - to b	e replace	d with a bridge spanning the navigat	ion channel)
49	530ft x 46.5 ft	Aframax	40	241.3/6.5	Shell	Α	Suezmax	45	130.1/6.5	Greens Bayou	С	0.5/Ebb	SE20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	Grounded - do not meet 2 loaded ships in 530 ft channels with this combined beam
50	530ft x 46.5 ft	Aframax	40	241.3/6.5	Shell	Α	Suezmax	45	130.1/6.5	Greens Bayou	С	0.5/Ebb	SE20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	Grounded
51	530ft x 46.5 ft	Aframax	28.2	241.3/6.5	Shell	А	Suezmax	45	095.6/5	Bridge	D	0.5/Fld	SE20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	Meet Light Aframax Tanker
52	530ft x 46.5 ft	Aframax	28.2	281.3/6	Bridge	А	Suezmax	45	126.9/5.5	Greens Bayou	С	0.5/Fld	SE20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	Meet Light Aframax Tanker
54	530ft x 46.5 ft	Suezmax	45	281.1/6.5	Bridge	С	Bulker	40	126.9/6	Greens Bayou	А	0.5/Fld	SE20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	





		Inbour	nd Ship	Heading			Outboun	d Ship	Heading							
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft)	(deg) Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft)	(deg) Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide	Wind Direction/ Speed (knts)	Tugs	Notes	Run Comments
55	530ft x 46.5 ft	Suezmax	45	242.4/5.5	Shell	С	Bulker	40	095.7/6	Bridge	А	0.5/Fld	SE20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	
56	530ft x 46.5 ft	Aframax	40	260/6	Shell	Α	Bulker	37.7	107.1/6	Ammonia	D	1.3/Ebb	N20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	
57	530ft x 46.5 ft	Aframax	40	260/6	Shell	Α	Bulker	37.7	107.1/6	Ammonia	К	1.3/Ebb	N20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	
58	530ft x 46.5 ft	Aframax	40	275/5.2	Kinder Morgan	А	Bulker	37.7	129.8/6	Greens Bayou	D	1.3/Ebb	N20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	
59	530ft x 46.5 ft	Bullker	37.7	275/6	Bridge	D	Aframax	40	131.4/6	Greens Bayou	А	1.3/Ebb	N20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	
60	530ft x 46.5 ft	Bullker	37.7	275/6	Bridge	K	Aframax	40	131.4/6	Greens Bayou	Α	1.3/Ebb	SE20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	
63	530ft x 46.5 ft	Bullker	37.7	267.8/6	Shell	D	Suezmax	45	099.2/6	Bridge	Α	1.3/Ebb	SE20	0	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou	
							3	. Testing	Widened HS	C Channel (700 ft)	- Entrance to Ba	rbours Cu	it Channel @ 45	5 ft Width		
61	700ft / 455 ft						Suezmax	45	081/3.5	Berth 2	А	1.3/Ebb	SE20	2	Tugs = Thor@C/L B- K; Wesley A@C/L Aft- D	Suezmax turn to North out of Barbours Cut; Two Houston Pilots handling the tugs
62	700ft / 455 ft						Suezmax	45	132.7/4.3	83-84	Α	1.3/Ebb	SE20	2	Tugs = Thor@C/L B- K; Wesley A@C/L Aft- D	Suezmax inbound from the North to Barbours Cut; Two Houston Pilots handling the tugs
									Ship Models	Used in the HSC	216 Ship Maneu	vering Sin	nulation Study			
		_					DRA	AFT			Length Ove	rall	Breadt	h		
Model Na	ame Version	n Ships	Name	Dead Weight	Year Built	AFT M	A FT	FWD M	F FT	Displacement	Meters	Feet	Meters	Feet		
BULKC0	6L 13	M/S Mag	gnitogorsk	22691	1976	11.5	37.7	11.45	37.6	60920	215.4	706.5	31.8	104.3		
TANK2	3L 5	EAGLE	KANGAR	107481	2010	12.2	40.0	12.2	40.0	99250	244	799.7	42.0	137.8		
BULKC	16 1	FRAISE	R RIVER	75000	1982	12.5	41.0	12.5	41.0	85005	265	869.2	32.3	105.9		
VLCC13	3X 5	ORION \	VOYAGER	156500	1994	13.8	45.2	11.2	36.8	122400	275	900.4	50.0	164.0		
MULCV1	.4T 2	MAERSK E	DINBURGH	133500	2010	13.7	45.0	13.7	45.0	157281	367	1202.1	48.2	158.1		

		_							
MULCV1	4T	2	MAERSK EDINBURGH	133500	2010	13.7	45.0	13.7	
Pilot			Name	Tug Maste	er	N	ame		
Α		Capt	. Tom Goodwin	F		Capt. R	obin Sarvis		
В		Cap	t. Gregg Brown	G		Capt. Bo	obby Pytka		
С		Capt	. John Bratcher	Н	H Capt. Shawn Elmore				
D		Capt	. Sean Arbogast	F		Capt. R	obin Sarvis		
E		Capt.	George Burkley	G		Capt. Bo	obby Pytka		
ı		Capt	. Jason Briones	Н		Capt. Sh	awn Elmore		





R	un No	Channel Condition	Inboui	Draft (ft)	Heading (deg) Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Outbour Type	 Heading (deg) Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide	Wind Direction/ Speed (knts)	Tugs	Notes	Run Comments
	К	Сар	t. Brandon	Bass	, ,				<u>'</u>							





# **Appendix D: A Sample Pilot Questionnaire**

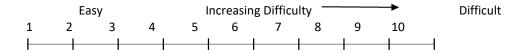




Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operato	Simulator/Operator:					
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:						
Run Start Time:	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:						
Start Location:		End Location:						
Ship Model Used	Cont	ainer	Suezmax					
Travel Direction	Inbo	ound	Outbound					
Environmental	Wind Dir. (fr	om) / Speed	Tide/Flow					
Conditions								
Notes:								

1st
Meeting
(a)
1 Rate
the
difficulty
of this
run with
the
number
"5"

indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



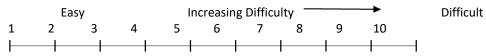
3 Comment(s)

#### 2nd Meeting (b)

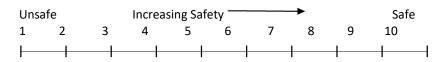
4 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.







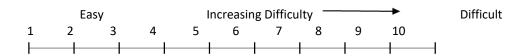
5 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



6 Comment(s)

#### 3<sup>rd</sup> Meeting (c)

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



8 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



9 Comment(s)





**Appendix E: Pilot Questionnaire Responses** 





The completed questionnaires by the conning pilot for each of the ship maneuvering simulated transits are provided in this appendix. The questionnaires included are the ones completed following runs after the final adjustments were made to the ship models. These questionnaires are published separately to conserve space in the main body of the report but are available on request.

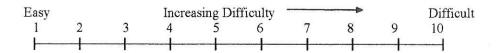




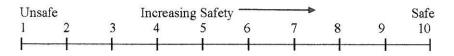
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
14	1/-13-17		
Pilot: B		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146110
Run Start Time: 1641	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	706
Start Location:	2-71	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		0,5/FId
Notes: 14Q	New Model rea	bombe red	6,5/Fld bow moment
			- 2.5 -

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

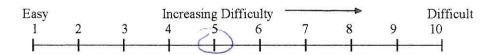


3 Comment(s)

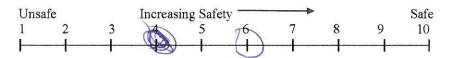
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
15	11-13-17		
Pilot: 3		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146/10
Run Start Time: 1653	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	650
Start Location:	73-74	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV	)	Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound	l	Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	5E/20		6.5/ Fld
Notes: New Mod Red. band Red. Bow	del 140 ellect Effect ship/ships	Tateraction	

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



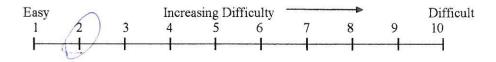
3 Comment(s)

where stapping of whole as the man imposed of radal or cas books

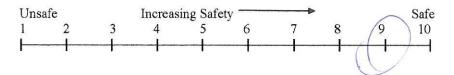
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:				
15	11-13-17						
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	326/10				
Run Start Time:	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width: 650					
Start Location: 65	-66	End Location:					
Ship Model Used	OLCV		Suezmax				
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound				
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow				
Conditions	SEPO		0.5/FId				
Notes: New mo	del 14Q						
Red. bank	effect						
Red. Bow	del 14Q effect effect Ship/Ship i	nteraction					

# Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

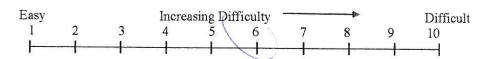


3 Comment(s) REACTED NATURALLY AS TO REAL LIFE

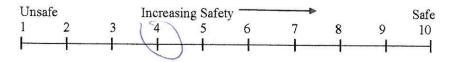
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
16	11-14-17	SIMC A1	Renee Hendrin
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	Renee Hendrix 336.5/10
Run Start Time: 082	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	650
Start Location: ZG	-30	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV	)QVZ	Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/Ebb
Notes: ULCV Q	ν2		

# Meeting

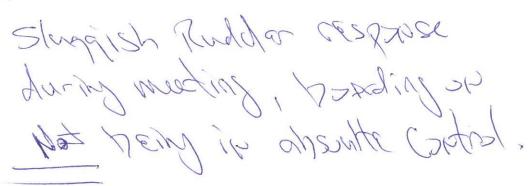
Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



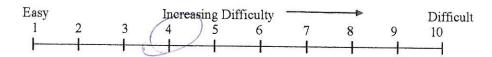
3 Comment(s)



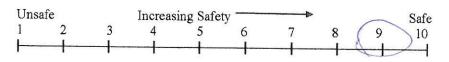
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Opera	tor:
16	11-14-17		2/ Renee Hendry
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	156.3/10
Run Start Time: 082-	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	650
Start Location: 39-	d	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV	QUZ	Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/E62
Notes:			

# Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



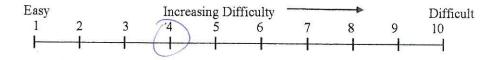
3 Comment(s) I FELT THE SPEED WAS UNREALISTIC IN PRACTICE

BUT VESSEL PREFORMED AS EXPECTED

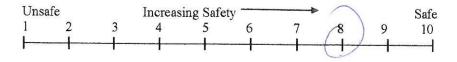
nd			
ow			
66			
Notes: First Run			

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



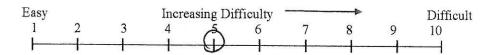
3 Comment(s)

Felt-safe squat was significant but not preolistic for our channel.

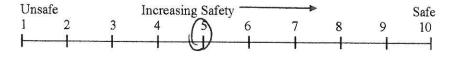
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operato	or:
17	11-14-17	1990	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	336.5/10
Run Start Time: 0850	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	656
Start Location: 29	-30	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from) Conditions		/ Speed	Tide/Flow
			0.5/Ebb
Notes:			

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



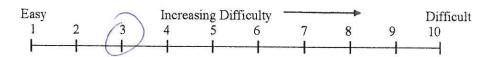
3 Comment(s)

MY SPEED VAS A LITTLE TOO FAST OTHERWISE SEEMED FAIRLY "NORMAL"

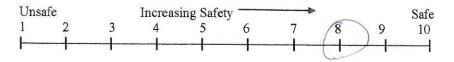
Date:	Simulator/Operat	tor:	
11-14-17			
	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	156.3/10	
Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	650	
9-46	End Location:		
ULCV		Suezmax	
Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental Wind Dir. (from) Conditions		Tide/Flow	
SE/20		0.5/56	
Notes: Bles stated he broke tate-			
	11-14-17   Run End Time:   P9-46   ULCV   Inbound   Wind Dir. (from   SE/20	II-14-17   Ship's Initial   Heading/Speed:   Run End Time:   HSC Bay Width:   P9-46   End Location:   ULCV   Inbound   Wind Dir. (from) / Speed   SE/20	

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



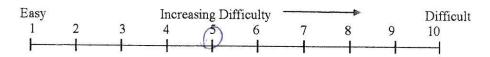
3 Comment(s)

Very Confortable

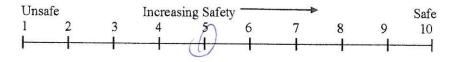
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operato	or:
18	11-12/-17		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	336.5/10
Run Start Time:0918	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	650
Start Location: 2	29-30	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV	)auz	Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/ELL
Notes:			

# Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



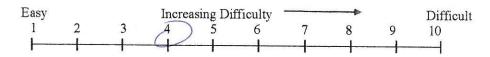
3 Comment(s)

FELT NORMAL SPEED GOOD GAVE A "KICK" TO MAINTAIN CONTROL COMENG BACK TO CENTER AFTER MTG

Run #:	Date: Simulator/Operato		or:
19	11-14-17	222	A
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	1863 fro 336.5/10
Run Start Time: 093	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	450
Start Location: 39-	40 29-30	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Suezmak
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from)		) / Speed	Tide/Flow/
Conditions	SEKO		0.51 =63
Notes:			7

# Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average. 2



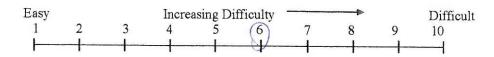
3

still getting use to maneuvering characteristics of design vessel.

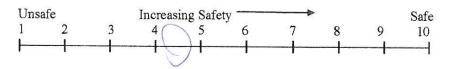
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
19	11-14-17		C
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	321.5/16 156.3/10
Run Start Time:093 5	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	650
Start Location: 24	39-40	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	TATA	2	Suezmax
Travel Direction	in bound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/14
Notes:			
285-1100-95			

# Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



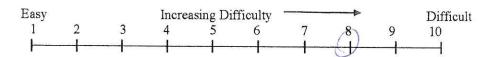
3 Comment(s)

STEERING FAILURE CAUSED A HIGH LEVEL OF DISCOMFORT SLIGHTLY SLUGGISH SLOWER RUDDER

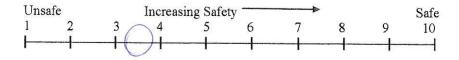
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operato	or:
20	11-14-17		A
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	156.3/10
Run Start Time: 0953	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	650
Start Location: 39	-40	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV	Q V2>	Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from) Conditions		) / Speed	Tide/Flow
			0.5/Ebb
Notes:			

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



# 3 Comment(s)

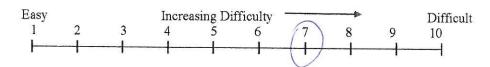
NOT SURE OF THE REACTSM OF THE RECOVERY SWENG KNOWLE HAD A HARD SWENG BACK TO PORT AFTER MEETZNG THEN SHIP "SNAPPED" BACK TO STARBOARD - USED A COT OF HARD OVER COMMANDS TO CHECK SHIP

IF THIS IS ACURATE THEN WE'RE RUNNEND AT THE

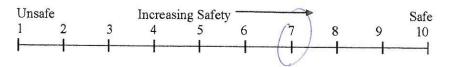
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Opera	tor:
20	11-14-17		C
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	356.5/10
Run Start Time: 0955	Run End Time: HSC Bay Width		650
Start Location: 29	-30	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV QUZ		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions SE /20			0.5/56
Notes:			

# Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



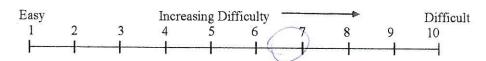
3 Comment(s)

ship ron a little was worried about overcorrection and storms colliding but recovered in significant time

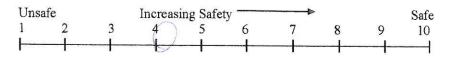
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:
21	11-14-17	
Pilot:	ACAM WATER	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed: 146.5/10
Run Start Time: 1031	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width: 706
Start Location: 71	-72	End Location:
Ship Model Used	ULCV	) Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound	Sutbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from) Conditions  SE/20		) / Speed Tide/Flow
		0.5/Fld
Notes:		

# Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



3 Comment(s)

DECENT RUN

SPEED 6000

QUESTZONABLE REACTION OF SHIP AFTER MEETING

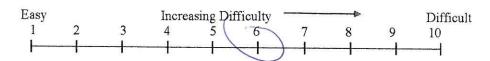
SHIP CONES BACK TOWARD CENTER AFTER MEETING

AND THEN TAKES HARD RUN BACK TO PORT (UNREALISTIC)

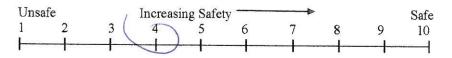
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
21	11-14-17		A
Pilot: B		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	326410
Run Start Time: 1031	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	706
Start Location: 63	-64	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from)		) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/AFId
Notes:			

# Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



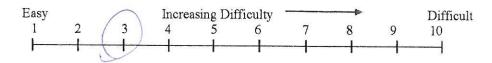
3 Comment(s)

Desert still. Rubber responsed

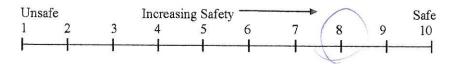
Date:	Simulator/Operate	or:
11-14-17		2
	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146.5/10
Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700
-72	End Location:	
VLCV QZ		Suezmax
Inbound		Outbound
Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
55/20		o.5/Fid
	11-14-17  Run End Time:  72  ULCV  Inbound  Wind Dir. (from	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:  Run End Time: HSC Bay Width:  72 End Location:  ULCV Q Z  Inbound  Wind Dir. (from) / Speed

# Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

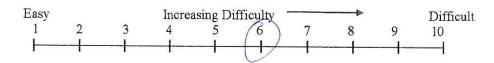




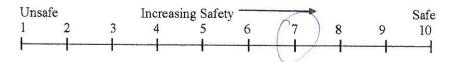
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
22	11-14-17		A
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	326.7/10
Run Start Time: 1053	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700
Start Location:	63-64	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV Q Z		Suezmax
Travel Direction	nbound		Outbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from) Conditions		) / Speed	Tide/Flow
			0.5/Fld
Notes:			

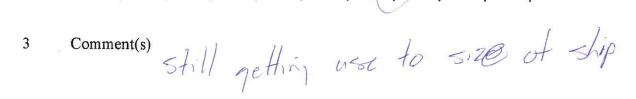
#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

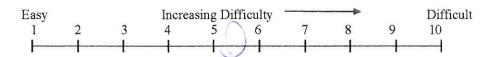




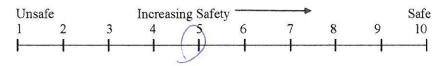
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:	
23	11-14-17		A
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	326.2/10
Run Start Time: ) 106	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700
Start Location: く。	3-64	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV Q Z		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from		/ Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	5E/20		0.5/Ebb
Notes:			

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



3 Comment(s)

SEEMED LIKE EVERYTHING SET UP WECC

GOOD SOO

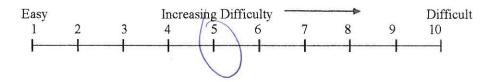
GOOD DISTANCE

MUCH BETTER WITH WIDER CHANNEL

Run #: 23	Date: 11-14-17	Simulator/Operate	or: B
Pilot: ${\cal B}$		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146.5/
Run Start Time: //06	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	706
Start Location: 7/	'-7Z	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV	Q2)	Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from)		) / Speed	Tide/Fiow
Conditions	35/20		0.5/564
Notes:			

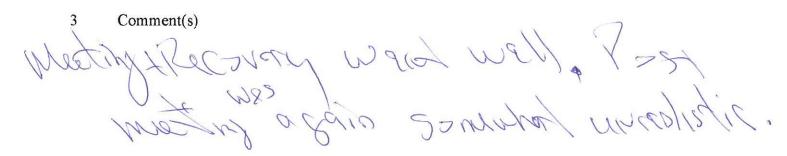
#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

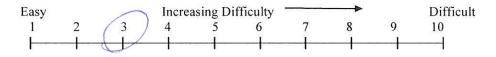




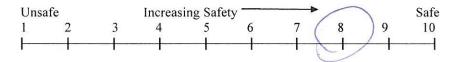
Run #: <b>Z2</b> ]	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
Pilot:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	326.2/10
Run Start Time: 1157	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	7 06
Start Location: 6	3-64	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCVQZ		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from)		W. F. 1945-4 1949-4-1945-4	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/166
Notes: Traffic Test  Notes: Traffic Test			

# 1st Meeting (a)

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



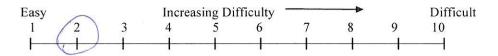
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



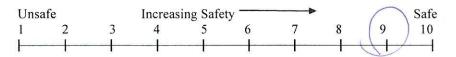
3 Comment(s) As EXPECTED

Meeting (3)

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



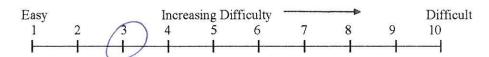
12 Comment(s) As ExpECTED

Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operato	or:
24a	11-14-17		
Pilot: 5		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146.5/10
Run Start Time://57	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700
Start Location: 7/-	72	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV Q2		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from)		) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/566
Notes:	,		•

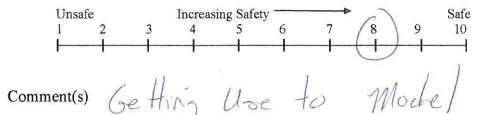
# Meeting

3

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



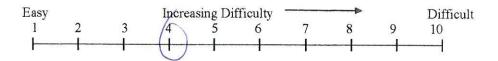
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



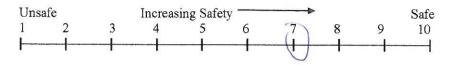
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
246	11-14-17		
Pilot: . B		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	161.8/10
Run Start Time: //57	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700
Start Location: 81	-82	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from		) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions SE /	SE 12	2∂	0.5/Ebb
Notes: Transit Bench +len meet			

#### Meeting

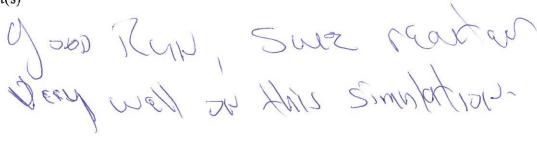
Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



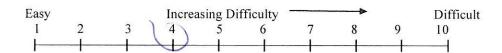
3 Comment(s)



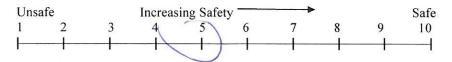
Run #: 25	Date: //-/4-17	Simulator/Operate	or:	3	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	326	.2/10	
Run Start Time: 1250	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700		
Start Location: 6.	5-66	End Location:	8 "		
Ship Model Used	ULCV			Suezmax	
Travel Direction	Inbound			Outbound	a
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed			Tide/Flow	
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/5/1		
Notes:					

# 1st Meeting (a)

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

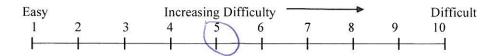


3 Comment(s)

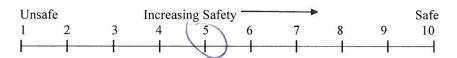
mes no.

# And Meeting (1)

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



12 Comment(s)

Town leds banger and 11 reds

Show Post and Stand 24° Post

Son Sugarful torp - Dut

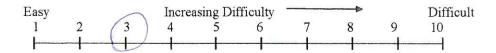
of counding then occured,

UN Expanded!

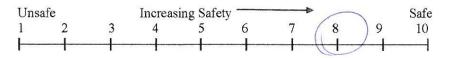
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:			
266	11-14-17	3	$\mathcal B$		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	161.8/10		
Run Start Time: 1306	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700		
Start Location: 61-82		End Location:	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Suezmax		
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound		
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow		
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/FId		
Notes:					

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

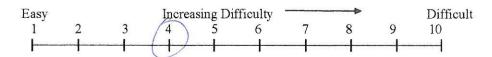




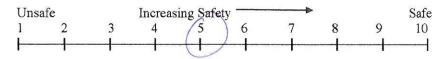
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	Simulator/Operator:	
26a	11-14-17	C		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146.5/10	
Run Start Time: 1250	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	706	
Start Location:	73-74	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	ULCV &Z		Suezmax	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions	SElio		0.5/Fld	
Notes:				

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



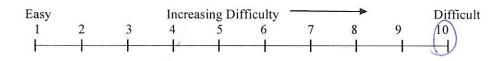
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



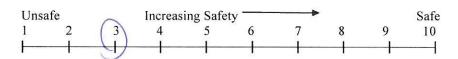
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
27	11-14-17	<i>A</i>	9
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	376.2/10
Run Start Time: 1417	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700
Start Location: 73	-74	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV	dz	Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	5É/20	7	1.3 05/EU
Notes:			

# 1st Meeting (a)

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average. 2



3 Comment(s)

FAZRIY UNRFACISTIC IN TERMS OF DIST, BETWEEN
SHIPS - MADE IT WORK - TRIED TO KEER SPO

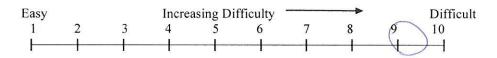
BOWN - NOT SHEE IN REAL LIFE IF I WONLD

HAVE BEEN BLETO KEER SHIP ON RANK TO MEET

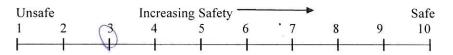
ZNO 5HIP

Zab B Meeting (4)

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



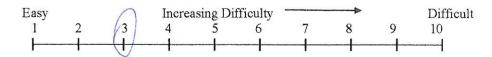
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



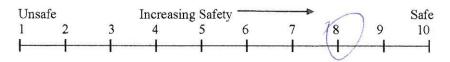
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:		
27a	11-14-17	1 1 1 1	C	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	161.8/10	
Run Start Time: 1417	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	
Start Location: 81-	-82	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	ULCV	22	Suezmax	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow	
Conditions	SERO.		1.3 65/Ebb	
Notes:	•			
2				

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



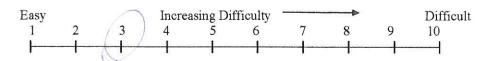
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



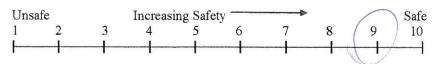
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
276	11-14-17		l .
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	161.8/10
Run Start Time: 1417 Run End Time:		HSC Bay Width:	706
Start Location:	35-86	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	56/4	Ъ	13 / E 65
Notes:	•	1	
			.ee

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

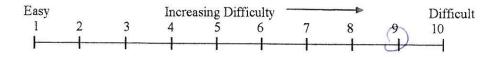


3 Comment(s) VESSEL HANDLED THE MANUVER AS
EXPECTED

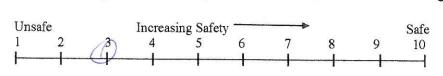
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operato	or:	
28	11-14-17		A	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	326.2/10	
Run Start Time: 1453	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	
Start Location:	65-66	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	ULCVQZ		Suezmax	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions	SE/20		1.3/Ebb	
Conditions  SE/20  1.3/Ebb  Notes: May with Towd				

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



3 Comment(s)

I CALL THIS ONE A FATEURE DUE TO BANK TO
BANK DRIVING

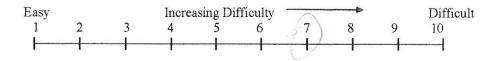
TOWS WERE NOT A CONCERN - THE CONCERN FOR

ME WAS THE RUN' THE SHIP TOOK TO PORT

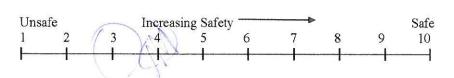
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:		
28	11-14-17		$\mathcal{C}$		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146.5/10		
Run Start Time: 1453	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700		
Start Location: 7	3-74	End Location:			
Ship Model Used	ULCV	22	Suezmax		
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound		
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow		
Conditions	5E/20		1.3/Ebb		
Notes: Mtg with Tows					

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



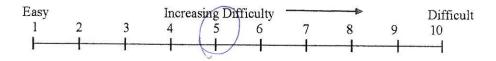
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



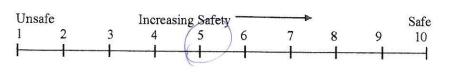
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
28	11-14-17		$\mathcal{B}$
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	326.2/=5
Run Start Time: 1453	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700
Start Location:		End Location:	
Ship Model Used	I <del>I.Cv</del>	TugBAZI	Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		1.3/26
Notes:			
9			

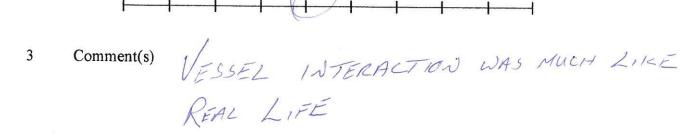
#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

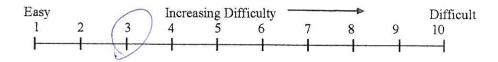




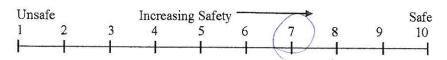
Run #:	Date: Simulator/Operate		or:
29	11-14-		A
Pilot: A		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	326.2/10
Run Start Time: 1519	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700
Start Location: 63	-64	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV QZ		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/EL
Notes:			

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

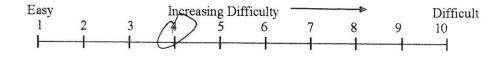




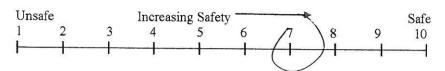
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operate	or:
29	11-14-19		C
Pilot:	D	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146.5/10
Run Start Time: 1519	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	706
Start Location:	73-74	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCVQZ		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/EW
Notes:			
			g.

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



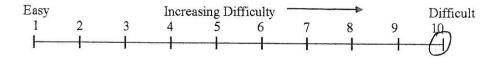
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



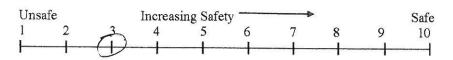
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:		
29	11-14-17		$\mathcal{B}$	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	326.2/5	_
Run Start Time:	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	
Start Location: 65	5-66	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	ULCV		-\$	Suczmax TugBA 21
Travel Direction	Inbound		0	utbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed	Т	ide/Flow
Conditions SE/ZO			0.5	1/266
Notes:				

# Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

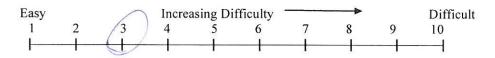


I Drove the Towboat Along the Toe of the commence AT SKA AND THE HEAS of the Tow was slightly To the left AND IAS, DE THE CHANNEL EDGE. THE OSETAKING SHIP @ 9KA Dragged THE HEAD OF THE BARGE INTO THE CHANNEL. I Could not Control the Tow.

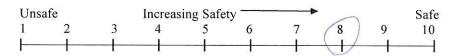
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:				
30	11-14-17		A			
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	336.5/10			
Run Start Time: 1540	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700			
Start Location:	43-44	End Location:				
Ship Model Used	ULCV	22	Suezmax			
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound			
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow			
Conditions	SE 14t		0.5/FIJ			
Notes: Mtgs around Red Fish						

#### 1st Meeting (a)

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



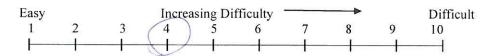
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



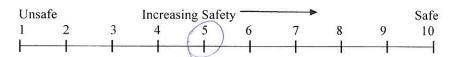
3 Comment(s) As EXPECTED

Z<sup>h</sup> Meeting (a)

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

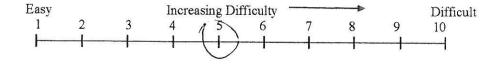


12 Comment(s) THE WIDENER MADE IT DIFFICULT
TO BE IN POSITION FOR THE MEETING

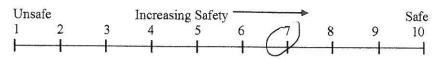
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:				
36	11-14-17		C			
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146.3/10			
Run Start Time: 1546	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	706			
Start Location:	53 <i>-5</i> 4	End Location:				
Ship Model Used	ULCV	22	Suezmax			
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound			
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow			
Conditions	SE/10		0.5/Fd			
Notes: Mig below Red Fish						

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



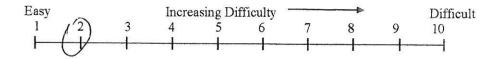
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



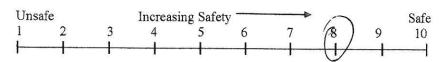
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:			
30	11-14-17	1 -	3		
Pilot: E/	D	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146.3/10		
Run Start Time: 1540	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700		
Start Location: 3	7-58	End Location:			
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Suezmax		
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound		
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow		
Conditions	5E/20		0.5/FId		
Notes: Mag a	SE/ZO above Red Fish		-		

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



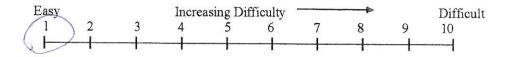
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



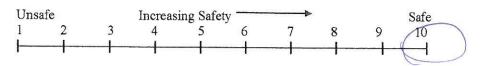
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	tor:	
31	11-14-17		A	
Pilot: A		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	336.1/10	
Run Start Time: 1604	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	
Start Location: 43	-46	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	ULCV	(Z)	Suezmax	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow	
Conditions	SE/20	9	0.5/FId	
Notes: Mtg in c	Red Fish			

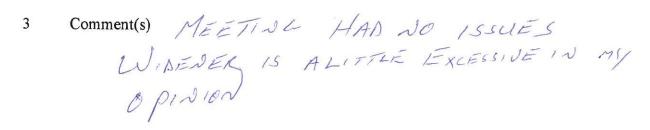
#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

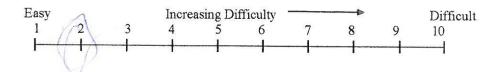




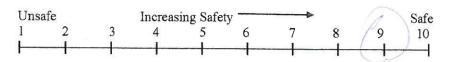
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:				
31	11-14-17		C			
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146.6/10			
Run Start Time: 1604	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:				
Start Location: 55	7-56	End Location:				
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Suezmax			
Travel Direction	Inbound	L	Outbound			
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Fide/Flow			
Conditions	SE/ZD		0.5/Fld			
Notes: Mtg in	SE/ZD Red Fish					

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



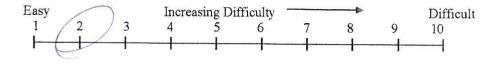
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



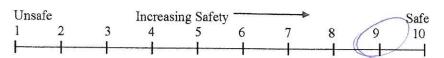
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:			
32	11-14-17		A		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	336.1/16		
Run Start Time:/62/	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width: 700			
Start Location: 43	-416	End Location:			
Ship Model Used	ULCV	(१२)	Suezmax		
Travel Direction	Inbound	$\supset$	Outbound		
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow		
Conditions	55/20		0.5/FId		
Notes: Mtg in Red Fish					

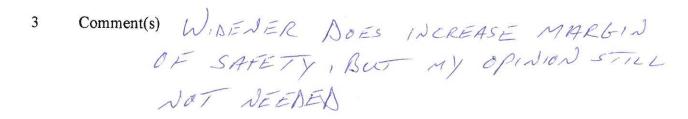
#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

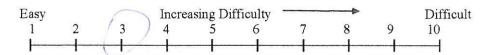




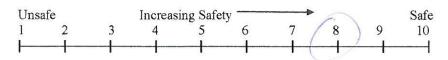
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:			
32	11-14-17				
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	146.6/10		
Run Start Time: /62	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700		
Start Location: 53	-56	End Location:			
Ship Model Used	ULCV	TZ	Suezmax		
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound		
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow		
Conditions	5E/20	0.5/Fld			
Notes: Mtg in Red Fish					

#### Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



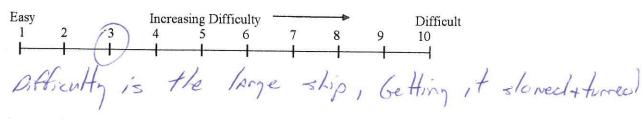
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:				
33	11-15-17		A			
Pilot: D		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	342	h		
Run Start Time: 0946	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	BCC Flare:		
Start Location:	7-88	End Location:	Berth:	2_		
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Tug !	MS7505 - Z		
Travel Direction	Inbound	$\supset$	Outbound			
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow			
Conditions	56/20			0.5/266		
Notes: Tugs Thor-I Sterne Wesely A-Abowt Time Clean of Channel - 29:20 into Simulation						

#### Entry at Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

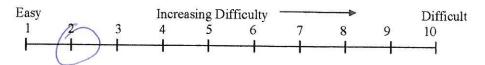


2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

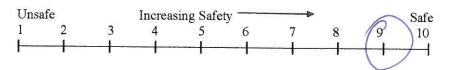
Unsa	afe		Increas	sing Safe	ty -	<del></del>	•		Safe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
-		-+		-+					

#### Transit Channel

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



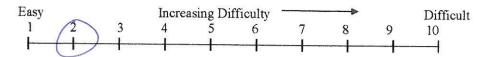
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



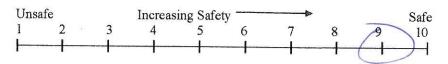
6 Comment(s)

Turn in \_\_\_\_\_ Turning Basin B-lut Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

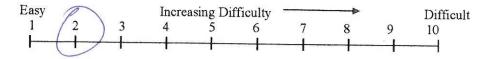


Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

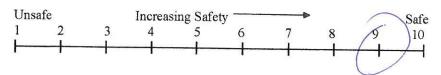


### Approach to Terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



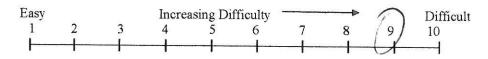
Pun 33 Tom wench eary Jason

@ 2kts Stem push to pull to all stop maintain deflicutt to control backing could do better if an port bow

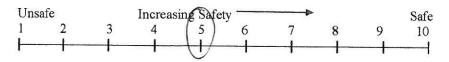
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:				
34	11-15-17		4			
Pilot: I		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	342	17		
Run Start Time:0928	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	BCC Flare:		
Start Location: 8	7-33	End Location:		10110		
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Tregs M	1575 Cogner		
Travel Direction	Inbound	Outbound		Outbound		
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	7/ Speed		Tide/Flow		
Conditions	SE/Z	0		0.5/866		
Notes: Wasley	tern & - H	Wash	1 A-	Port Bow-G		
Vindabove linit of of 15 kets 34 min Wesely-out of Channel New Pilot - disregard - No Eval						
New Pilot - a	Isregard - No L	Eval		•		

# Entry at Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



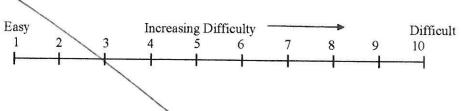
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



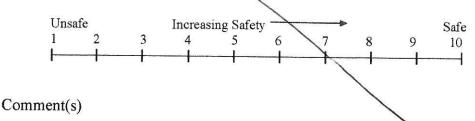
### Transit Channel

6

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

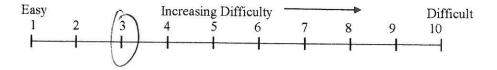


Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

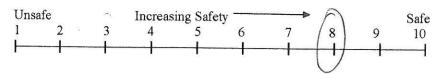


# Turn in \_\_\_\_\_ Turning Basin

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

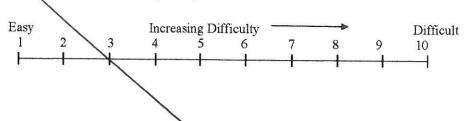


Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

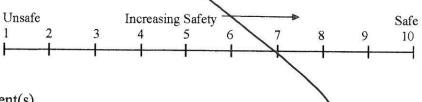


Approach to Terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



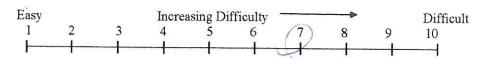
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



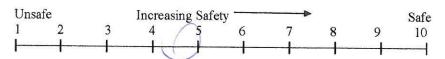
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:			
35	11-15-17	<i>F</i>	}		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed: 342/3			
Run Start Time: 1010	HSC Bay Width: 700 BCC Flare:				
Start Location: 89A-90A		End Location:	End Location:		
Ship Model Used ULCV		DZ Thur & B Westh A &		LB 7605 - G A CA Suezmax 7505 - H	
Travel Direction	Inbound	Outbo		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow		
Conditions	N/10	0.5/546		0.5/666	
Notes: Bow clear of channel@ 20 min Bowtuq "" " @ 20:36 min					

#### Entry at Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

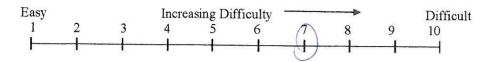


3 Comment(s)

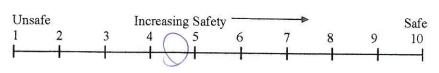
6000 DISTANCE TO ENTER FLARE

#### Approach to Terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



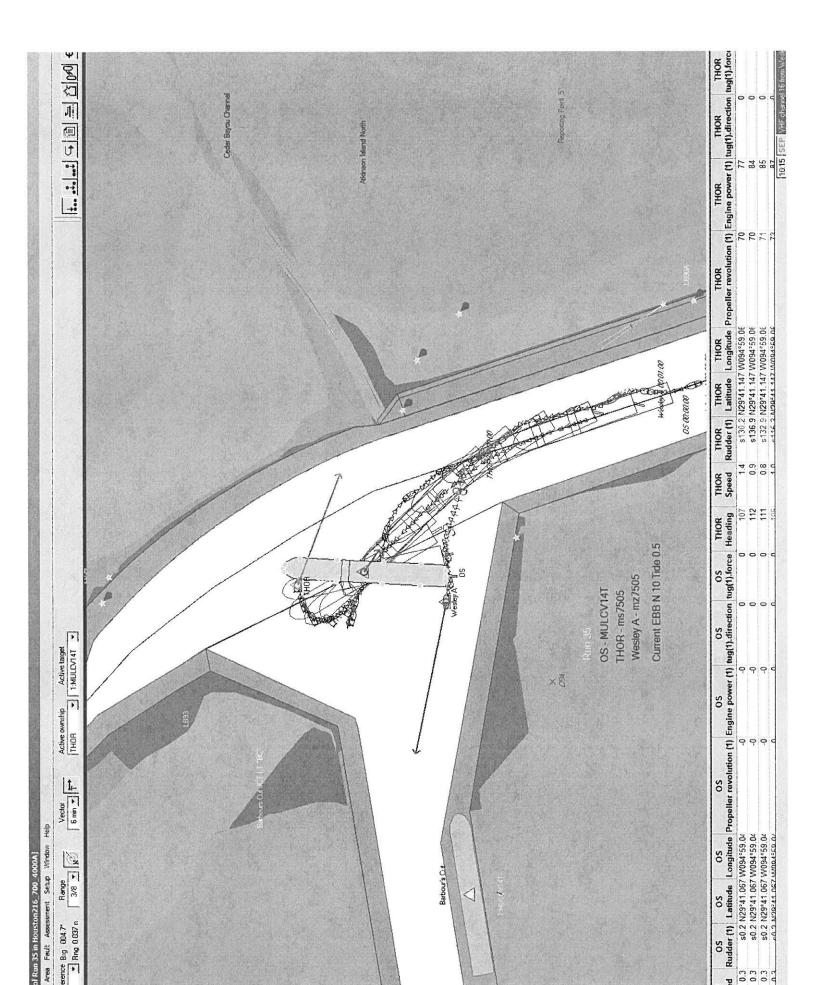
12 Comment(s)

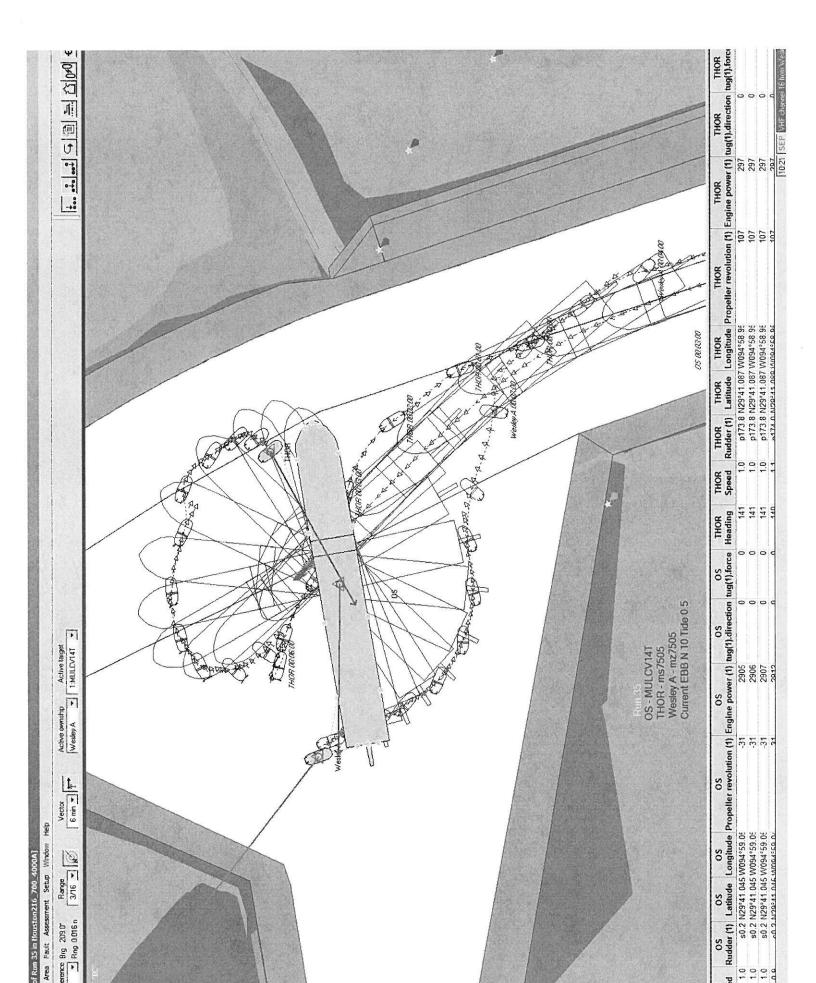
GOOD SPACTNO BETWEEN SHIP/DOLKS

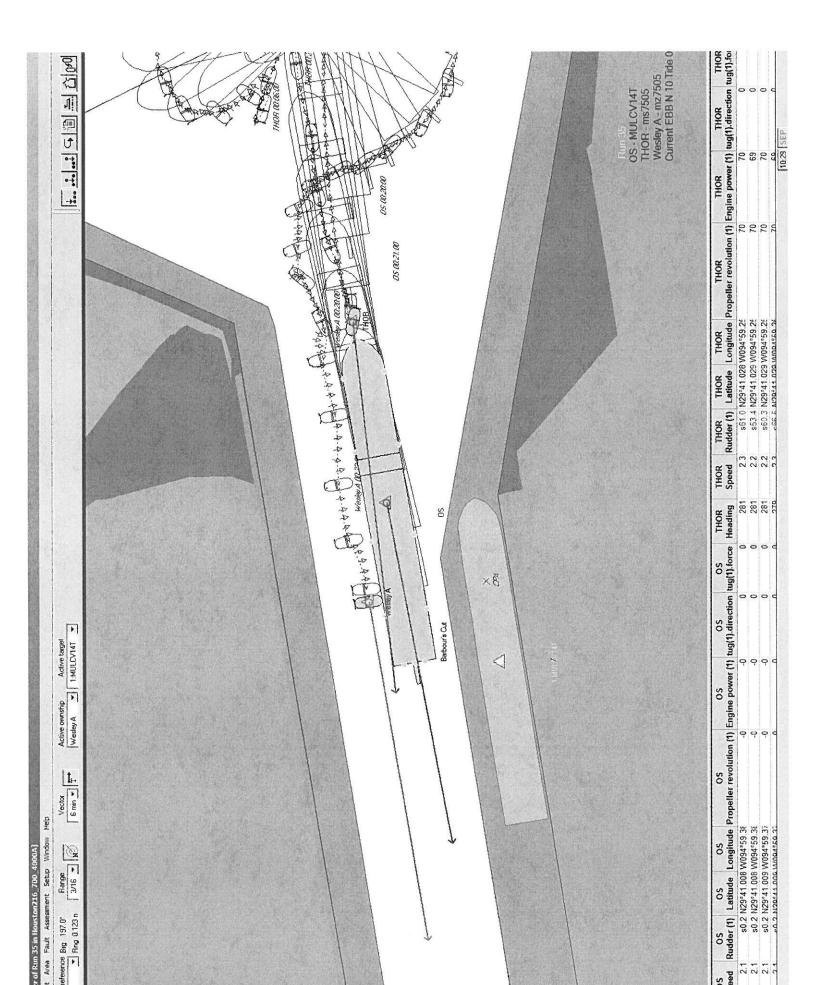
MNO NORTH SIDE

THIS DISTANCE IS GOOD AND SHOULD BE

THE MIN - SHOULD NOT LESSEN THE DISTANCE



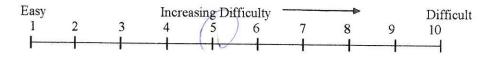




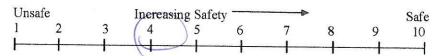
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:			
36	11-15-17		A		
Pilot:	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed: 080/6				
Run Start Time: /05 Z Run End Time:		HSC Bay Width: 700 BCC Flare:			
Start Location: Be	eth Z	End Location:			PO T 40
Ship Model Used	Used ULCV7		Tug Ther - CLB 750 Wesley A-CLA 75		7505 B
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound		
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed		Tide/Flow	
Conditions	11/10	0.5/ Ebb			
Notes:	920				

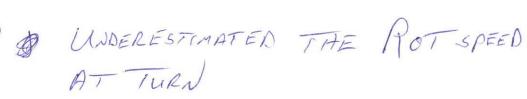
### Entry at Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



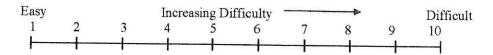
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



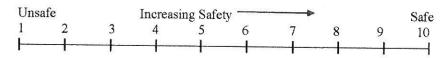


#### Transit Channel

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



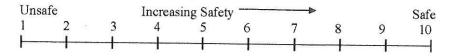
6 Comment(s)

Turn in \_\_\_\_\_ Turning Basin

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

Easy			Increasing Difficulty						Difficult
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
			-+						

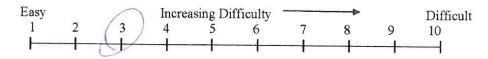
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



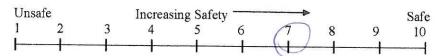
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:			
37	11-15-17	A			
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	080	/φ	
Run Start Time: ///O	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	BCC Flare:	
Start Location: Be	thZ	End Location:			
Ship Model Used	ULCV	Suezm		Suezmax	
Travel Direction	Inbound			Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed		Tide/Flow	
Conditions	N/10		0.5/ 566		
Notes:					

### Entry at Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



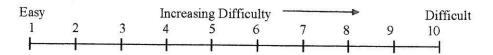
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



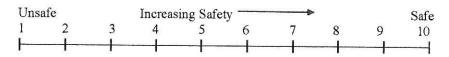
3 Comment(s) WAS ABLE TO MAKE THE MANUVER WITH MINIMUM EXTERNAL FORCE

#### Transit Channel

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



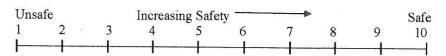
6 Comment(s)

Turn in \_\_\_\_\_ Turning Basin

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

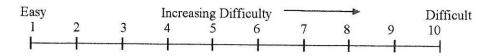
Easy			Incre	asing Di	fficulty		<del></del>		Difficult
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
-	-+-	-+-							

Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

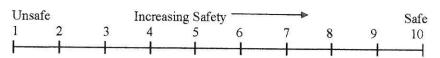


#### Approach to Terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



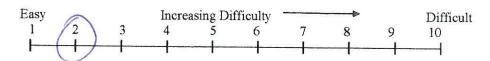
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



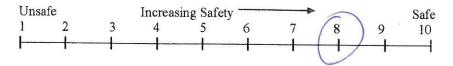
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Opera	tor:		
38	11-15-17	A			
Pilot: C		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed: 6	180/	Ф	
Run Start Time:   2   1 Run End Time:		HSC Bay Width:	HSC Bay Width: 700 BCC Flare:		
Start Location: Be	End Location:				
Ship Model Used	ULCV	T2)	Thor - Wesley	-4B G 7505 -4A H 7505	
Travel Direction	Inbound	Outbound			
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	d Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow	
Conditions	JE/10			0.5/ Fld	
Notes:					

## Entry at Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

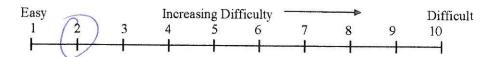


2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

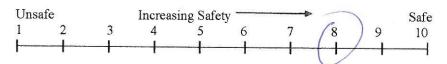


#### **Transit Channel**

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



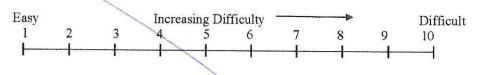
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



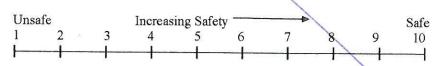
6 Comment(s)

Turn in \_\_\_\_\_ Turning Basin

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

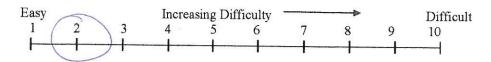


Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

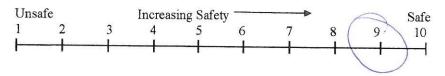


### Approach to Terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



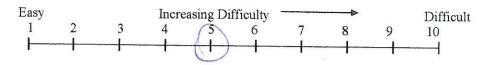
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



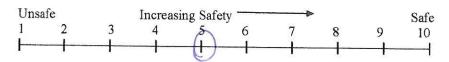
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
39	11-15-17	)	4	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	342.1	/3
Run Start Time: 1133	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	BCC Flare:
Start Location: 89	A-90A	End Location:		A STATE OF THE STA
Ship Model Used	ULCY	T2)		Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound			Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed		Tide/Flow
Conditions	N/10		THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	0.5/566
Notes:	9			

### Entry at Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

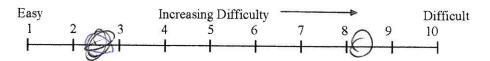


3 Comment(s)

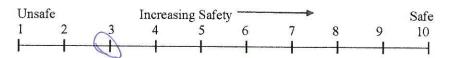
NICE SAFE THEN WITH WIDE FLARE

#### Transit Channel

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



6 Comment(s)

WITH ONLY LOKTS OF WIND - SHIP WANTED

TO FALL' DOWN ON SHIPS - HAVE TO KEEP SPD DOWN

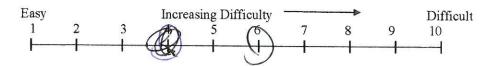
SO WIND HAS GREATER EFFECT - I BELIEVE AT MAY

LINIT WITH WIND - OTHERWISE YOU HAVE TO CARRY

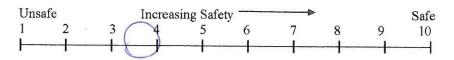
MORE SOD

Turn in \_\_\_\_\_\_ Turning Basin

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

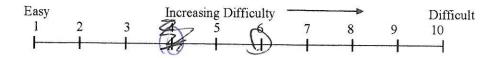


9 Comment(s)

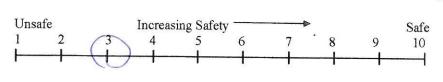
HAVE TO MAKE SURE YOU USE THE WEST SIDE OF T.B. OTHERWISE YOU WILL RUN OUT OF ROOM ON BOW AS YOU TURN WILL BE VERY TIOHT WITH NORTH WIND AND

#### Approach to Terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



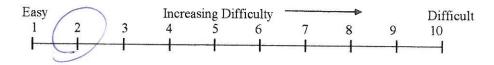
#### 12 Comment(s)

WILL BE TIBHT WITH NORTH WIND WITH SHIP AT Y AND POINT AT ENTRY TO T.B.

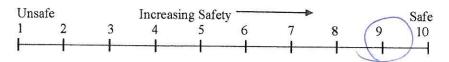
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:					
40	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	A					
46 11-15-17 Pilot: A		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:					
Run Start Time: 1331	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	HSC Bay Width: 700 BSC Flare:				
Start Location:	3-74	End Location:					
Ship Model Used	ULCV TULCV	T2	Thor E Wesley	34-6-7565 LA-H 7505			
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound				
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed		Tide/Flow			
Conditions	N/15		0.5/ELL				
Notes:	,						

## Entry at Flare

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

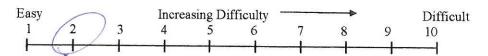


3 Comment(s)

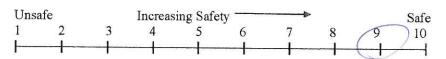
DESIGN OF FLARE IS A DESIRABLE
LEVEL OF SAFETY

#### Transit Channel

4 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



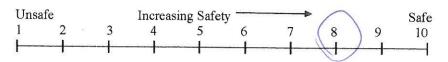
6 Comment(s) Jo I SSUES

Turn in Bay PORT BASW Turning Basin

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

Easy			Incre	asing Di	fficulty				Difficult
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<b> </b>									

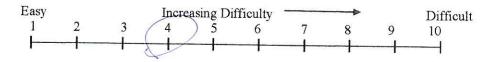
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



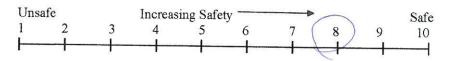
9 Comment(s) BASIN WERE SAFETY MARGINS WERE
ACCEPTABLE

#### Approach to Terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



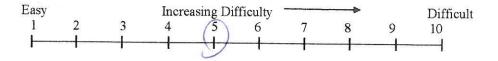
12 Comment(s)

DOCKING EVOLUTION WAS UNDER CONTROL. MORE WATER COULD HAVE BEEN UTILIZED TO CREATE MORE DISTANCE SKIN TO SKIN, BUT THE MANUVER WAS INDICETIVE OF MY NORMAL DOCKING APPROACH!

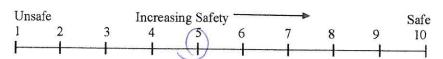
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:					
41	11-15-17	A					
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed: <i>326.1</i> / <b>&amp;</b> &				
Run Start Time: 1436 Run End Time:			HSC Bay Width: 700 BSC Flare:				
Start Location: 7	3-74	End Location:					
Ship Model Used	(ULCV.	72	Thor & Verley	CA -H	7505 7505		
Travel Direction	Inbound	Outbound					
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed	Tide/Flow				
Conditions	SE/15	0.5/818					
Notes:							

## Entry at Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

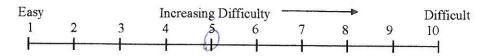


3 Comment(s)

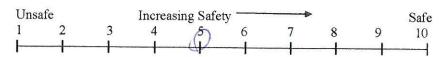
6000 ROOM FOR A SAFE ENERY INTO FLARE

#### Transit Channel

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

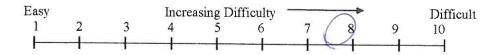


6 Comment(s)

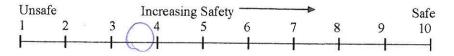
KEPT MY SPO A LITTLE FASTER THAN I NORMALLY WOULD BECAUSE OF STRONG WIND - ONLY PROBLEM WAS SHIP HAD A HARD TIME SLOWING DOWN AS WE WERE APPROACHTING THE T.B.

Turn in \_\_\_\_\_ Turning Basin

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

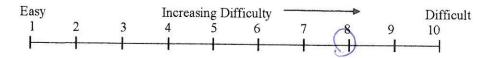


9 Comment(s)

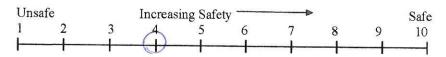
LOTS OF ROOM BUT AGAIN - NEED TO MAKE SURE TO DRIVE FURTHER TO WEST INTO LARGER PORTION OF T.B.

#### Approach to Terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



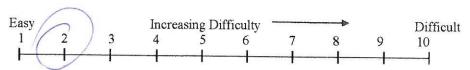
### 12 Comment(s)

A TIGHT BUT VERY DOABLE MANEUVER THATS MORE DEFFECULT PUE TO THE WEND I WAS USENG THE TUOS UP TO THEER LIMIT TO MAKE SURE THE SHIP STAYED ON TRACK

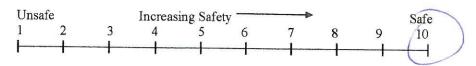
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Opera	tor:	
42	11-15-17		1	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	08	9/4
Run Start Time: 1529	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:		B&C Flare:
Start Location: Re	erth Z	End Location:		A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH
Ship Model Used	ULCV	TZ	Wese	Ly A-H 7505
Travel Direction	Inbound	Outbo		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	/ Speed Tide/Flow		Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/15			05/EH
Notes: Simulation	SE/15	2:40-pai	sed &.	restanted

## Entry at Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

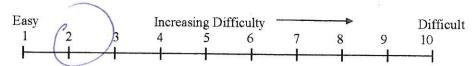


2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

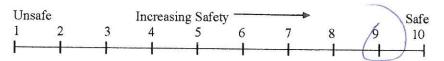


#### Transit Channel

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



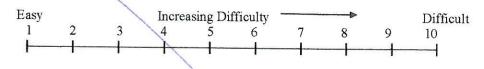
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



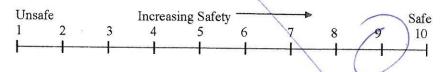
6 Comment(s)

Turn in \_\_\_\_\_ Turning Basin

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

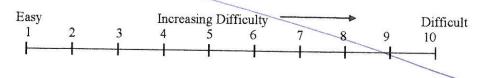


Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

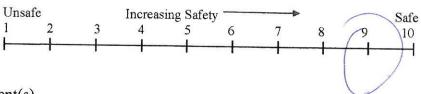


### Approach to Terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



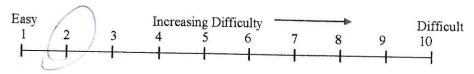
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



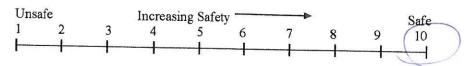
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	tor:	
43	11-15-17	1	7	
Pilot: A 🛓		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	089/	4.5
Run Start Time:/601	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	BCC Flare: 4000
Start Location:	Bertla Z	End Location:		76.
Ship Model Used	ULCV	TZ)	Work	ugo Suezmas 7565
Travel Direction	Inbound			Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed		Tide/Flow
Conditions	NAS			0.51 Fld
Notes: Jim Stop	42 12 10 pm	the report	Alie	restacted
				*

### Entry at Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



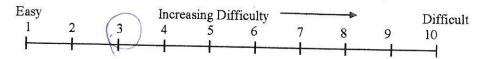
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



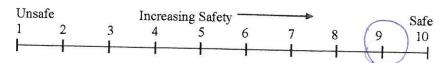
3 Comment(s) WORKED AS DESIGNED

#### Transit Channel

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



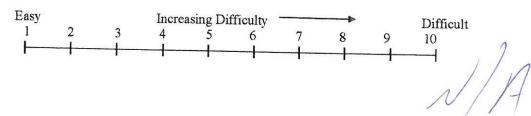
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



6 Comment(s) VESSEL PREFORMED AS EXPECTED

Turn in \_\_\_\_\_ Turning Basin

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

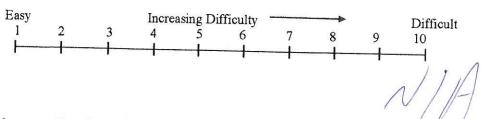


Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

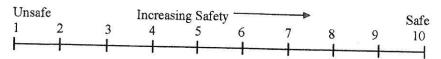
Unsa	afe			Increas	sing Safe	tv		•		Safe
1	2	8	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		) - chicke								

# Approach to Terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



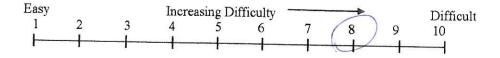
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



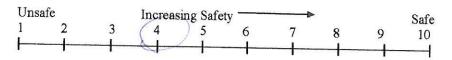
Run#:	Date:	Simulator/Opera	tor:		
44	11-16-17		A		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	268	3/7	
Run Start Time: 092	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	B&C Flare: 4000	
Start Location:	6-7	End Location:			
Ship Model Used	ULCV-	T2)	Thor Wese	BC-H ly AC-S	
Travel Direction	Inbound			Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed		Tide/Flow	
Conditions	N/15		1.3 0 / Ebb		
Notes:	Y				
Teaut DIT	• 0				

Transit Past Terminals

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

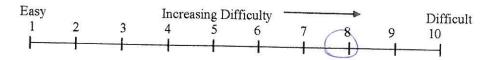


3 Comment(s) LACK OF NEEDED PTUG HORSEPOWER FELT THAT WIND EFFECT WAS UNREALISTIC

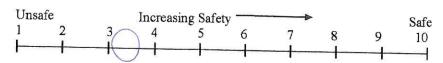
Run#:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:			
45	11-16-17	A			
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed: 26	8/7		
Run Start Time:	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width: 70	BEC Flare: 4000		
Start Location:	BSC 6-7	End Location:			
Ship Model Used	ULCV	TZ	Suezmax		
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound		
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow		
Conditions	Al/10-		1.3/266		
Notes:					

Transit thru terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



3 Comment(s)

STRONG WIND - HAVE TO STAY ON NORTH STOE OTHERWISE STERN WILL BE TOO CLOSE TO SHIPS ON DOCK

3-4 THES RECORMENDED

Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Opera	ntor:
45	11-16-17		A
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	268/7
Run Start Time:	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700 BOC Flare: 4000
Start Location:	BSC 6-7	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	ULCV72		Thor B& Sucreman
Travel Direction	Inbour	nd	Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (fro	m) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	N/13	5	1.3/56/
Notes: Discussed	I how to work w	ith Rowen in	rage pull-do'inine direct more est
7450-	Dead zone had	to do direct	pull- do wine duct more eff
& control	speed.		
- '411			

Transit through terminal

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

Easy			Incre	asing Di	fficulty		<del></del>		Difficult
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	-						-+-	-+	

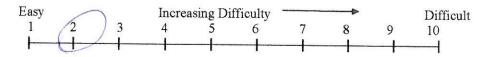
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

Uns	afe		Increas	ing Safe	tv —	<del></del>	•		Safe
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
			-+		-+				

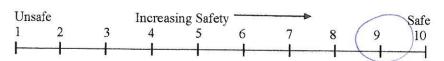
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	itor:	
16	11-16-17		A	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	250.5/4	
Run Start Time: 104	Run End Time:	Vessels at 26&274	EZB 3@ 750 x106 Bange on 27	
Start Location: Bel	low Whenf 32	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Chlock- Affamax	7605 2406	Panamax Buiker 06	
Travel Direction	Inbound	2	Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions	NESI	5	0.0/24	
Notes: Problems with simulator				

### Turn in Improved Turning Basin

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

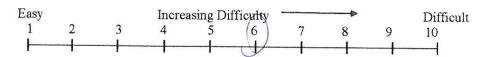




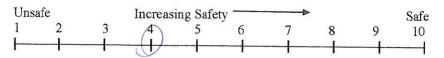
Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
11-16-17	A	
	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	250.5/4
Z Run End Time:	Vessels at 26&27	28 3@ 750×106473×75,5 Buge on 27
Wharf 32	End Location:	V
Zens - 55 - H - 75 Chlock - CA - G	505 240L	Panamax Buiker 06
		Outbound
Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
SE/20	- φ	0.0/Ebb-0
		¥
		· V
	2 Run End Time:  2 Run End Time:  2 Run End Time:  2 Run End Time:  1 A Table 1 A Tabl	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:  Z Run End Time: Vessels at 26&27

### Turn in Improved Turning Basin

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



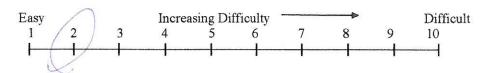
3 Comment(s)

ROOM FOR THIS SIZE SHIP IS GOOD

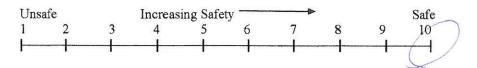
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:		
48	11-16-17	A		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	250.5/4	
Run Start Time: 131	2 Run End Time:	Vessels at 26&27	E28 3@ 750473 × 75.5 Barge @ 27	
	Ohar 132	End Location:	V	
Ship Model Used	Wesely -55-H 7 Nole K-CA-G	94 06	Panamax Buiker 06	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions	SEIZE	D	4/0	
Notes:			,	

### Turn in Improved Turning Basin

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

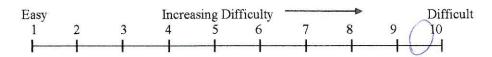


3 Comment(s) BASIN SIZE WORKED WELL

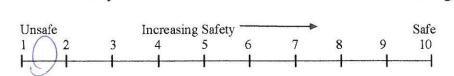
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:		
49	11-16-17	A		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	130.1/246.5	
Run Start Time: /6/6	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel Width: 530		
Start Location: below	w Shell	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Aframax		Suen Panamax Buiker	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Environmental Wind Dir. (from)		Tide/Flow	
Conditions	SE/ZO		0.5/Fld	
Notes:				

### Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



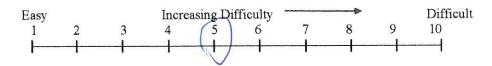
3 Comment(s)

TWO WIDE BEAM LOADED TANKERS MEETING THERE IS
UNDEALISTIC
THE ROOM ARPEARS TO BE THERE BUT VERY LITTLE ROOM
FOR ERROR

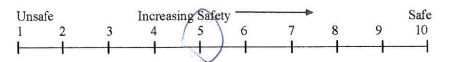
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:		
49	11-16-17	C		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	241.3/6年6.5	
Run Start Time: 1614	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	/idth: 530	
Start Location: Gr	eens Bayou	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Aframa	D .	Panamax Buiker	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions	55/20		0.5/FH	
Notes:				

### Transit and Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

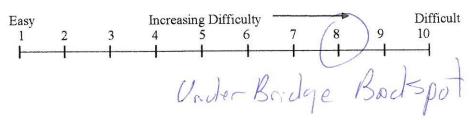


3 Comment(s) VESSEL NEEDED TO HAVE ALL
AUAILABLE WATER THAT IS USE
IN REAL LIFE

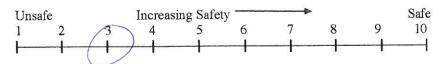
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:			
50	1(-16-17		/-		
Pilot: D		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	1301/6.5		
Run Start Time:	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	idth: 530		
Start Location: Gre	ens Bayou	End Location:			
Ship Model Used	Aframax		Fanamak Buiker		
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound		
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow		
Conditions	SE 20		05/15/6		
Notes:					

Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



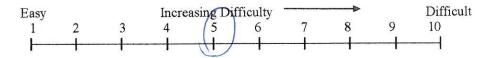
3 Comment(s)

KMDN bod spet to meet.

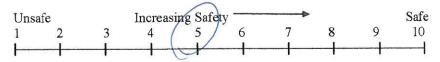
Date: Simulator/Opera		or:	
11-16-17		C	
	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	241.3 16.5	
Run End Time:	Bayou Channel Width: 530		
rell	End Location:		
Aframax		Panamax Buiker	
Inbound		Outbound	
Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
5E/2	)	0.5/FId	
		a	
	Run End Time:  Aframax Inbound Wind Dir. (from	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:  Run End Time: Bayou Channel W End Location:  Aframax	

### **Transit and Meeting**

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



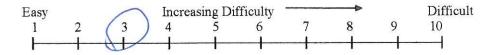
3 Comment(s)

MEETING CAN BE DENE

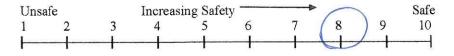
Run #: 51	Date: //-//6 - 17	Simulator/Operat	or:	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	241.3/5	
Run Start Time: /455	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	/idth: 530	
Start Location: belo	sw Shell	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Aframa		Panamax Buiker	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions	SE/	20	0.5/Fld	
Notes:				

### Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

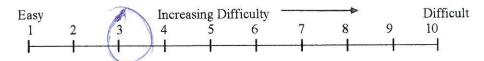


3 Comment(s) MEETING WELL.

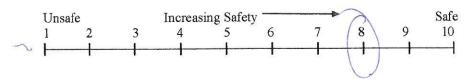
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
51	11-18-17		A
Pilot: 資D		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	095.6/5
Run Start Time: 1453	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	/idth: 530
Start Location: Br	idge	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	Aframax	ζ	Panamax Bulker Scienmay
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions	SE/20		0.5/Fld
Notes:			• ***

### Transit and Meeting

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



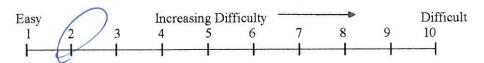
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



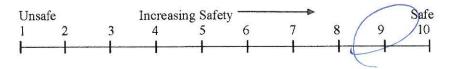
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:				
53	11-16-17	$\mathcal{C}$				
Pilot: A		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed: 251.3/6				
Run Start Time: 1533 Run End Time:		Bayou Channel Width: 530				
Start Location: TX8 Bridge		End Location:				
Ship Model Used	Panaman	Bulk	Panamax Buiker			
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound			
Environmental Conditions	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow			
	5E/20		0.5/FId			
Notes:						

## Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

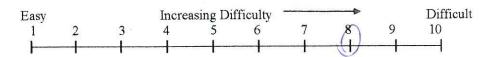


3 Comment(s) SAFE MANU. VER /

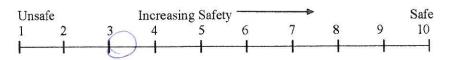
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:			
53	11-16-17	$\mathcal{A}$				
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	126.9/5.5			
Run Start Time: 15 33 Run End Time:		Bayou Channel Width: 530				
Start Location: Greens Bayou		End Location:				
Ship Model Used	Aframax		Suen Mark Panamax Buiker			
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound			
Environmental Conditions	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow			
	SE/20		0.5/Fib			
Notes:						

## Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



3 Comment(s)

GOOD MEETING

GOOD ROOM / POSITION

SHIP DID WANT TO RUN' TO PORT (TO LEFT)

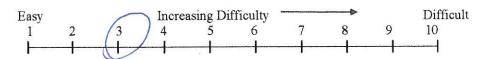
AFTER MEETING SHIP BUTIWAS ARLE TO

CHECK SHIP

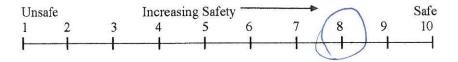
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:				
52	11-16-17	C.				
Dilat.		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed: 231.3/6				
Run Start Time: /5/6 Run End Time:		Bayou Channel Width: 530				
Start Location: Bridge TX 3		End Location:				
Ship Model Used	Aframax	9	Panamax Buiker			
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound			
Environmental Conditions	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow			
	55/20		0.5/FId			
Notes:						

## Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



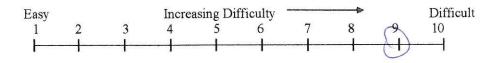
3 Comment(s)

NORMAL PRACTICE MEETING SUCESS

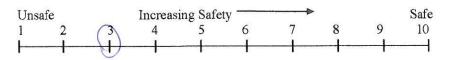
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	tor:
52	11-16-17		A
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	126.8 /5.5
Run Start Time: 1516	un Start Time: 1516 Run End Time:		Vidth: 530
Start Location:	reens Boeyou	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	Aframax		Panamax Buiker Suez may
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions			0.5/Fld
Notes:	¥		•

## Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



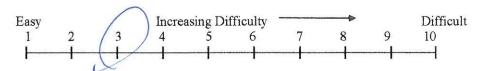
3 Comment(s)

VERY GOOD MEETING GOOD POSITION MAIN CONCERN WAS INABILITY TO CHECK SHIP UP AFTER MFETZNG INBOUND SHIP

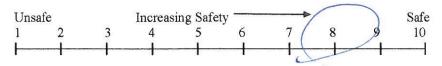
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
54	11-16-17		C	
Pilot:	A	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	127/6	
Run Start Time: 154	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	<sup>/idth:</sup> 530	
Start Location: Gre	cens Bayou	End Location:	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	Aframax		Panamax Buiker	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions SEBJ			0.51 FIB	
Notes:			-	
	×			

#### Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



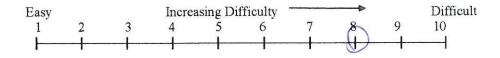
3 Comment(s)

SAFE AND CONTROLED

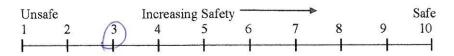
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
54	11-16-17		A	
Pilot:	ς	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	281./6.5	
Run Start Time: 1545	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	7idth: 530	
Start Location: TX 8	Bridge	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Sùo <sub>1</sub> Aframax		Panamax Buiker	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions			0.5/Flb	
Notes:				

#### Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



## 3 Comment(s)

MET AT THE MOST NARROW PART OF CHANNEL.

IT WORKED BUT WAS TIGHT.

THIS WOULD HAVE BEEN CONSIDERED

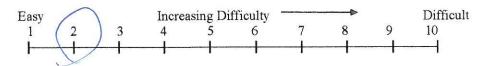
A SUCCESS IN MY BOOK ALTHOUGH I TRY NOT

TO MEET MY SHID AT THAT SPOT IN PEAL LIFE

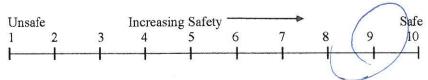
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat		
55	11-16-17	<u>C</u>		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	095.7/6	
Run Start Time:	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	idth: 530	
Start Location: TX	8 Bindge	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Aframax		Panamax Buiker	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental Wind Dir. (from) Conditions		) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
		20	0.5/Fld	
Notes:				

# Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



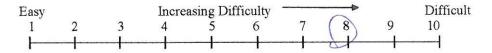
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



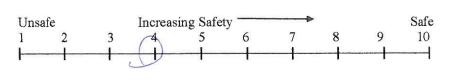
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
55	11-16-17		/L	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	242.4/	5,5
Run Start Time:	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	idth: 530	
Start Location:	ell. Bridge	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Typymax		Pana	amax Buiker
Travel Direction	Inbound			Outbound
Environmental Wind Dir. (from		) / Speed	Т	ide/Flow
Conditions	5E/20	5E/20		FIE
Notes:			3 C	

#### **Transit and Meeting**

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



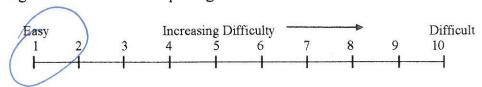
3 Comment(s)

GOOD MEETING GOOD SPACE

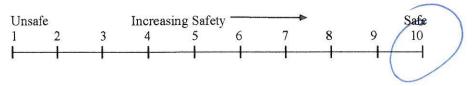
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
56	11-17-17		$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{C}}$	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed: 107.1/556	
Run Start Time: 0812	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	/idth: 530	
Start Location: Am	monia	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Aframax '		Panamax Bulkar 182	
Travel Direction	Inbound	I	Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions N/20			1.3/Ebb	
Notes:	•			

## **Transit and Meeting**

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



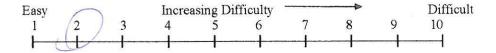
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



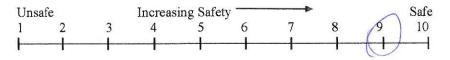
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
56	11-17-17	1		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	260/6	
Run Start Time: 0817	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	Bayou Channel Width: 530	
Start Location:	Shell	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Aframax 23L		Panamax Buiker	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental Wind Dir. (from)		) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions	N\$ /20		1,3/566	
Notes:				

#### Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

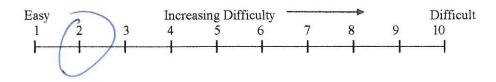




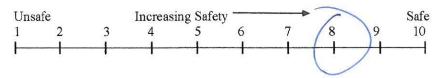
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
57	11-17-17	C		
Pilot:	C	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:		
Run Start Time:0856	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	Bayou Channel Width: 530	
Start Location: An	nmonia	End Location:	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	Aframax		Panamax Buiker. 10L	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions	N/20		13/Ebb	
Notes:			•	

## Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



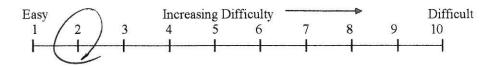
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



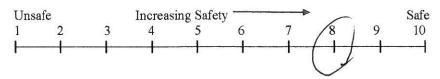
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
57	11-17-17	14		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed: Zbo/6		
Run Start Time: 0834 Run End Time:		Bayou Channel W	Bayou Channel Width:	
Start Location:	hell	End Location:	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	Aframax 23 L		Panamax Buiker	
Travel Direction	Imbound		Outbound	
Environmental Wind Dir. (from) Conditions		) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
			1.3/56	
Notes:				

## Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



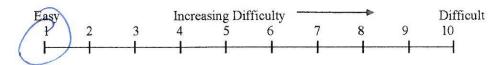
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



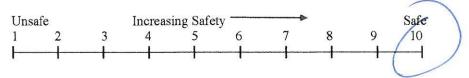
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
53	11-17-17	C		
Pilot:	ま.D	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	129.8/6	
Run Start Time:	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	Bayou Channel Width: 530	
Start Location:	еем Вауон	End Location:	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	Aframax		Panamax Buiker CO6L	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions	N/20		13/566	
Notes:			•	

## **Transit and Meeting**

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



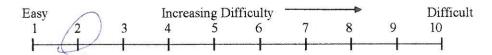
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



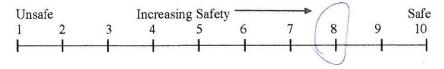
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
58	11-17-17	A		
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	275/5.2	
Run Start Time:	n Start Time: Run End Time:		Bayou Channel Width: 536	
Start Location: Below	o TX8 Bridge	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Aframax 23L		Panamax Buiker	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Environmental Wind Dir. (from) Conditions		Tide/Flow	
Conditions			1.3/ 546	
Notes:			tay.	

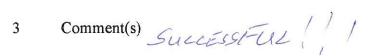
#### Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

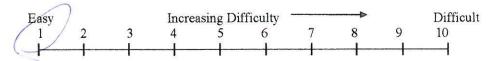




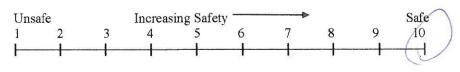
Run #:	Date: Simulator/Operat		or:	
59	11-17-17		A	
Pilot: A		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	131.4/6	
Run Start Time:0918	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	Bayou Channel Width: 530	
Start Location: Gre	em Bayou	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Aframax	4	Panamax Buiker	
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed	Tide/Flow	
Conditions	11/20		13/562	
Notes:	•		_	
<u></u>				

#### Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

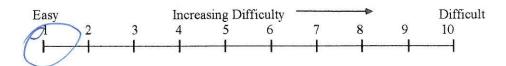


3 Comment(s) GREAT RUN

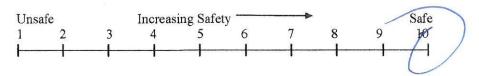
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
59	11-17-17	C	-
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	275.7/6
Run Start Time: 0918	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	idth:
Start Location: Be	low TX8 Bridge	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	Aframax		Panamax Buiker CD64
Travel Direction	Inbound	>	Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
Conditions W/ZO		1.3/56b	
Notes:	,		•
Control of the Contro			

## Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



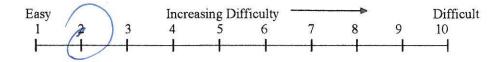
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



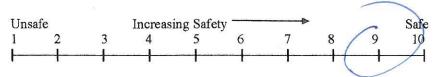
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
60	11-17-17	//	C	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	275.716	
Run Start Time()93	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	<sup>/idth:</sup> 530	
Start Location: Be	low TX 8	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Aframax	(	Panamax Buiker 2062	
Travel Direction	Inbound	$\supset$	Outbound	
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow	
Conditions	5E/2	0	1.3/566	
Notes:				
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## Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



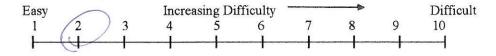
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



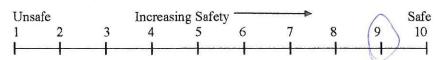
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
60	11-17-17		4
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	131.4/6
Run Start Time: 093 1	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	7idth: 530
Start Location: Gree	ns Bayou	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	Aframax		Paragray Builter Colley
Travel Direction	Multipatral	7	Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed	Tide/Flow
		1.3 /566	
Notes:			

# Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



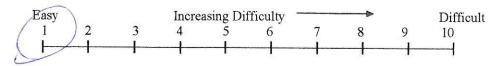
2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



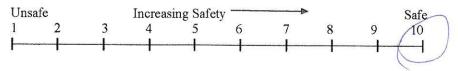
Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:	
11-17-17		A	
COMMENTATION CREATED TO A COMMENT OF THE COMMENT OF	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	081	13.5
Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	BCC Flare:
eth Z	End Location:		
Tugs Thor &B-	K – B D – C		Suezmax
Inbound			Outbound
Wind Dir. (from	) / Speed		Tide/Flow
SE/21	D .		1.3/56
o North from	Barbaurs	Cut	
*			
	Run End Time:  Tugs Thor 23 -  Wesley & Inbound  Wind Dir. (from	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:  Run End Time:  HSC Bay Width:  End Location:  Tugs Thor 2B - K - B  Wesley K D - C  Inbound  Wind Dir. (from) / Speed	Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:  Run End Time:  HSC Bay Width: 700  End Location:  Tugs Thor &B - K - B Wesley K & D - C Inbound

## **Entry at Flare**

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

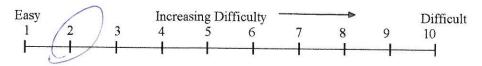


3 Comment(s) Most OF TURN DONE WITH RUPDER

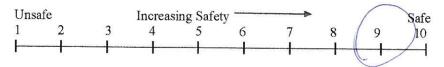
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operate	or:	
GP.	11-17-17		A	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	132	7/4.3
Run Start Time:	Run End Time:	HSC Bay Width:	700	BCC Flare:
Start Location:	83 - 84	End Location:		
Ship Model Used	Thor &B-D-	B C	144	Suezmax
Travel Direction	Inbound			Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from)	) / Speed		Tide/Flow
Conditions	55/26			1.3/566
Notes:				

## Entry at Flare

Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

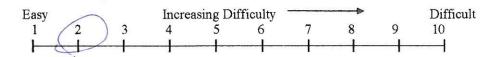


3 Comment(s) ADEQUATE ROOM FOR MANUVER

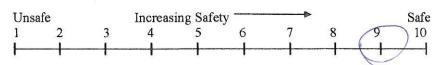
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
63	11-17-17	A	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	099.2/6
Run Start Time: 1049	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	Vidth: 530
Start Location: Above	-Bridge	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	Summa	ax	Panamax Buiker
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow
Conditions	5420		1,3/566
Notes:	,		

# Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.

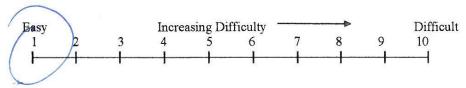




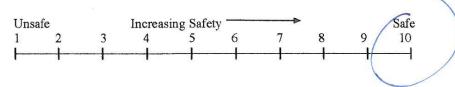
Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operat	or:
63		C	
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:	267.8/6
Run Start Time: 1049	Run End Time:	Bayou Channel W	/idth: 530
Start Location:	iell	End Location:	
Ship Model Used	Aframax		Panamax Buiker 206
Travel Direction	Inbound	)	Outbound
Environmental	Wind Dir. (from) / Speed		Tide/Flow
Conditions	SERO	7	1.3/666
Notes:			

#### Transit and Meeting

1 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



2 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



August 22, 2	ľ	1	4
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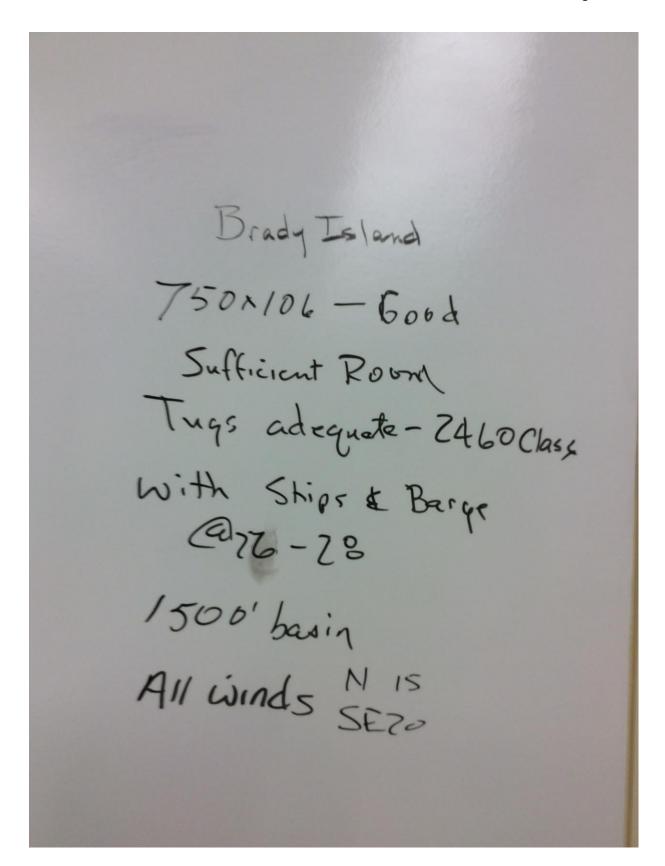
Appendix F: Final Debriefing Agreements Based on the Completed Ship Maneuvering Simulation Tests

HSC Bay	650	706
Straight Reach Bend	Can be done risky NA	600d
Container / Sontainer Straight Reach	NA' High Rist	Good
Bend	NA	Excellent
Tow/Barge Lane	NA	Effected Tow Expected Results
Meet below 75.76 ± turn into Baypon	t400'	Good

Barboure Cut Turn at Entrance - Good Room -OK Tugs - 3 tugs 3075 Winds 15kt restriction Thru Terminal Nwind - 15 knt 3. Tugs Turning Basin-Good Room Ship@Berth-OK 3 Std Care on Stem Try - max Speed 7 kts for Ship urn - Ot

Bayport 2000 Radius - OK RO/RO Basin 3tugs 3075 Really Like Tanker Out/in-OK 2 inbounds - 1 to 456 \* 4. nbounds - 8 his/day w/o Ro Ro Bunker Towboat Barges also Continue Bunker Ops No Bunkering-ULCV is transiting 155' Channel - Works Good Inner TB-Good Prefer 455 Meet & Turn - Ot Wint Linit 15kt.

Boggy Bayon to Greens B Afranax / Panamax	ayou
below Bridge above Bridge  Suezman / Panaman	SuperSafe """
Barbours Cut - North	. "
Suczmax	" "



August 22, 2	ľ	1	4
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Appendix G: Description of San Jacinto College Maritime Technology and Training Center Ship and Tug Simulators

#### A preview of the San Jacinto College Maritime Technology and Training Center

#### 03.03.2014 | By Jeannie Peng-Armao



Capt. John Kessler, maritime instructor, demonstrates how mariners train using the bridge simulators at the San Jacinto College maritime program. *Photo credit: Jeannie Peng-Armao, San Jacinto College marketing, public relations, and government affairs department.* 

As San Jacinto College prepares to break ground to build the region's newest maritime training facility, some of the industry's most sought after training technology has arrived and is awaiting its new home.

The College recently received three interactive, full-mission, ship bridge simulators, thanks to a collaborative agreement with the Houston Pilots. They will be moved to the College's 45,000-square-foot Maritime Technology and Training Center once it opens, projected for mid 2015.

"For our new, waterfront maritime campus, we did our homework and traveled across the country to research exactly what we needed to provide in our new facility in order to be certain that we are offering today's maritime professionals the best training available anywhere in the country" said Capt. Mitch Schacter, director of the San Jacinto College maritime program.

The simulators are room-sized replicas of ship control bridges, each with a 270-degree view and life-like graphics displayed on fourteen 65-inch monitors. They are equipped with the newest versions Kongsberg's Polaris 7.2 ship simulation software. They allow trainees to experience different sea conditions from flat calm water to 30-foot high waves, from zero wind to hurricane winds, from clear blue skies to rain, snow, sleet, fog, and sand storms, and include day and night operations.

"This technology allows trainees from almost any type of vessel to experience wind, current and wave action from any direction and at any level of magnitude as well as close quarters interaction with other vessels operating in the same scenario, without ever putting anyone's life or property in peril," said Bryan Elliot, maritime instructor and simulator operator. "It provides a very safe and very realistic experience."

The three simulators are currently operating at the San Jacinto College maritime training center off Highway 225 in Pasadena. Once the new Maritime Technology and Training Center is built along the Port of Houston, the simulators will become a part of a 3,748 square-foot simulation suite with instructor stations, debrief classrooms, and development stations.

In addition, the new facility will house engineering simulators to train maritime engineers for hydraulic, electric, pump control, motor control, heating and air conditioning, and refrigeration. Also planned is a full-mission engine

room simulator, which will be interactive and interconnected with the bridge simulators to allow vessel management exercises to accommodate deck and engineering officers and crew at the same time, in the same scenario.

Other features will include a 2,000 square-foot multipurpose space for industry conferences and corporate partner meetings along with a fully equipped commercial kitchen to support those functions. The entire building will sit 14 feet above ground and will house 15 classrooms, and administrative support offices. The ground level will showcase a training dock with lifeboats, davits, and fast rescue craft, and a separate industry dock for crew changes. It will also allow vessel specific training for local maritime companies and have an aquatic training facility for sea survival and life raft training, complete with men's and women's locker rooms.

"The Center will serve as the premier training facility for regional industry and new maritime technology associate degree program," said Schacter. "It will house the very latest technology and U.S. Coast Guard-approved curriculum to allow us to continue and to offer much training for captains, mates, deckhands, tankermen and engineers in a safe, professional and productive training environment."

For more information about the San Jacinto College maritime program, visit <a href="http://www.sjcd.edu/continuing-professional-development/corporate-and-workforce/maritime">http://www.sjcd.edu/continuing-professional-development/corporate-and-workforce/maritime</a>.

#### **About San Jacinto College**

Surrounded by monuments of history, industries and maritime enterprises of today, and the space age of tomorrow, San Jacinto College has been serving the citizens of East Harris County, Texas, for more than 50 years. The Achieving the Dream Leader College is committed to the goals and aspirations of a diverse population of 30,000 students in more than 200 degree and certificate options, including university transfer and career preparation. Students also benefit from the College's job training programs, renowned for meeting the needs of growing industries in the region. San Jacinto College graduates contribute nearly \$630 million each year to the Texas workforce. San Jacinto College. Your Goals. Your College.

For more information about San Jacinto College, please call 281-998-6150, visit <a href="www.sanjac.edu">www.sanjac.edu</a>, or follow us on Facebook at <a href="www.facebook.com/SanJacintoCollege">www.facebook.com/SanJacintoCollege</a>.

**Appendix H: Approved Study Scope and Test Matrix** 

# Waterway Simulation Technology, Inc.

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Columbia Office 158 Hampton Crest Trail Columbia, SC 29209 Phone: 803-783-2118 Fax: 803-783-8236

Fax: 803-783-8236 Email: jchewlett@wst.ms Attn: J. Christopher Hewlett Vicksburg Office
2791 Burnt House Rd
Vicksburg, MS 39180
Phone: 601-638-4226
Fax: 601-630-9017
Email: Ildaggett@wst.ms

Attn: Larry L. Daggett

# **MEMO FOR RECORD**

Subject: Proposal to Conduct Ship Simulations for the Houston Ship Channel, Texas, Expansion Feasibility Study – Section 216 of the Flood Control Act of 1970, as Amended.

#### Introduction

The ongoing feasibility study of potential needs for improvement and possible expansion of the Houston Ship Channel (HSC), Texas, has identified a need to conduct feasibility level ship maneuvering simulations in order to refine safe and efficient channel dimension assumptions for the design vessel classes. This MFR presents a proposal for addressing the identified navigation issues.

#### **Assumptions**

One issue that has been identified is to define the required deep-water navigation channel width to provide safe and efficient transits of the design ships. It is understood that the primary area of concern is the existing 530 ft wide x 46.5 (MLLW) ft deep Bay Reaches; especially with the growing demand for admitting Post- and Neo-Panamax container ships, i.e. ULCVs. Of particular interest is admitting those ULCVs that transit and, therefore, are limited to the maximum dimensions of the expanded Panama Canal. Since the terminals that would be considered to admit these vessels are both in the Galveston Bay below Morgan Point (Bayport and Barbours Cut), the design ships for Bay reaches should be a ULCV with overall length of 1200 ft or less and a beam of 160 ft or less and a Suezmax tanker. ULVCs are being considered as possible vessels requesting admittance and request are expected to grow in the future.

Due to the length of the transit in the Bay, the width of the navigation channel in these reaches must consider two-way traffic. It is not recommended to evaluate passing lanes since it is so difficult to ensure that a meeting between two design ships will occur in the passing lane; this requires extremely accurate traffic control and could cause at least one of the meeting ships to slow to a dangerous speed. Therefore, two-way meeting simulations will be required to define the channel width.

In addition to the channel widths in the straight reaches of the Bay, simulation testing of potential bend widening should be examined. The length of the design vessels will most likely require extra widening in the four bends in the Bay from Buoy 18 to Morgans Point.

Finally, for the Bay channels, it will be advised to conduct simulations of the design container ships maneuvering into and through the navigation channels and turning basins to the Bayport and Barbers Cut container terminals. These simulations may require testing of specific designs being considered for these terminals; e.g., a docking facility may be used near the entrance of the Barbours Cut terminal.

It is understood that no simulations are being considered for the Bayou Sections of the 46.5 foot remainder of HSC. Therefore, this section of the HSC is not discussed in this MFR.

Consideration of admitting Aframax tankers and bulk carriers into the reaches above the East Sam Houston Tollway Bridge (Texas 8) has been discussed. Simulation tests of this channel should be considered to define the required channel widths, particularly in the bends of this reach and to provide guidance on the ship speeds and safe clearances of berths along this channel. Many of the bends in the lower reaches of this section of the HSC are relatively gentle; however, the bends above HSC Light 162 or Buffalo Bayou may require study.

It is understood that since these simulations are being done a part of a feasibility study, they are to be conducted as a limited set of tests to, as quickly as possible and with minimum effort and cost, to refine the acceptable channel dimensions. Therefore, the testing program should be designed to quickly assess a particular proposed design and move to an alternate design based on the results of that test. The acceptability of the design will be based on the participating Houston Pilot's opinions and the judgment of the team conducting the simulations using a accepted set of evaluation criteria.

Finally, it is understood that a requirement for the conduct of the simulations is the use of the local-area ship simulator, owned by the Houston Pilots, managed by the Maritime Pilot's Institute, and located at the San Jacinto Maritime Technology and Training Center. This is a Kongsberg simulator, similar to the simulator at the U.S. Army Engineering Research and Development Center (ERDC) at Vicksburg, MS.

#### **Approach**

#### Ship Models

The first requirement for conduct of the ship maneuvering simulations is to define the design ships and identify models for the HSC test reaches.

Previous simulation studies of admitting ULCVs to the Bayport Container terminal tested Aclass Maersk containerships and a Neo-Panamax containerships at Maritime Institute of Technology and Graduate Studies (MITAGS) simulator facility. These ship models included 9,000 TEU, 14,000 TEU, and 15,000 TEU ULCVs. The 14,000 TEU ULCV was a model of the MSC Beatrice with a length overall (LOA) of 366m (1,200 ft) and a beam of 50.9m (166.7 ft) with a draft of 13.4m (44 ft). These ship models have been well vetted.

While this beam is larger than the suggested beam for transit through the third set of Panama Canal locks, i.e. beam of 160 ft, it is anticipated that this beam width will eventually be permitted as usage of the locks grows in a similar manner in which pressure from shipping companies narrowed the free space in the older locks. The width of the third lock chambers is 180 ft.

Later tests were conducted at MITAGS in January 2014 sponsored by the Maersk shipping company using a model of an A-Class containership. Maersk requested these simulations because they were requesting the pilots to agree to admit these ships into the HSC. Dimensions of this ship model are 352.2m (1,155.2 ft) LOA, 42.8m (140.4 ft) beam, and a loaded draft of 12.2m (40.0 ft).

An analysis of the largest 110 containerships in the world fleet shows that 88 of these ships, or 80%, would fit into the third set of Panama Canal locks, see Table 1.

The Maritime Pilot's Institute has a ship model of the MAERSK EDINBURG with an LOA of 354m (1161.4 ft) and a beam of 48m (157.5 ft). Therefore, it is recommended that this model be used as the design containership. MPI will be working on improving the maneuvering characteristics of this model based on observations of operating containerships. Maneuvering characteristics of the above mentioned ship models used in previous studies and vetted by pilots are also available to guide this model adjustment.

A loaded Suezmax tanker model was used in the MITAGS simulation tests of Bayport. This tanker had dimensions of 280m (918.6 ft) LOA, 49.9m (163.7 ft) beam and 12.2m (40.0 ft) draft. It is recommended that a ship model of this or similar size be used as the other design vessel for the Bay channel simulations. Again, if a vetted and acceptable model is not available on the San Jacinto simulator, then acceptable models from either Kongsberg or ERDC should be considered for use and should be vetted by the Houston Pilots.

An Aframax tanker was developed and vetted by the Houston Pilots for tests of a proposed terminal immediately above the Texas 8 bridge. This tanker was used in loaded and ballast conditions to test the approach, turning, and movement to the terminal and did not transit through the navigation channels. However, these tests were conducted on the San Jacinto simulator and the model developed could be used to conduct simulation runs through the HSC channels from Boggy Bayou to the upper turning basin. There should be a recheck of the model to assure that the model is still considered appropriate for these specific tests.

#### Model Databases

A basic model of the HSC navigation channels is available on the San Jacinto simulator. However, modifications of these model databases (visual, radar and ECDIS, channel, currents) will be required to account for the channel improvements being tested. WST will assist in this development.

Currents can be input as data. The best procedure is to use currents computed with numerical hydrodynamic models of the alternative channel dimensions during a spring tide. Generally it is best to test with maximum flood and ebb currents. It is understood that ERDC is computing the hydrodynamic currents for alternative channel widths in the Bay. However, if these are not available, WST can compute the currents. In this proposal it is assumed that ERDC will furnish the currents and an estimate of this work is not included in WST's estimate.

The existing Bay channels can be constructed based on the most recent hydrographic survey data recorded by the Galveston District Corps of Engineers. However, since the emphasis of this study is to define the navigation channel width that will provide safe and efficient transits, it is recommended that the proposed alternative navigation channel width be input based on agreement with the Corps of Engineers and the Houston Pilots. At this point it is anticipated that the initial testing would begin with a 650 ft wide channel with widening at the Redfish bend and the bend at HSC Lights 75 and 76 below the intersection with the Bayport Ship Channel. Other channel widths may be prepared at 600 ft, 700 ft, and 750 ft in anticipation of the need to test such alternatives. These channel cross-sections will be constructed to be representative of typical cross-sections observed in the existing ship channels to be representative of the typical conditions the ships would experience in the future after the channel has been used and shaped

by the ship traffic. It is anticipated that barge shelves would be included to represent the bank conditions with these present in any future project expansion. Consideration will be given to including operating tows on the barge shelf to observe the effects of deep-draft ships operating in the deep navigation channel.

Similarly, the navigation channels in the HSC above the Texas 8 Bridge would be developed based on the existing hydrographic survey data modified to represent the proposed improvements to the channel with a nominal channel width of 530 ft and depth of 45 ft. Modifications to the channel would be made based on the results of the Aframax tanker transits.

#### Simulations

It is proposed that each test run in the Bay navigation channels accomplish multiple purposes. Simulation runs should be conducted with Houston Pilots conning the deep-draft vessels and G&H tug masters handling the tug simulators. Tug models to be used will be based on the advice of the pilots and G&H.

For example, inbound simulation runs in the Bay could begin HSC Lights 41-42 and proceed to HSC Lights 85-86; a distance of 13.5 nm. During that run a meeting situation could be introduced below the bend at Redfish, transit through the bend widener at Redfish, another meeting between HSC Lights 51-52 and HSC Lights 75-76, transit through the bend widener at HSC Lights 75-76 below the Bayport Ship Channel, and then a final meeting above Bayport Ship Channel. If the inbound ship transits at approximately 10 knots, that transit would take approximately an hour and 20 minutes. But there would be three meetings and each bend would be evaluated. Outbound runs would be similar.

A draft proposed test matrix is provided in Table 2.

Special runs would be conducted to evaluate the turns from the widened HSC navigation channel into both the Bayport Ship Channel and the Barbours Cut Terminal. The Bayport transits would be conducted from HSC Light 65-66 into the Bayport Turning Basin. This would be a distance of approximately 6.8 nm and would require a transit time of less than one hour. It would be a test of traffic to include an outbound tanker to meet the inbound container ship just below the bend at HSC Lights 75-76 prior to making the turn into the Bayport Ship Channel. Similarly, runs can be conducted from HSC Lights 85-86 into the Barbers Cut Terminal to the berth prepared for the ULCVs; from previous inquiries it is understood that consideration has been given to assigning the first berth from the HSC to the ULCVs, thus, avoiding a full transit through the Barbours Cut Ship Channel and use of the turning basin at the end of that channel.

At this point it is recommended that transits with the Aframax through the navigation channels above the Texas 8 Bridge be initially conducted with the proposed channel width up to 530 ft and depth of 45 ft. Conducting several inbound and outbound transits would identify any issues with the bends and terminals along the channel. If problems are identified, then modifications to the simulated navigation channels could be made and retested.

The proposed simulation approaches are recommendations and are subject to approval and modification based on discussions with the Corps of Engineers, Port of Houston Authority, and

Houston Pilots / aggets
Larry L. Daggett, Engineer

### August 22, 2017

Table 2. List of 110 Largest Containerships in the World Fleet

Built	Name	Length overall (m)	Length overall (ft)	Beam (m)	Beam (ft)	Maximum TEU	Owner	gt (tn)
2017	OOCL Hong Kong <sup>[1]</sup>	399.87	1,311.90	58.8	193	21413	OOCL (Hong Kong)	210,890
2017	OOCL Germany	399.87	1,311.90	58.8	193	21413	OOCL (Hong Kong)	210,890
2017	Madrid Maersk <sup>[2]</sup>	399	1,309	58.6	192	20568	Maersk Line	214,286
2017	Munich Maersk	399	1,309	58.6	192	20568	Maersk Line	<u>214,286[3]</u>
2017	Moscow Maersk	399	1,309	58.6	192	20568	Maersk Line	<u>214,286[4]</u>
2017	MOL Triumph <sup>[5]</sup>	400	1,312.30	58.8	193	20170	Mitsui O.S.K. Lines	199,000
2017	MOL Trust	400	1,312.30	58.8	193	20170	Mitsui O.S.K. Lines	199,000
2017	MOL Tribute	400	1,312.30	58.8	193	20170	Mitsui O.S.K. Lines	199,000
2016	MSC Jade[6]	398.45	1,307.30	59.07	193.8	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	194,308
2016	MSC Ditte[7]	398.43	1,307.20	59.08	193.8	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	194,308
2016	MSC Reef	398.43	1,307.20	59.08	193.8	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	194,308
2016	MSC Mirja	398.43	1,307.20	59.08	193.8	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	194,308
2016	MSC Erica	398.43	1,307.20	59.08	193.8	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	194,308
2017	MSC Tina	398.43	1,307.20	59.08	193.8	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	194,308
2016	MSC Diana[8]	399.994	1,312.32	58.839	193.04	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	193,489
2016	MSC Ingy	399.994	1,312.32	58.839	193.04	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	193,489
2016	MSC Eloane	399.994	1,312.32	58.839	193.04	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	193,489
2016	MSC Mirjan	399.994	1,312.32	58.839	193.04	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	193,489
2017	MSC Rifaya	399.994	1,312.32	58.839	193.04	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	193,489
2017	MSC Leanne	399.994	1,312.32	58.839	193.04	19224	Mediterranean Shipping Company	193,489
2015	MSC Oscar <sup>[9]</sup>	395.4	1,297	59	194	19224	MSC (Switzerland)	192,237
2015	MSC Oliver <sup>[10]</sup>	395.4	1,297	59	194	19224	MSC (Switzerland)	192,237
2015	MSC Zoe <sup>[11]</sup>	395.4	1,297	59	194	19224	MSC (Switzerland)	192,237



Built	Name	Length overall (m)	Length overall (ft)	Beam (m)	Beam (ft)	Maximum TEU	Owner	gt (tn)
2015	MSC Maya <sup>[12]</sup>	395.4	1,297	59	194	19224	MSC (Switzerland)	192,237
2014	CSCL Globe <sup>[13]</sup>	399.67	1,311.30	58.6	192	19100	CSCL (China)	187,541
2014	CSCL Pacific Ocean[14]	399.67	1,311.30	58.6	192	19100	CSCL (China)	187,541
2015	CSCL Indian Ocean[15]	399.67	1,311.30	58.6	192	19100	CSCL (China)	187,541
2015	CSCL Atlantic Ocean[16]	399.67	1,311.30	58.6	192	19100	CSCL (China)	187,541
2015	CSCL Arctic Ocean[17]	399.67	1,311.30	58.6	192	19100	CSCL (China)	187,541
2015	Barzan <sup>[18]</sup>	400	1,312.30	58.6	192	18800	UASC (Kuwait)	195,636
2013	Magleby Maersk <sup>[19]</sup>	400	1,312.30	59	194	18270	Maersk (Denmark)	194,849
2014	MSC New York[20]	399	1,309	54	177	18270	MSC (Switzerland)	176,490
2013	Madison Maersk <sup>[21]</sup>	400	1,312.30	59	194	18270	Maersk (Denmark)	194,849
2013	Mærsk Mc-Kinney Møller <sup>[22]</sup>	400	1,312.30	59	194	18270	Maersk (Denmark)	194,849
2013	Majestic Mærsk <sup>[23]</sup>	400	1,312.30	59	194	18270	Maersk (Denmark)	194,849
2013	Mary Mærsk <sup>[24]</sup>	400	1,312.30	59	194	18270	Maersk (Denmark)	194,849
2013	Marie Mærsk <sup>[25]</sup>	400	1,312.30	59	194	18270	Maersk (Denmark)	194,849
2215	CMA CGM Georg		4 000		4	40000	0	175 600
2015	Forster[26]	398	1,306	54	177	18000	CMA CGM (France)	175,688
2015	CMA CGM Bougainville	398	1,306	54	177	17722	CMA CGM (France)	175,688
2015	CMA CGM Kerguelen <sup>[27]</sup>	398	1,306	54	177	17722	CMA CGM (British)	175,688
2015	CMA CGM Vasco de Gama	399	1,309	54	177	17859	CMA CGM (France)	178,228
2015	CMA CGM Zheng He	399	1,309	54	177	17859	CMA CGM (France)	178,228
	CMA CGM Benjamin							470 220
2015	Franklin <sup>[28]</sup>	399	1,309	54	177	17859	CMA CGM (France)	178,228
2012	CMA CGM Marco Polo <sup>[29]</sup>	396	1,299	54	177	16020	CMA CGM (France)	175,343
2013	CMA CGM Alexander von Humboldt <sup>[30]</sup>	396	1,299	54	177	16020	CMA CGM (France)	175,343
	CMA CGM Jules Verne <sup>[31]</sup>		•				,	175,368
2013		396	1,299	54	177	16020	CMA CGM (France)	
2006	Emma Mærsk <sup>[32]</sup>	397.7	1,305	56.4	185	15500	Maersk (Denmark)	170,794

Built	Name	Length overall (m)	Length overall (ft)	Beam (m)	Beam (ft)	Maximum TEU	Owner	gt (tn)
2006	Estelle Mærsk <sup>[33]</sup>	397.7	1,305	56.4	185	15500	Maersk (Denmark)	170,794
2007	Eleonora Mærsk <sup>[34]</sup>	397.7	1,305	56.4	185	15500	Maersk (Denmark)	170,794
2007	Evelyn Mærsk <sup>[35]</sup>	397.7	1,305	56.4	185	15500	Maersk (Denmark)	170,794
2007	Ebba Mærsk <sup>[36]</sup>	397.7	1,305	56.4	185	15500	Maersk (Denmark)	170,794
2007	Elly Mærsk <sup>[37]</sup>	397.7	1,305	56.4	185	15500	Maersk (Denmark)	170,794
2007	Edith Mærsk <sup>[38]</sup>	397.7	1,305	56.4	185	15500	Maersk (Denmark)	170,794
2008	Eugen Mærsk <sup>[39]</sup>	397.7	1,305	56.4	185	15500	Maersk (Denmark)	170,794
2010	CSCL Star[40]	366	1,201	52	171	14074	CSCL (China)	150,853
2011	CSCL Saturn[41]	366	1,201	52	171	14074	CSCL (China)	150,853
2011	CSCL Mercury[42]	366	1,201	52	171	14074	CSCL (China)	150,853
2011	CSCL Mars[43]	366	1,201	51.2	168	14074	CSCL (China)	150,853
2012	CSCL Uranus[44]	366	1,201	52	171	14074	CSCL (China)	150,853
2012	CSCL Neptune[45]	366	1,201	52	171	14074	CSCL (China)	150,853
2011	CSCL Jupiter[46]	365.5	1,199	52	171	14074	CSCL (China)	150,853
2013	MOL Quest[47]	368	1,207	51	167	14000	Mitsui (Japan)	151,963
2013	APL Temasek[48]	368	1,207	51	167	14000	APL (Singapore)	151,963
2010	MSC Savona[49]	366	1,201	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,115
2010	MSC Genova[50]	366	1,201	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,115
2012	MSC Deila[51]	366	1,201	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,115
2012	MSC Valeria[52]	366	1,201	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,115
2011	MSC Fillippa[53]	366	1,201	48	157	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	140,259
2009	MSC Danit <sup>[54]</sup>	366	1,201	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,092
2009	MSC Camille <sup>[55]</sup>	366	1,201	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,092
2010	MSC Melatilde <sup>[56]</sup>	366	1,201	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	151,559
2010	MSC Paloma <sup>[57]</sup>	366	1,201	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,092

Built	Name	<u>Length overall (m)</u>	Length overall (ft)	Beam (m)	Beam (ft)	Maximum TEU	Owner	<u>gt (tn)</u>
2011	MSC Ravenna[58]	366	1,201	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,115
2011	CSCL Venus[59]	365.5	1,199	51.2	168	14000	CSCL (China)	150,853
2010	MSC Alexandra[60]	365.5	1,199	52	171	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,115
2010	MSC Rosa M[61]	365.5	1,199	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,115
2010	MSC La Spezia[62]	365.5	1,199	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,115
2011	MSC Taranto[63]	365.5	1,199	51	167	14000	MSC (Switzerland)	153,115
2013	APL Raffles <sup>[64]</sup>	368.5	1,209	51	167	13900	APL (Singapore)	151,963
2015	Manchester Bridge[65]	366	1,201	51	167	13870	K Line (Japan)	150,709
2009	CMA CGM Laperouse <sup>[66]</sup>	366	1,201	52	171	13830	CMA CGM (France)	150,269
2010	CMA CGM Corte Real <sup>[67]</sup>	366	1,201	52	171	13830	CMA CGM (France)	150,269
2010	CMA CGM Amerigo Vespucci <sup>[68]</sup>	366	1 201	52	171	13800	CMA CGM (France)	152,991
2010	CMA CGM Christophe	300	1,201	52	1/1	13800	CIVIA CGIVI (France)	132,331
2010	Colomb <sup>[69]</sup>	365	1,198	52	171	13800	CMA CGM (France)	153,022
2008	MSC Daniela <sup>[70]</sup>	366	1,201	45.6	150	13798	MSC (Switzerland)	151,559
2009	MSC Kalina <sup>[71]</sup>	366	1,201	51	167	13798	MSC (Switzerland)	151,559
2009	MSC Bettina <sup>[72]</sup>	366	1,201	51	167	13798	MSC (Switzerland)	151,559
2009	MSC Irene <sup>[73]</sup>	366	1,201	51	167	13798	MSC (Switzerland)	151,559
2009	MSC Emanuela <sup>[74]</sup>	366	1,201	51	167	13798	MSC (Switzerland)	151,559
2009	MSC Eva <sup>[75]</sup>	366	1,201	51	167	13798	MSC (Switzerland)	151,559
2010	MSC Beatrice <sup>[76]</sup>	366	1,201	51	167	13798	MSC (Switzerland)	151,559
2010	MSC Sonia[77]	365.5	1,199	51	167	13798	MSC (Switzerland)	153,092
2010	MSC Livorno[78]	365.5	1,199	51	167	13798	MSC (Switzerland)	153,115
2009	MSC Gaia <sup>[79]</sup>	365.5	1,199	45.6	150	13798	MSC (Switzerland)	151,559
2010	UMM Salal <sup>[80]</sup>	365.5	1,199	48	157	13500	<u>UASC (Kuwait)</u>	141,077
2012	Ain Snan[81]	365.5	1,199	48	157	13500	UASC (Kuwait)	141,077

Built	Name	Length overall (m)	Length overall (ft)	Beam (m)	Beam (ft)	Maximum TEU	Owner	gt (tn)
2012	Unayzah[82]	365.5	1,199	48	157	13500	UASC (Kuwait)	141,077
2012	Alula[83]	365.5	1,199	48	157	13500	UASC (Kuwait)	141,077
2012	Tayma[84]	365.5	1,199	48	157	13500	UASC (Kuwait)	141,077
2012	Malik Al Ashtar[85]	365.5	1,199	48	157	13500	UASC (Kuwait)	141,077
2012	Al Riffa[86]	365.5	1,199	48	157	13500	UASC (Kuwait)	141,077
2012	Al Qibla[87]	365.5	1,199	48	157	13500	UASC (Kuwait)	141,077
2012	Jebel Ali[88]	365.5	1,199	48	157	13500	UASC (Kuwait)	141,077
2013	COSCO France[89]	366	1,201	52	171	13386	COSCO (China)	153,666
2013	COSCO Belgium[90]	366	1,201	51	167	13386	COSCO (China)	153,666
2010	CMA CGM Magellan <sup>[91]</sup>	365.5	1,199	51.2	168	13830	CMA CGM (France)	150,269
2013	OOCL Brussels[92]	366.5	1,202	48.2	158	13208	OOCL (Hong Kong)	141,003
2013	OOCL Berlin[93]	366.5	1,202	48.2	158	13208	OOCL (Hong Kong)	141,003
2013	OOCL Chongqing[94]	366.5	1,202	48.2	158	13208	OOCL (Hong Kong)	141,003
2013	NYK Helios[95]	365.5	1,199	48.4	159	13208	NYK (Japan)	141,003
2013	NYK Hercules[96]	365.5	1,199	48.4	159	13208	NYK (Japan)	141,003
2012	Hamburg Express[97]	366	1,201	48.2	158	13169	Hapag Lloyd (Germany)	142,295
2012	New York Express[98]	366	1,201	48.2	158	13169	Hapag Lloyd (Germany)	142,295
2012	Basle Express[99]	366	1,201	48.2	158	13169	Hapag Lloyd (Germany)	142,295
2013	Hong Kong Express <sup>[100]</sup>	366	1,201	48.2	158	13169	Hapag Lloyd (Germany)	142,295
2013	Shanghai Express[101]	366	1,201	48.2	158	13169	Hapag Lloyd (Germany)	142,295
2013	Essen Express[102]	366	1,201	48.2	158	13169	Hapag Lloyd (Germany)	142,295
2011	COSCO Glory[103]	366.45	1,202.30	48.2	158	13114	Seaspan Corp. (HK)	141,823
2011	COSCO Development[104]	366.45	1,202.30	48.2	158	13114	Seaspan Corp. (HK)	141,823
2011	COSCO Pride <sup>[105]</sup>	366.45	1,202.30	48.2	158	13114	Seaspan Corp. (HK)	141,823
2011	COSCO Harmony <sup>[106]</sup>	366.45	1,202.30	48.2	158	13114	Seaspan Corp. (HK)	141,823

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Built	Name	Length overall (m)	Length overall (ft)	Beam (m)	Beam (ft)	Maximum TEU	Owner	<u>gt (tn)</u>
2012	COSCO Faith <sup>[107]</sup>	366.45	1,202.30	48.2	158	13114	Seaspan Corp. (HK)	141,823
2012	COSCO Hope <sup>[108]</sup>	366.45	1,202.30	48.2	158	13114	Seaspan Corp. (HK)	141,823
2012	COSCO Excellence[109]	366.45	1,202.30	48.2	158	13114	Seaspan Corp. (HK)	141,823
2012	Hanjin Sooho[110]	366	1,201	48	157	13102	Hanjin (South Korea)	141,754
2012	Hanjin Europe[111]	366	1,201	48	157	13102	Hanjin (South Korea)	141,754
2012	Hanjin Africa[112]	366	1,201	48	157	13102	Hanjin (South Korea)	141,754
2012	Hanjin America[113]	366	1,201	48	157	13102	Hanjin (South Korea)	141,754
2013	Hanjin Harmony[114]	366	1,201	48	157	13102	Hanjin (South Korea)	141,754
2013	Hanjin Gold[115]	366	1,201	48	157	13102	Hanjin (South Korea)	141,754
2013	Hanjin Green Earth[116]	366	1,201	48	157	13102	Hanjin (South Korea)	141,754
2011	MSC Cristina[117]	366	1,201	48	157	13102	MSC (Switzerland)	141,635
2012	MSC Altair[118]	366	1,201	48	157	13102	MSC (Switzerland)	141,635
2012	Hanjin Asia[119]	366	1,201	48	157	13102	Hanjin (South Korea)	141,754
2012	Hyundai Together[120]	366	1,201	48.2	158	13100	Danaos (Greece)	141,770
2012	Hyundai Tenacity[121]	366	1,201	48.2	158	13100	Danaos (Greece)	141,770
2012	Hyundai Smart[122]	366	1,201	48.2	158	13100	Danaos (Greece)	141,770
2012	Hyundai Speed[123]	366	1,201	48.2	158	13100	Danaos (Greece)	141,770
2012	Hyundai Ambition[124]	366	1,201	48.2	158	13100	Danaos (Greece)	141,770
2011	Maersk Evora[125]	366.47	1,202.30	48.2	158	13092	Maersk (Denmark)	141,716
2011	CMA CGM Alaska[126]	366	1,201	48	157	13092	CMA CGM (France)	140,259
2011	CMA CGM Nevada[127]	366	1,201	48	157	13092	CMA CGM (France)	140,259

Table 3. Proposed Test Matrix for Sec 216 Houston Ship Channel Expansion Ship Simulation

			Inbou	ınd Ship				Outbound	d Ship							
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide/ Current Speed	Wind Direction / Speed	Tugs	Estimated Transit Time (min)	Notes
1 - Test	ing HSC Wide	ned to 650 ft w	ith Bend W	ideners												
1a	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	12	41-42		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	53-54		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish
1b	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue							Flood	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
1c	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	81-82		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65-66
1d	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue							Flood	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
1e	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	85-86		Flood	SE/20	0	90	Meeting Near 81-82
2a	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	12	41-42		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	53-54		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish
2b	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue							Ebb	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
2c	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	81-82		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65-66
2d	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue							Ebb	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
2e	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	85-86		Ebb	SE/20	0	90	Meeting Near 81-82
3a	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	71-72		Container	44/13.4	12	85+86		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish
3b	650 ft						Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
3c	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	45-46		Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65-66
3d	650 ft						Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
3e	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	41-42		Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0	90	Meeting Below Red Fish
4a	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	71-72		Container	44/13.4	12	85+86		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish
4b	650 ft						Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
4c	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	45-46		Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65-66
4d	650 ft						Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
4e	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	41-42		Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0	90	Meeting Below Red Fish



			Inbou	und Ship				Outboun	d Ship							
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide/ Current Speed	Wind Direction / Speed	Tugs	Estimated Transit Time (min)	Notes
Total														min	360	
Time														hrs	6	
2 - Test	ing HSC Wide	ned to xxx ft w	ith Bend Wi	ideners - Wi	dth Depending o	n Result	s of Previous	Set of Tests				1			,	
1a	ft	Container	44/13.4	12	41-42		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	53-54		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish
1b	ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue							Flood	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
1c	ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	81-82		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65-66
1d	ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue							Flood	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
1e	ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	85-86		Flood	SE/20	0	90	Meeting Near 81-82
2a	ft	Container	44/13.4	12	41-42		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	53-54		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish
2b	ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue							Ebb	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
2c	ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	81-82		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65-66
2d	ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue							Ebb	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
2e	ft	Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	85-86		Ebb	SE/20	0	90	Meeting Near 81-82
3a	ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	71-72		Container	44/13.4	12	85+86		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish
3b	ft						Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
3c	ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	45-46		Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65-66
3d	ft						Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
3e	ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	41-42		Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0	90	Meeting Below Red Fish
4a	ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	71-72		Container	44/13.4	12	85+86		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish
		Suezillax	44/13.4	10	/1-/2											
4b	ft	6 -	44/40 :	10	45.46		Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
4c	ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	45-46		Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65-66

			Inbou	nd Ship				Outboun	d Ship							
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide/ Current Speed	Wind Direction / Speed	Tugs	Estimated Transit Time (min)	Notes
4d	ft						Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0		Navigating Bend
4e	ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	41-42		Container	44/13.4	12	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0	90	Meeting Below Red Fish
Total														min	360	
Time														hrs	6	
3. Testi	ing Widened I	HSC Channel (x	xx ft) - Entra	nce to Barb	ours Cut ( width	depend	ing on results	of Runs 1-4	) T	I	1	I	1	1	I	Г
5	ft	Container	44/13. 4	12	85-86		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	53-54		Flood	SE/20	2	45	Meeting Approaching Barbours Cut and Berthing in Barbours Cut
6	ft	Container	44/13. 4	12	85-86		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	53-54		Ebb	SE/20	2	45	Meeting Approaching Barbours Cut and Berthing in Barbours Cut
7	ft	Suezmax	44/13. 4	10	85-86		Container	44/13.4	12	Berth		Flood	SE/20	2	45	Departing Barbours Cut and Meeting below Barbours Cut
8	ft	Suezmax	44/13. 4	10	85-86		Container	44/13.4	12	Berth		Ebb	SE/20	2	45	Departing Barbours Cut and Meeting below Barbours Cut
9	ft	Container	44/13. 4	12	71-72		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	83-84		Flood	SE/20	2	60	Meeting Approaching Bayport and Enter Bayport
10	ft	Container	44/13. 4	12	71-72		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	83-84		Ebb	SE/20	2	60	Meeting Approaching Bayport and Enter Bayport
11	ft	Suezmax	44/13. 4	10	71-72		Container	44/13.4	0	Berth		Flood	SE/20	2	45	Departing Bayport and Meeting below 75-76
12	ft	Suezmax	44/13. 4	10	71-72		Container	44/13.4	0	Berth		Ebb	SE/20	2	45	Departing Bayport and Meeting below 75-76

			Inbo	und Ship				Outboun	d Ship							
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide/ Current Speed	Wind Direction / Speed	Tugs	Estimated Transit Time (min)	Notes
Total		1												min	390	
Time														hrs	6.5	
4. Testi	ng Widened L	pper HSC Chai	nnel (Abov	e Texas 8 Bri	dge - to be repla	ced with	a bridge spar	nning the na	vigation c	hannel)	1	Γ	1	1		
13	400 (?) ft x 45 (?) ft	Aframax	44/13 .4	6	160							0	SE20	2	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
14	400 (?) ft x 45 (?) ft	Aframax	44/13 .4	6	160							0	SE20	2	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
15	400 (?) ft x 45 (?) ft						Aframax	44/13.4	0	Berth		0	SE20	2	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
16	400 (?) ft x 45 (?) ft						Aframax	44/13.4	0	Berth		0	SE20	2	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
13	400 (?) ft x 45 (?) ft	Aframax	44/13 .4	6	160							0	N20	2	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
14	400 (?) ft x 45 (?) ft	Aframax	44/13 .4	6	160							0	N20	2	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
15	400 (?) ft x 45 (?) ft						Aframax	44/13.4	0	Berth		0	N20	2	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
16	400 (?) ft x 45 (?) ft						Aframax	44/13.4	0	Berth		0	N20	2	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
Total Time														min	240	
iiiie														hrs	4	

**Appendix I: Houston Pilots Association Simulation-Based Evaluation Standards of Care** 



## **Houston Pilots Association**

# Simulation-Based Evaluation Standards of Care

Date: Thursday, 24 July, 2017 Document Version: 4

Pilot in Charge: Capt. Sean Arbogast, HPA Pilots

Edited by: George B. Burkley, LOCUS LLC, Maritime Pilots Institute

#### Disclaimer

The standards and methods documented herein are intended only for use in simulation-based research.

These standards are designed to inform a research process and in no way apply to actual piloting or relate to the piloting operations of the Houston Ship Pilots Association or their members.

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# **Update Log**

<b>Change Date</b>	Change Made	Ву
19 JAN 2016	Document initiation	George Burkley
27 JAN 2016	Editorial revisions from initial safety committee	George Burkley
	review of document, added values to	
	measurement metrics	
20 APR 2016	Editorial edits to ship model evaluation,	George Burkley
	upgraded run evaluation form to include	
	quantitative grading criteria	
24 July 2017	Edited Pilot Eval Form to improve grading	George Burkley
	criteria logic. Added unsafe tug maneuver " no	
	running in front of a ship while tethered at	
	speeds above 8kn)	

#### Simulation-Based Evaluation Standards of Care

#### Description:

The HPA simulation-based Evaluation Standards of Care are a set of standards developed by the Houston Pilots designed to guide pilots and researchers during evaluations when using a ship simulator. The standards are set out in three parts:

- 1. Standards for simulation databases and ship models
- 2. Standards for the conduct of simulation-based evaluation
- 3. Standards for documentation and reporting

## Standards for simulation databases and ship models

- a) Simulation databases
  - Simulation databases used for test and evaluation shall be vetted and approved for use by the HPA Pilots prior to use of the simulation for testing using the <u>HPA Simulation Vetting</u> Form.
  - ii) The following items will be vetted
    - (1) Distances and measurements: If special docks or new structures are provided in the simulation the structures and their setbacks must be measured and validated against the agreed design measurements.
    - (2) Shore and cultural features necessary for navigation and piloting landmarks.
    - (3) Depths vetted either to the hydrographic chart in use or to custom data as per the direction of the HPA Pilot in Charge. The process is to move a ship through the areas to be used in the testing at piloting speeds and to ensure that no unusual grounding occurs. Occasionally, a random polygon can appear in a database that will cause a grounding in a testing area.
    - (4) Currents vetted and tested
      - (a) Current drift test: Place a large ship dead in the water in an area of constant, even current, and observe the motion of the vessel. Allow the vessel to reach maximum drift velocity due to the current. Then oppose the drift forces using two tugs in opposition to the forces. Note the required power needed by the tugs to oppose the forces. The Pilot in Charge should observe these forces and concur that the vessel drifts at current speed and the tug arrest forces seems reasonable for the conditions and under keel clearance provided.
    - (5) Wind vetting: Wind shadowing should be provided by landmass and structures. Test this by partially hiding the ship behind an object then slowly move the vessel into the wind field and observe the wind force acting on the model as it projects into the wind area.
      - (a) Wind can be either steady force wind or provided by a variance model which will surge the wind speeds and direction based on a simulation formula.
    - (6) Fendering: Check the fendering at the docks, if used, to ensure the vessel will moor correctly in the fendering. Ensure the fendering effect is coincident with the provided visual image of the dock.
    - (7) Lights and shapes: Ensure that navigation lights and their corresponding ATON shapes, especially ranges and range lights are clearly visible to the pilot.

## **Ship Model Standards and Evaluation Methods**

#### **General Standards**

- 1) Ships used in simulation modelling will be six-degree of freedom, high fidelity ownships modeled using data from actual vessels.
- 2) Models will be provided with Pilot Card, Maneuvering Card and full IMO recognized sea trial data, with the trials conducted in simulation, deep water and zero environmental conditions. Sea trial data will be assumed as a baseline for the behavior of the vessel in deep water.
- 3) Shallow water testing: All ship models used in testing will be evaluated for shallow water effects prior to simulation using the <u>HPA Simulation Ship Model Evaluation Form.</u> This form is designed to test the behavior of the vessel in the Houston ship channel, with particular interest in the vessels squat, bank effect, suction, stern suction, bow cushion and ship to ship interaction.

#### Standards for the Conduct of Simulation-based Evaluation

#### **Simulation Run Standards**

- 1. All simulation-based testing will be conducted with vetted databases, vetted shipmodels with vetted tug effects.
- 2. Simulation runs will be run according to the following pattern:
  - a. Run prebrief:
    - i. Testing objective
    - ii. Hypothesis of what the test pilot thinks will be the likely outcome
    - iii. Double check of simulation setup, model, environmental conditions and tug setup
    - iv. Communication with the operator of the intended tug use and maneuvers

#### b. Runtime

- i. Data will be kept in a spreadsheet record of the simulation runs, typically be a researcher in the control room area.
- ii. Screenshots of the run will be taken a various intervals to support the spreadsheet data
- iii. A record file of the run will be maintained so that the run can be replayed on the simulator.
- iv. The Pilot in Charge or their designate has full control over the simulation start, stop, pause and conduct of the system.

#### c. Debrief

 Pilots conducting tests will fill out a survey form (see HPA Pilot Simulation Run Evaluation Form) after every run to document their opinions and findings from the simulation.

#### **Vessel Maneuvering Standards**

- 3. Standards for vessel maneuvers
  - a. Vessels will be maneuvered and piloted with good seamanship in a conservative fashion to a typical standard of care with the aim of success following the axiom "The proposed or tested maneuver can be reliably completed by an average pilot on an average day achieving consistent above-average results"
  - b. Simulation maneuvers that are reckless, lucky or otherwise non-professional will not be considered valid for testing. If there is question about whether a maneuver is valid, it will be decided by the Pilot in Charge with appeal to the HPA Safety Committee.
  - c. All standards and requirements documented and used in these standards are intended only for use in simulation-based research purposes. The standards use herein are designed to inform a research process and in no way apply to actual piloting or relate to piloting operations in the Houston Ship Channel.

#### Vessel Load and Trim Conditions

- 4. Standards for vessel load and trim conditions
  - a. Vessels used in simulation evaluation will normally be in even-keel configuration or in drag condition whereby the stern of the vessel is lower in the water than the bow.
  - b. Vessels that are down-by-the-head, whereby the bow is lower in the water than the stern, will be considered a special-condition vessel, with known unusual maneuvering behaviors, and will not be used as a general comparator to normal load condition vessels.

#### Meeting and Overtaking

- 5. Standards for clearances when meeting, overtaking
  - a. The main Houston Ship Channel will be assumed to be 530' wide with two barge lanes on either side of the main channel measuring 235' wide each. The toe of the main channel extends at a 3:1 slope towards the barge lane.
  - b. Ownship will maintain **90 feet** of lateral distance between two ships during meeting and overtaking maneuvers in the ship channel.

c. Ownship will maintain **100' feet** of lateral distance between tows with barges during meeting and overtaking maneuvers in the ship channel.

#### Passing Moored Vessels

- 6. Standards for clearances and speeds when passing moored vessels
  - a. Ownship shall maintain **119** feet of distance to other ships when passing a vessel that is berthed.
  - b. Unless otherwise informed of by approved surge analysis study results, ownship shall not exceed **4.5** knots through the water speed when passing another berthed vessel when that vessel is within **119 feet** of distance from ownship.

#### Turning Basins and Confined Channels

- 7. Standards for maneuvering in turning basins and confined channels
  - a. Ownship hull perimeter or outermost structure shall maintain 50 feet of distance, and attached tugs shall maintain 25 feet from fixed objects or moored vessels while maneuvering in turning basins.
  - b. Ownship wash must be minimized when maneuvering in turning basins. Maneuvering bells of greater than half ahead or half astern will be considered non-standard emergency actions.

#### Drafts and Air-drafts

- 8. Standards for clearances with overhead and bottom structure
  - a. Ownship shall maintain **2 feet** of distance between the uppermost part of the ship and any overhead structure (ex. bridge, crane)
  - b. In a static condition, ownship shall maintain **1 foot** of distance between the bottom-most part of the ship and the project depth of the waterway.
  - c. In a dynamic (moving) condition, ownship shall maintain ½ foot (.5') of distance between the bottom-most part of the ship and the project depth waterway.
    - i. This safety clearance accounts for vessel "squat" effects of a moving vessel in a waterway.
    - ii. It is understood that vessels navigating in confined muddy waterways with an indeterminate bottom composition have varying behavior to squat conditions.
    - iii. It is agreed that all vessels navigating in near-bottom conditions, typically at speeds above 5 knots, will suffer a loss of speed and display an impairment in maneuvering, to include piloting requirements for greater rudder inputs to maintain courses and track stability of the vessel.

#### **Assist Tugs**

- 9. Tug clearances when engaged in ship assist maneuvers while at a dock or slip
  - a. Assist tugs engaged in ship assistance at a dock or slip, whether attached or alongside, shall maintain 25 feet of clearance from the extreme end of the tug and any man-made structure.
- 10. Tug clearance in the main channel
  - a. Assist tugs engaged in ship assistance, whether attached or alongside, shall not allow the center-point of the tug's wheelhouse to cross the 25 foot channel contour (outer toe of the ship channel)
- 11. Tug clearance when passing other ships in the channel
  - a. Assist tugs engaged in ship assistance with a vessel underway in the HSC, whether attached or alongside, shall maintain **25 feet** of distance from any other vessel in the channel.
- 12. Tug clearance when passing moored vessels
  - a. Assist tugs engaged in ship assistance, whether attached or alongside, shall not allow the perimeter fendering of the tug to come closer than **25 feet** to manmade structure or other vessels. (source, G&H Towing)
- 13. Tug reposition times
  - a. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Pilot in Charge, the following re-position times will be used for assist tugs during simulation.

Tug Maneuver	Reposition Time
Running free alongside to "Put a line up and make fast"	2 minutes
Tied-up alongside - to shift one chock to another chock on the	3 minutes
same side of the vessel	
Tied-up alongside - to shift to a chock on the other side and tie	4 minutes
up.	
From center-lead aft - to drop line and shift to any chock	3 minutes
forward of amidships	
From center-lead aft – to keep line up and get into push-pull	1 minute
position on the quarter	

#### 14. Tug bollard pull

- a. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Pilot in Charge, or accurate data is provided for actual tugs in the working area, the following tug bollard pull assumptions will be used for Azimuth Stern Drive (ASD) Tractor Tugs.
- b. Note: 1 long ton = 2240 pounds, 1 short ton = 2000 pounds, 1 metric ton = 2204.62 pounds
- c. Assist Tug Assumed Bollard Pull Table

Tug Type	Horsepower	Ahead	Ahead	Astern	Astern
		Long Tons	<b>Short Tons</b>	Long Tons	Short Tons
ASD	6000	74	82.8	67	75
ASD	5000	56	62.7	52	58.2
ASD	4000	48	53.6	44	49.2
Twin Screw	3900	56	62.7	43	48.2

#### 15. Tug polars for direct pull maneuvers

a. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Pilot in Charge, the following direct pull tug polars will be used in simulation evaluation maneuvering

#### Direct Pull Table (Assumed)

Ship speed through the water (knots)	Tug angle to the ship (degrees)	Effective power (%)
0-2	Any	100% (full power)
2-4	0-90	50%
4+	0-90	0

#### 16. Tug polars for powered indirect maneuvers

a. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Pilot in Charge, the following powered-indirect pull tug polars will be used in simulation evaluation maneuvering

#### Powered Indirect Table

Ship speed through the water (knots)	Tug angle to the ship (degrees)	Effective power multiplier over direct pull power (%)
0-5	Any	none
5-8	90	125%

#### 17. Tug polars for indirect pull maneuvers

a. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Pilot in Charge, the following indirect pull tug polars will be used in simulation evaluation maneuvering

#### **Indirect Pull Table**

Ship speed through the water (knots)	Tug angle to the ships' stern (degrees)	Effective power multiplier (%)
0-7	Any	None
7-9	Inline (0) to 30 degrees	150%
7 - 10	Greater than 30 degrees	None (not possible)

#### **Transverse Arrest Maneuver**

- 18. For the purposes of simulation it will be assumed that transverse arrest maneuvers are emergency maneuvers only.
  - a. The validity of the effective bollard pull multiplier for this maneuver is not validated. For the purposes of simulation, and until better data is available, it will be assumed that transverse arrest maneuvers are no more effective than an inline direct pull maneuver.
  - b. The transverse arrest maneuver is also known to be unacceptably rough on tug equipment due to excess vibration, and is thus not considered a normal practice.

#### 19. Unsafe tug maneuvers

- b. The following tug maneuvers will be considered unsafe
  - i. Running ahead of a ship while tethered at speeds above 8kn.

# **Standards for Documentation and Reporting**

The following standards will be followed for documentation and reporting

#### **Privacy of Information**

- 1. Participating pilots and researchers will document their work in the simulations using forms, notes, and recordings, both written and electronic. This information will be shared with persons designated by the Pilot in Charge.
  - a. Participating pilots and researchers agree that no information will be shared with any other party regarding the conduct or outcomes of simulation research.

#### Documentation

- 2. The Pilot in Charge will approve the documentation protocol to be used for the evaluation and will be responsible for the safe keeping of such information.
- 3. Any changes to information contained in evaluation reports will be with the notice and consent of the Pilot in Charge and will be clearly noted in change logs in the preface of all reports.

Database accepted: \_\_\_\_\_

# **HPA Simulation Database Vetting Form**

HPA Vetting Pilot:\_\_\_\_\_

Da	atabase not a	ccepted:
on Database Name/ Build Date:		
Vetting Item	Accepted	Unacceptable
<b>Distances and measurements</b> : If docks or new structures are provided in the simulation the structures and their setbacks to shallow water must be measured and validated against the agreed design measurements.		
Shore and cultural features necessary for navigation and piloting landmarks		
<b>Depths</b> vetted either to the hydrographic chart in use or to custom data as per the direction of the HPA Pilot in Charge. Process is to move a ship through the areas to be used in the testing at piloting speeds and to ensure that no unusual grounding occurs.		
Current drift test: Place a large ship DIW in an area of constant, even current. Note that the vessel drifts at current speed and motion seem reasonable for the conditions/UKC. For eddy currents, place ship in current eddy and observe correct behavior		
Wind vetting: Wind shadowing should be provided by landmass and structures.		
<b>Fendering:</b> Check the fendering at the docks to ensure the vessel will moor correctly in the fendering. Ensure the fendering effect is coincident with the provided visual image of the dock.		
Lights and shapes: lights, ATON shapes, are clearly visible		
Any other items noted by vetting pilot:		
	Vetting Item  Distances and measurements: If docks or new structures are provided in the simulation the structures and their setbacks to shallow water must be measured and validated against the agreed design measurements.  Shore and cultural features necessary for navigation and piloting landmarks  Depths vetted either to the hydrographic chart in use or to custom data as per the direction of the HPA Pilot in Charge. Process is to move a ship through the areas to be used in the testing at piloting speeds and to ensure that no unusual grounding occurs.  Current drift test: Place a large ship DIW in an area of constant, even current. Note that the vessel drifts at current speed and motion seem reasonable for the conditions/UKC. For eddy currents, place ship in current eddy and observe correct behavior  Wind vetting: Wind shadowing should be provided by landmass and structures.  Fendering: Check the fendering at the docks to ensure the vessel will moor correctly in the fendering. Ensure the fendering effect is coincident with the provided visual image of the dock.  Lights and shapes: lights, ATON shapes, are clearly visible	Vetting Item  Distances and measurements: If docks or new structures are provided in the simulation the structures and their setbacks to shallow water must be measured and validated against the agreed design measurements.  Shore and cultural features necessary for navigation and piloting landmarks  Depths vetted either to the hydrographic chart in use or to custom data as per the direction of the HPA Pilot in Charge. Process is to move a ship through the areas to be used in the testing at piloting speeds and to ensure that no unusual grounding occurs.  Current drift test: Place a large ship DIW in an area of constant, even current. Note that the vessel drifts at current speed and motion seem reasonable for the conditions/UKC. For eddy currents, place ship in current eddy and observe correct behavior  Wind vetting: Wind shadowing should be provided by landmass and structures.  Fendering: Check the fendering at the docks to ensure the vessel will moor correctly in the fendering. Ensure the fendering effect is coincident with the provided visual image of the dock.  Lights and shapes: lights, ATON shapes, are clearly visible

\*Note: Attach screenshots of simulation instructor chart view of an unacceptable condition and other special findings from the vetting tests.

# **HPA Simulation Ship Model Evaluation Form**

<b>HPA Vetting</b>	g Pilot:		Model accepted:	
Date:			Model not accepted:	
Simulation	Model Name/D	escription:		
Length:	Beam:	Draft:	Load Condition:	

Please attach pilot card and screenshots of maneuver to this form as a record of the testing
The intention of these test are to validate shallow water behavior of the model in the Houston Ship
Channel. Model tests must be conducted in a validated and approved simulation model of the Houston
Ship Channel. This form is documents the behavior of the vessel in the Houston ship channel for vessel
squat, bank effect, suction, stern suction, bow cushion and ship to ship interaction. Feel free to make
special notes and attach them to this record.

	notes and attach them to this record.	T	T
#	Vetting Item	Accepted	Unacceptable
1.	Deep water sea trial documentation, Pilot card and		
	maneuvering poster are provided		
2.	<b>Squat behavior:</b> Model starts from DIW in the channel and		
	accelerates to maximum transit speed consistent with future		
	testing needs. Note the speed incident with onset of squat		
	effects. Document if the vessel grounds due to squat in the		
	speed range of future intended tests. Ensure the simulator is		
	using the charted depth database and not a fictitious arbitrary		
	depth "hard bottom".		
3.	Bank effect, neutral steering line: Start model at a slow		
	maneuvering speed in the center of the channel and accelerates		
	to normal transit speeds. Document if the vessel will achieve a		
	balanced position in the channel between the two opposing		
	bank forces, ie: the "neutral steering line". Document this		
	effect.		
4.	Bank effect, interaction: While in the neutral steering line, pilot		
4.	the vessel out of the "neutral steering line" and towards the		
	starboard bank in easy increments until the model begins to		
	interact with the bank. Note the speed and general angle and if		
	it feels correct to your experience. If vessel consistently grounds		
	and will not interact with the bank this is unacceptable.		
	and will not interact with the bank this is unacceptable.		
5.	Bank effect departure: Slowly move the vessel farther towards		
	the bank observing greater need for counter-rudder. Achieve		
	"departure" whereby the ship shears away from the bank with		
	full counter-rudder. If departure is unattainable this		
	unacceptable. Determine at which speed and angle this		
	departure behavior will occur. If grounding occurs, document		
	the situation referencing the grounding speeds and angle to the		
	bank and if it is stern or bow grounding		
6.	Ship to ship interaction test setup (tests 6-12):		
	1. Tests will be run in a vetted and approved straight		
	section of the HSC.		
	Bank effect testing must be completed first prior to		
	validating ship to ship interactions.		
	3. Recommend a mid-bay location.		
	4. Vessels in the test should be of the exact same model		
	type		
	5. Setup is, break at .6nm and 4 degrees (this setup is at		
	the discretion of the test pilot)		
6.	Ship to ship interaction, meeting conditions, onset behavior:		
	Document and evaluate if the bow surge effect is consistent with		

#	Vetting Item	Accepted	Unacceptable
	your experience. No effect noticed is grounds for an unacceptable rating.		
7.	Ship to ship interaction, meeting conditions, alongside behavior: Document and evaluate if the alongside effect and counter-rudder needed is consistent with your experience. No effect noticed is grounds for an unacceptable rating.		
8.	Ship to ship interaction, meeting conditions, recovery behavior: Document and evaluate if the recovery behavior is consistent with your experience. The vessel should turn in to the wake of the other ship and require piloting inputs to maintain safe clearance and control in the channel. No effect noticed is grounds for an unacceptable rating.		
9.	Ship to ship interaction, overtaking conditions, onset behavior: Note distance and effect of bow when approaching the stern of the other ship. Typically, this will be a weak effect in a ship simulator.		
10.	Ship to ship interaction, overtaking conditions, alongside behavior: Note the counter-rudder needed to maintain safe clearances while alongside the other vessel. This is a strong effect in ship simulators, if no effect is noted this is unacceptable.		
11.	Ship to ship interaction, overtaking conditions, recovery behavior: Note recovery effects as stern passes the other vessels bow, if any. (rare to feel in a ship simulator)		
12.	Any other items noted by vetting pilot:		

Signed:		
Signed.		

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Attach screenshots of simulation instructor chart view of an unacceptable condition and other special findings from the vetting tests.

# **Pilot Simulation Run Evaluation Form**

Pilot Name: Date:													
				0	ate:								
				Ru	n #:								
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	-	_	-	Red	duced	Reser	ve Tug	g Pow	er				
R	eserve	Pow	er										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
	rovide 1 1 H	rovide comm Sa 1 2  High De Reserve	rovide comment Safe 1 2 3  Easy 1 2 3  High Degree Reserve Power	md, current, setup, etc.):  rovide comment  Safe  1 2 3 4  Easy 1 2 3 4  High Degree of Reserve Power	Marginal  md, current, setup, etc.):  rovide comment    Safe	Date:	Date:   Run #:   Uns	Date:   Run #:   Unsatisfar	Marginal   Unsatisfactory				

Comment:

Please use reverse for additional comments

Appendix J: Documentation of the HSC EPIFS Simulation Database Validation

# Waterway Simulation Technology, Inc.

**\* \* \*** 

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Attn: Larry L. Daggett

# **MEMO FOR RECORD**

# Subject: Houston Ship Channel (HSC) 216 Ship Simulation Model Setup and Verification Introduction

During the period from October 13-15, 2017, MPI, San Jacinto Maritime, Houston Pilots, and WST installed the simulation model databases for the reaches of the HSC, tested and adjusted the ship models until they were verified by the Houston Pilots, checked out the simulation databases, and discussed the project, feasibility study objectives, and testing program with the pilots, representatives from ERDC, the Galveston District, and Port of Houston Authority. This MFR has been prepared to document the results of this effort. Those in attendance during this period were:

- Marcus Maher, Tom Goodwin Houston Pilots
- George Berkley, Fernando Lagunes MPI
- Keith Martin, Dennis Webb ERDC
- Larry Daggett, Chris Hewlett WST
- Dana Chaney Gahagan Bryant
- Richard Ruchhoeft Port of Houston Authority
- Tomas White Galveston District, Corps of Engineers

#### Ship model adjustment/verification

The ship model checkout and verification concentrated on the modified design ship, the Ultra Large Container Vessel (ULCV) (MV EDINBURG). This model was modified to make the ship more responsive to rudder commands in line with measurement that MPI made while observing a similar containership maneuvering in Norfolk Harbor. Maneuvers in deep unrestricted water and in the 650' widened HSC channel were conducted by the Houston Pilots. Maneuvers were focused on responsiveness of the containership's rudders to commands, the ship's response to the rudder positions, and the response of the containership to the shallow water and banks in the channel. The pilots were satisfied with the ship's performance in these circumstances.

Following the acceptance of the containership model, the verification focused on the modeling of ship/ship interactions within a shallow water restricted channel. This involved two Houston Pilots performing their normal meeting maneuvers with the design ULVC and Suezmax ship models in the shallow restricted proposed navigation channel (650ft x 46.5ft). Adjustments were made to the channel modeling resolution to enhance the bank effects and to the ship/ship interaction function of the ULCV in order to achieve ship model pilot acceptance.

Initial plans for modeling two-way traffic in the upper HSC were to involve an Aframax meeting a Panamax vessel. Discussions with the Houston Pilots noted that gas ships (LPG Carriers) involved vessels with a wider beam (120ft vs 106ft). Therefore, meeting situations with an LPGC model from the SJC library were performed which proved to be unsatisfactory. Further testing showed that the LPGC model had little, if any, bank effects response and was very sluggish in response to rudder commands. Therefore, the inclusion of the LPGC in the upper HSC tests was dropped. Testing of the performance of the design Aframax tanker meeting the design Panamax bulk carrier proved to be acceptable to the Houston Pilots. Although the bulk carrier has a smaller beam than the LPGC (106ft vs 120ft), the length of the Panamax bulk carrier was longer than the LPGC by 128ft. This will prove to be significant in maneuvers in the curved channel in the upper HSC.

Following the meeting tests, which were done without wind and/or currents, drift tests were performed on these ship models to demonstrated that the effects of wind and currents impacted the ship models in a realistic way.

Therefore, all ship models were accepted by the Houston Pilots and are ready for use in testing the channel design widths. The approval forms for the ULCV and Suezmax are attached as Enclosure 1. The selected ship principal characteristics are attached as Enclosure 2.

#### **Test Procedures**

The original development of the model of the Boggy to Greens Bayou widening was going to modify the Texas Beltway 8 bridge was going to be done by moving the piers of the bridge to the bank since the bridge replacement plans were not available. MPI was made aware that the proposed bridge would be of the cable stay design similar to the bridge at Baytown. Therefore, the modeled bridge was modified to have a similar design.

There was confusion on the proposed authorized channel depth to be used in the lower HSC and the Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou. It was agreed that the design-authorized depth should be 46.5 MLLW. Therefore, all channels up to Greens Bayou were modified to that depth.

The proposed approach involved modeling meetings of Suezmax and ULCV in the bay channels with each vessel type transiting the bends in one-way mode. The Houston Pilots expressed concern that, as much as they would try to prevent meetings in the bends, such meetings were unavoidable. They strongly encouraged performing meetings in the bends.

In addition to meetings in the bends, the Houston Pilots noted that when one ULCV is approaching the container terminals another one would normally be departing. Therefore, they were concerned that the meetings should also include meetings of two ULCVs. It was agreed that such meetings would be included in the testing program.

The Houston Pilots noted that they do not presently allow the meeting of two Aframax vessels above Morgans Point, e.g. above the straight bay reaches. Therefore, it was recommended and agreed that the tests in the upper HSC widened and deepened reaches between Boggy Bayou and Greens Bayou would only involve two-way traffic of a Panamax and an Aframax vessel.

There was a discussion about which radius flare should be included in the testing program. There was a concern that the 5375ft radius that was presently programmed into the model databases would result in excessive dredging and maintenance volumes and mitigation costs. There was a discussion about whether the 4000ft radius would be adequate. The training that the pilots have been doing has been with the 4000ft radius flare; however, this may have been with a smaller ULCV. Results of the tests to determine the widening requirement for the Bayport Ship Channel were reviewed and found that transits were being made with the 4000ft radius. With the increased HSC width and the bend flare, it was agreed that the 4000ft radius should be included in the testing program. Concern was expressed over the extension of the channel toeline on the southwest end of the flare when the HSC was widened; thus making a point that had to be navigated around rather than a smooth curve transition to the apex of the west point of the Five-mile Cutoff Bend (markers 75-76). It was agreed that the simulation databases would be modified to include both the 4000ft radius and 5375ft radius flare into the Bayport Ship Channel for both the 650ft and 750ft HSC channel widths with testing of the 4000ft radius flare initially.

The Houston Pilots expressed a desire to conduct the turning operation in the Bayport Ship Channel in the proposed RO/RO turning basin. This would allow them to turn prior to entering the land portion of the channel and back into the terminals under tug control. They would prefer this operation instead of proceeding down the entire terminal channel between berthed containerships and the land and back again after turning in the turning basin at the end of the channel.

A draft pilot questionnaire was developed by WST and presented to ERDC for approval. That approval was received. The questionnaire is attached as Enclosure 3. This questionnaire was based on the initially presented test matrix.

Finally, the initial positions of the ships for each of the proposed test matrix were discussed using the NOAA navigation charts. The proposed test matrix for the Bay channels included long transits of the ULCV with multiple meetings of a Suezmax tanker in each of the straight reaches with no meetings in the bends. With the addition of meetings in the bends and meetings of the both the Suezmax and ULCV, this test matrix had to be revised. The Houston Pilots recommended a separation distance of 2 miles between ships in convoy. It was recommended that consideration be given to having the ship bridge be the long transiting ULCV and the two tug bridges be the meeting vessels. The simulation would be started at the lower end of the reach between Red Fish and Bolivar Roads with the ships beginning their transit below or above a bend so that the pilots could get a feel for the ship responses to the maneuvering commands.

Following the meetings of the two ships, the simulation could be paused and the tug bridges be reassigned or moved to a new location in the channel and the simulation restarted.

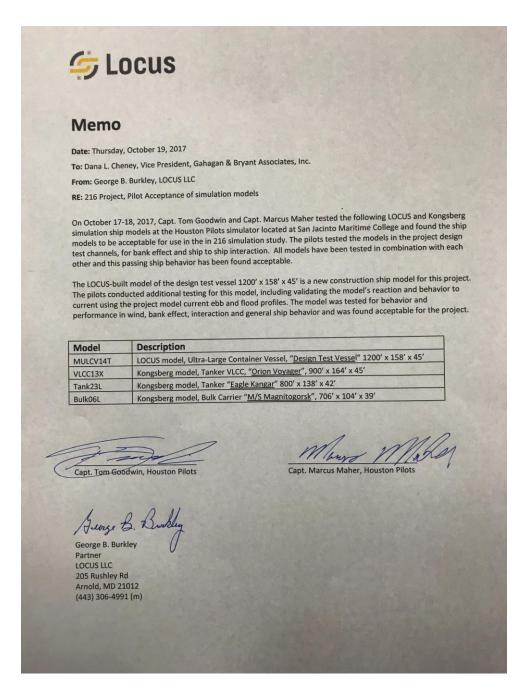
Based on these discussions, the test matrix was revised and is attached as Enclosure 4. The test program was modified to reduce the total time for the Bay channel runs. This test matrix is submitted for review and comments/suggestions.

#### **Conclusions**

The simulation modeling components were reviewed, evaluated and approved as modified. Changes were suggested that benefited the program and will make it more fully meet the objectives of the simulations. The benefit of having all parties involved participating, especially obtaining the input of the pilots to bring reality to the program, was especially beneficial.

Lany & Vaggets

Larry L. Daggett, Engineer



#### Enclosure 1

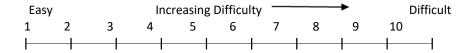
					DR/	\FT			Brea	dth		
Model		<b>▼</b> DeadWeight <b>▼</b>			_	_	_					_
Name M	Version Ships Name	<b>DeadWeight</b>	Year Built M	AFTIM M	AIFT	FWD	FIFT M	Displacement M	Meters 🔽	Feet	Meters	Feet2
BULKC06L	13 M/S  Magnitogorsk	22691	1976	11.5	37.72	11.45	37.556	60920	215.4	706.5	31.8	104.3
TANK23L	5 EAGLE®KANGAR	107481	2010	12.2	40.02	12.2	40.016	99250	243.8	799.7	42	137.8
BULKC16	1 FRAISER RIVER	75000	1982	12.5	41	12.5	41	85005	265	869.2	32.3	105.9
VLCC13X	5 ORION®/OYAGER	156500	1994	13.79	45.23	11.22	36.802	122400	274.5	900.4	50	164.0
MULCV14T	「 MAERSKŒDINBUR	GH 133500	2010	13.716	44.99	13.716	44.988	157281	366.5	1202.1	48.2	158.1

**Enclosure 2** 

Run #:	Date:	Simulator/Operator:							
Pilot:		Ship's Initial Heading/Speed:							
Run Start Time:	Run End Time:								
Start Location:		End Location:							
Ship Model Used	ULCV		Suezmax						
Travel Direction	Inbound		Outbound						
Environmental Conditions	Wind Dir. (from)	/ Speed	Tide/Flow						
Notes:									

## Reach 1 Meeting (27-28 to 47-48)

10 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



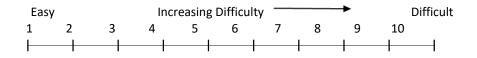
11 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



12 Comment(s)

## Red Fish Bend (47-48 to 53-54)

13 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



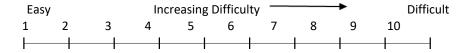
Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



## 15 Comment(s)

#### Reach 2 Meeting (53-54 to 73-74)

16 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



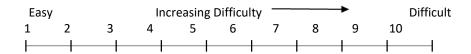
17 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



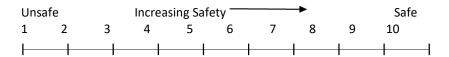
18 Comment(s)

#### Bayport Bend (73-74 to B-78)

19 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.



20 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



21 Comment(s)

#### Reach 3 Meeting (B-78 to 89A-90A)

22 Rate the difficulty of this run with the number "5" indicating the difficulty level of an average transit in real-world pilotage conditions.

Easy Increasing Difficulty Difficult



23 Rate the overall safety of this run. Use "1" as unsafe and "5" as indicating average.



24 Comment(s)

			Inbo	ound Ship	)			Outb	ound Shi	ip			Wind		Estimated Transit Time	
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide	Direction/ Speed (knts)	Tugs		Notes
Testing HSC \	Widened to 650	0 ft with Ben	d Widene	rs						•						
1a	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	18		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	57-58		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish
1b	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Container	44/13.4	10	63-64		Flood	SE/20	0	45	Meeting Below Red Fish
2a	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	29-30		Container	44/13.4	10	57-58		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish
2b	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	18		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0	45	Meeting Below Red Fish
3a	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	43-44		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	59-60		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting Red Fis Bend
3b	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Container	44/13.4	10	75-76		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65 66
3c	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	B-92		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting at 5-Mile Bend
3d	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Container	44/13.4	10	B-92		Flood	SE/20	0	75	Meeting near 83- 84
4a	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	43-44		Container	44/13.4	10	59-60		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting Red Fish Bend
4b	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	75-76		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65 66
4c	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Container	44/13.4	10	B-92		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting at 5-Mile Bend



			Inbo	ound Ship	•			Outb	ound Shi	ip			Wind		Estimated	
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide	Direction/ Speed (knts)	Tugs	Transit Time	Notes
			T	1	T	1	T	T	I	T				Γ	T	
4d	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	B-92		Ebb	SE/20	0	75	Meeting near 83- 84
5a	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	73-74		Container	44/13.4	10	B-92		Flood	SE/20	0		Meet near 83-84
5b	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	65-66		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting in 5-mile
5c	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	53-54		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting near 66- 68
5d	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	29-30		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0	75	Meet in Red Fish Bend
6a	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	73-74		Container	44/13.4	10	B-92		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meet near 83-84
6b	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	65-66		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting in 5-mile Bend
6c	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	53-54		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting near 66- 68
6d	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	29-30		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0	75	Meet in Red Fish Bend
otal Time														minutes	390	
														hours	6.5	
- Testing HSC \	 Widened to xxx	 cft with Ben	 d Widener	rs - Widtl	 h Dependin	 g on Re	sults of Prev	ious Set o	f Tests							
7a	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	18		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	57-58		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish

Run No.			Inbo	ound Ship	)			Outb	ound Shi	ip			Wind Direction/ Speed (knts)		Estimated Transit Time	Notes
	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide		Tugs		
7b	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Container	44/13.4	10	63-64		Flood	SE/20	0	45	Meeting Below Red Fish
8a	750 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	29-30		Container	44/13.4	10	57-58		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting Below Red Fish
8b	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	18		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0	45	Meeting Below Red Fish
9a	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	43-44		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	59-60		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting Red Fish Bend
9b	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Container	44/13.4	10	75-76		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65- 66
9c	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	B-92		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting at 5-Mile Bend
9d	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Container	44/13.4	10	B-92		Flood	SE/20	0	75	Meeting near 83- 84
10a	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	43-44		Container	44/13.4	10	59-60		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting Red Fish Bend
10b	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	75-76		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting near 65- 66
10c	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Container	44/13.4	10	B-92		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting at 5-Mile Bend
10d	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Suezmax	44/13.4	10	B-92		Ebb	SE/20	0	75	Meeting near 83-

			)		Outb	ound Sh	ip			Wind		Fatimatad				
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	t Tide	Direction/ Speed (knts)	Tugs	Estimated Transit Time	Notes
11a	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	73-74		Container	44/13.4	10	B-92		Flood	SE/20	0		Meet near 83-84
11b	750 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	65-66		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting in 5-mile Bend
11c	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	53-54		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue	1	Flood	SE/20	0		Meeting near 66- 68
11d	750 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	29-30		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue	ı	Flood	SE/20	0	75	Meet in Red Fish Bend
12a	750 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	73-74		Container	44/13.4	10	B-92		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meet near 83-84
12b	750 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	65-66		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting in 5-mile Bend
12c	650 ft	Suezmax	44/13.4	10	53-54		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0		Meeting near 66- 68
12d	650 ft	Container	44/13.4	10	29-30		Container	44/13.4	10	Continue		Ebb	SE/20	0	75	Meet in Red Fish Bend
														minutes	390	
Total T	ime													hours	6.5	
3. Testing Wider	ned HSC Chanr	nel (xxx ft) -	Entrance t	o Barbou	ırs Cut ( wid	dth den	ending on re	esults of R	uns 1-4)							
13	xxx ft	Container	44/13.4	5	87-88	исп иср	Chang on R	Juits of R	MIIS 1-4)		1	Flood	SE/20	2	45	Enter Barbpurs Cut and Turn in Turning Basin
14	xxx ft	Container	44/13.4	5	867-88							Ebb	N/20	2	45	Enter Barbpurs Cut and Turn in Turning Basin

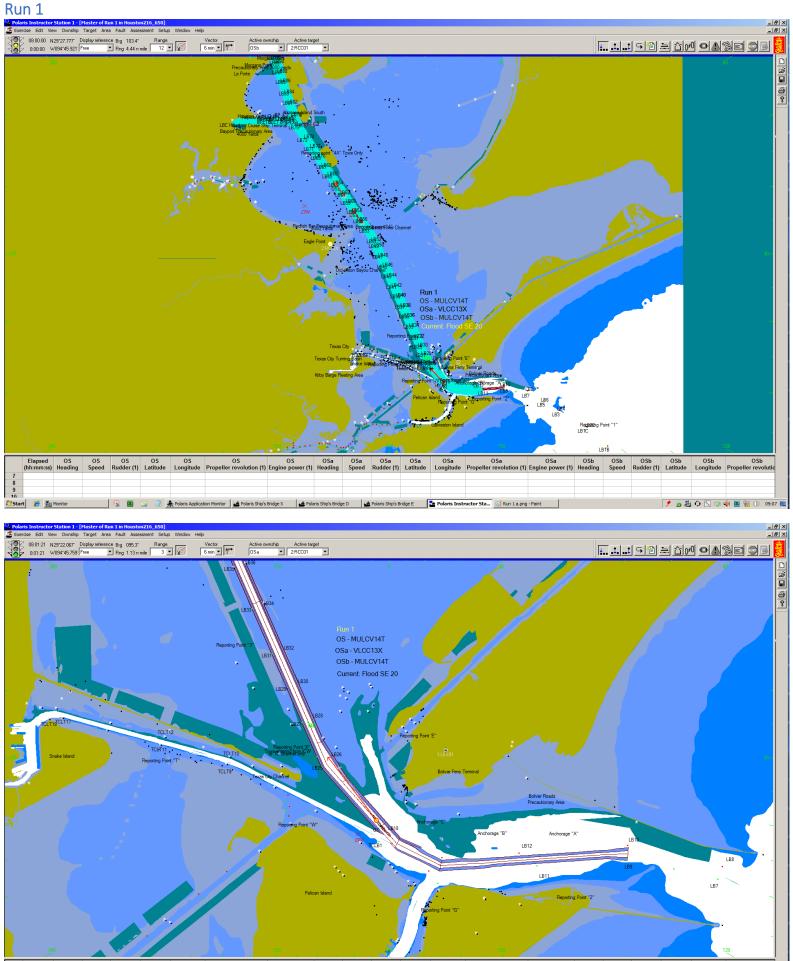
Run No.			)			Outb	ound Shi	ip			Wind		Estimated			
	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot Ti	de	irection/ Speed (knts)	Tugs	Transit Time	Notes
																Departing
15	xxx ft						Container	44/13.4	0	Berth	Flo	ood	SE/20	2	30	Barbours Cut
16	xxx ft						Container	44/13.4	0	Berth	E	ob	N/20	2	30	Departing Barbours Cut
17	xxx ft / 4000 ft	Container	44/13.4	8	71-72						Flo	ood	SE/20	2	60	Enter Bayport a
	Flare															Basin
18	xxx ft / 4000 ft Flare	Container	44/13.4	8	71-72						E	ob	N/20	2	60	Enter Bayport a Turn in Turnin Basin
19	xxx ft / 4000 ft Flare						Container	44/13.4	0	Berth	Flo	ood	SE/20	2	45	Departing Bayport
20	xxx ft / 4000 ft Flare						Container	44/13.4	0	Berth	E	ob	N/20	2	45	Departing Bayport
															252	
Total Ti	me													minutes hours	360 6	

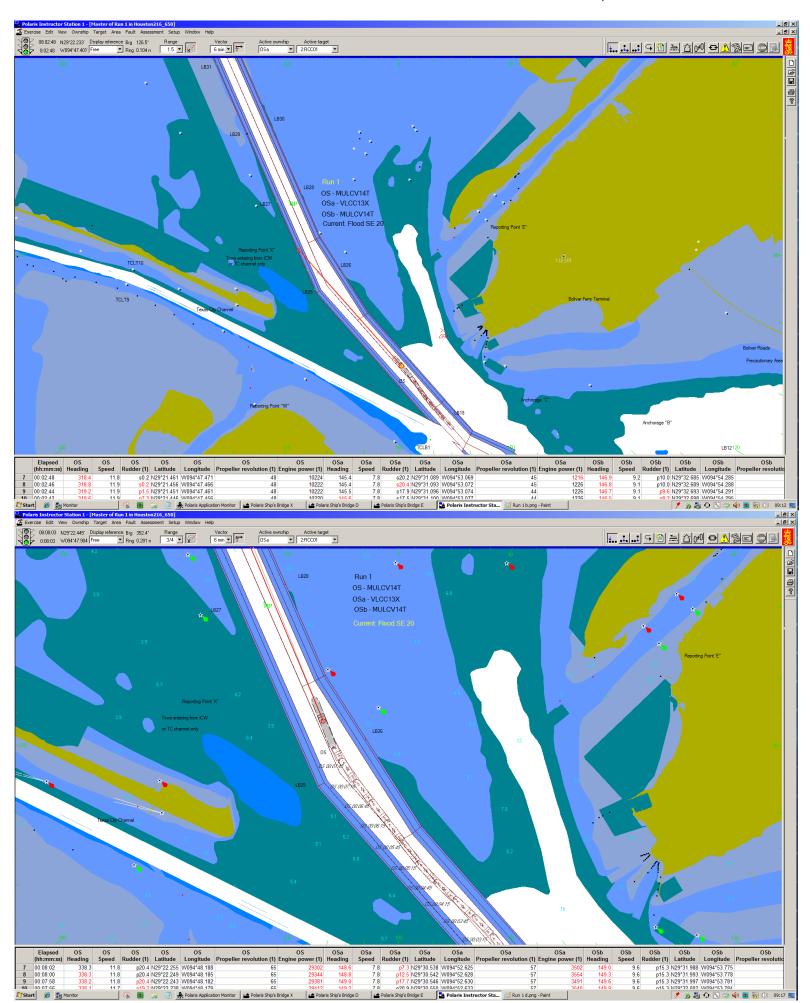
	Channel Condition		)		Outb	ound Shi	р			Wind		F. C. C. L. J.				
Run No.		Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide	Direction/ Speed (knts)	Tugs	Estimated Transit Time	Notes
22	530ft x 46.5 ft	Aframax	44/13.4	5	Oil Tanking		Bulker	37.7	5	Greens Bayou		Ebb	SE20	0	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
23	530ft x 46.5 ft	Bulker	37.7	5	Greens Bayou		Aframax	44/13.4	0	Oil Tanking		Ebb	SE20	0	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
24	530ft x 46.5 ft	Bulker	37.7	5	Greens Bayou		Aframax	44/13.4	0	Oil Tanking		Ebb	SE20	0	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
25	530ft x 46.5 ft	Aframax	44/13.4	5	Oil Tanking		Bulker	37.7	5	Greens Bayou		Ebb	N20	0	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
26	530ft x 46.5 ft	Aframax	44/13.4	5	Oil Tanking		Bulker	37.7	5	Greens Bayou		Ebb	N20	0	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
27	530ft x 46.5 ft	Bulker	37.7	5	Greens Bayou		Aframax	44/13.4	0	Oil Tanking		Ebb	N20	0	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
28	530ft x 46.5 ft	Bulker	37.7	5	Greens Bayou		Aframax	44/13.4	0	Oil Tanking		Ebb	N20	0	30	Transit through Boggy Bayou - Greens Bayou
Total Tin	me													minutes hours	240	
5. Brady Island Te	sts															

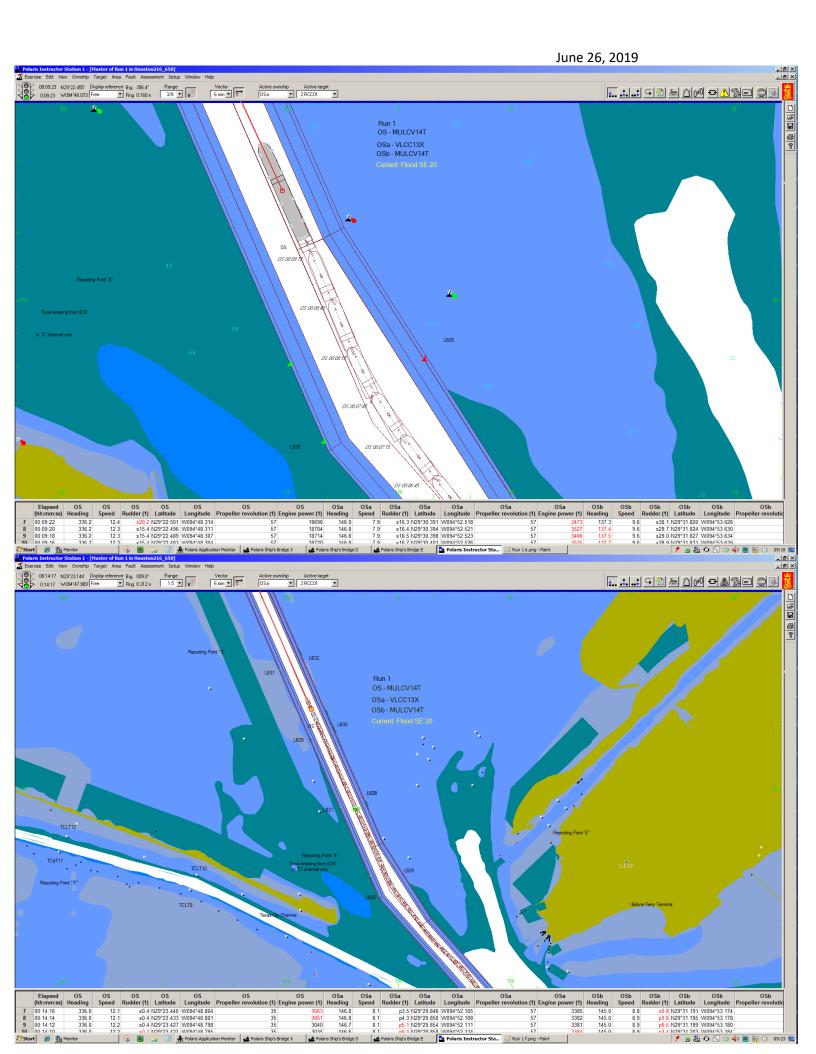
			Inbo	)		Outb	ound Shi	ip			Wind		Estimated			
Run No.	Channel Condition	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Туре	Draft (ft/m)	Initial Speed (knts)	Initial Position	Pilot	Tide	Direction/ Speed (knts)	Tugs	Estimated Transit Time	Notes
29	400'x41.5'	Bulkc06L	37.7	5	CG							Ebb	SE/20	2	45	Turn In Brady Island TB
30	400'x41.5'	Bulkc06L	37.7	5	CG							Ebb	N/20	2	45	Turn In Brady Island TB
														minutes	90	
Total Ti	me													hours	1.5	
Total Ho	urs														24.5	
Total Da	ıys														4	

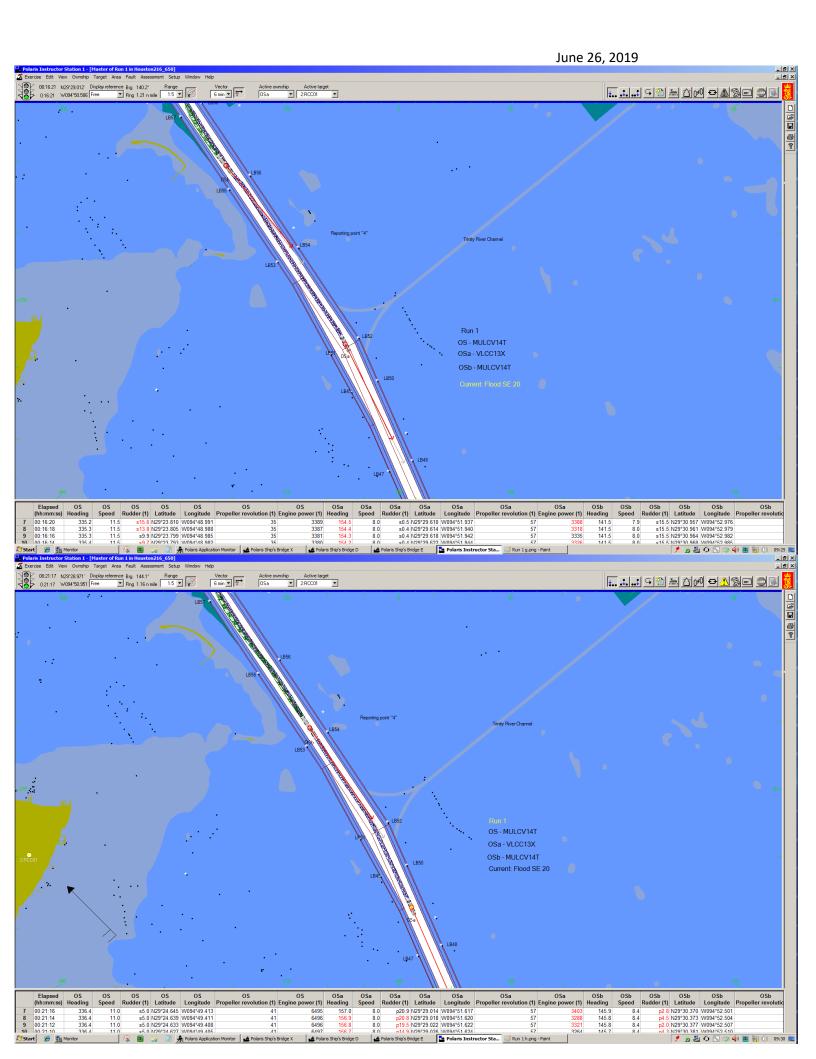
**Appendix K: Validation Simulation Tests** 

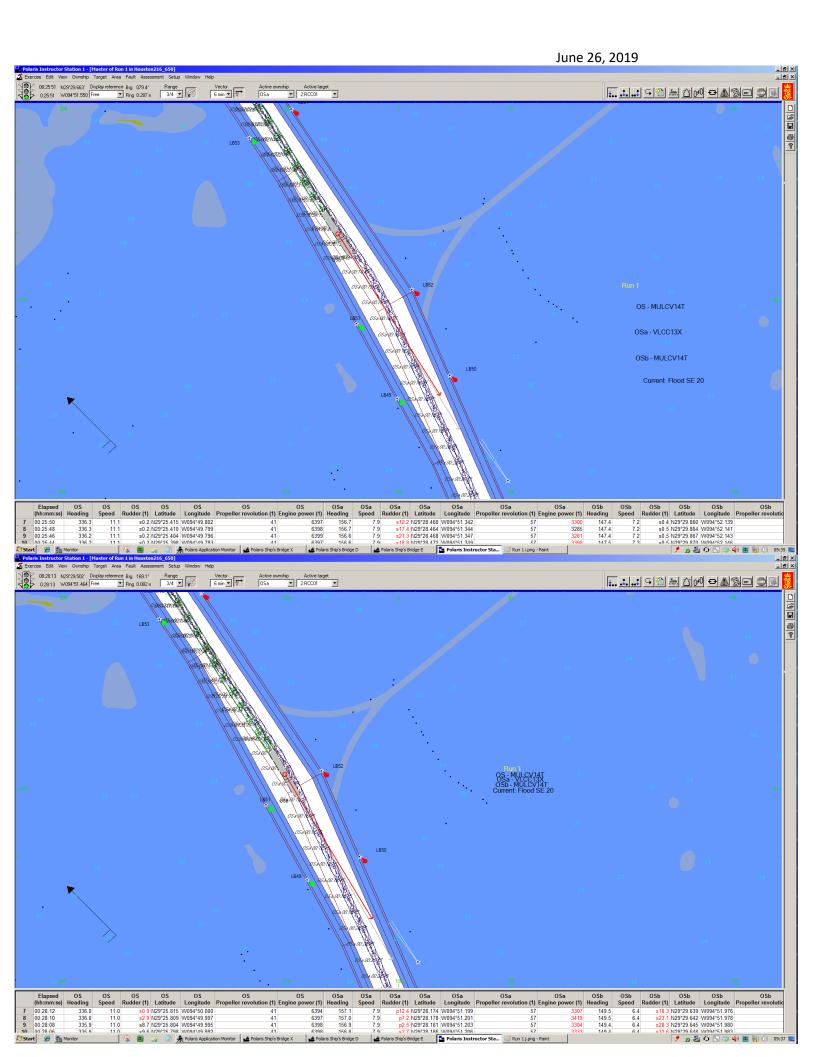


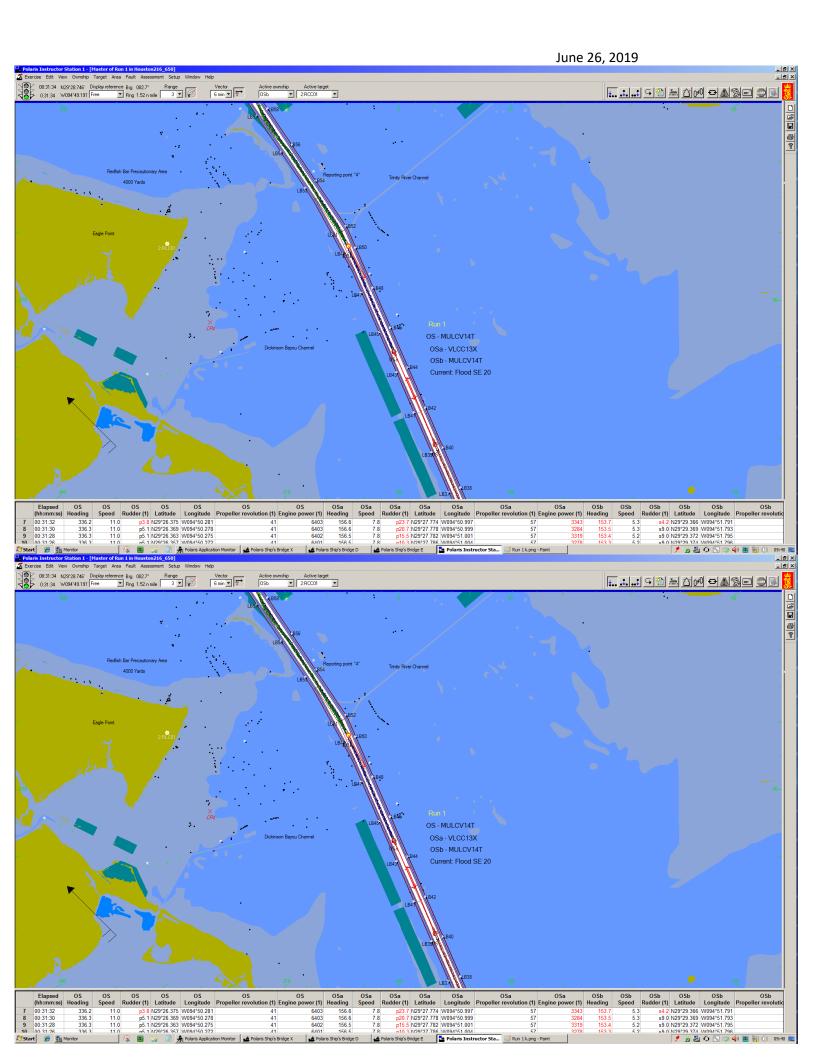




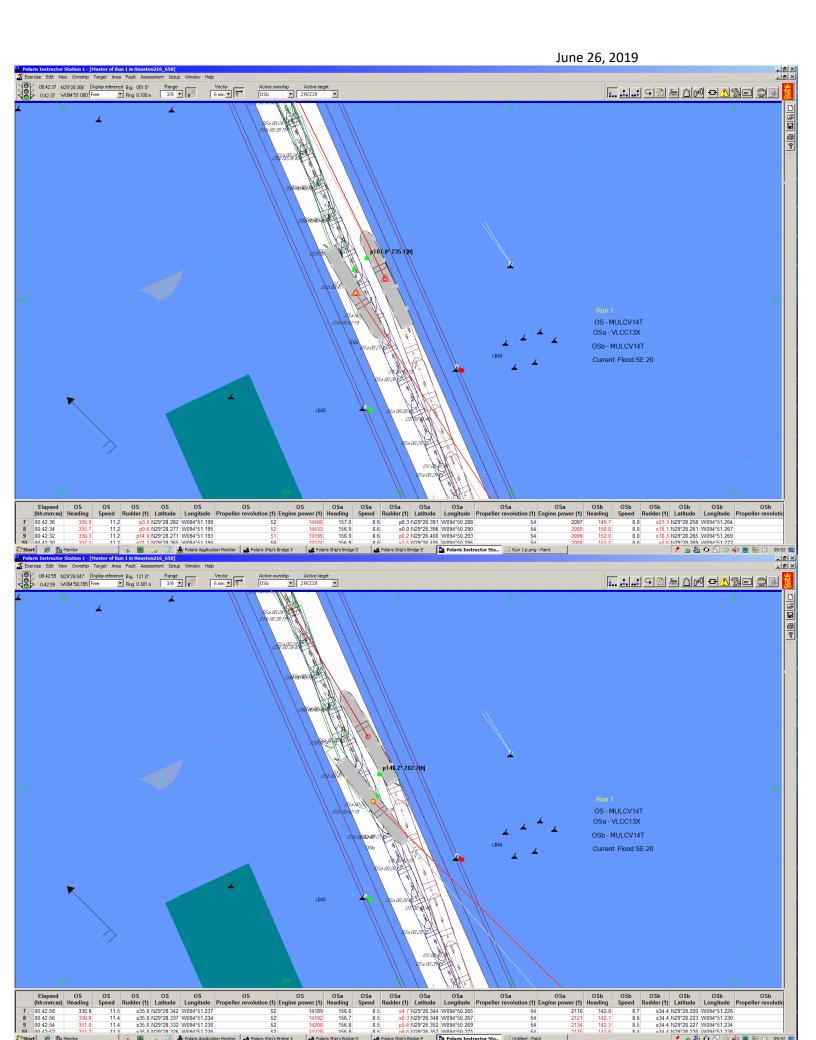


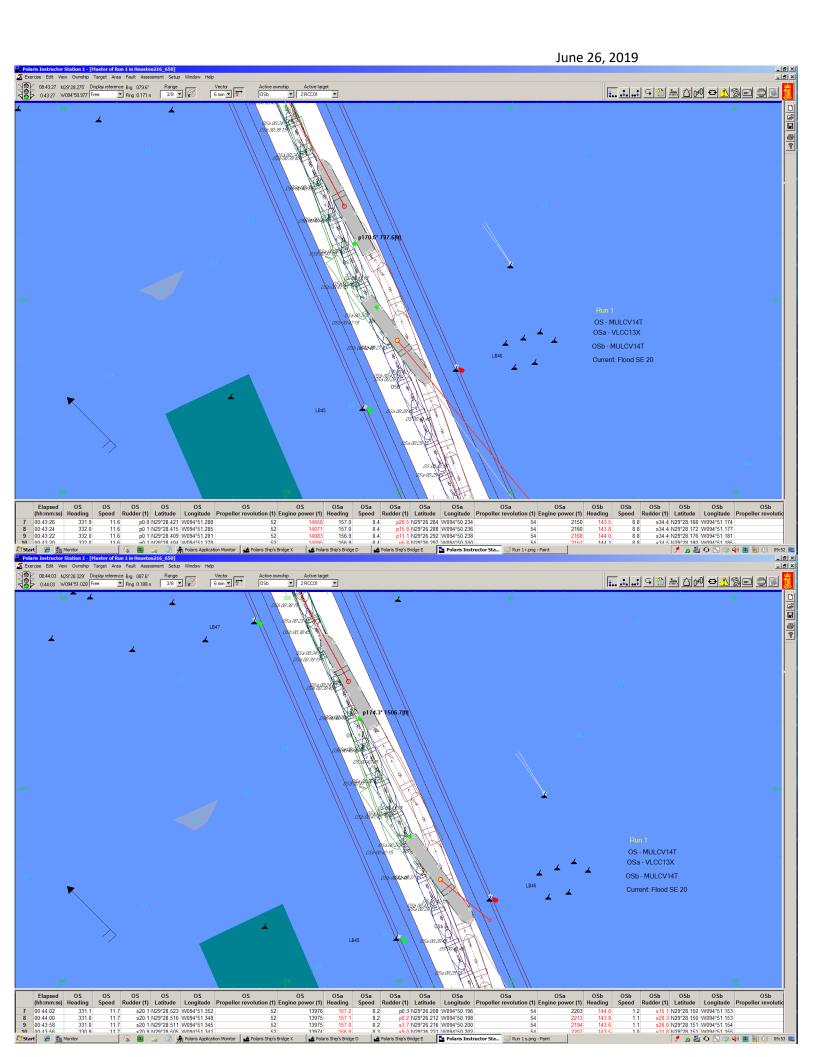






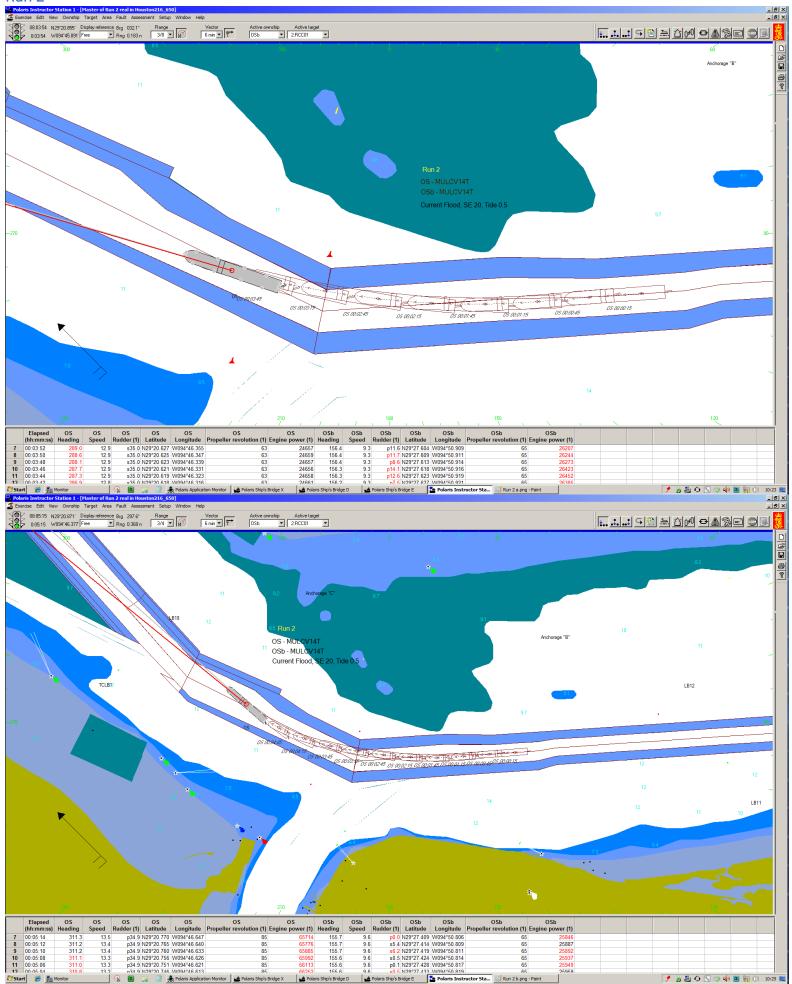
June 26, 2019 08.35.50 N23'27.207 Display reference Big 109.1\* Range Vector 0.35.50 W034'49.824 Free Ring 0.455 n 3/4 N N 6 min T OS - MULCV14T OSa - VLCC13X OSb - MULCV14T Current: Flood SE 20 08:36:46 N29'27.155' Display reference Big 099.9' Range Vector 0:36:46 W094'50.466 Free Ping 0.200 n 3/8 W W M T OS - MULCV14T OSa - VLCC13X OSb - MULCV14T

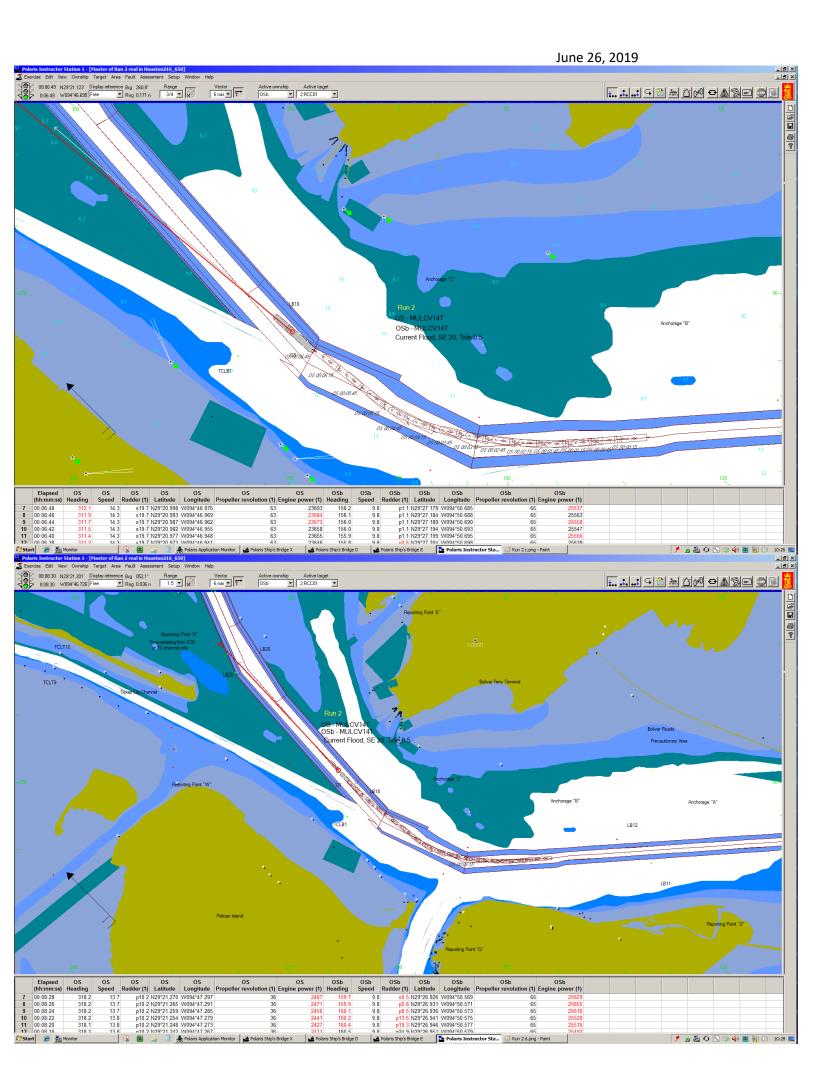




June 26, 2019

| Comparison of the time form 18 involved the little will be compared to the l



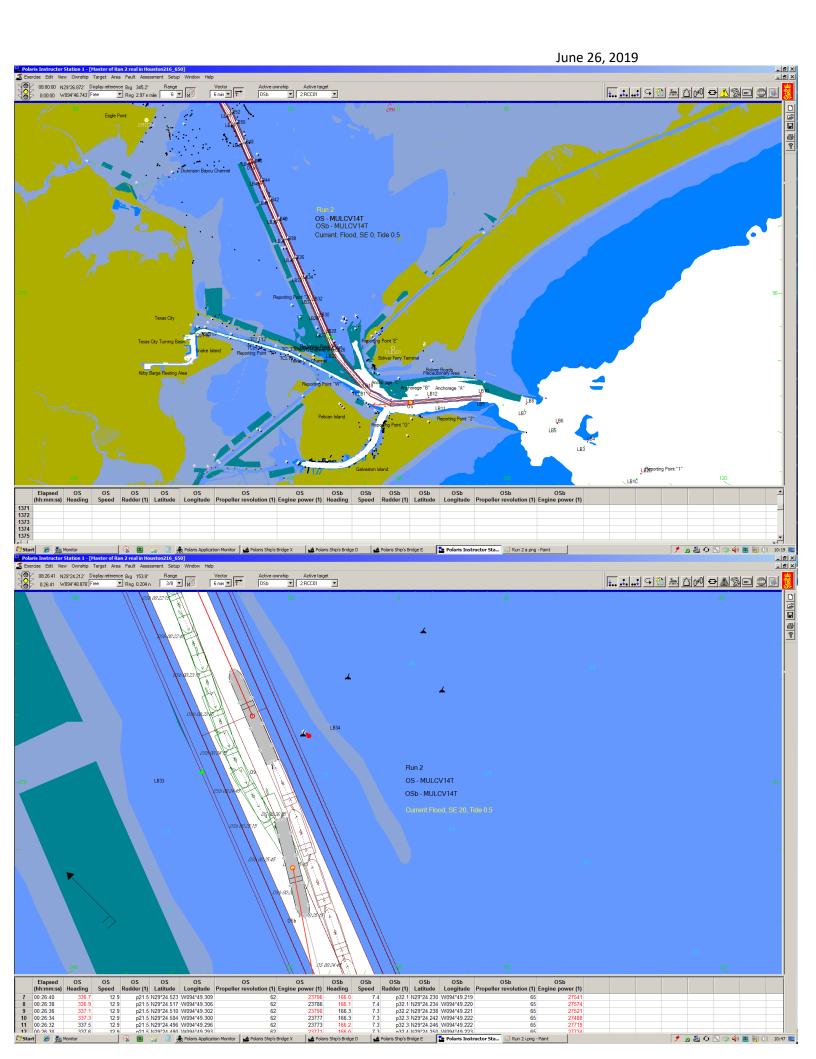


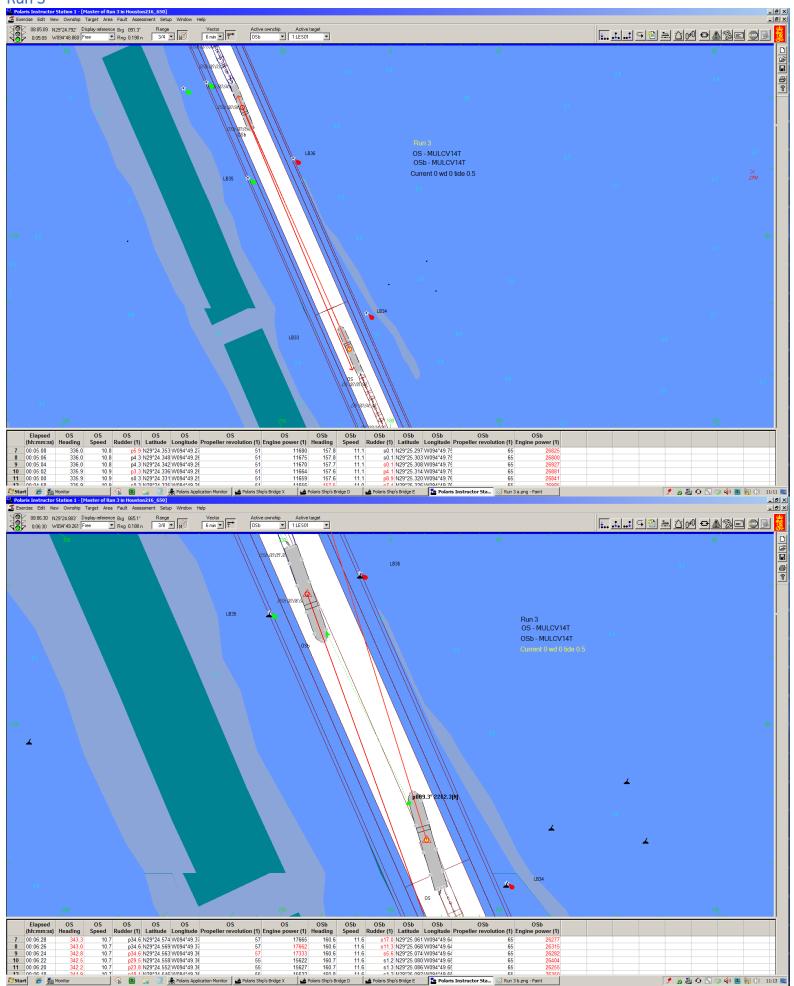
June 26, 2019

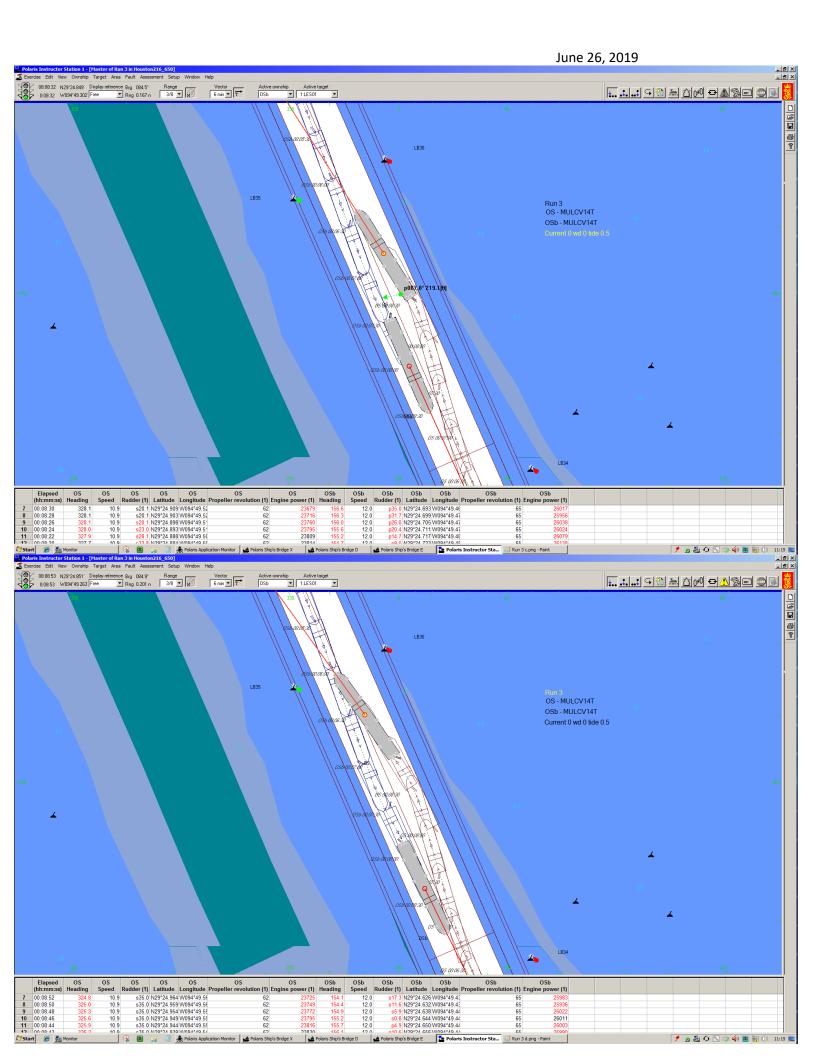
\*\*\*Color State of the Color State of



June 26, 2019 08.24.23 N29'24.345 Display reference Brg 241.3\* Range Vector 0.24.23 W034'49.089 Free Rng 0.106 n 3/8 N N 6 min 1 OS - MULCV14T OSb - MULCV14T 🖊 🖟 🐉 🗘 🕟 🤝 🏟 🙍 📆 (i) 10:4 OSb - MULCV14T



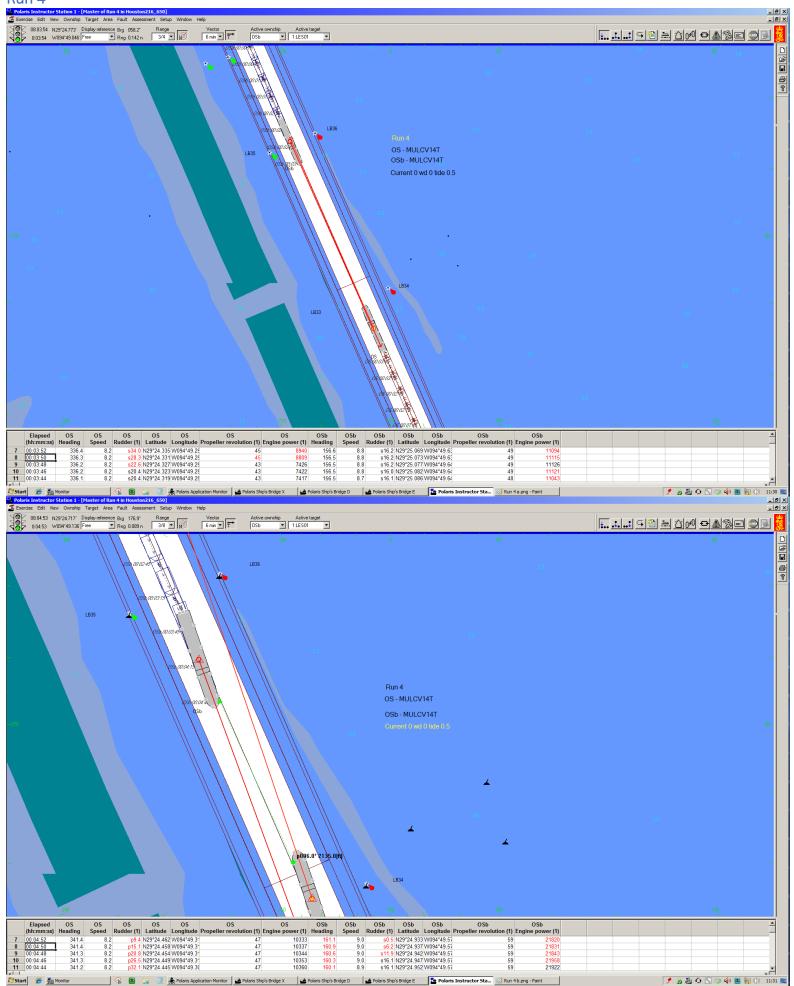




/ b & O S 🐼 🐠 🖻 📆 🕦

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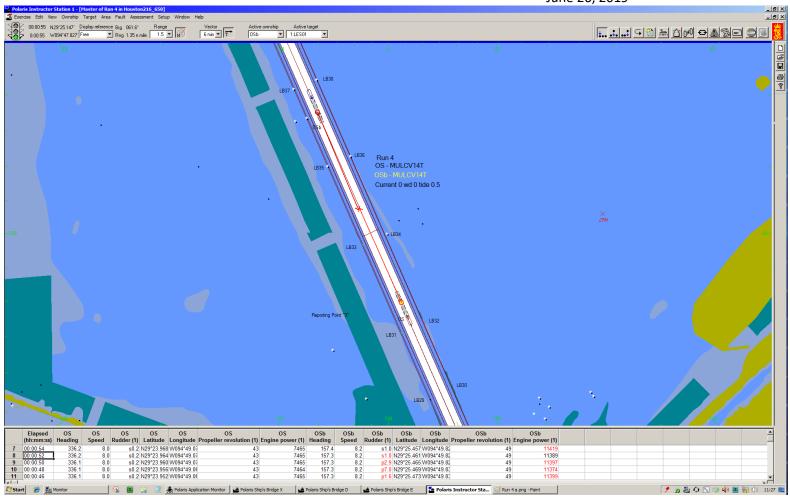
/ b & O S 🐼 🐠 🖻 📆 🕦

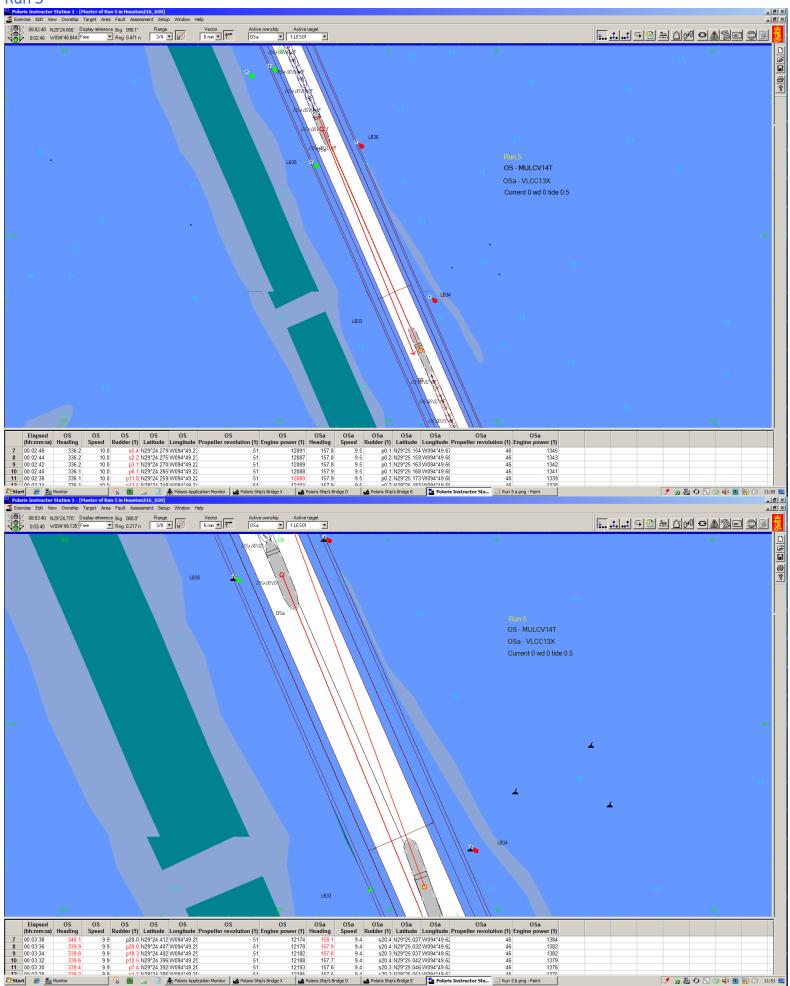


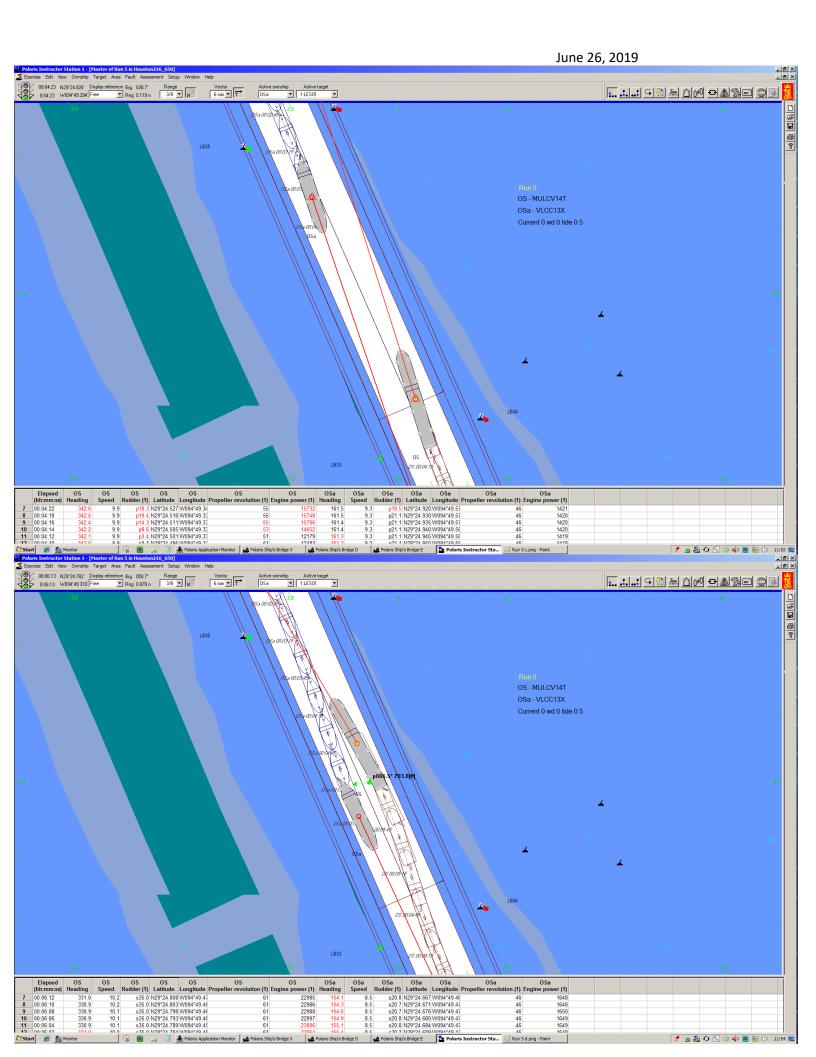
June 26, 2019 08.07.29 N29\*24.713\* Display reference Big 069.7\* Range Vector
0.07.29 W094\*49.297 Free Rng 0.082 n 3/8 N F Fixe Run 4 OS - MULCV14T OSb - MULCV14T 📝 💃 👸 🔿 🕟 🤝 🏟 🧧 📆 🕦 

/ b l o s

June 26, 2019



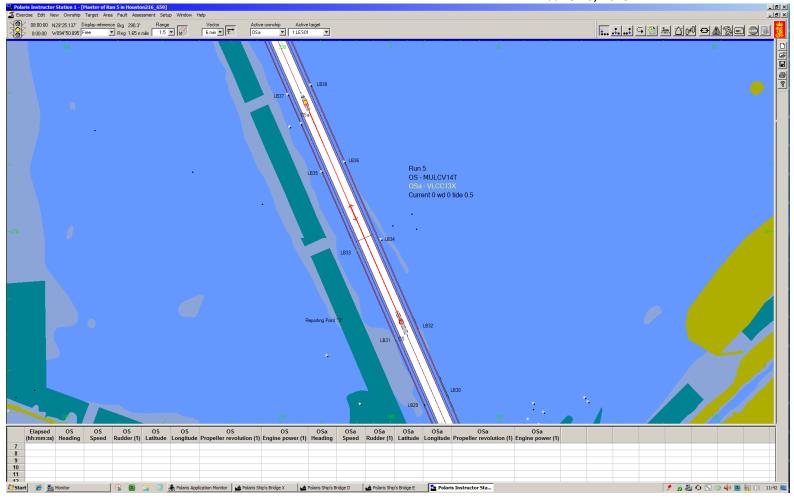


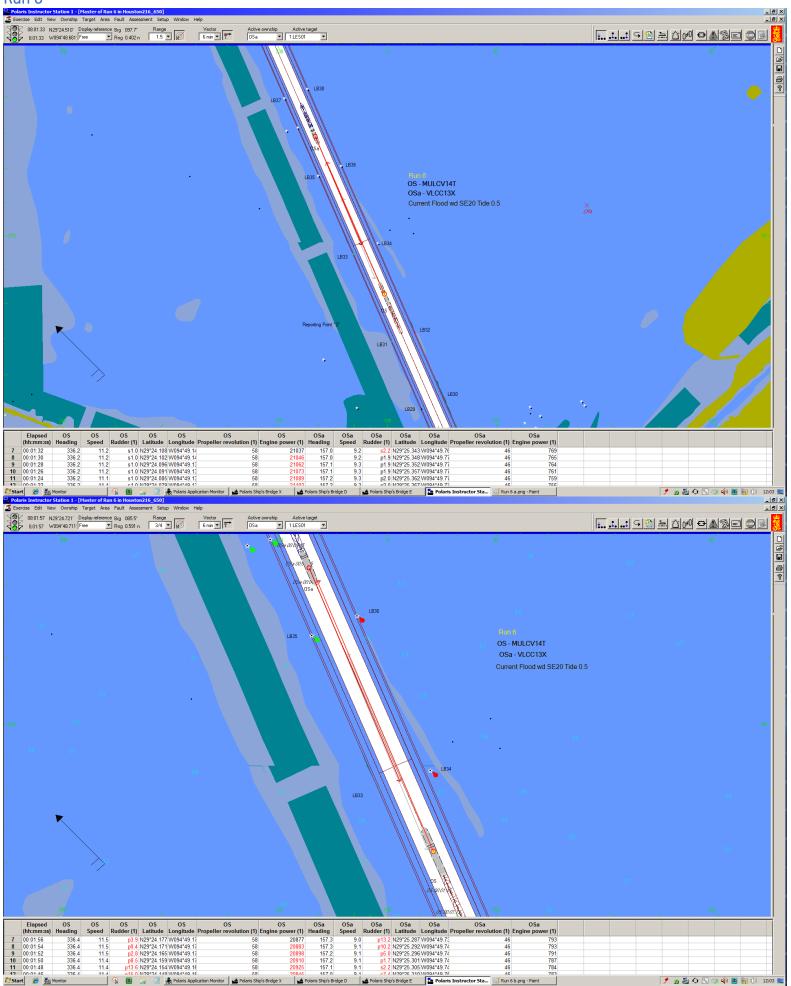


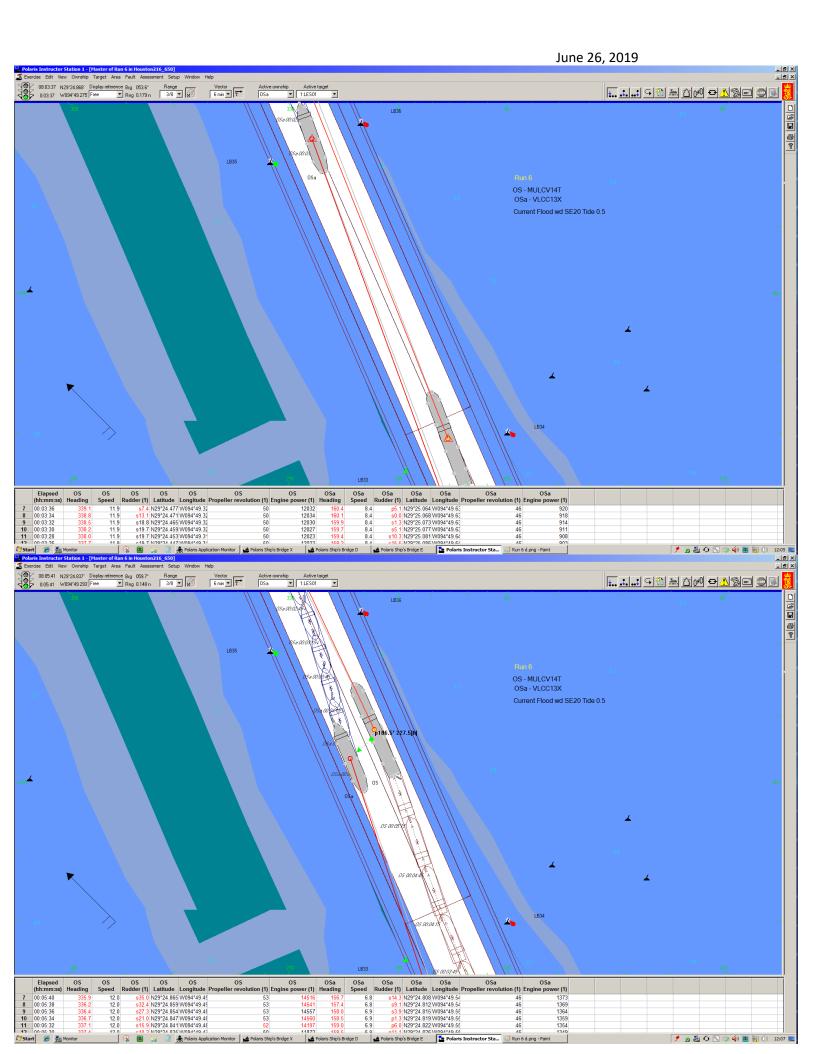
June 26, 2019 OS - MULCV14T OSa - VLCC13X Current 0 wd 0 tide 0.5 🖊 🖟 🐉 🗘 🕟 🤝 🏟 🙍 🛜 (1) 11:5 

/ b & 0 S = 40 E 80 0

June 26, 2019



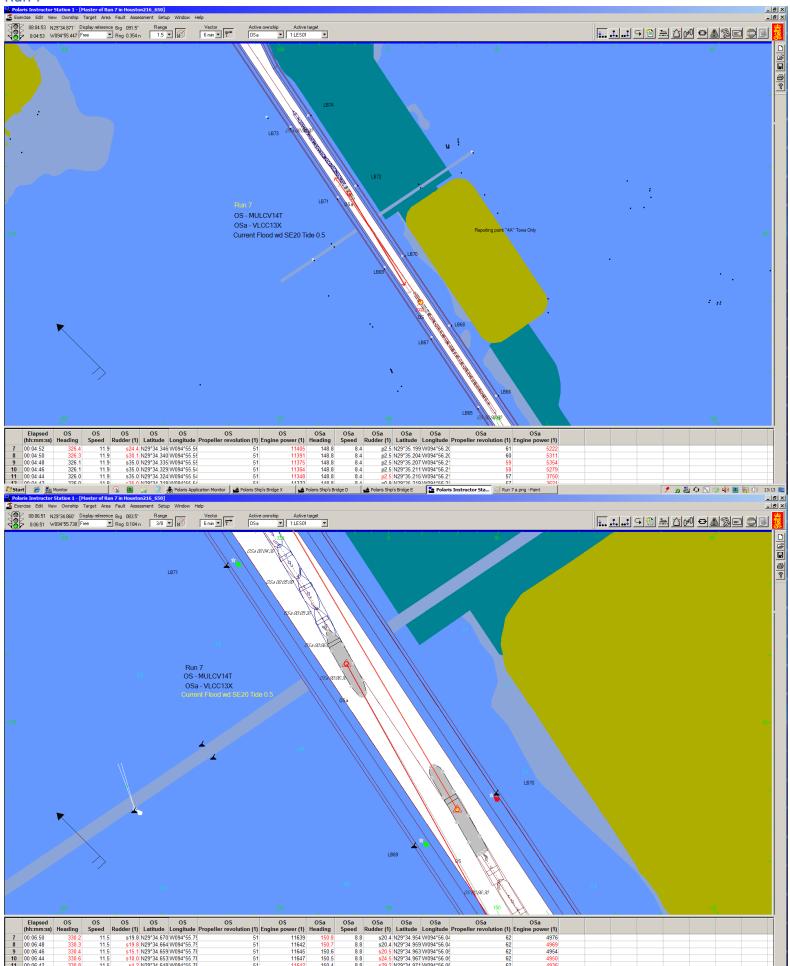


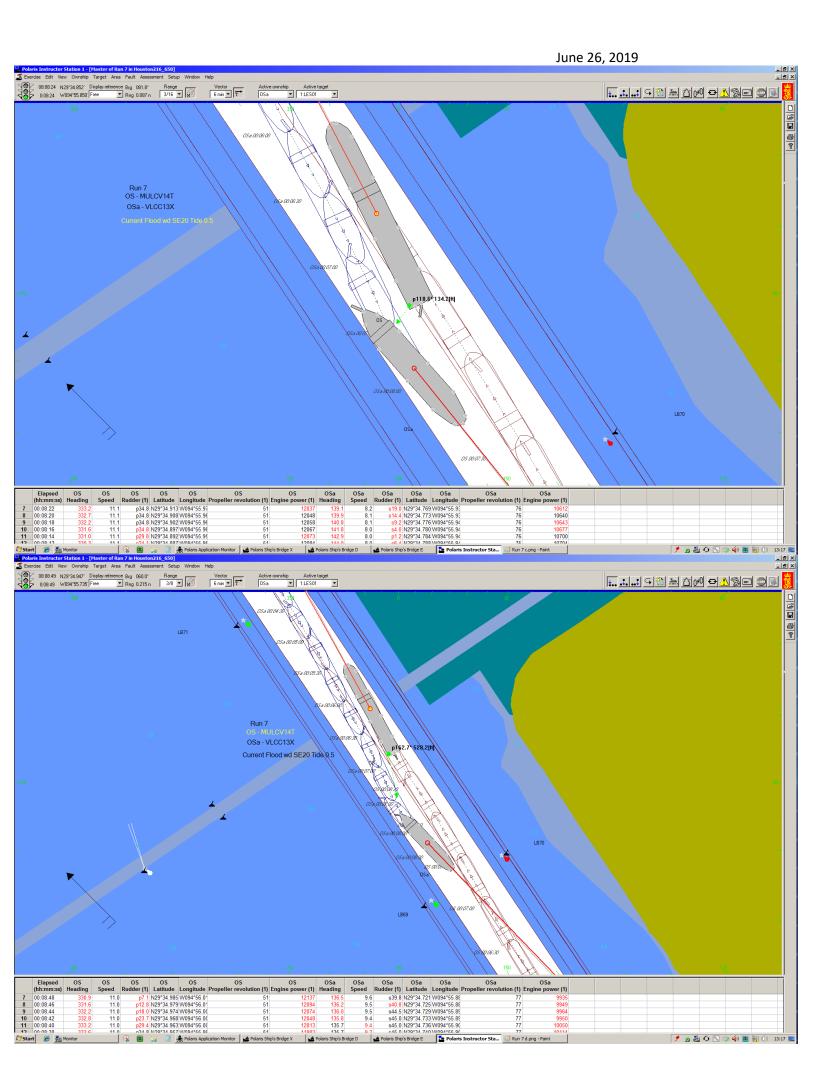


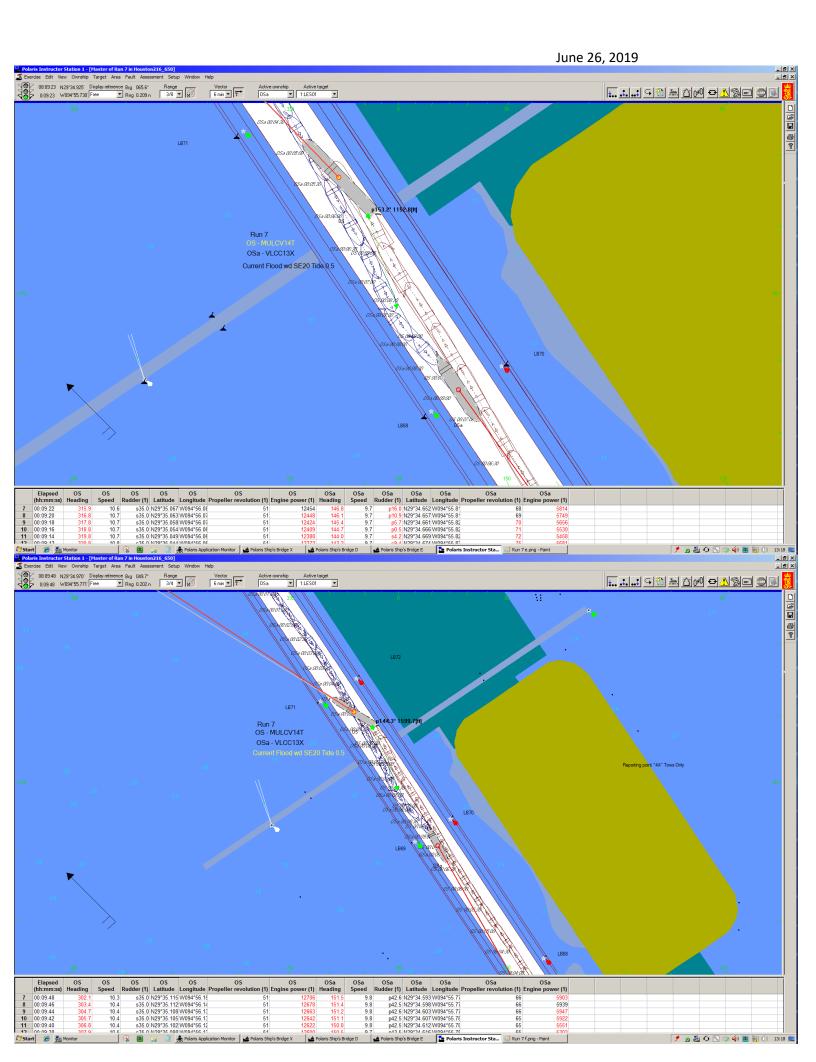
June 26, 2019 OS - MULCV14T OSa - VLCC13X Current Flood wd SE20 Tide 0.5 08.06.39 N29'25.116' Display reference Brg 027.1' Range
0.06.39 W094'49.232 Free Rng 0.397 n 3/4 Run 6 OS - MULCV14T OSa - VLCC13X Current Flood wd SE20 Tide 0.5

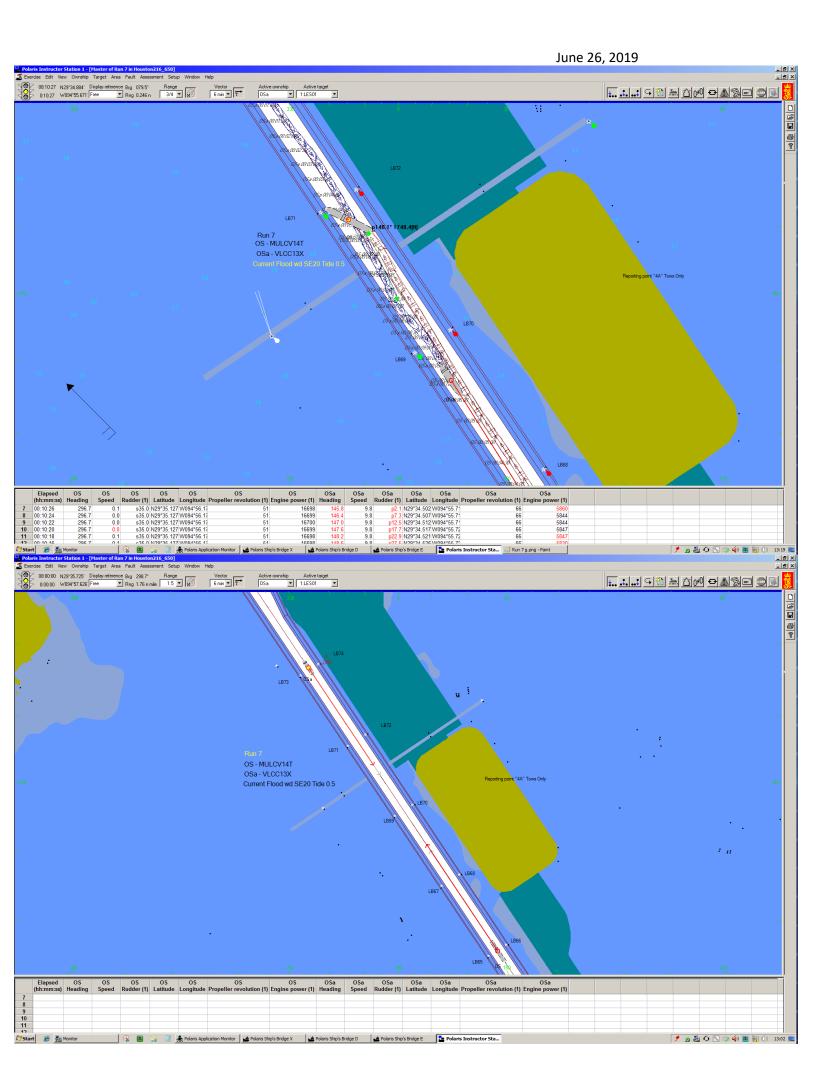
/ b & 0 S 🔊 40 🗟 📆 (0)

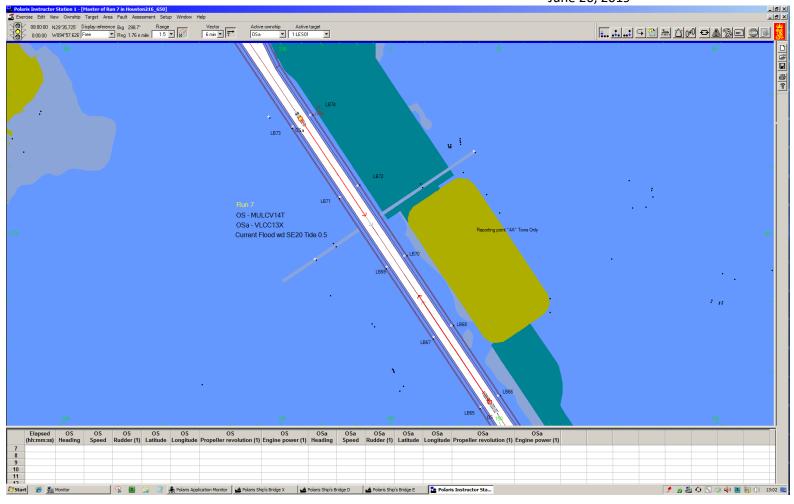
😘 🔞 🍃 🥼 Polaris Application Monitor 🕍 Polaris Ship's Bridge X 🖈 Polaris Ship's Bridge D 🖈 Polaris Ship's Bridge E 🔀 Polaris Instructor Sta...

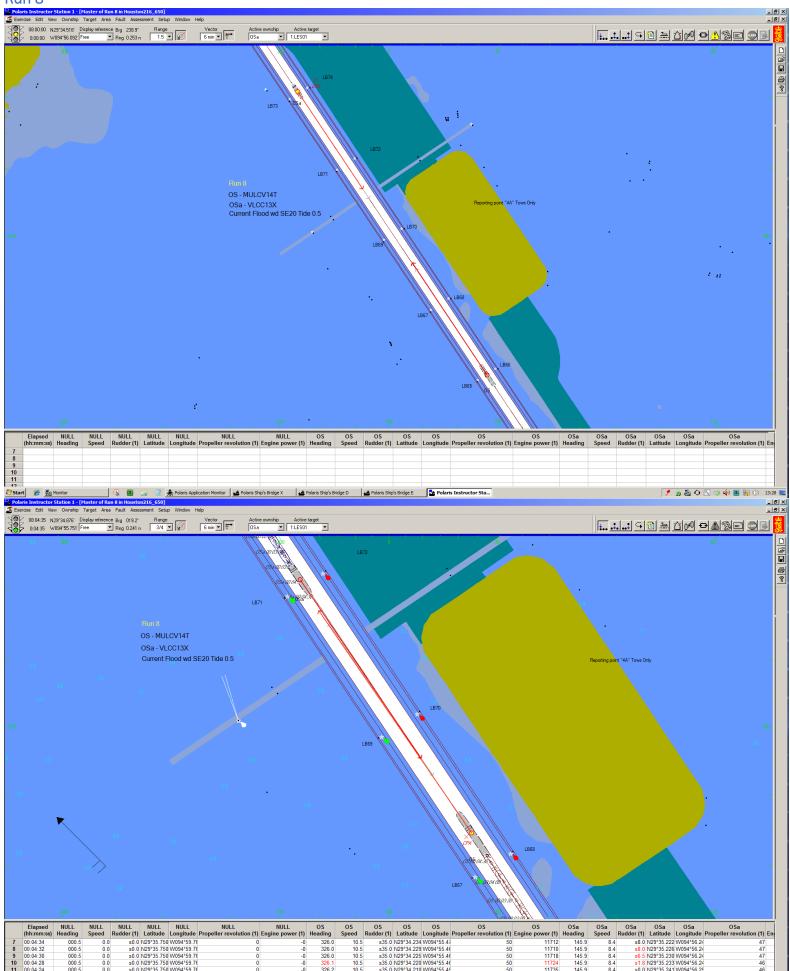


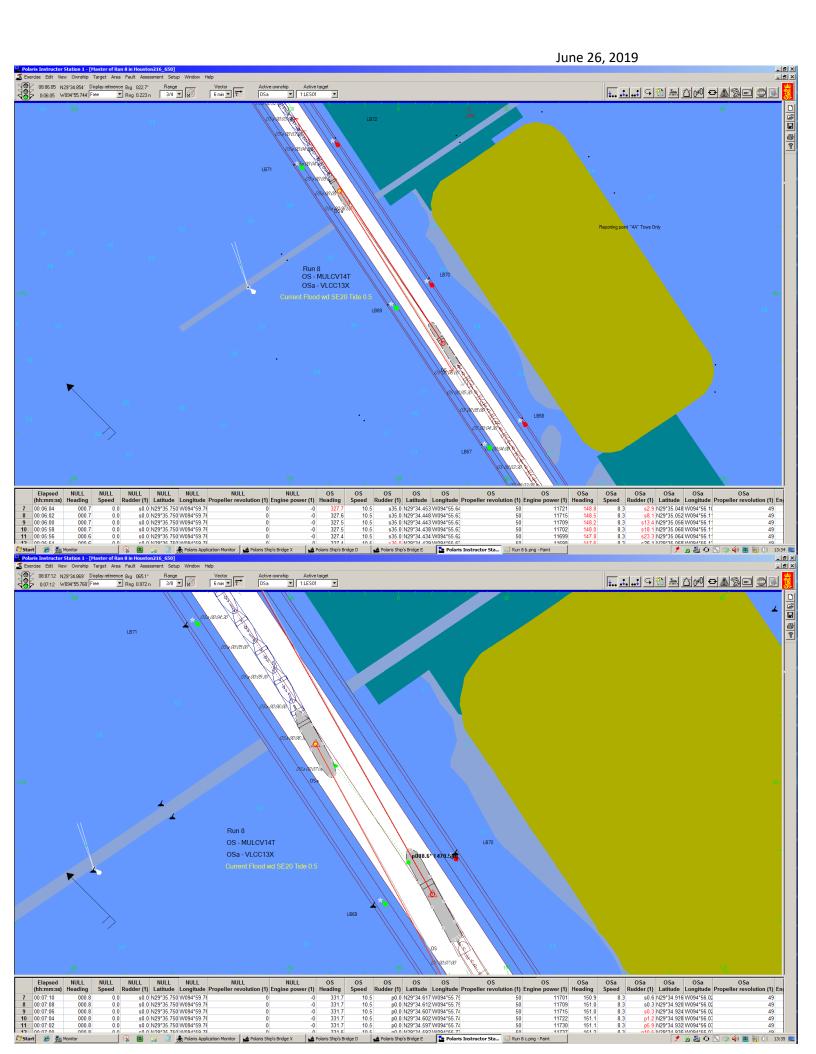


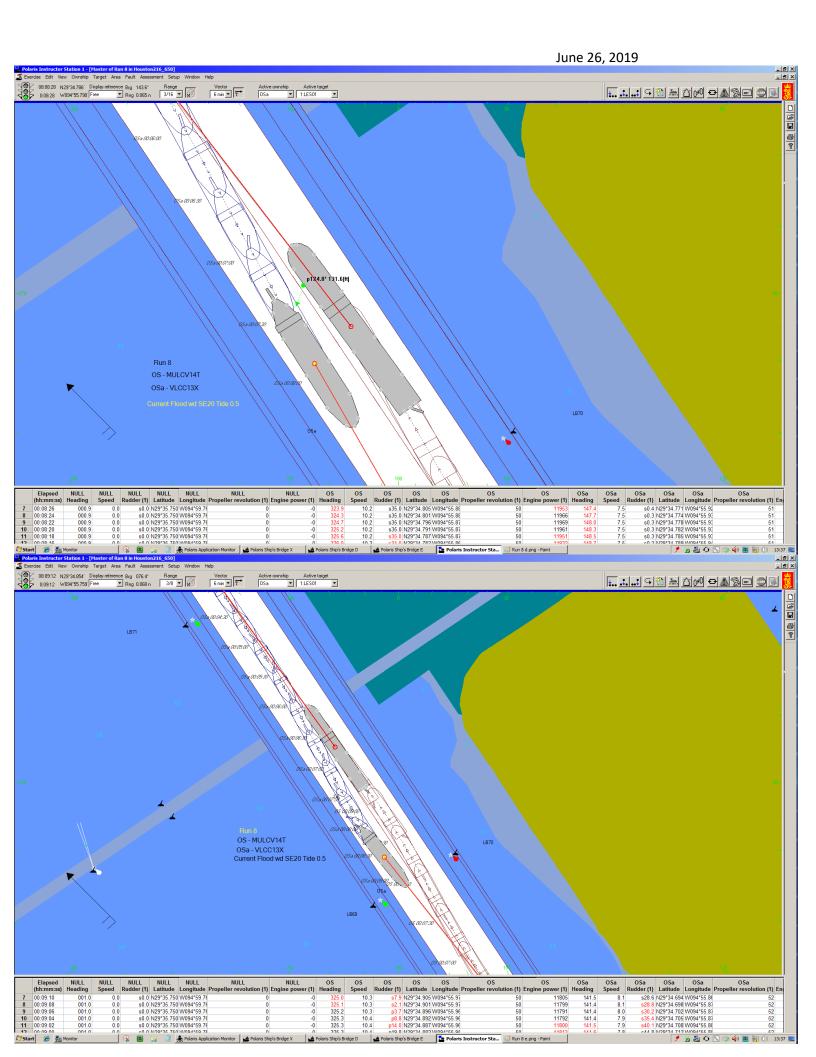


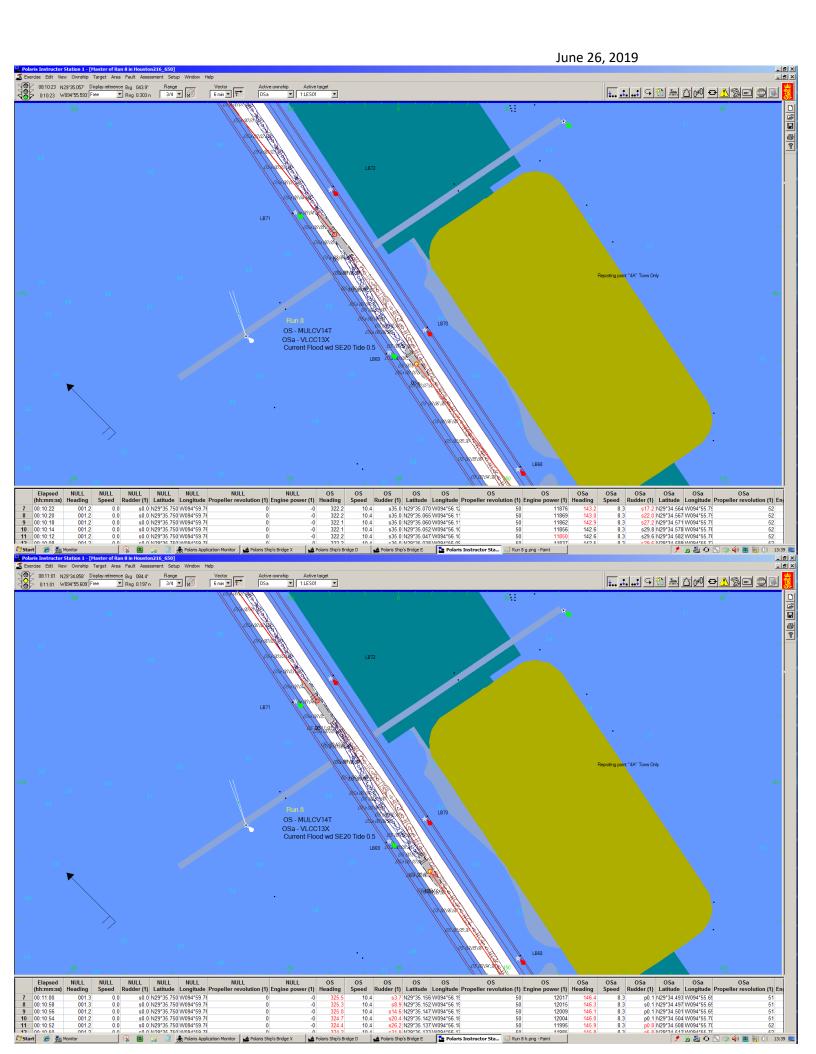






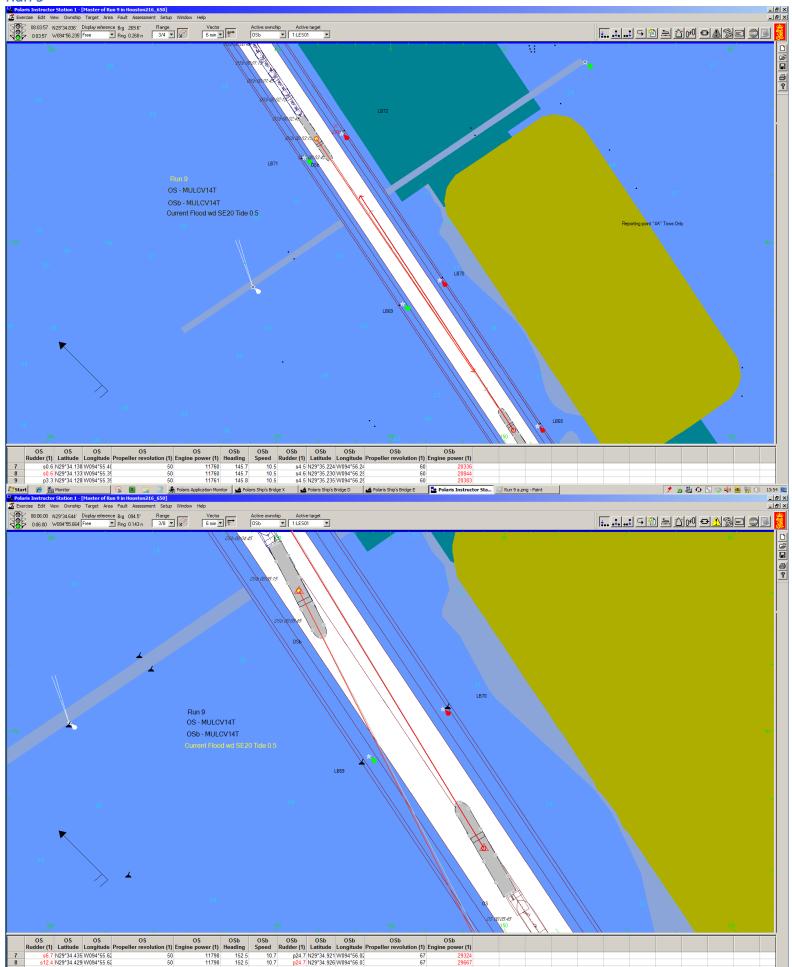


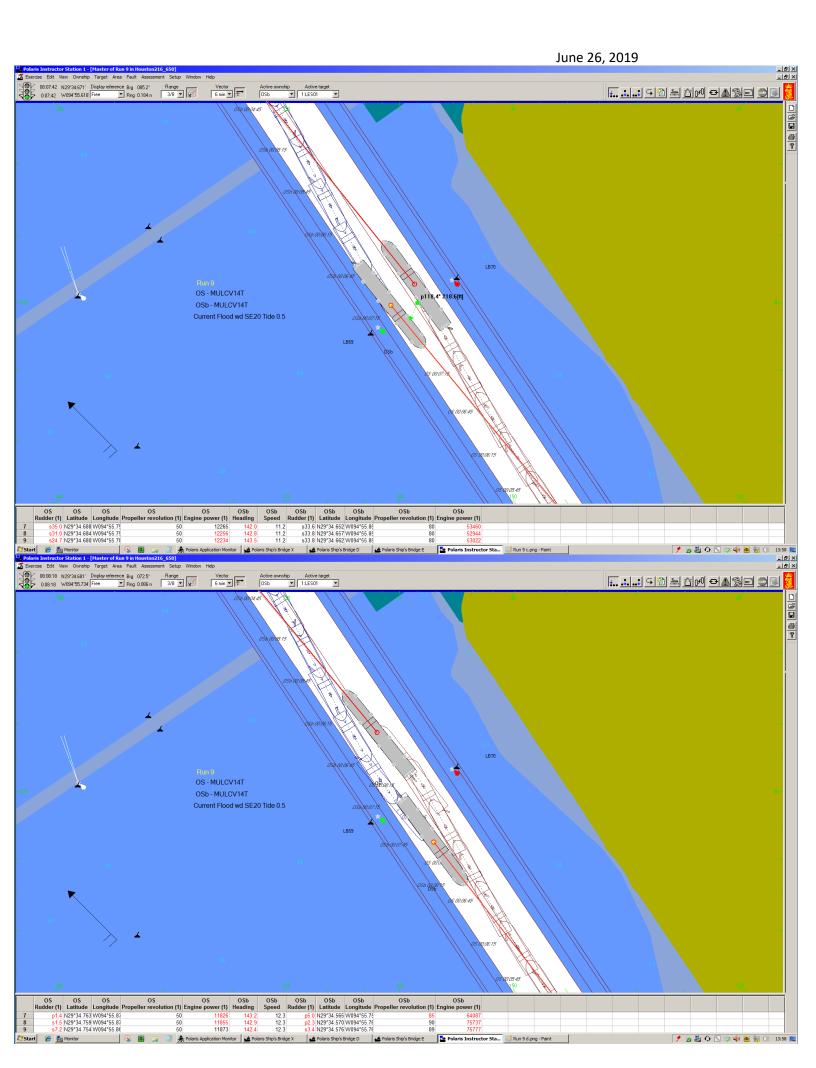


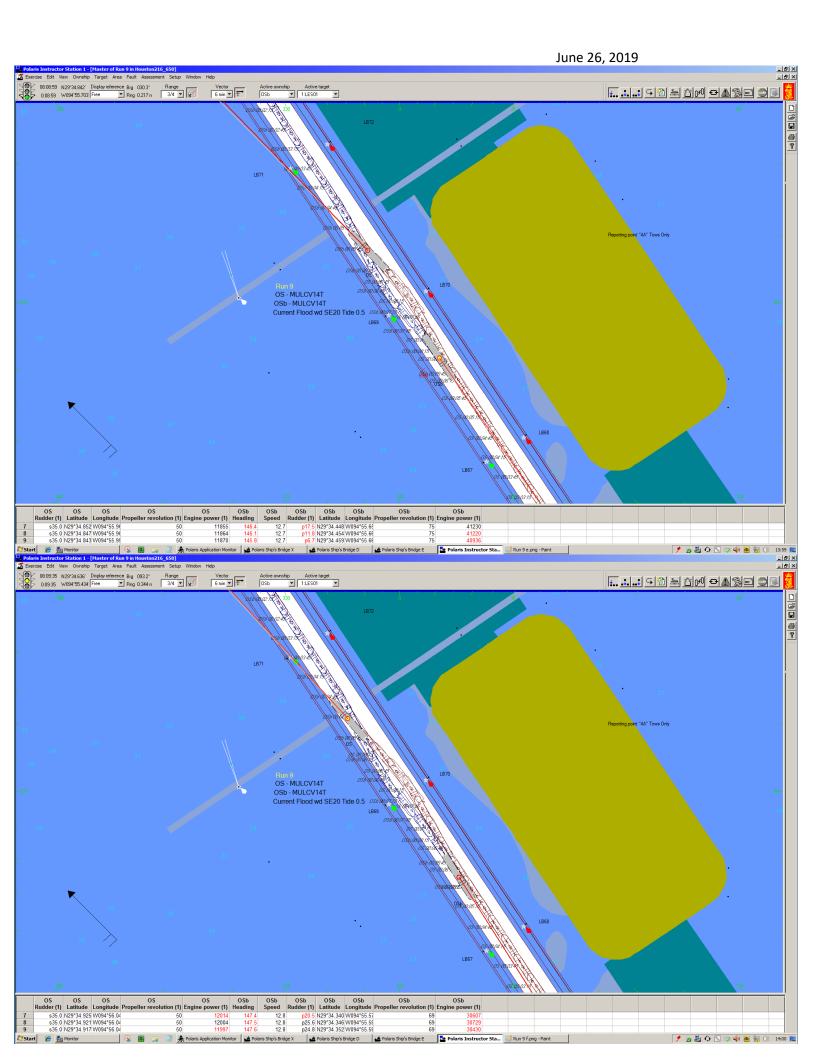


Annual Section States 1 - Product of Burst 1 - Section of Burst 1 - Section States 1 - Se

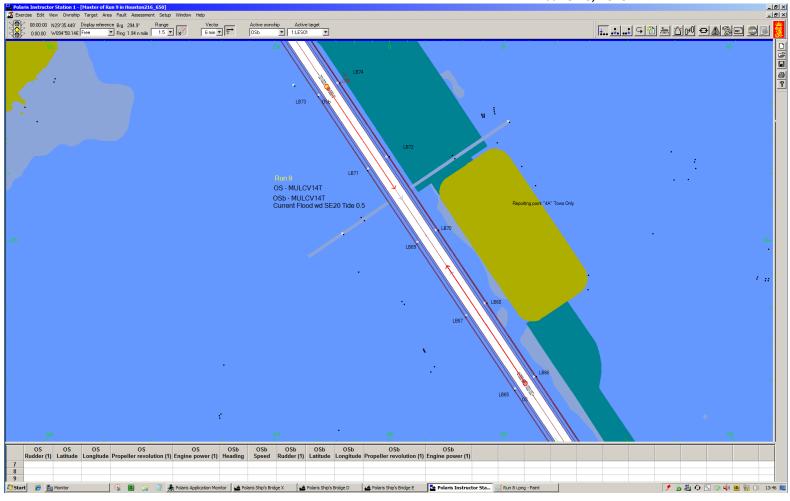
📝 🏂 🕹 🔿 🚫 🤝 🏟 📴 🐂 (1) 13:50

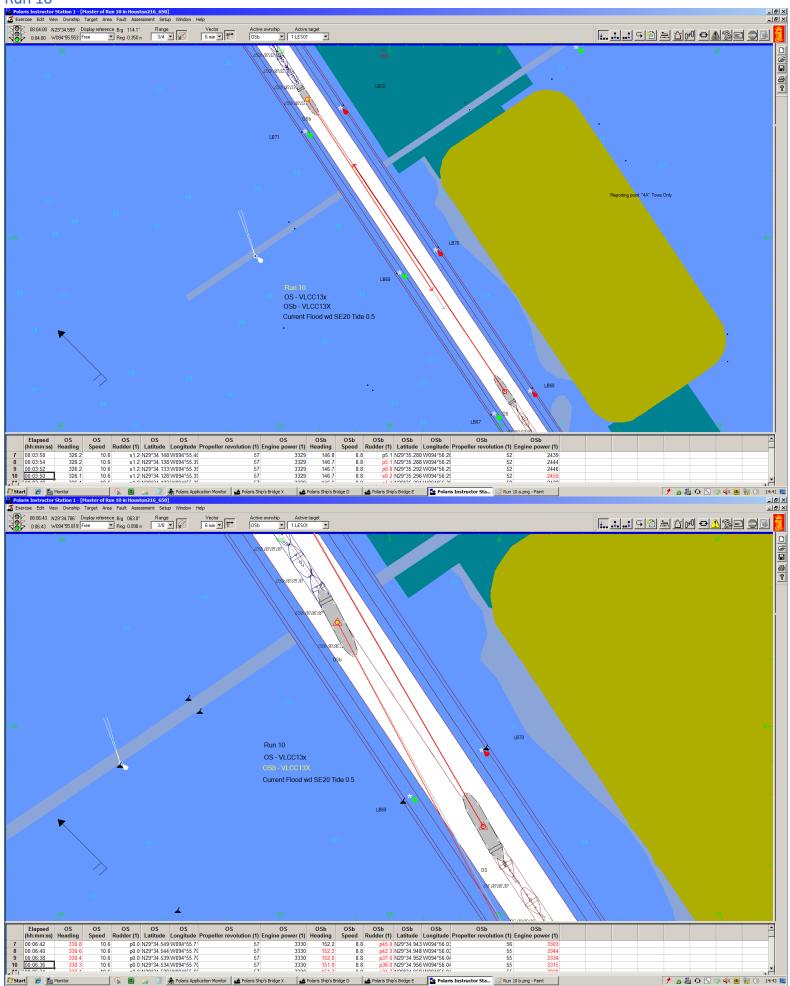


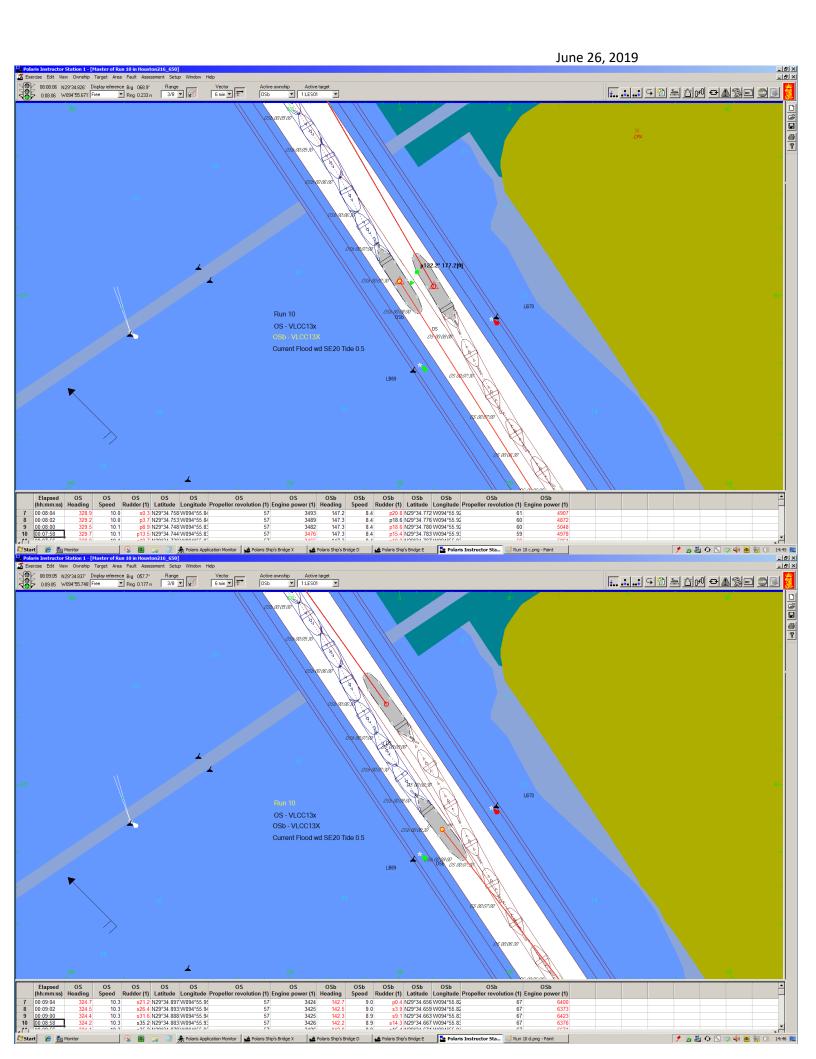


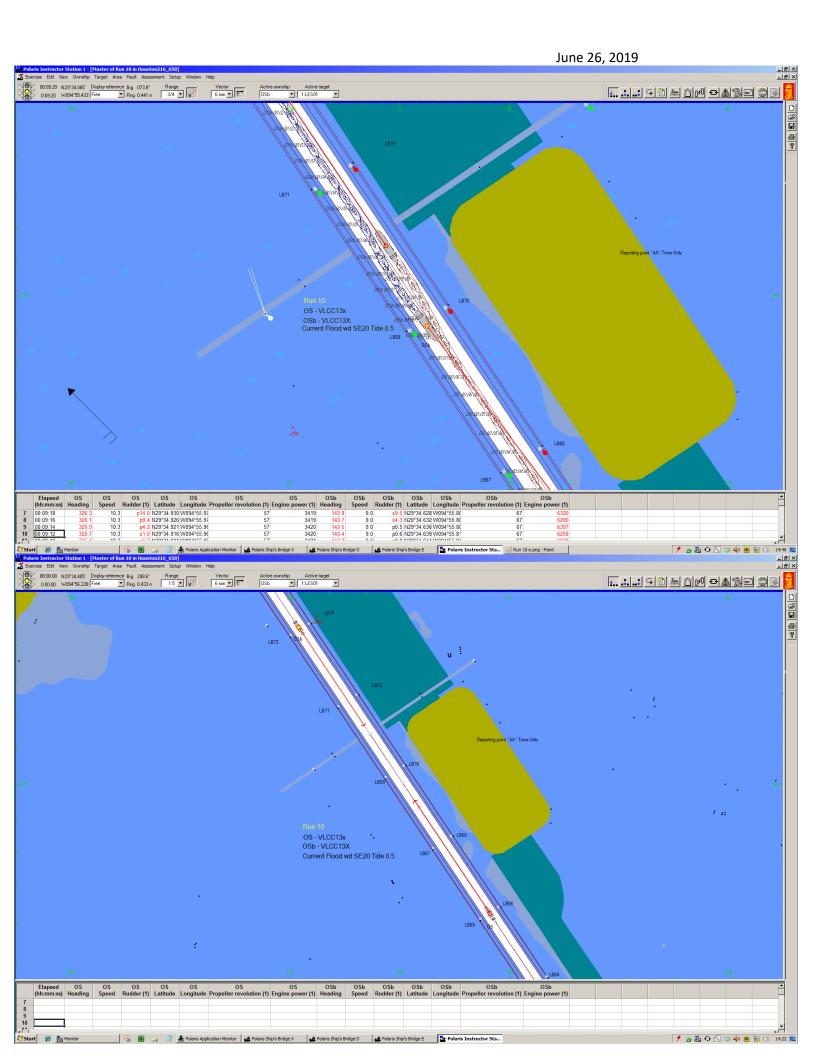


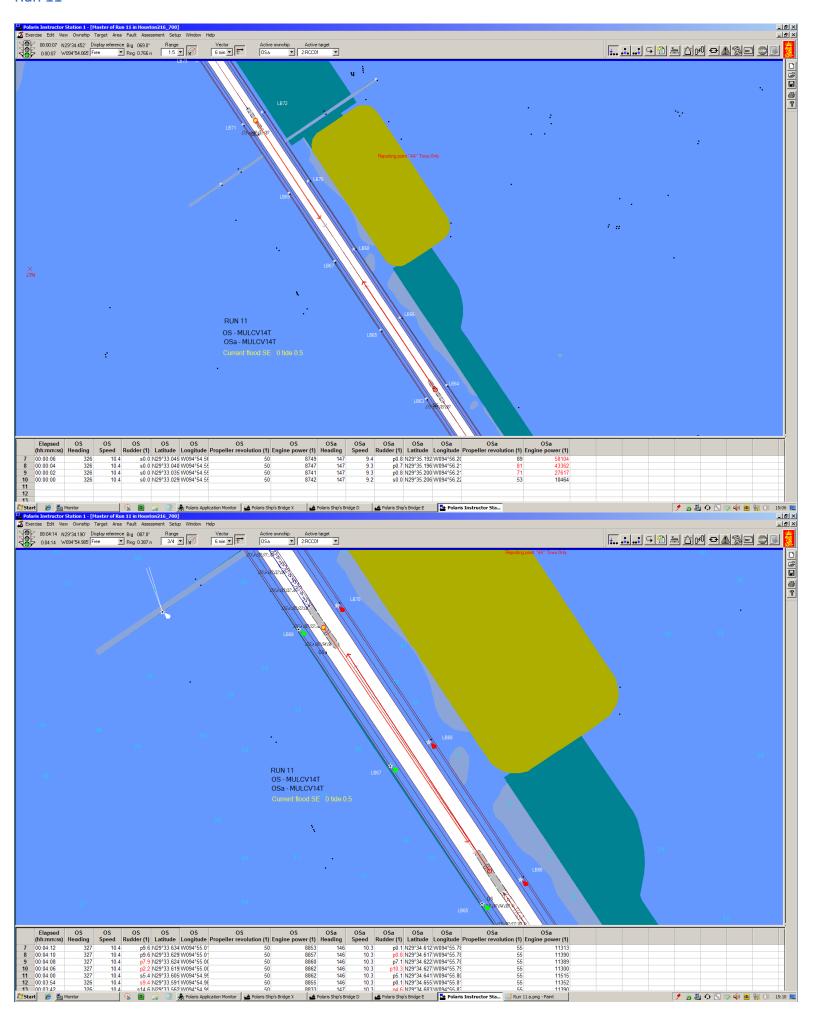


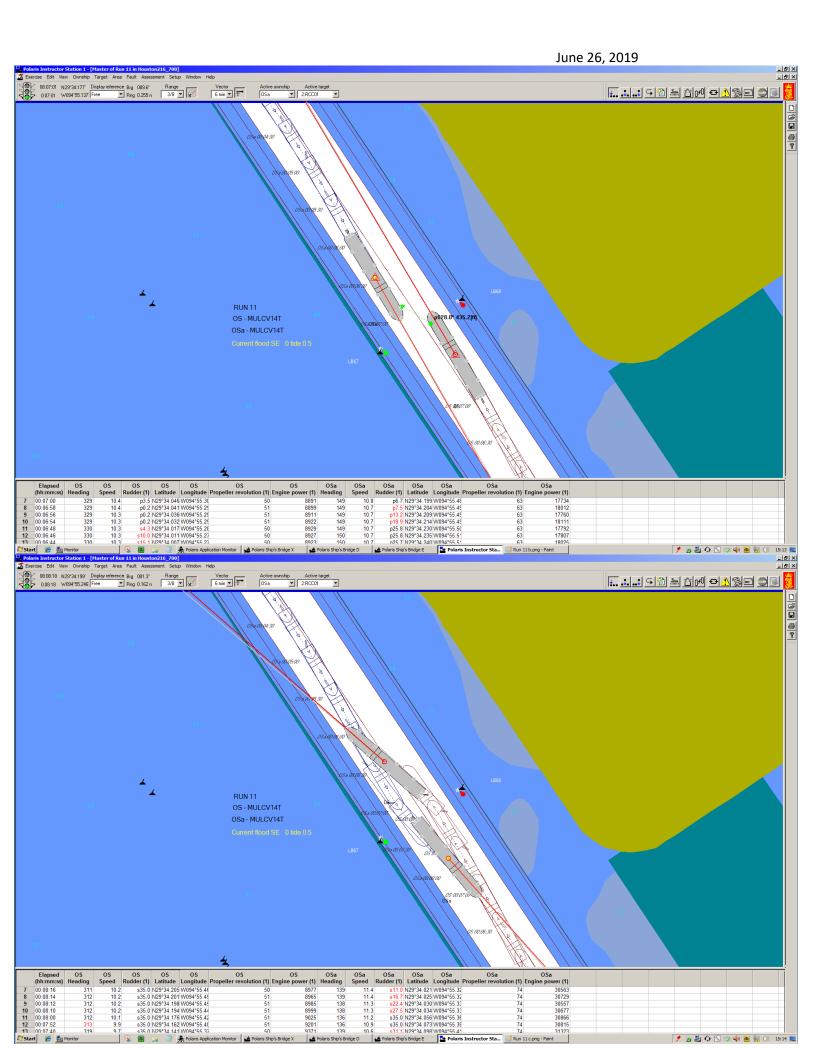




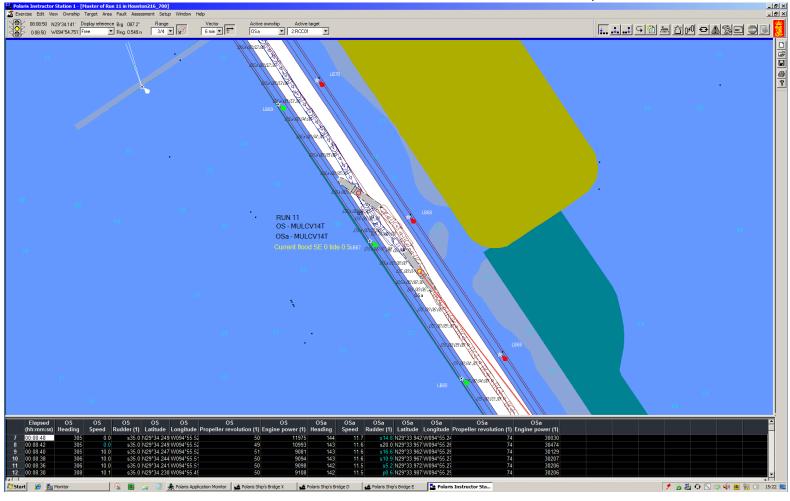




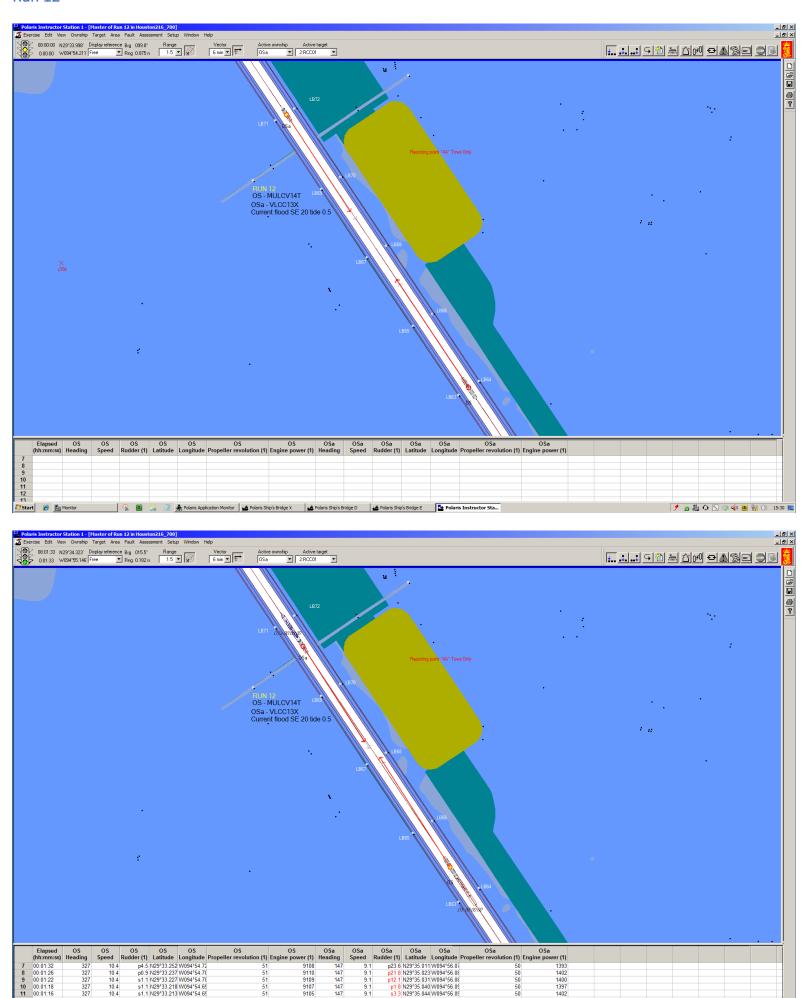


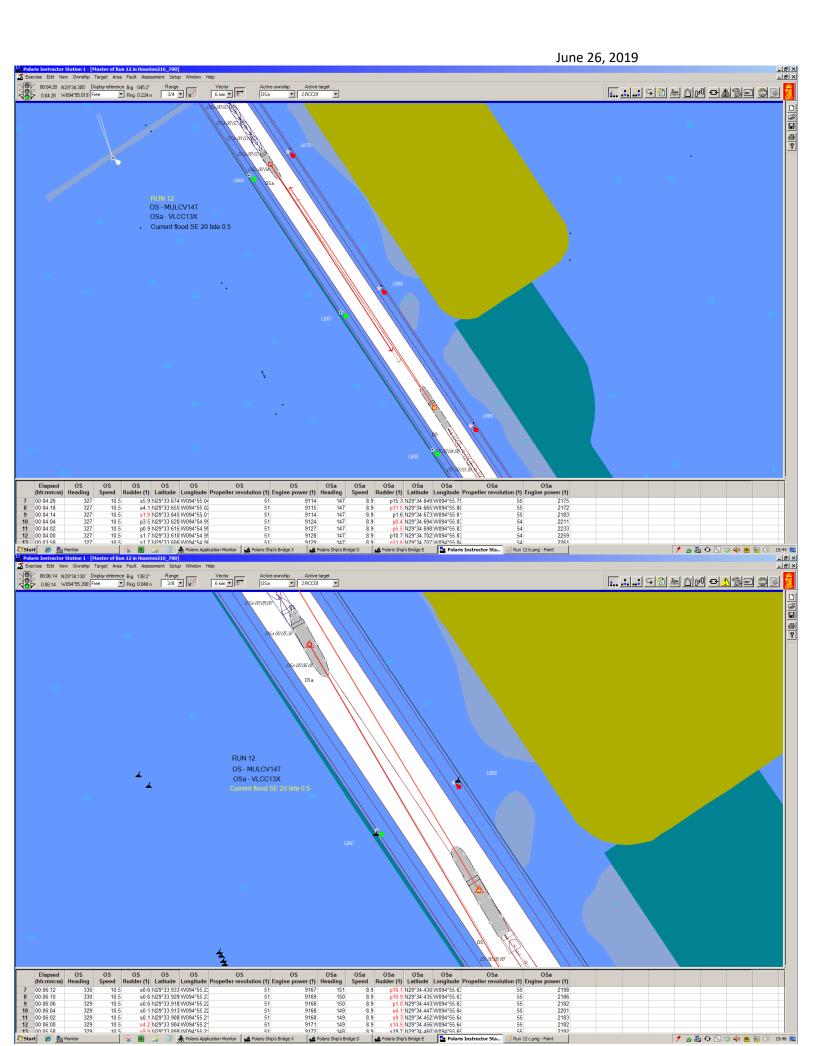


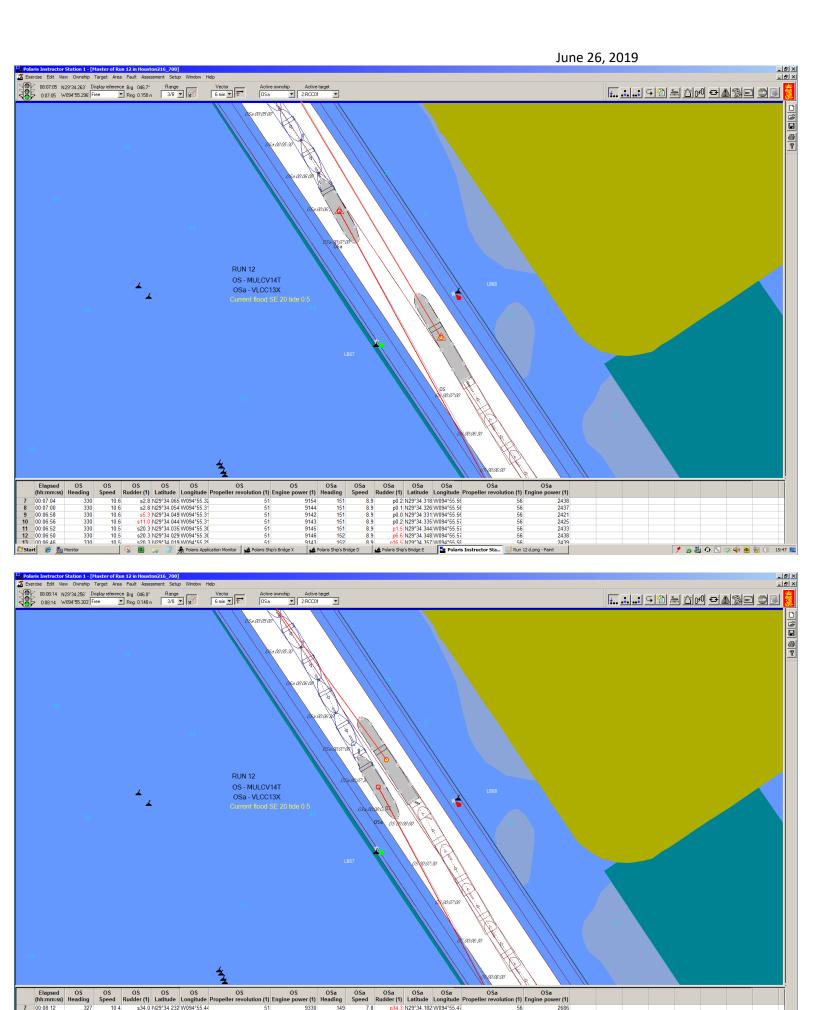
Polaris Ship's Bridge E Polaris Instructor Sta... 🔯 Run 11 e.png - Paint

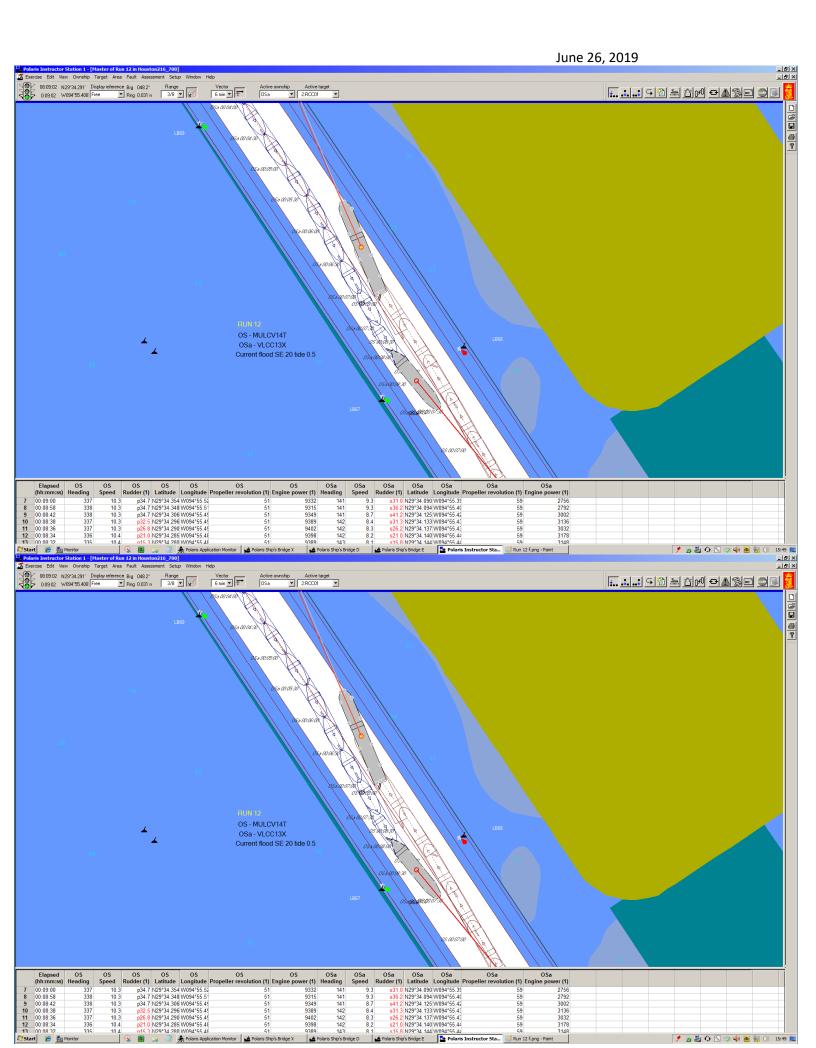


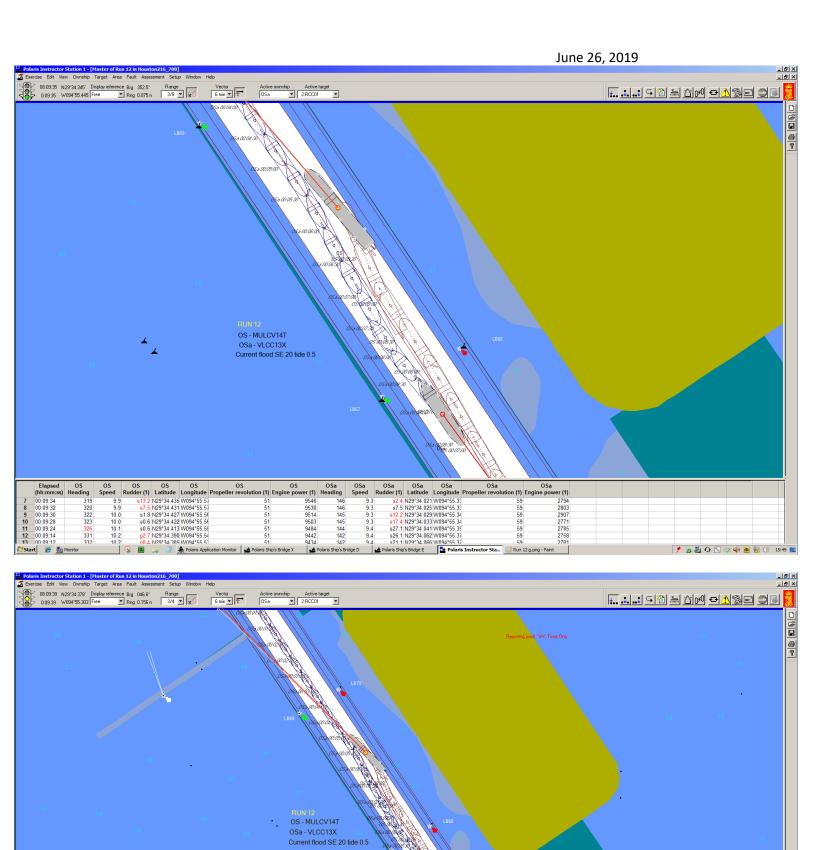
**プ** 🏂 🕹 🗘 🕓 🕄 🦈 🏟 💩 🔞 📆 (i) 15:4:

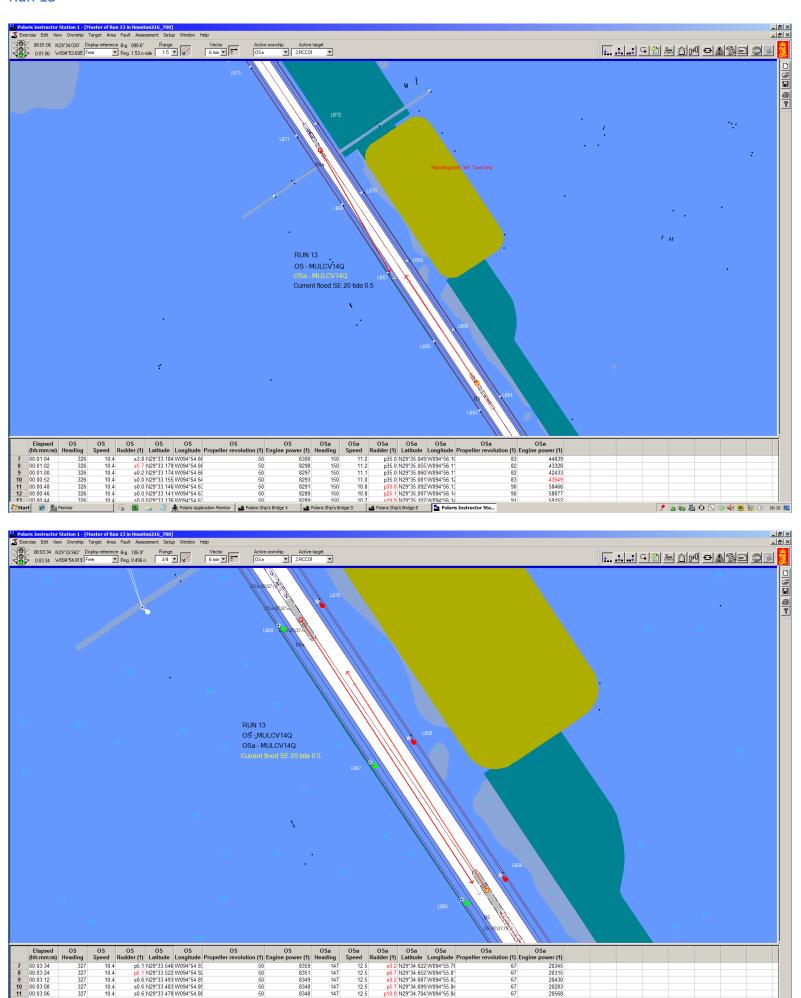


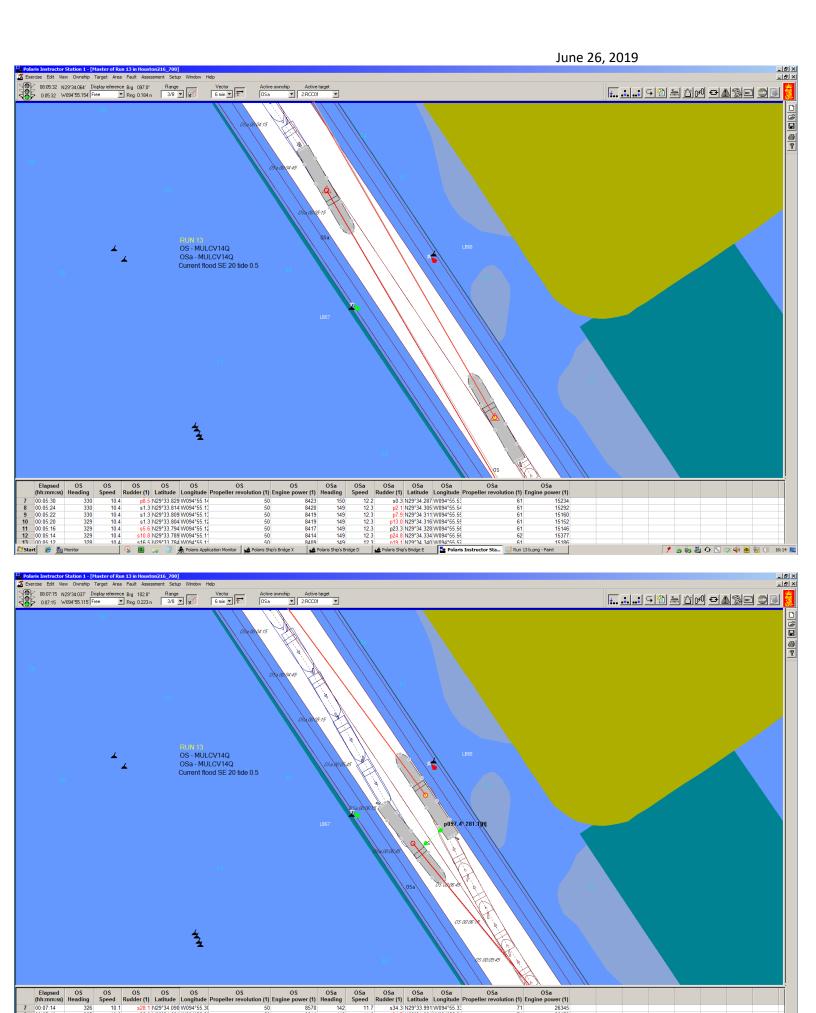


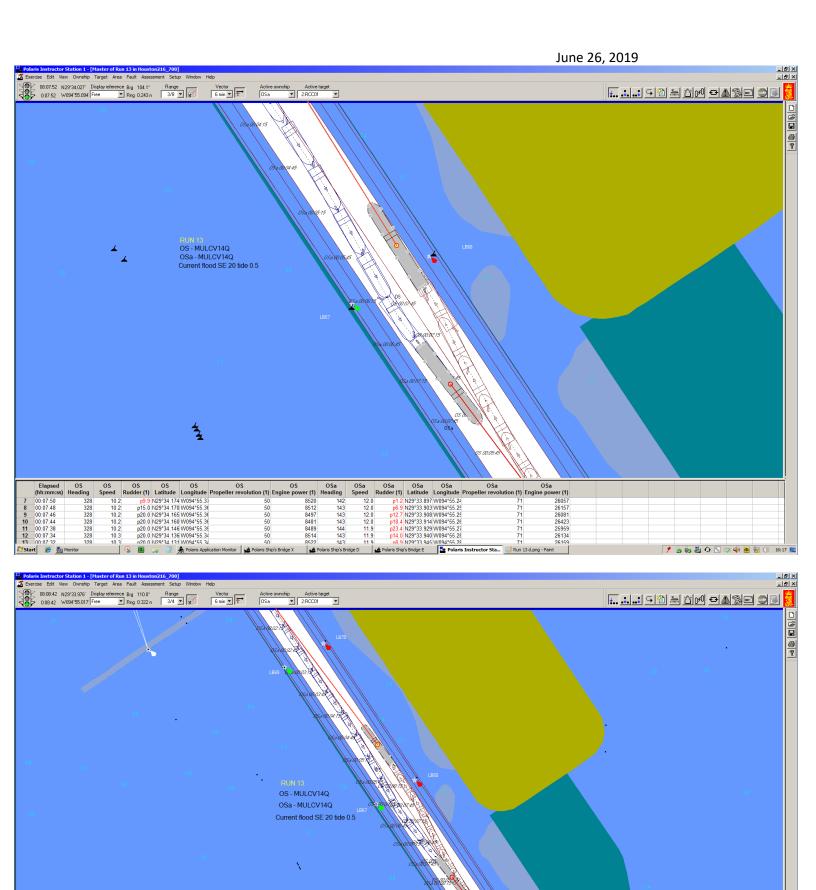


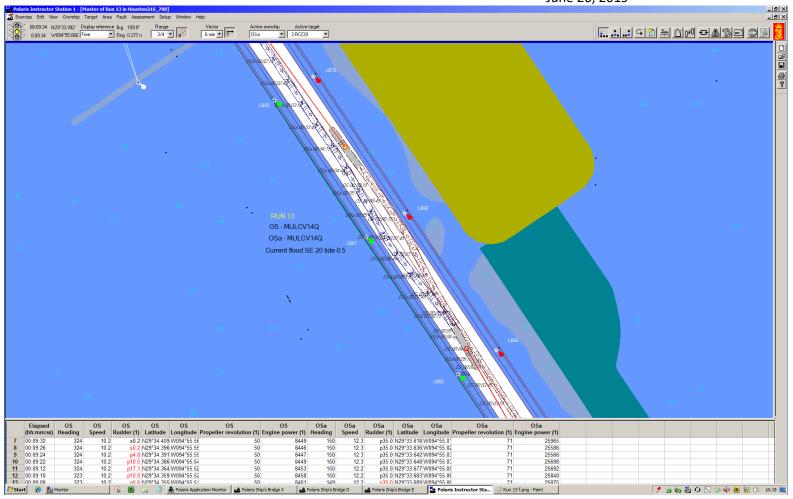


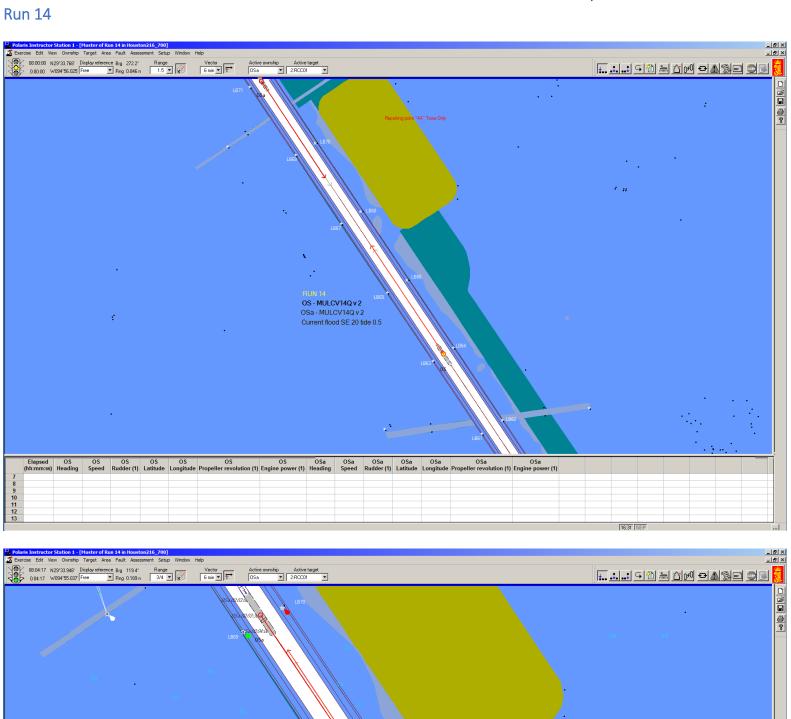


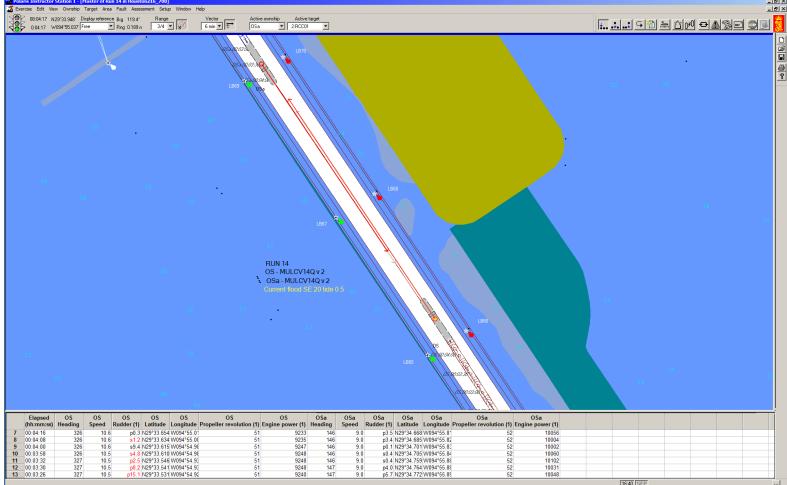


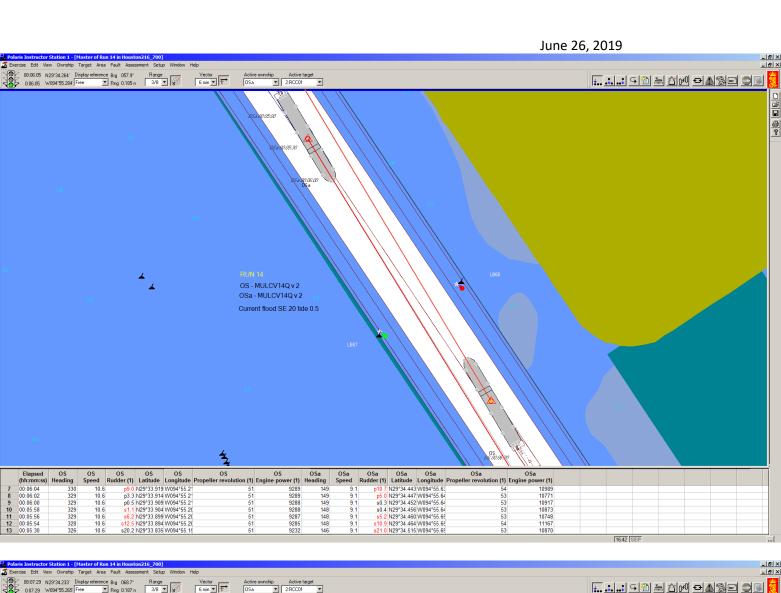


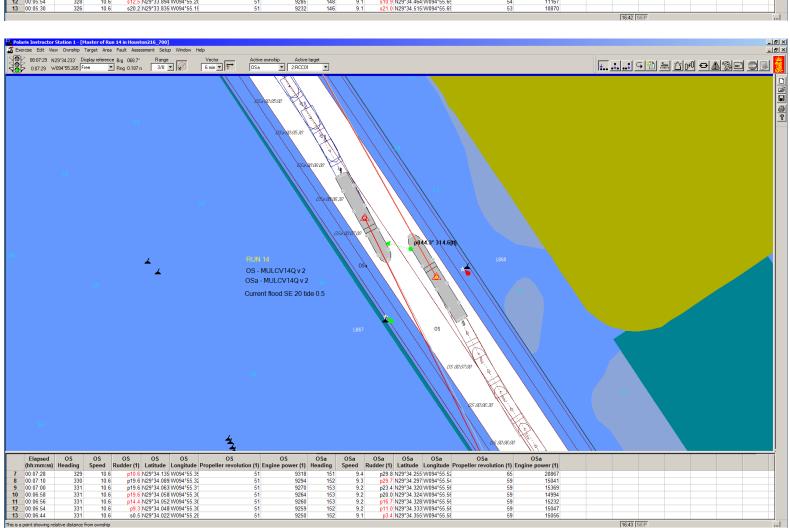


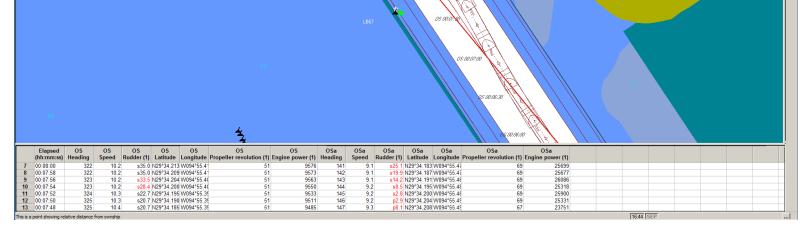




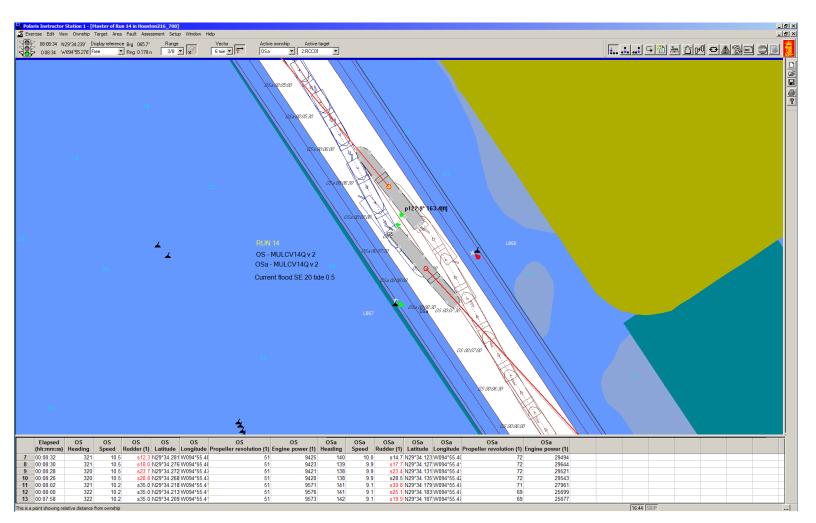




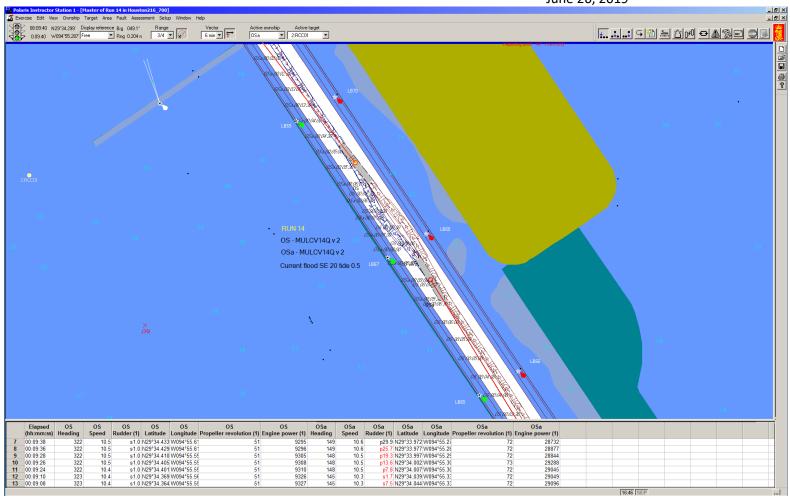


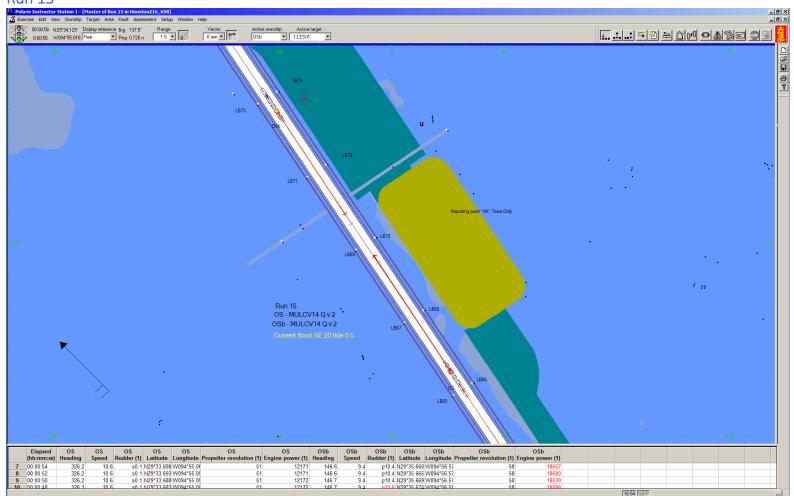


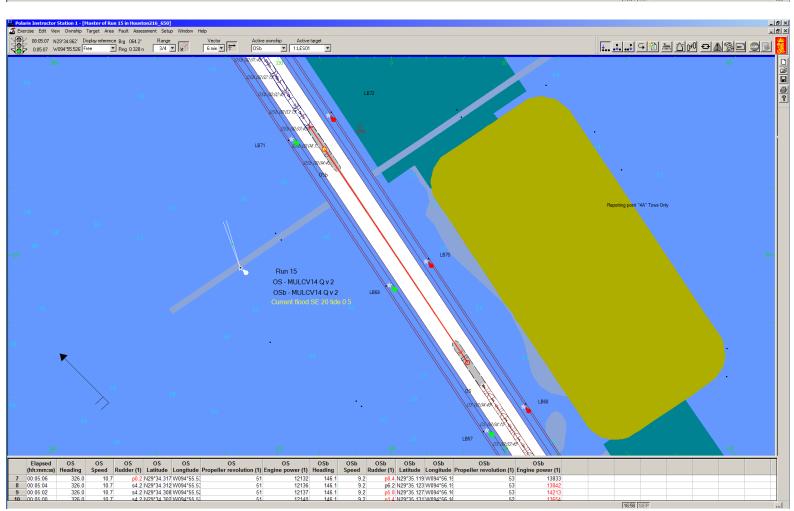
RUN 14
OS - MULCV14Q v 2
OSa - MULCV14Q v 2
Current flood SE 20 tide 0.5

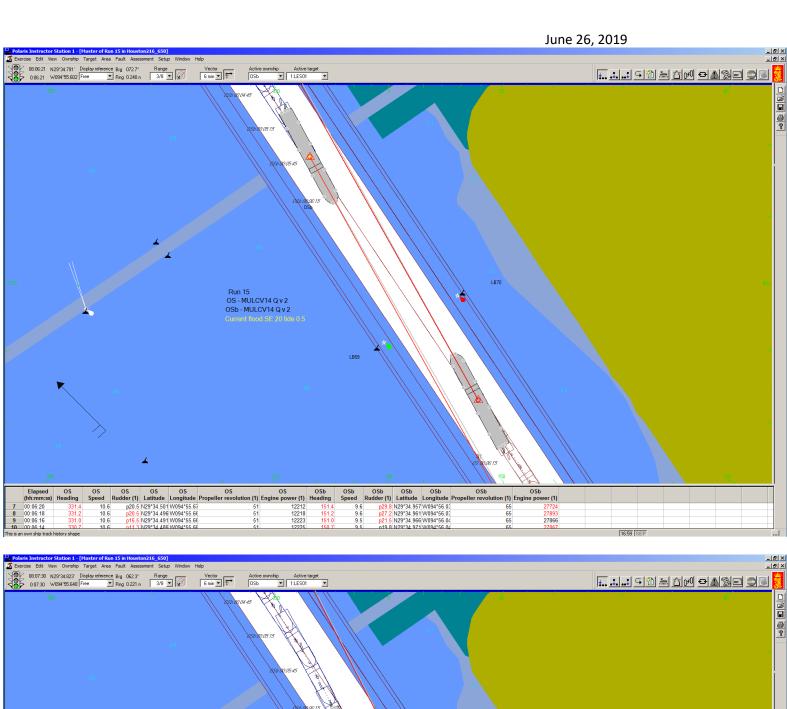


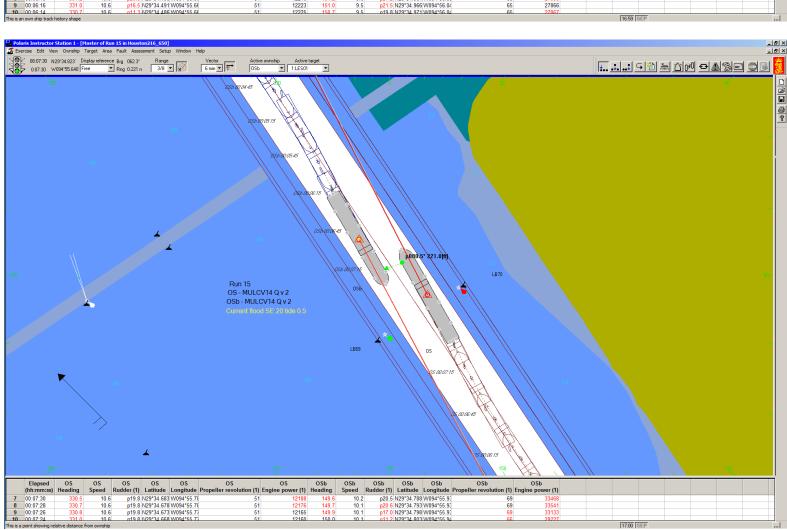
08.08.02 N29'34.263' Display reference Brg 062.1' Range Vector
0.08.02 W094'55.253 Free Rng 0.209 n 3/8 N Free T

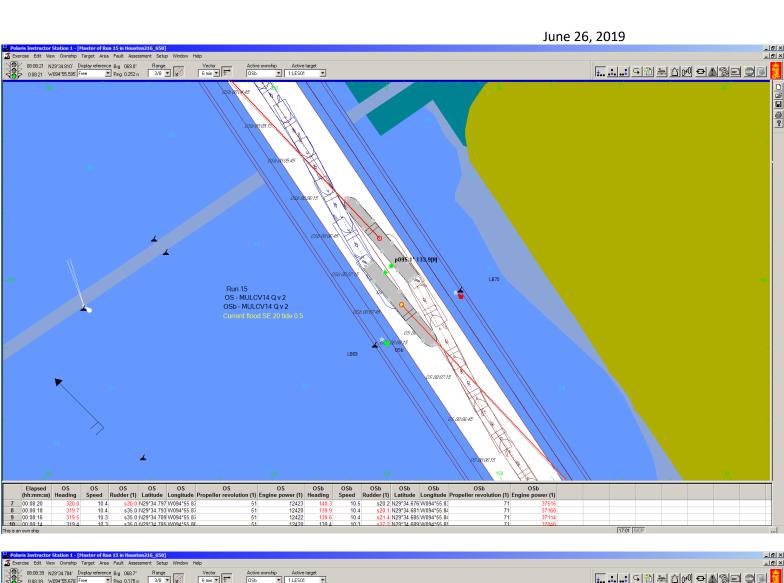


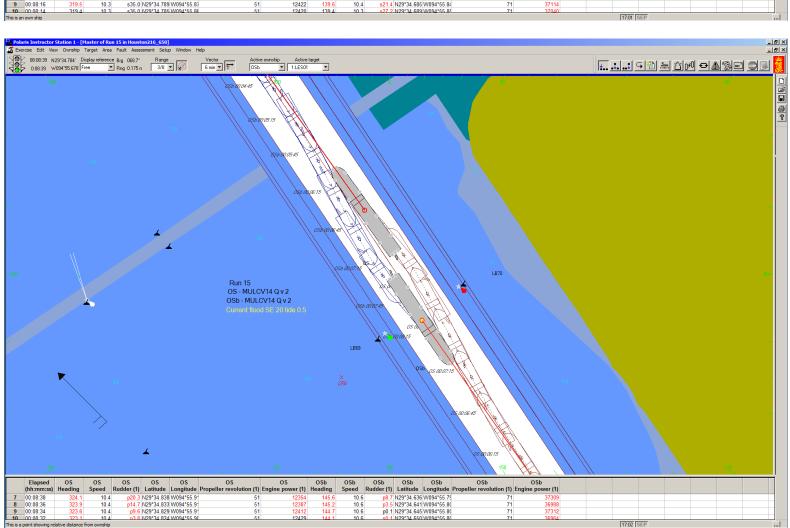


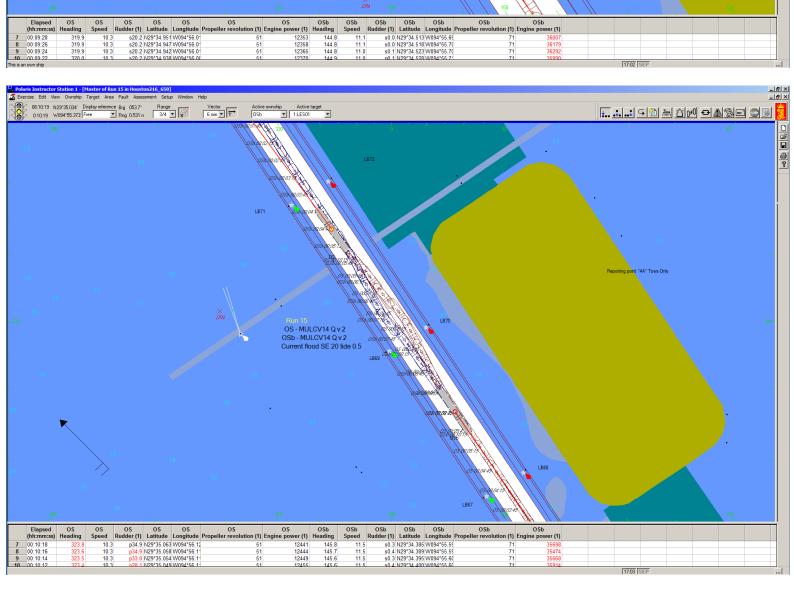


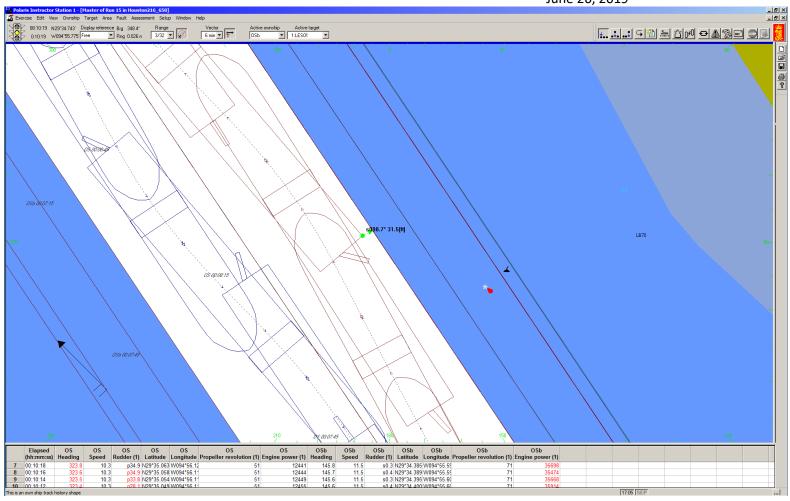




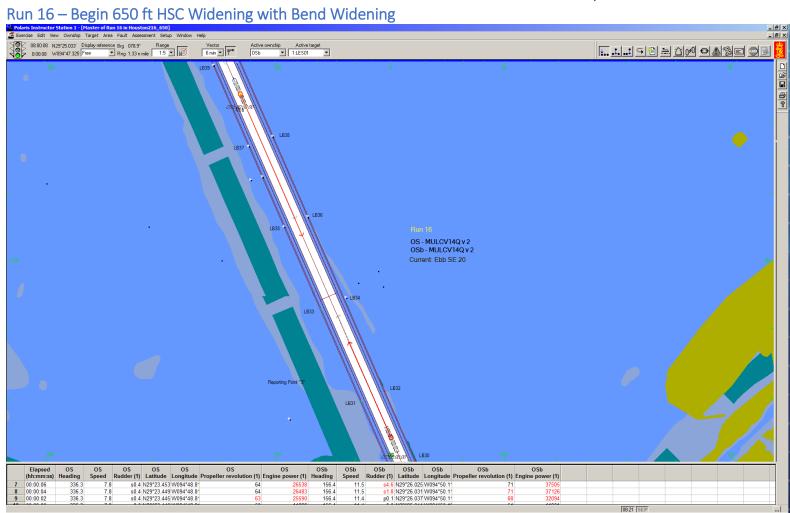


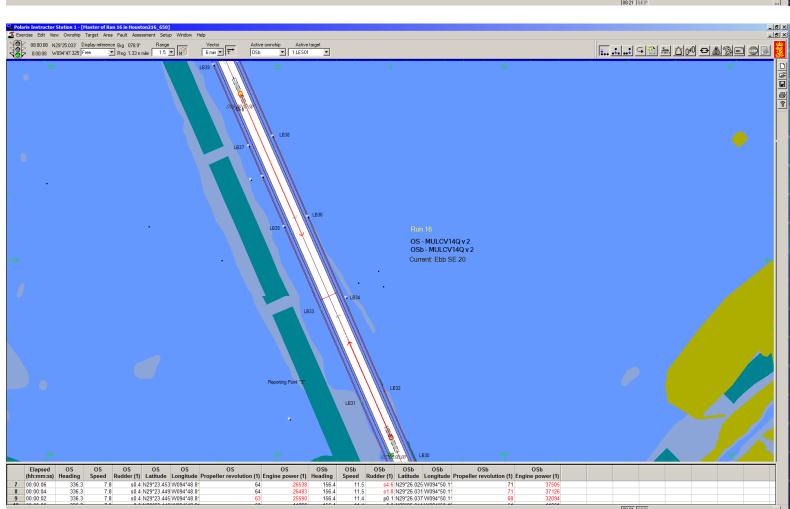


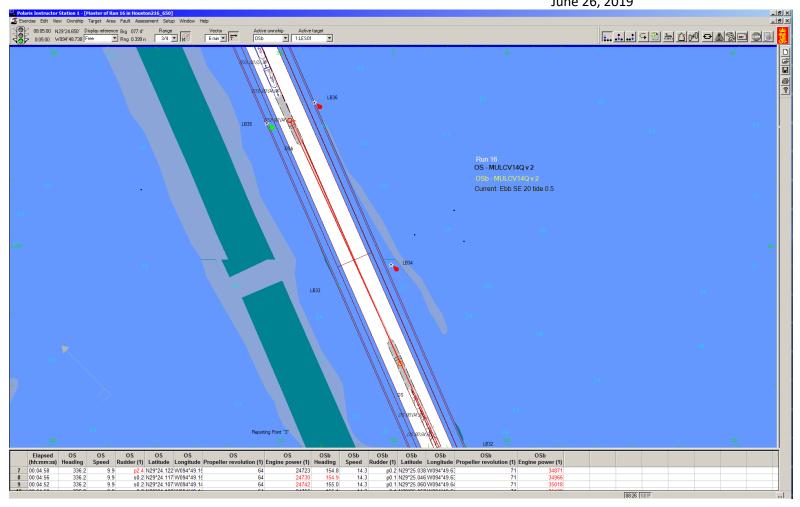


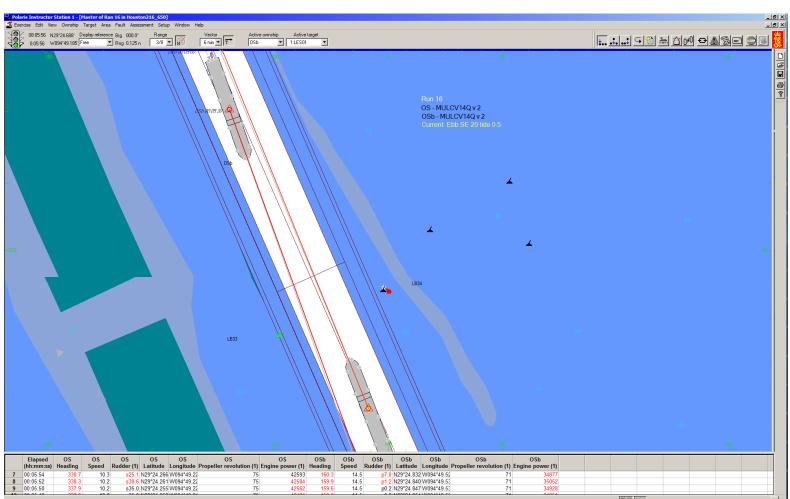


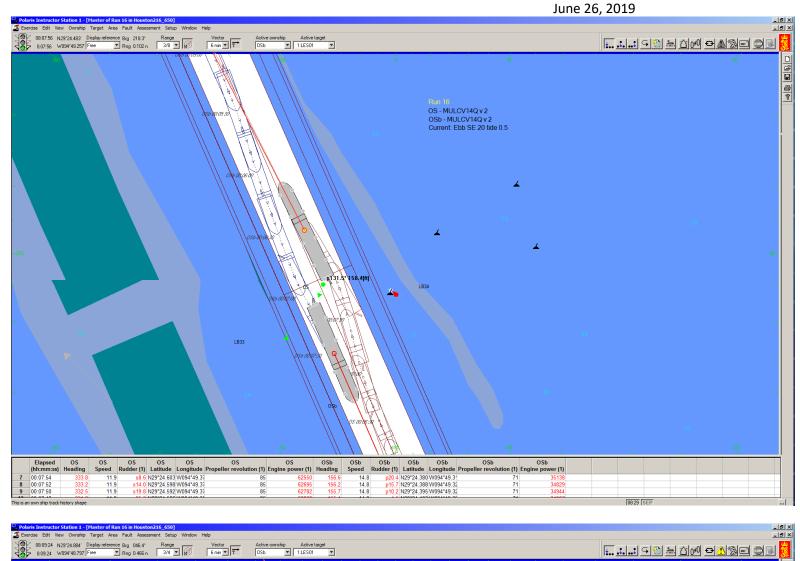
**Appendix L: Houston Ship Channel Bay Sections Simulations** 

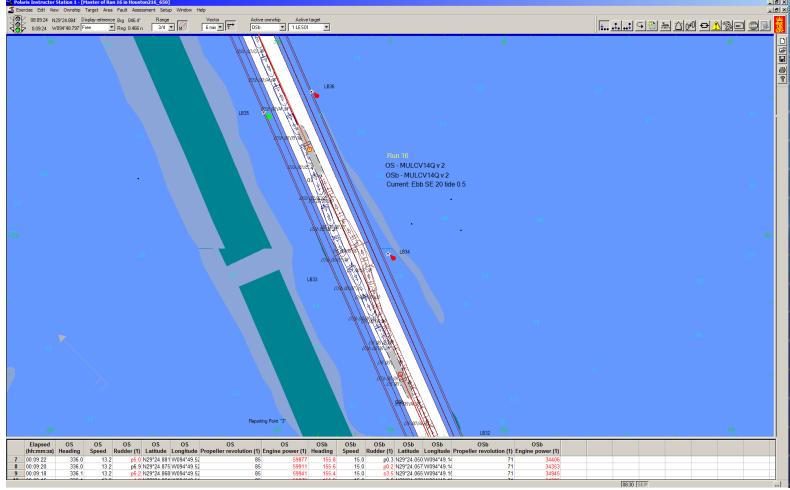




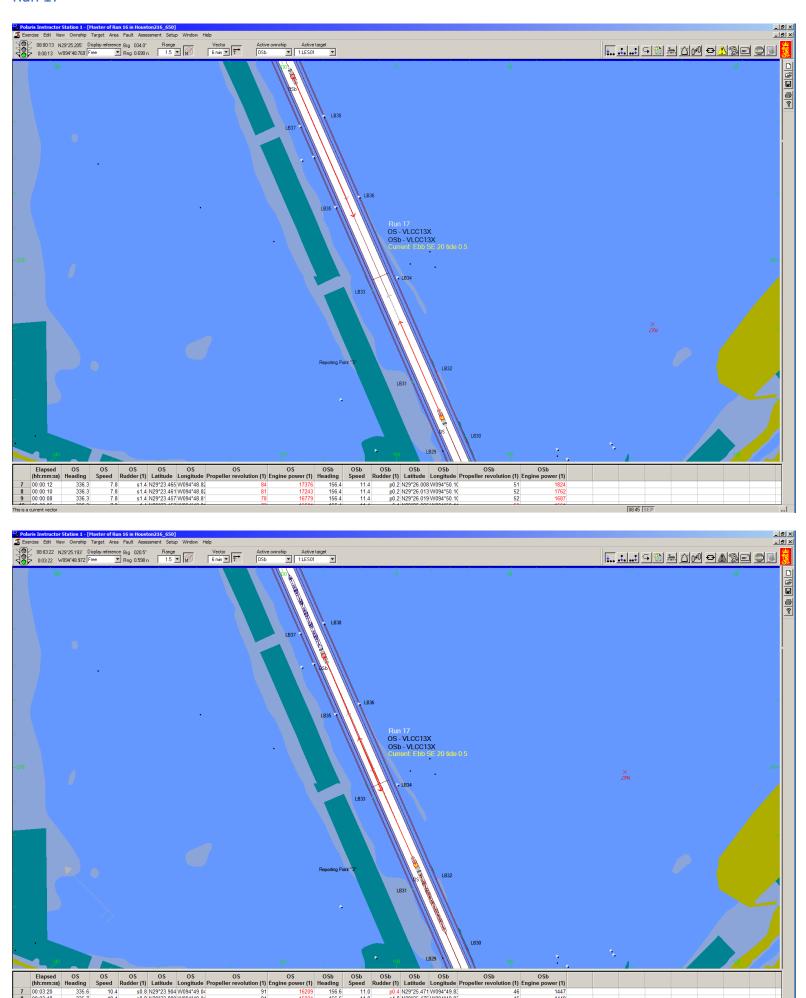


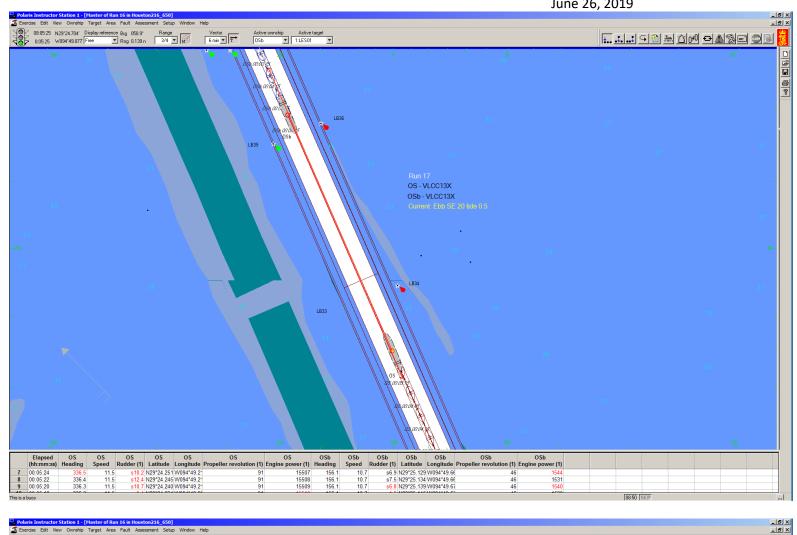


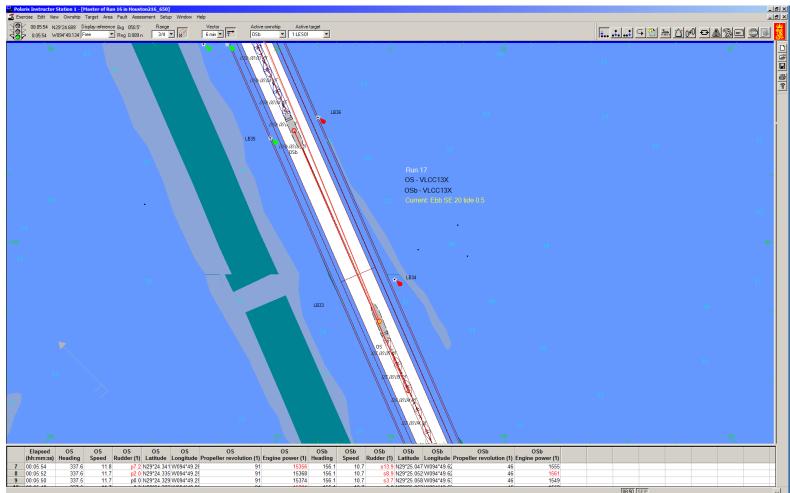


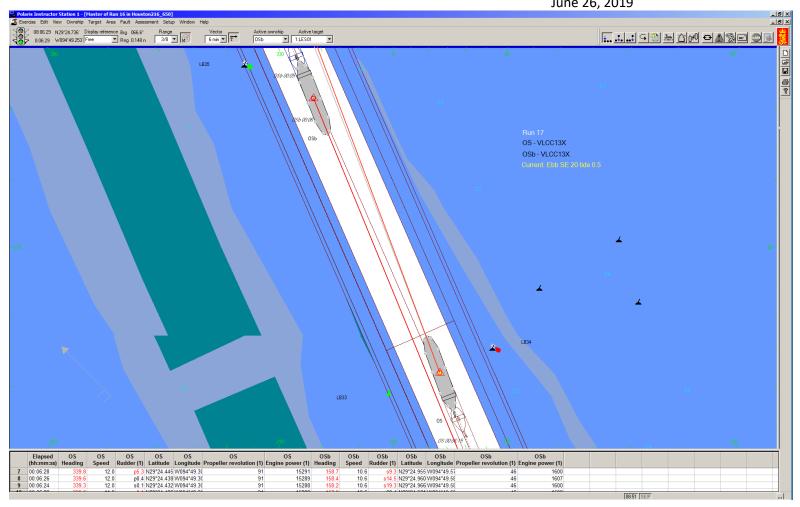


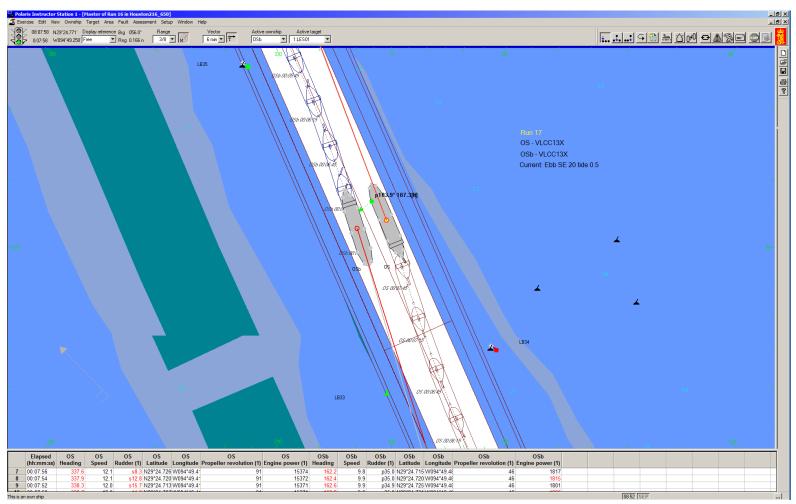
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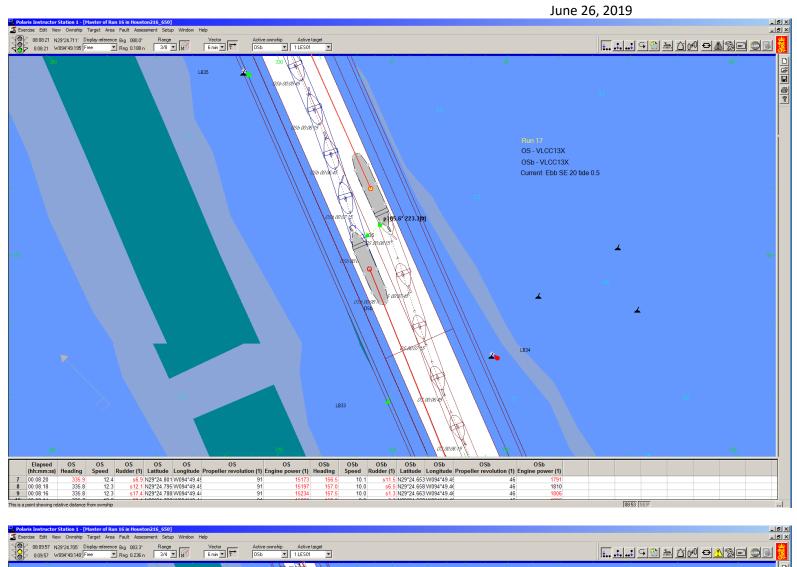


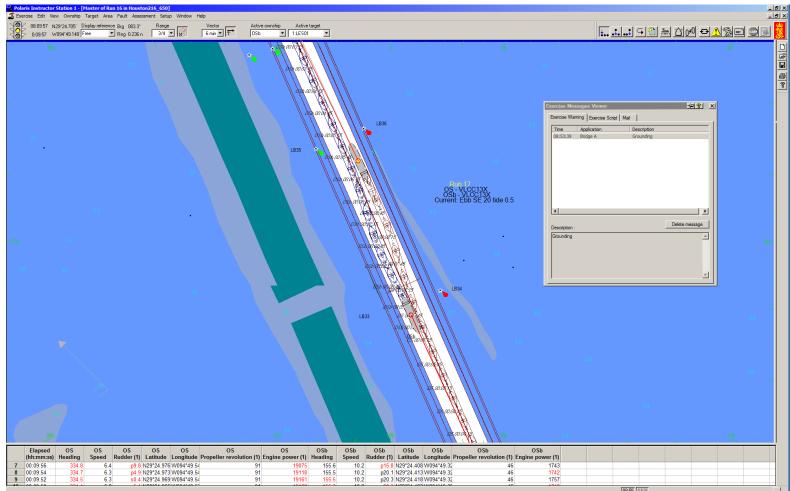


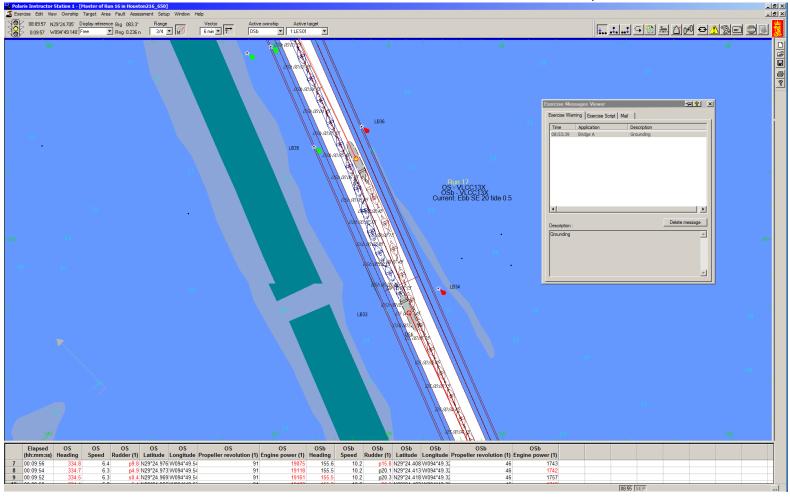






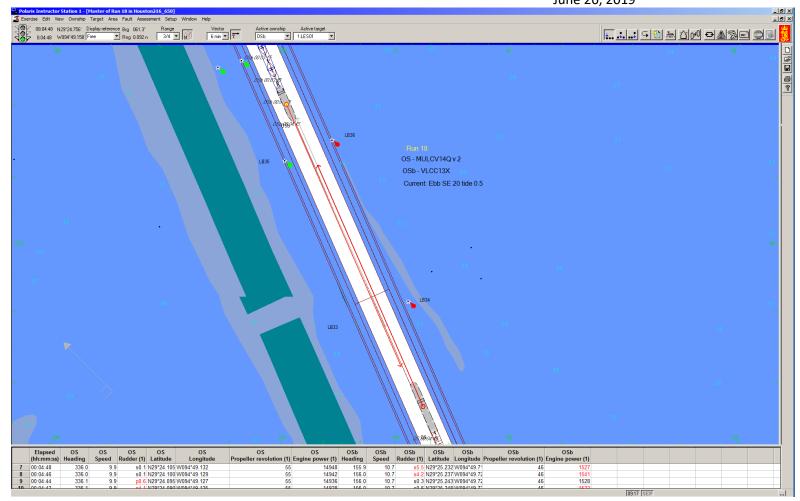


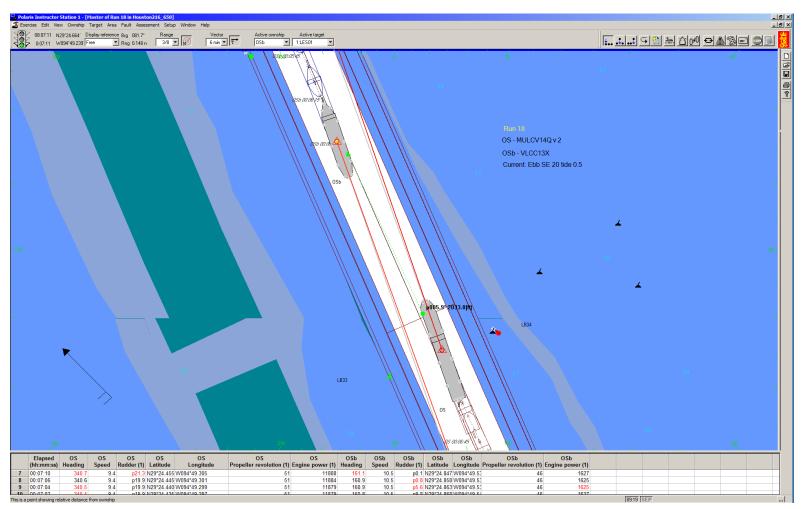


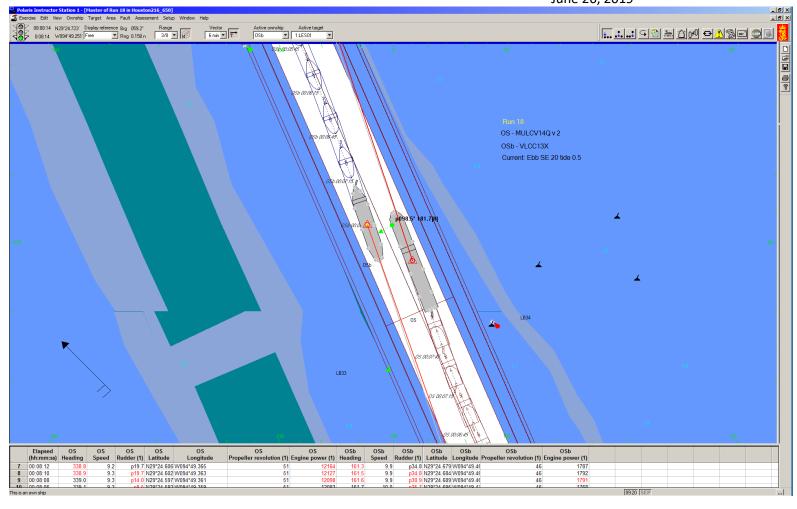


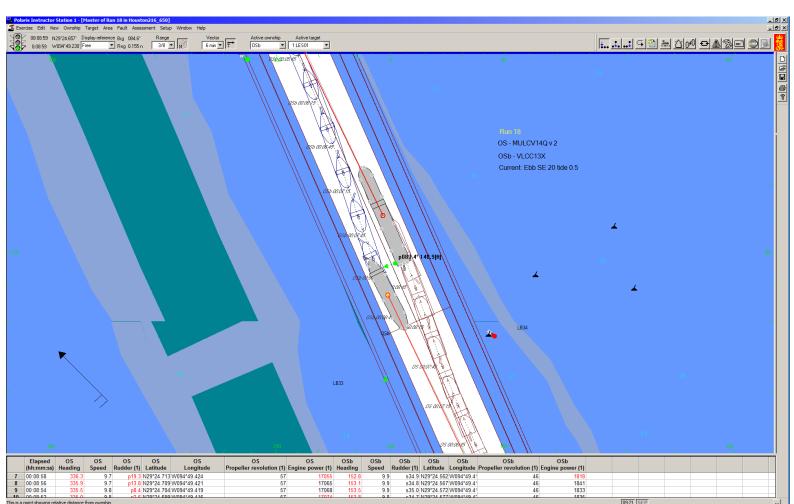
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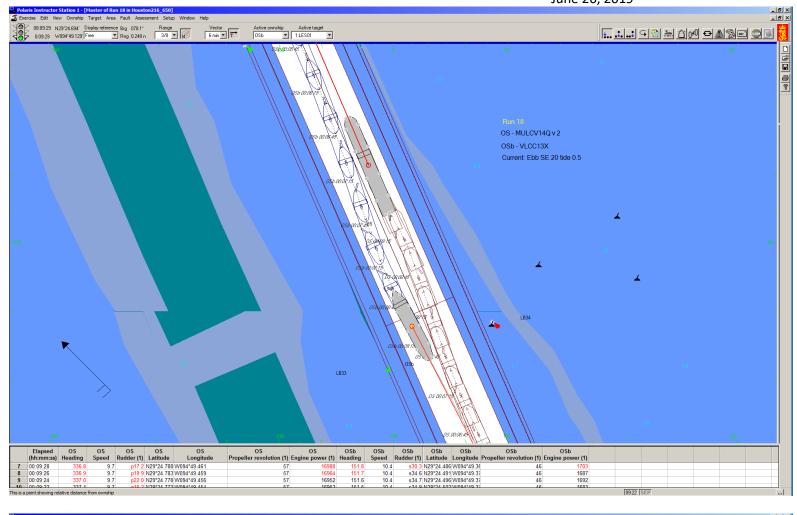


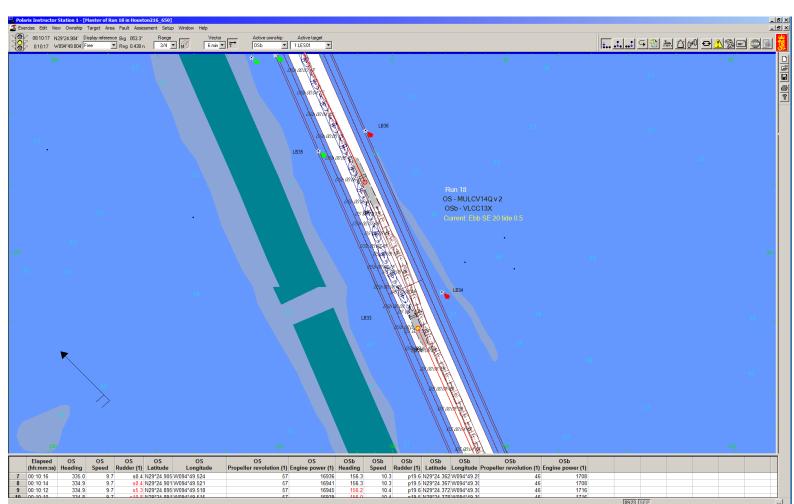




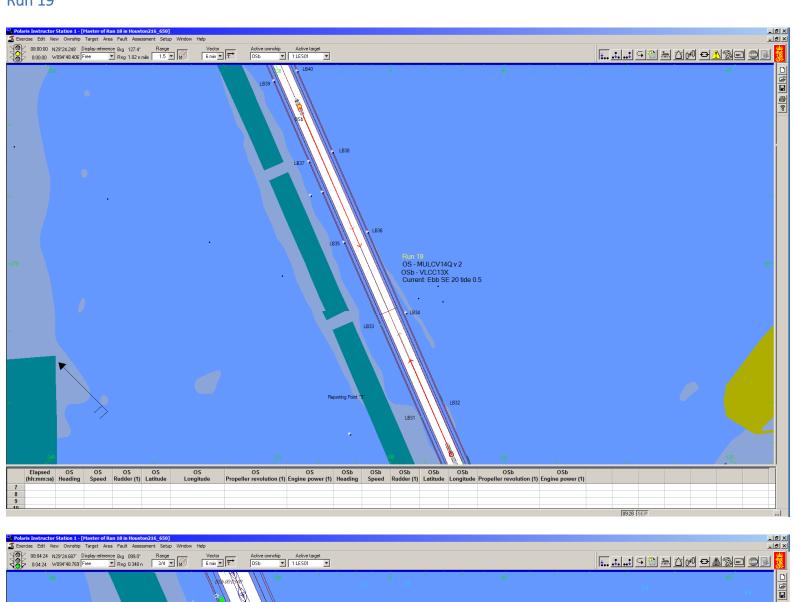


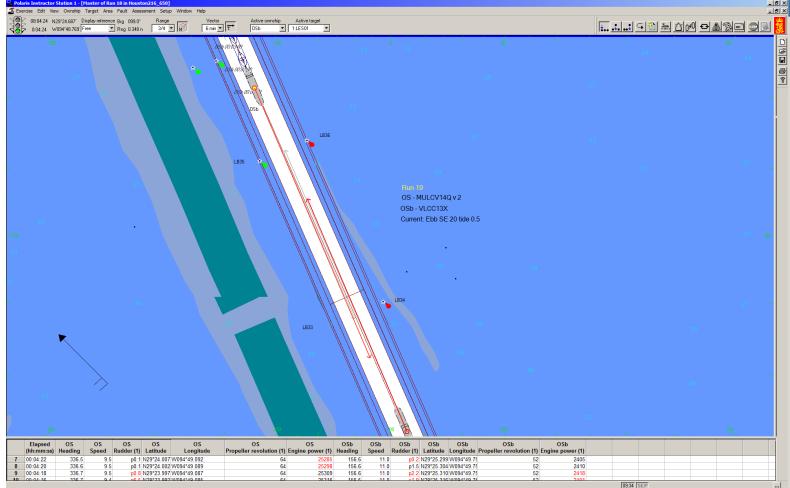


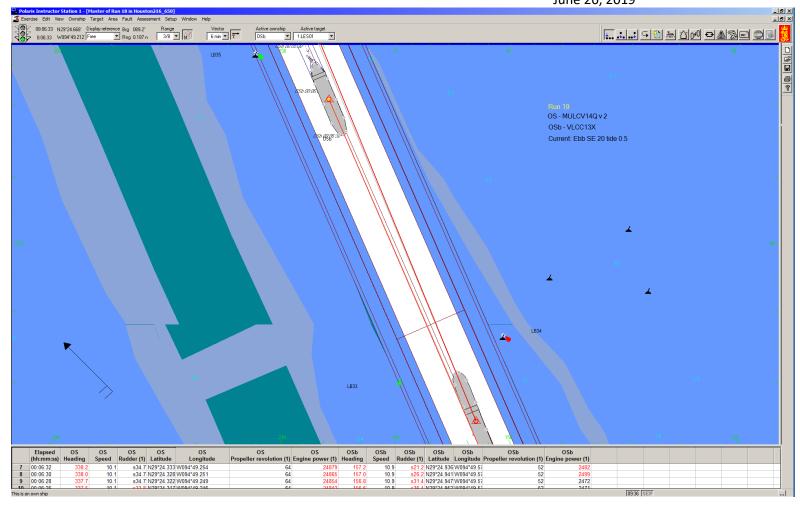


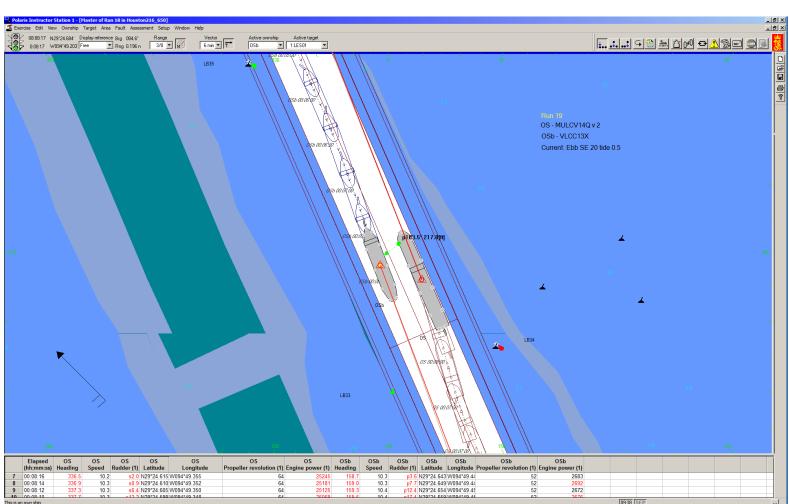


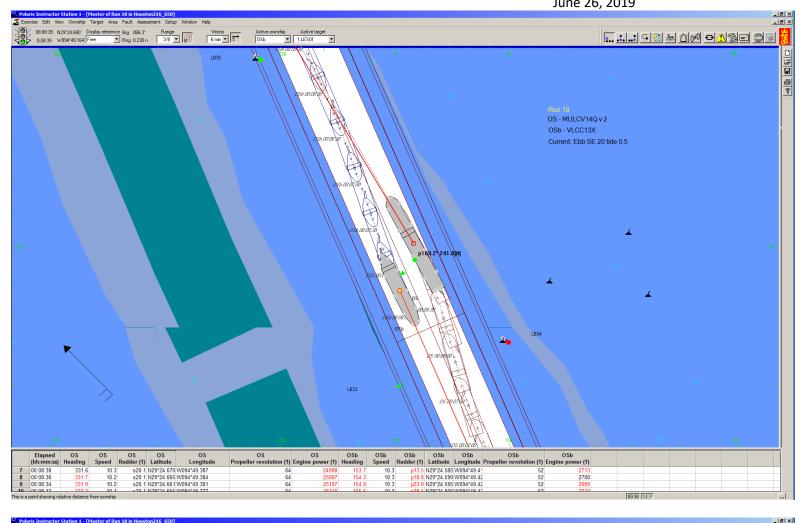
## **Run 19**

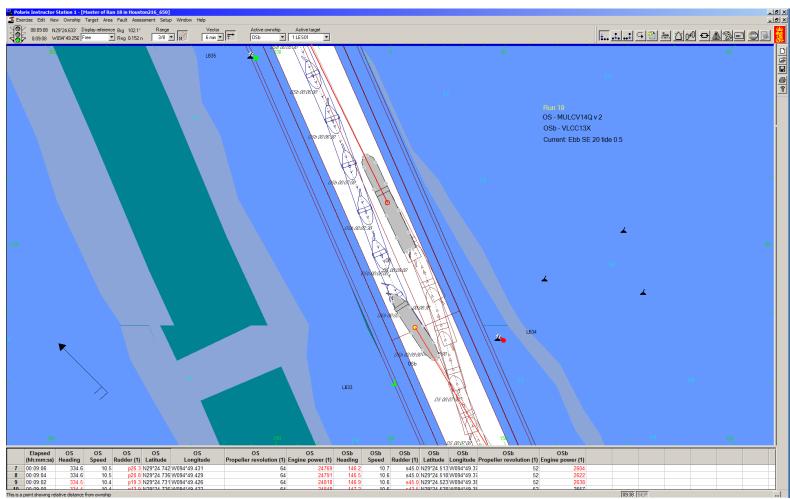


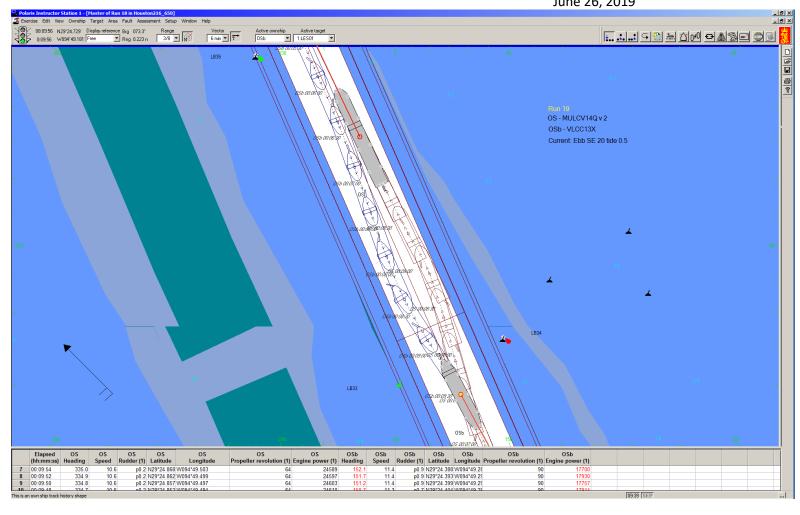


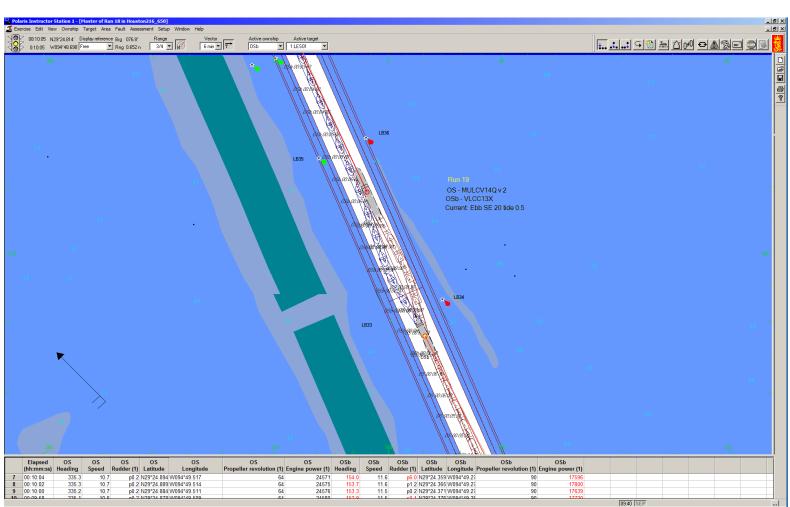


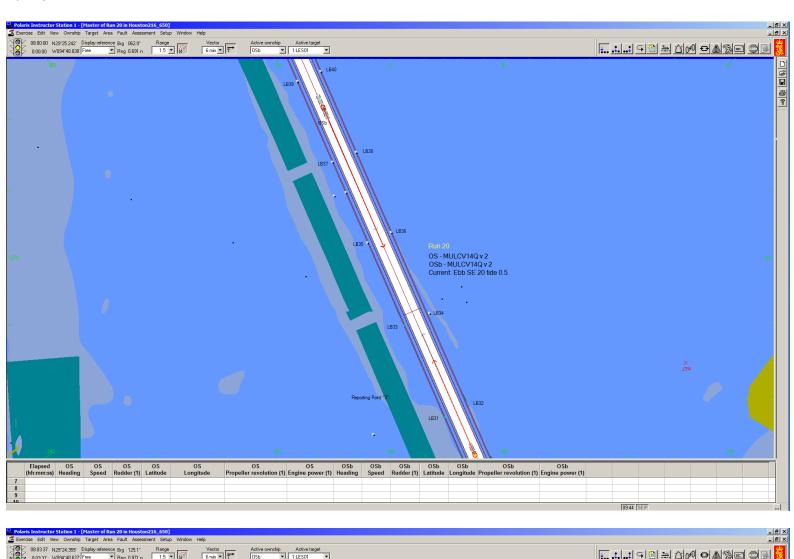


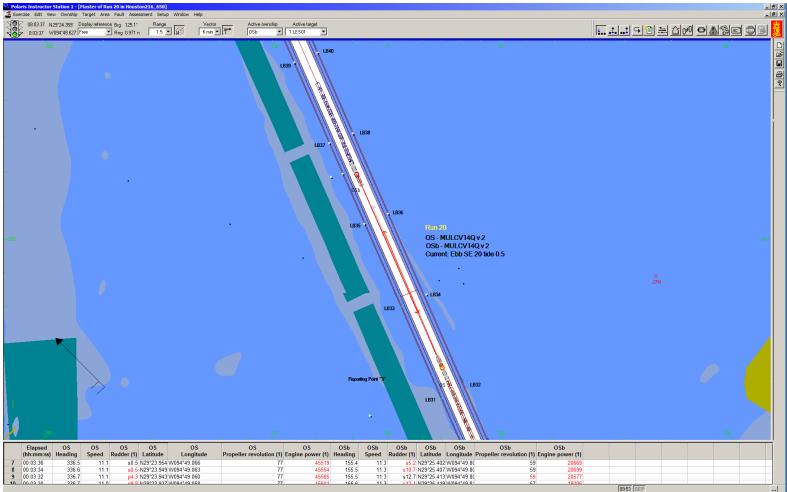


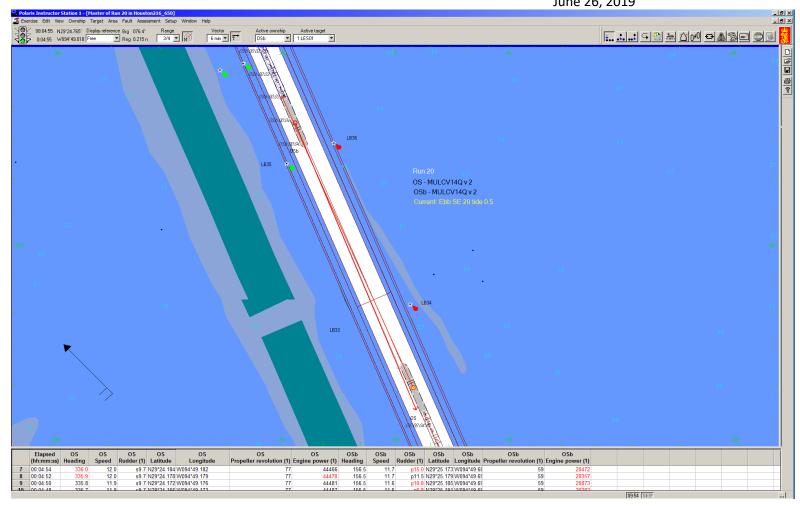


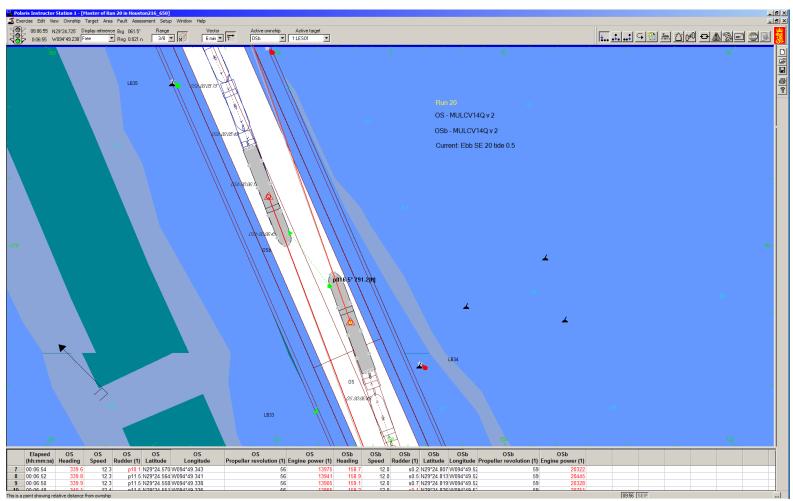


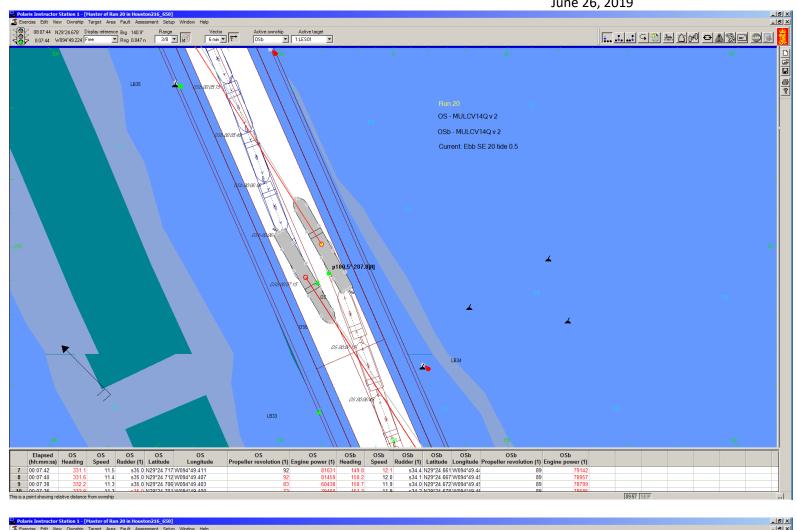


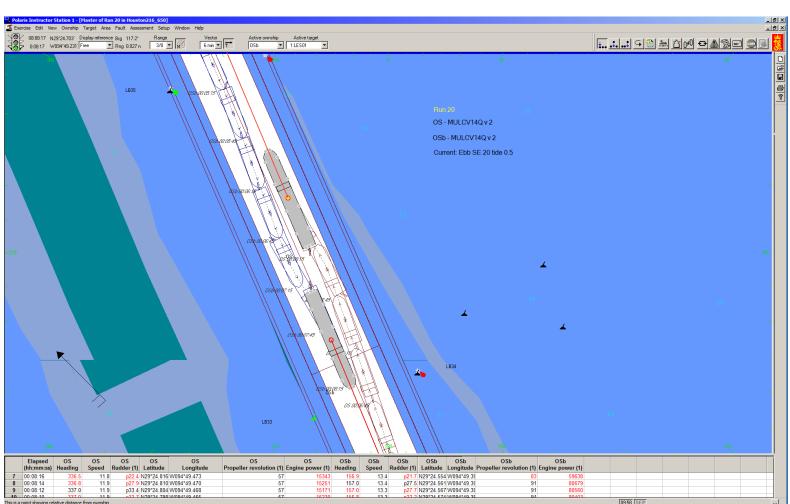


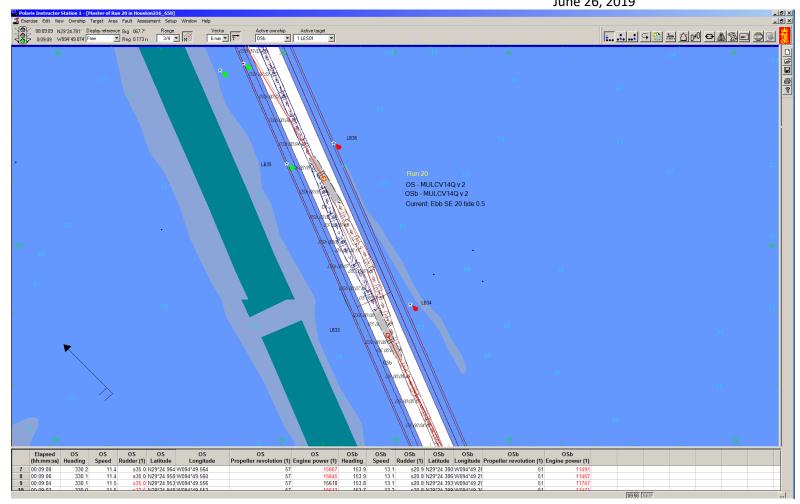


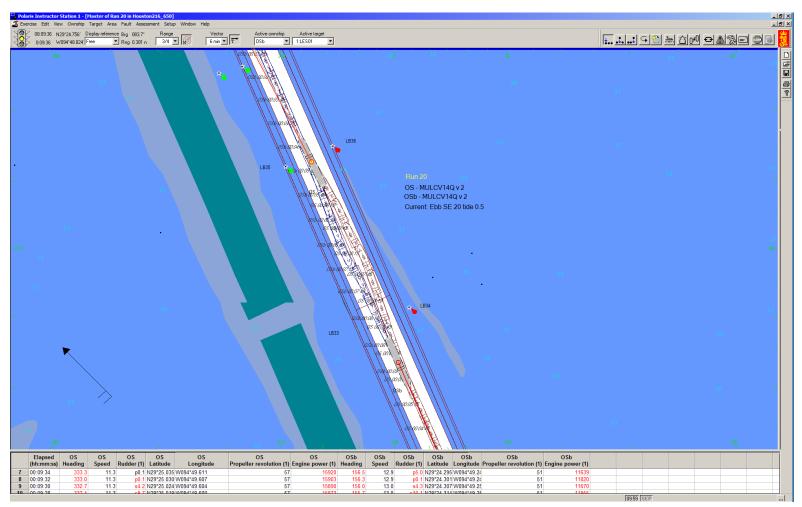




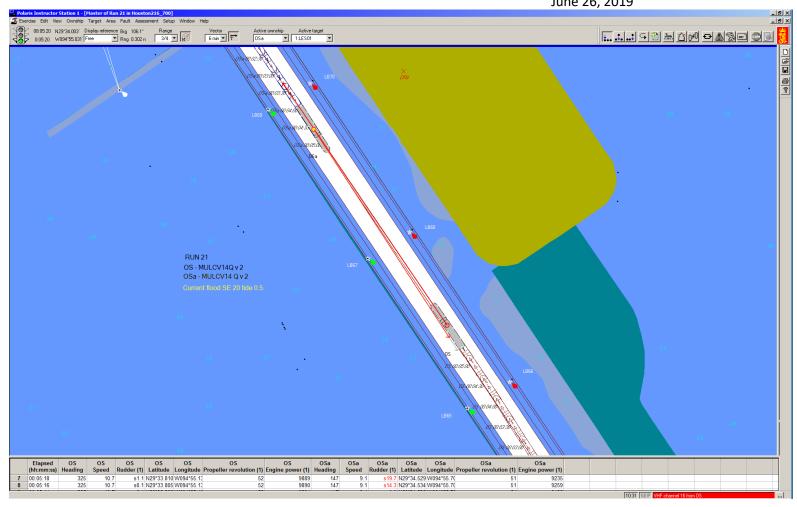


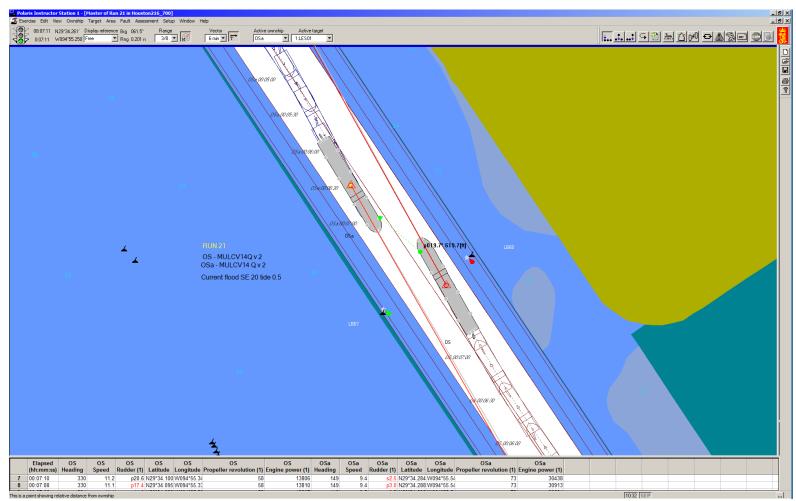


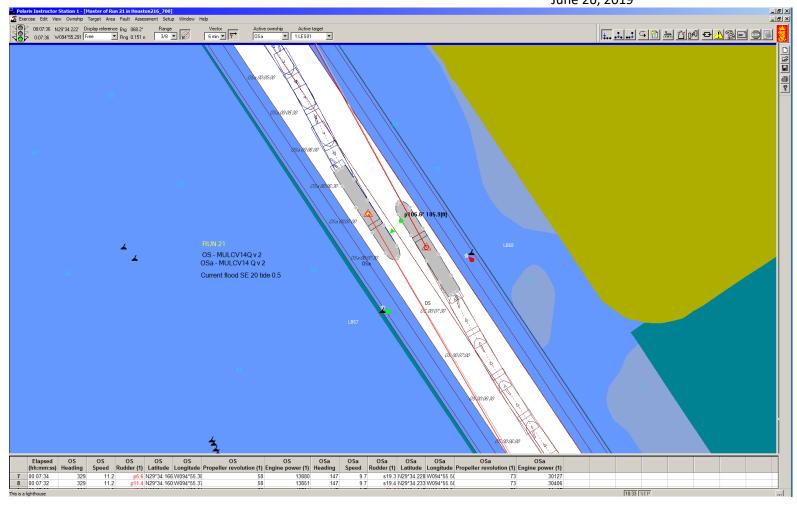


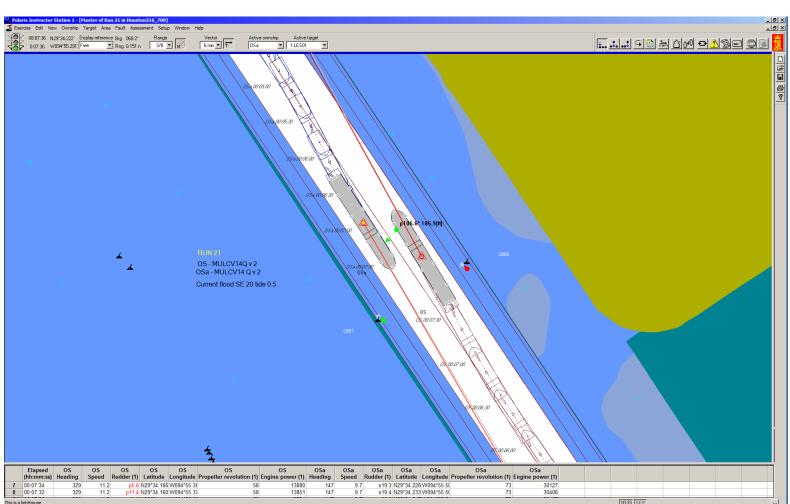


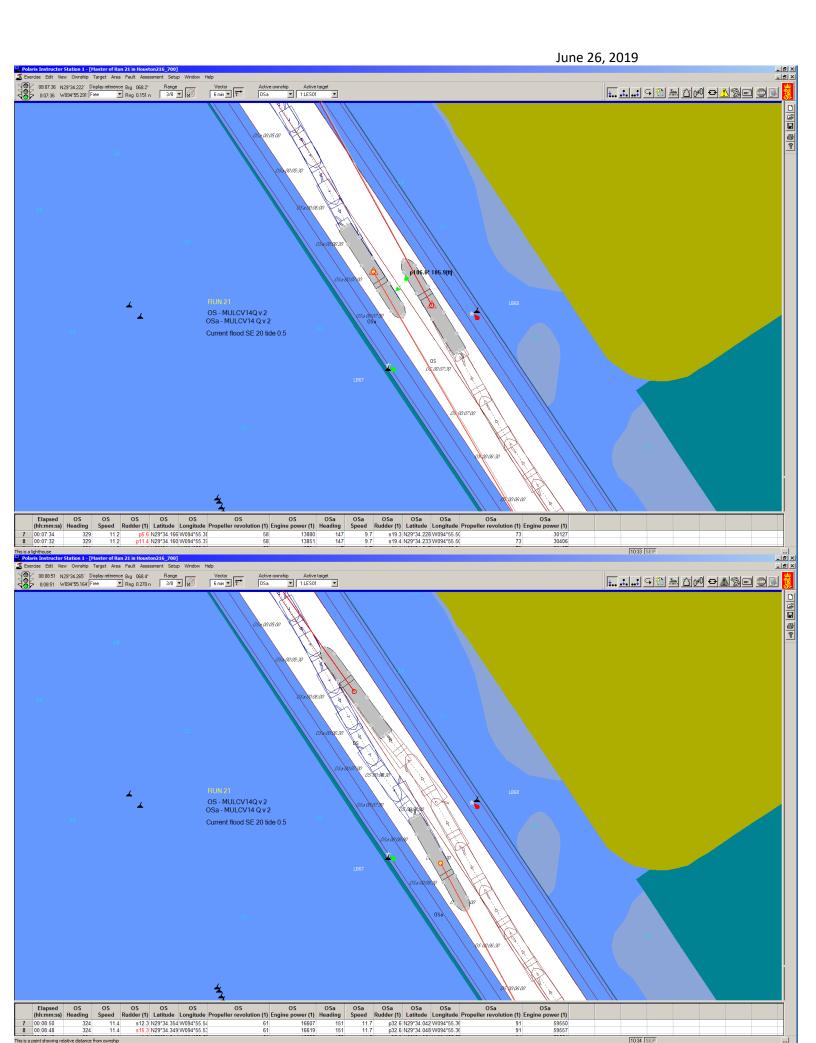
June 26, 2019 Run 21 – Begin 700 ft HSC Widening with Bend Widening 08:00 00 N28\*33-957 Display reference Big 094.1\* Range Vector Similar Active ownship Active target 0:00:00 W094\*53.956 Free Rang 1:23 namle 3 National Range 08.02.15 N23°34.179′ Display reference Brg 283.3° Range Vector 0.02.15 W094°55.815 Free ▼ Rng 0.402 n 1.5 ▼ 1.5 ▼ RUN 21 OS - MULCV14Q v 2
OSa - MULCV14 Q v 2
Current flood SE 20 tide 0.5

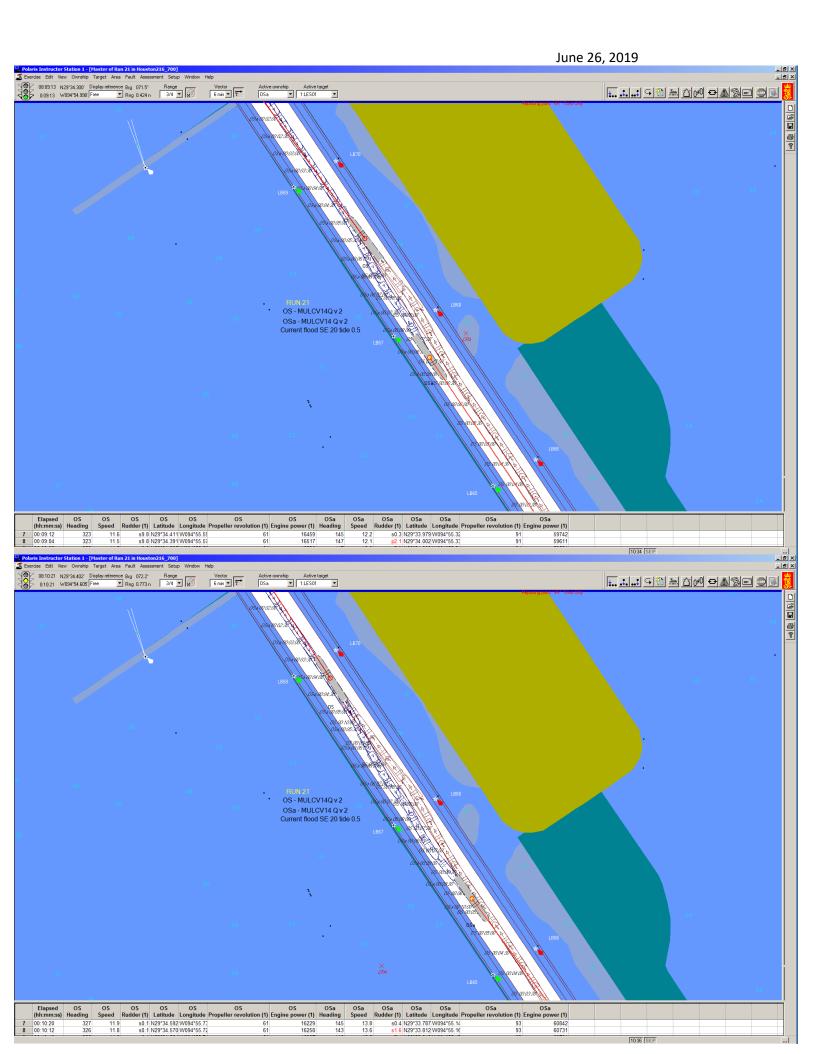


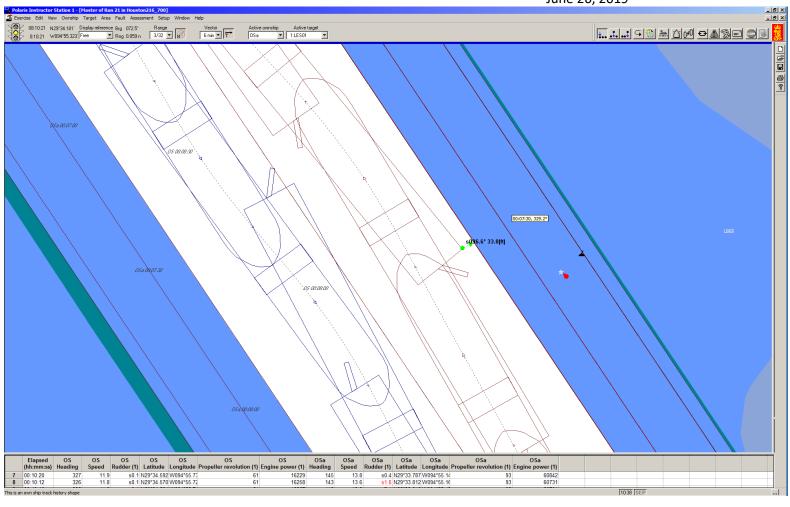




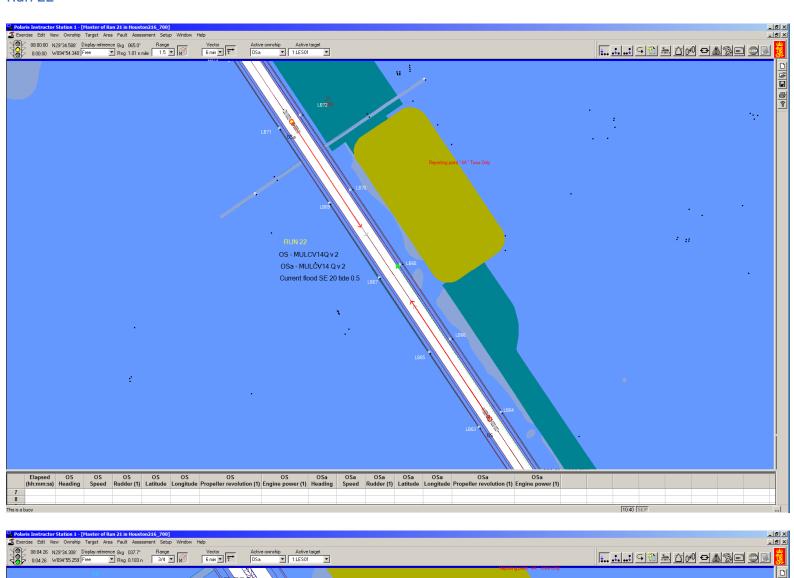


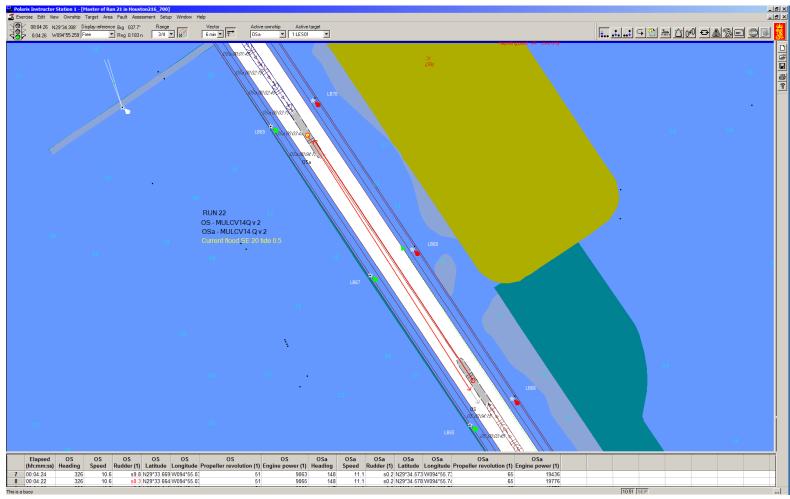


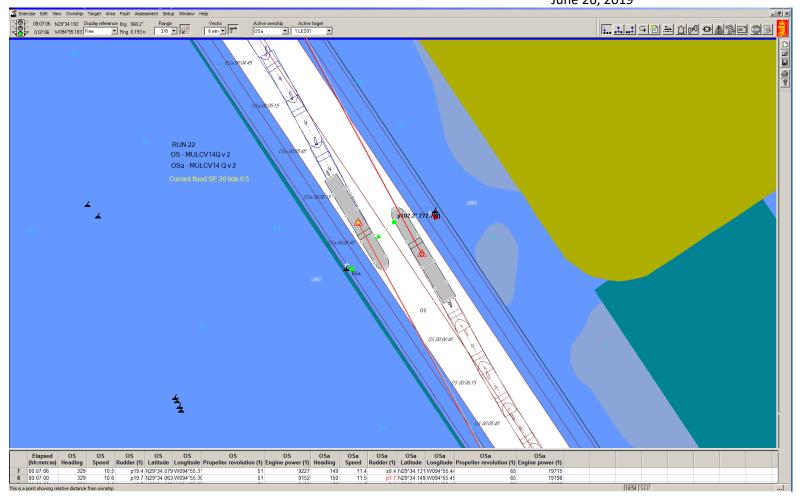


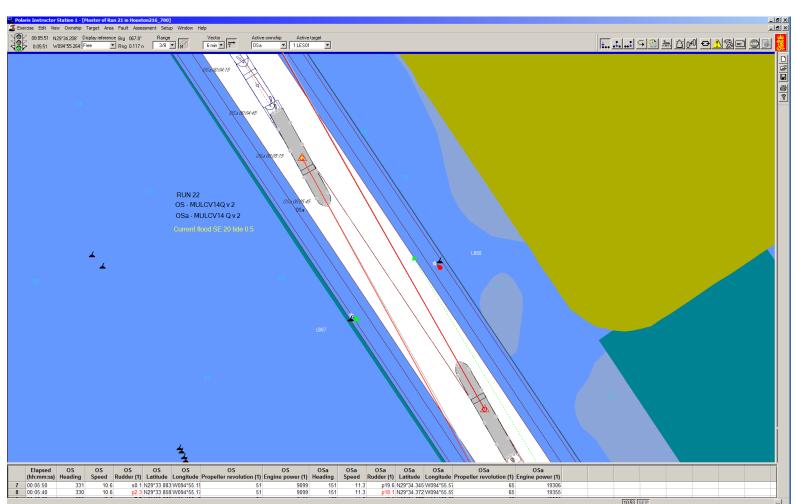


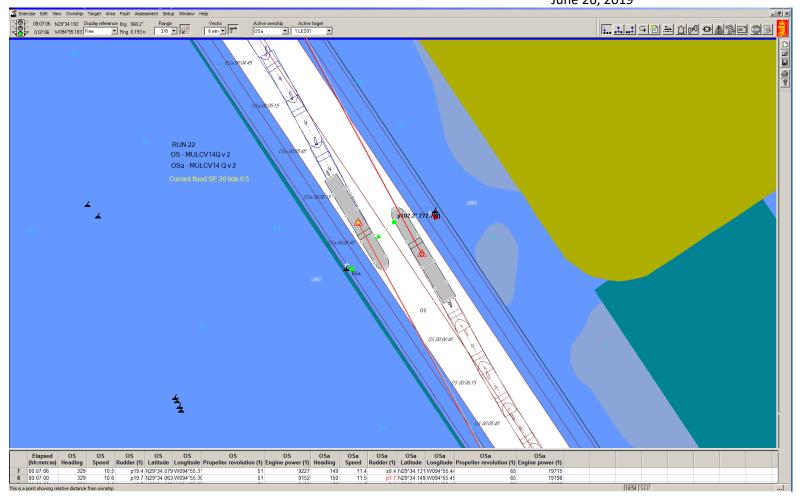
## Run 22

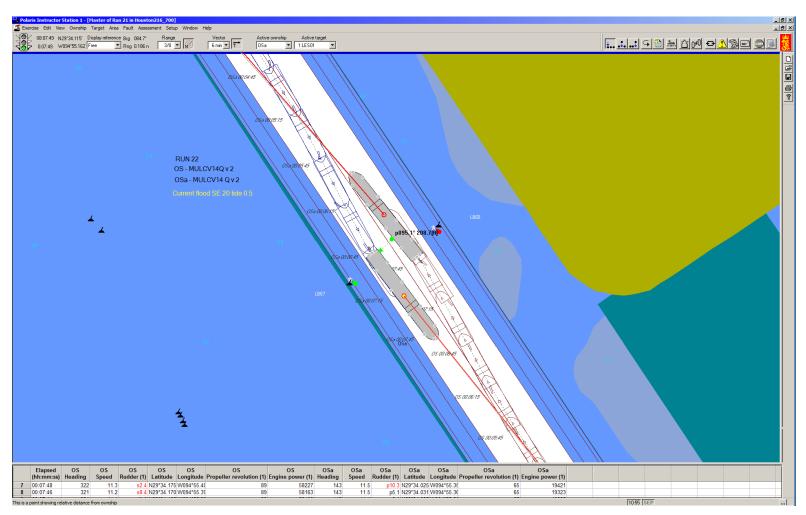


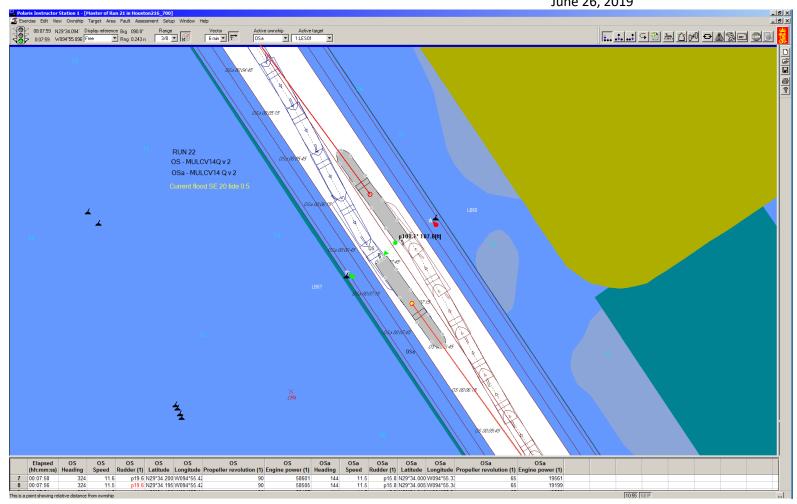


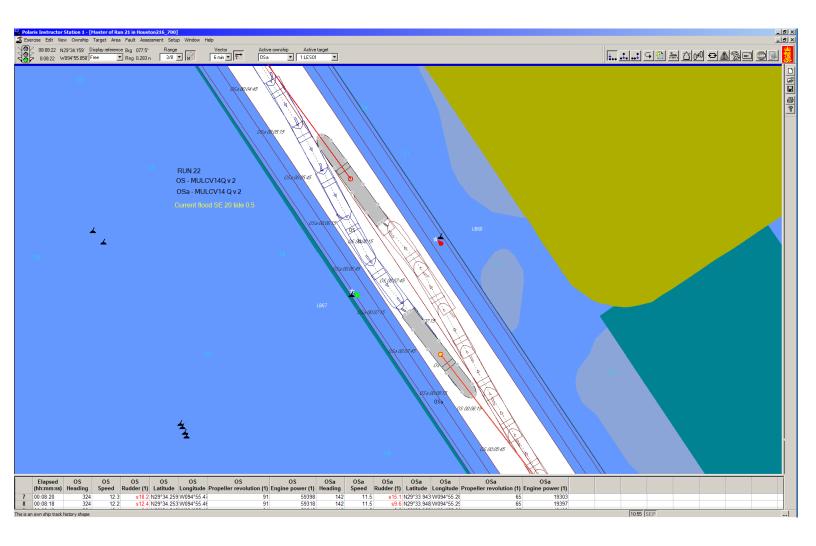


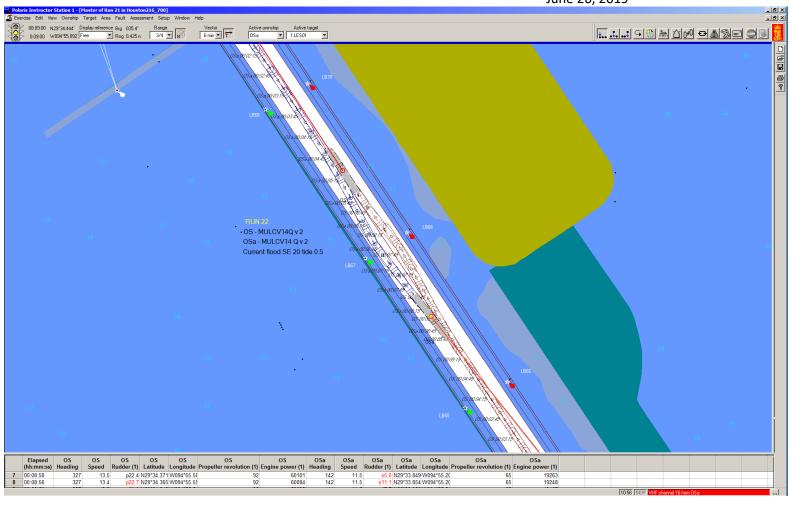






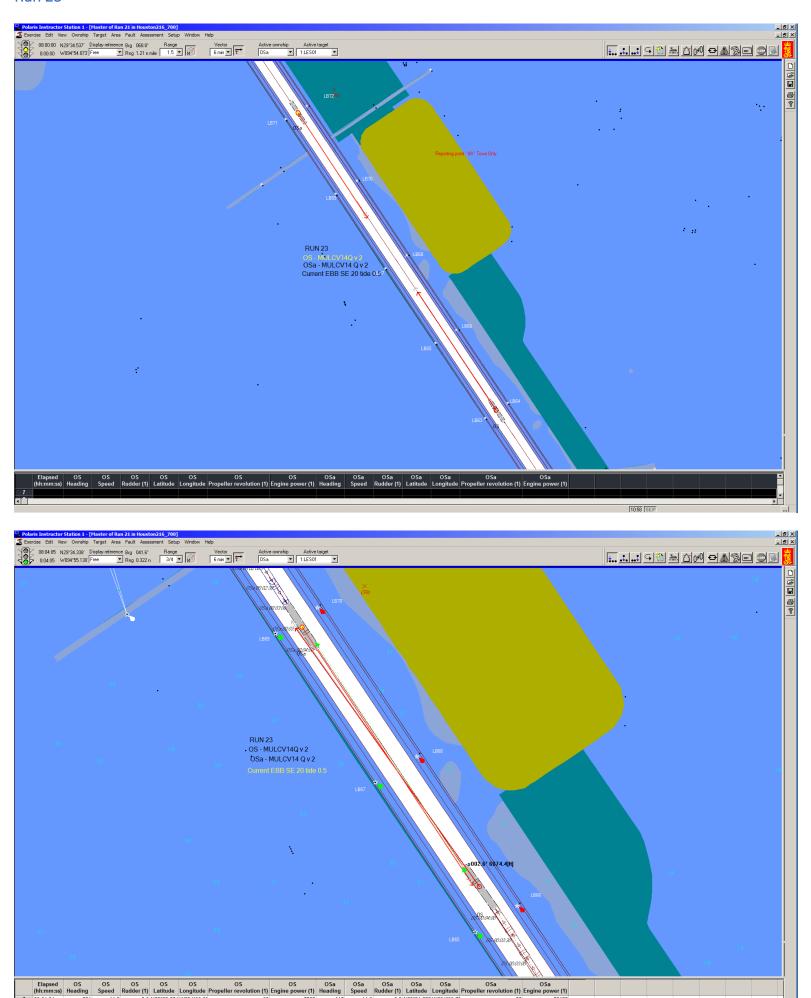


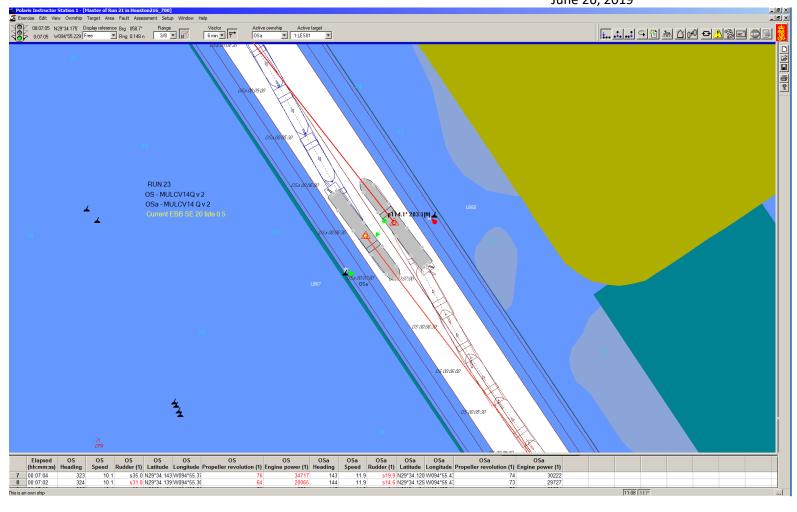


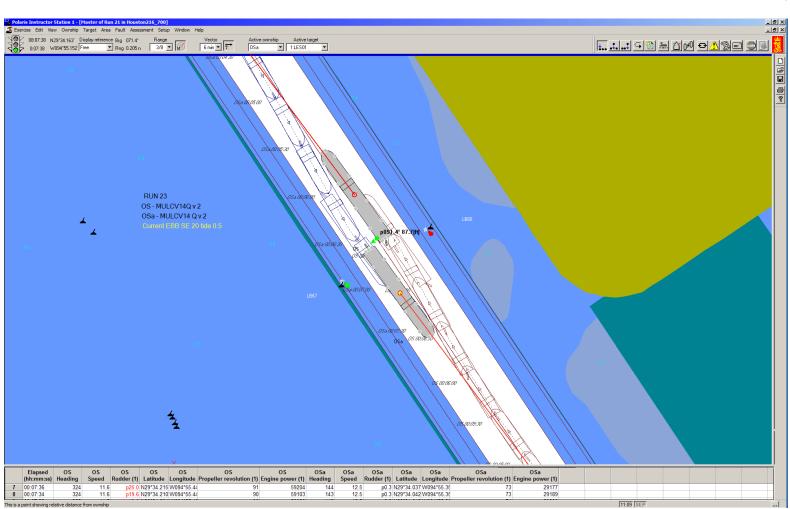


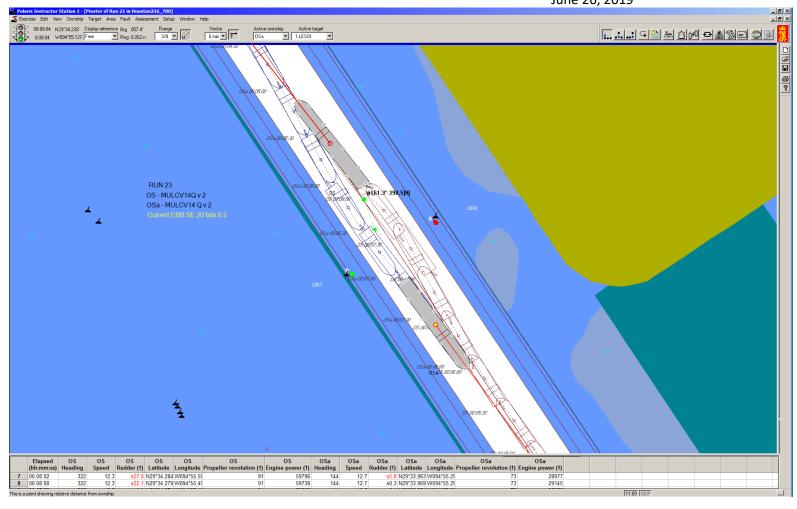
11:05 SEP

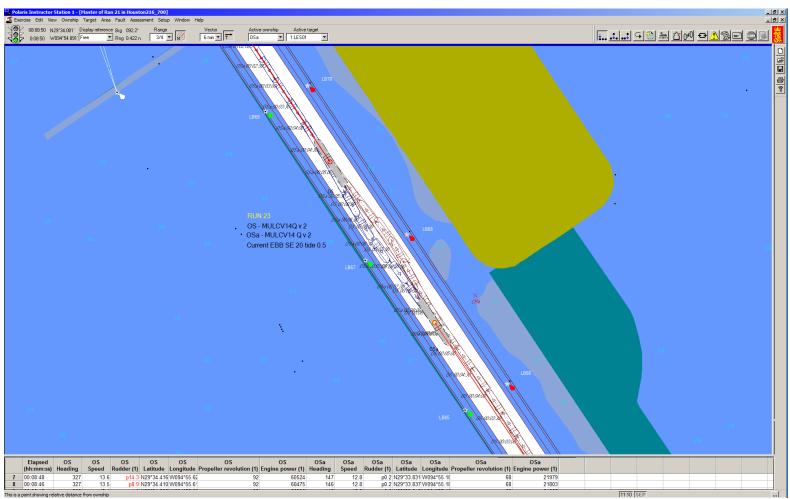
## Run 23

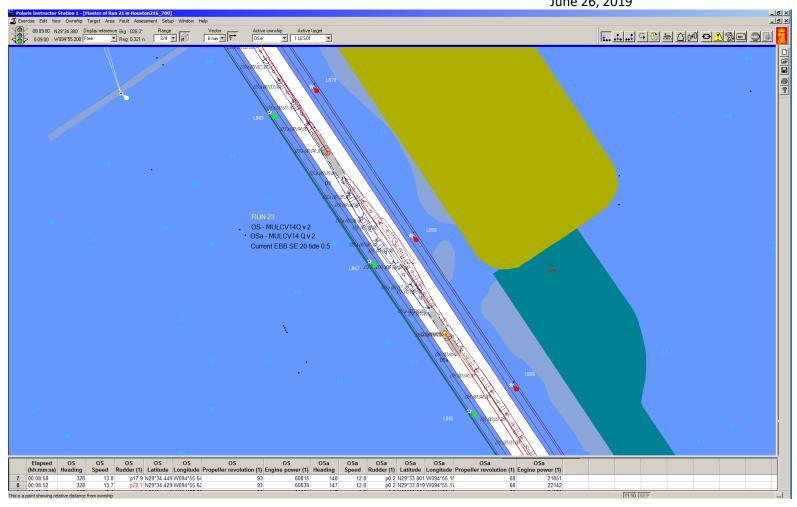


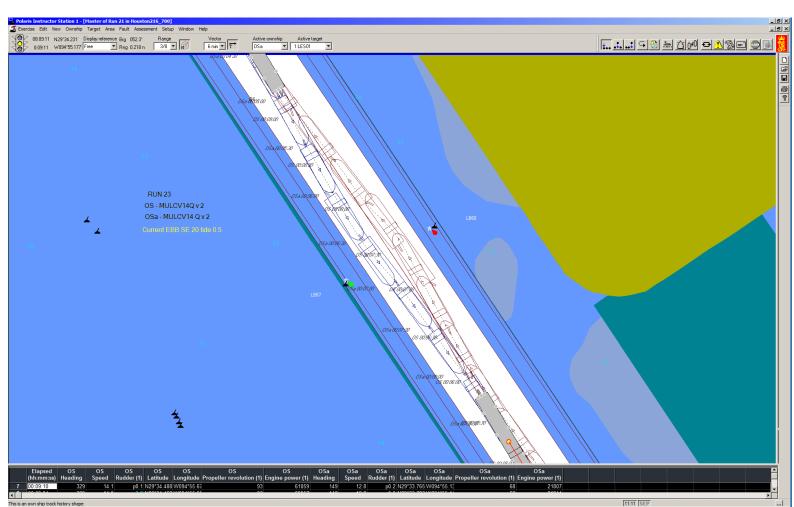


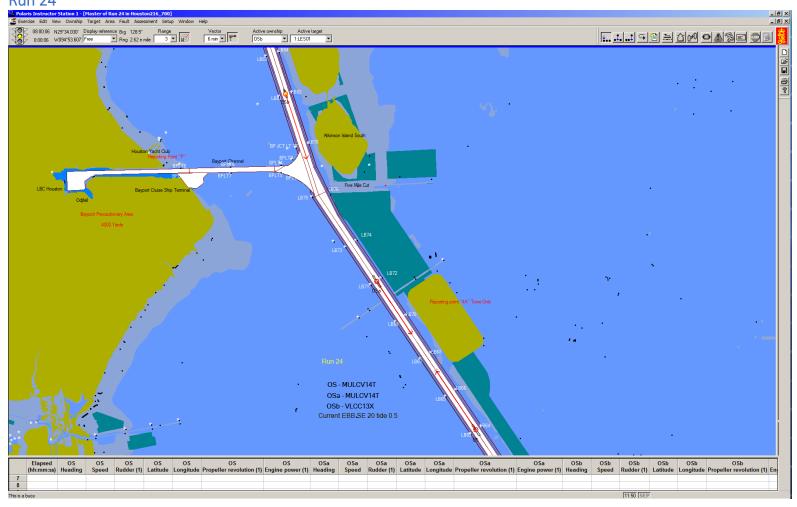


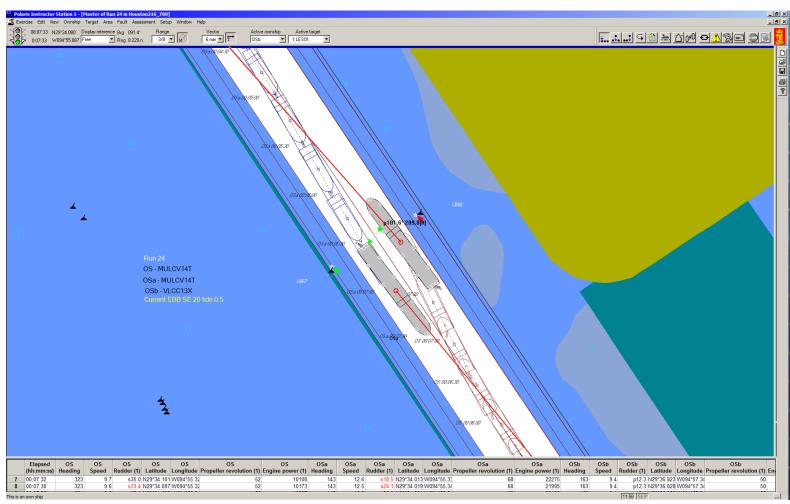


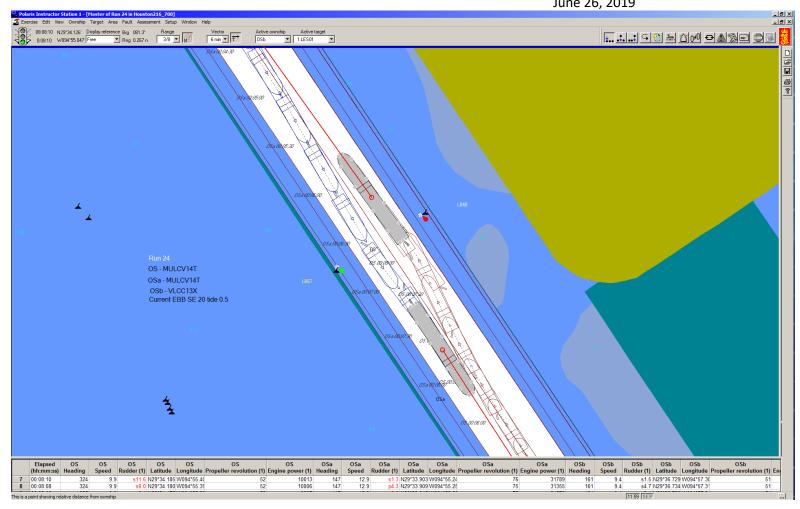


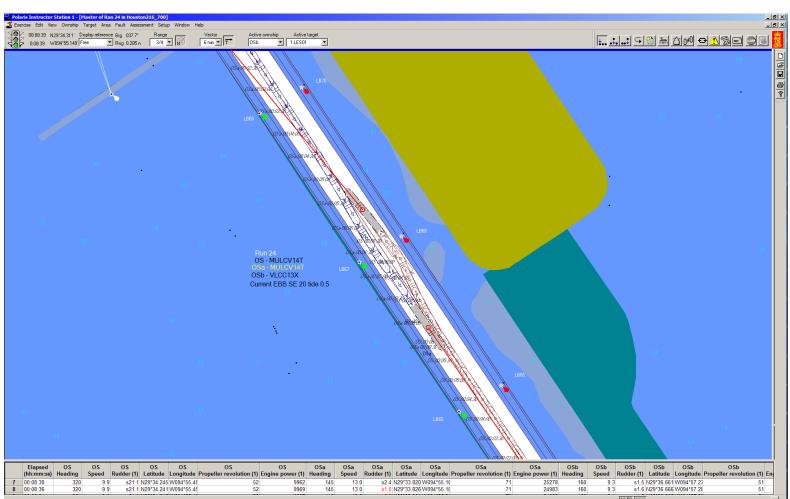


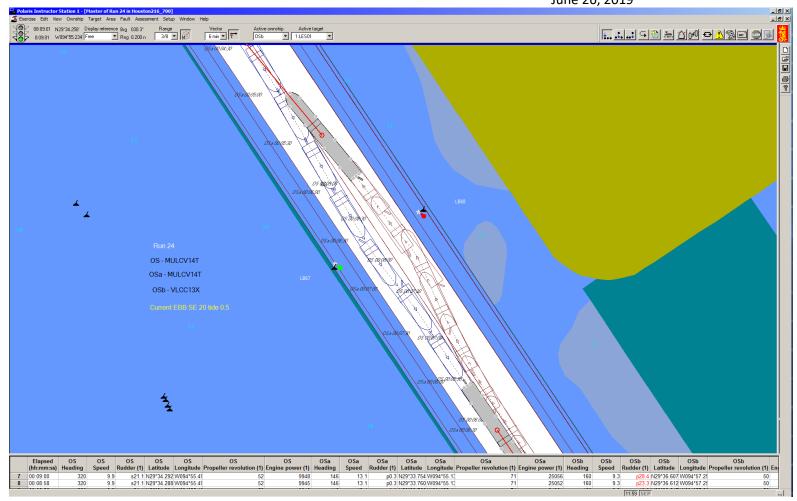


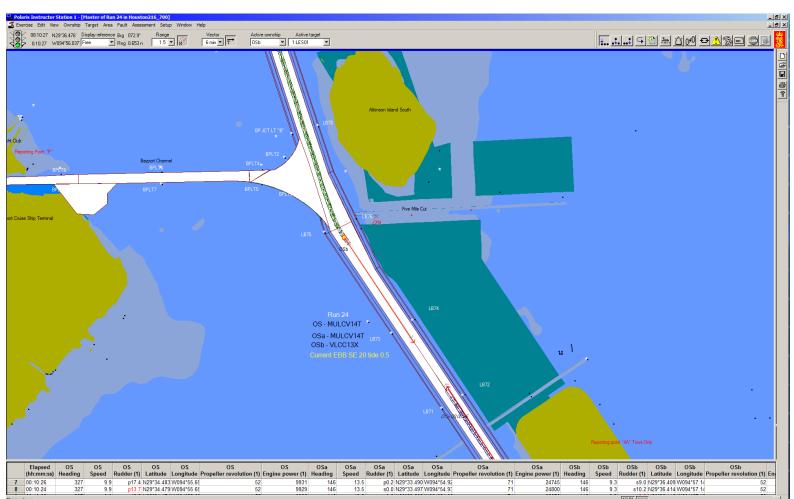


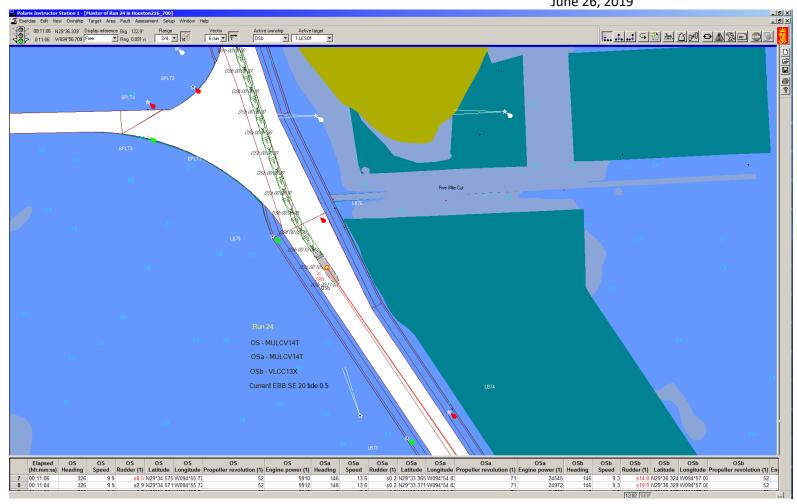


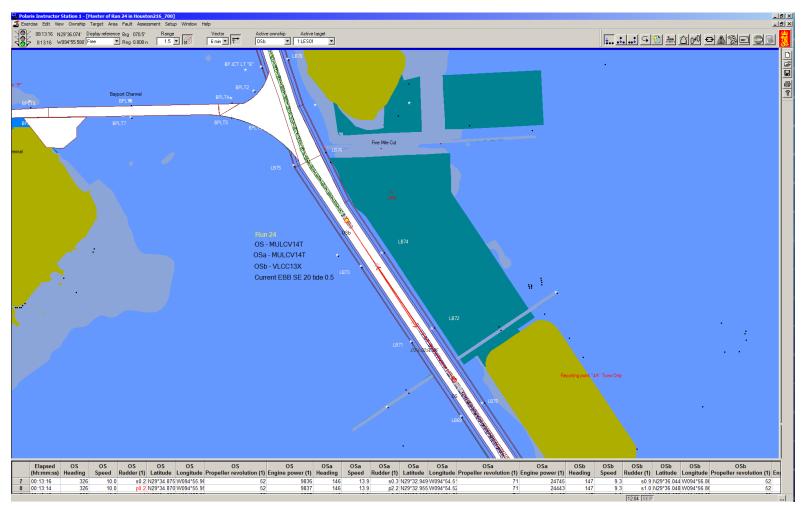


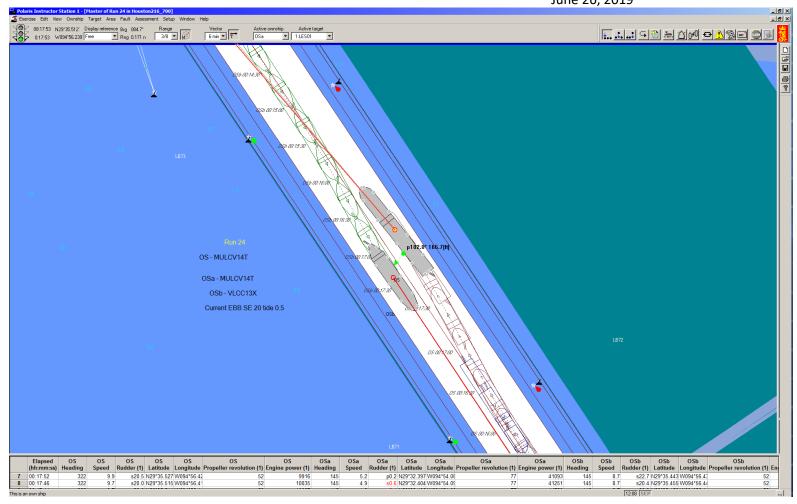


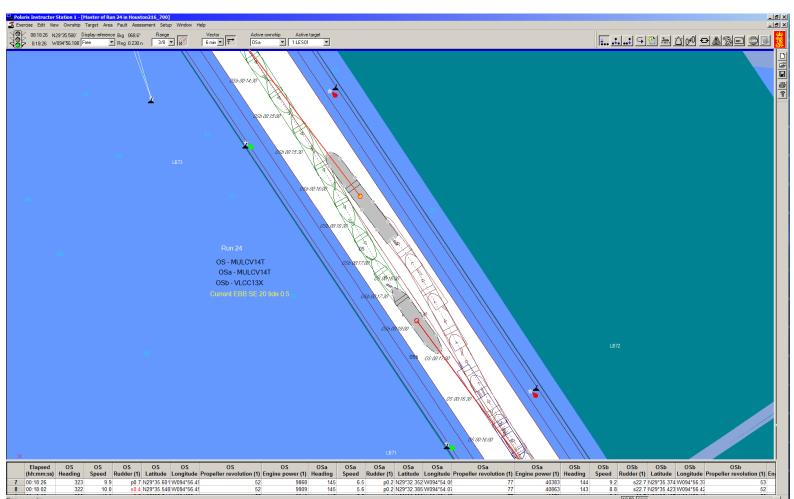


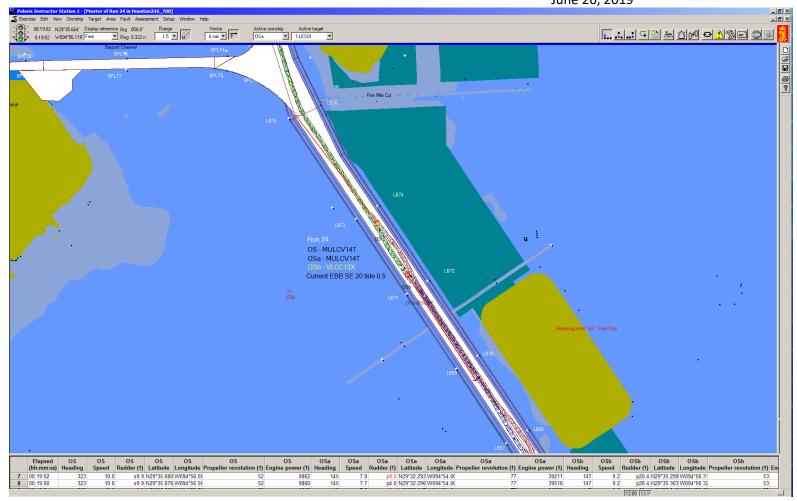


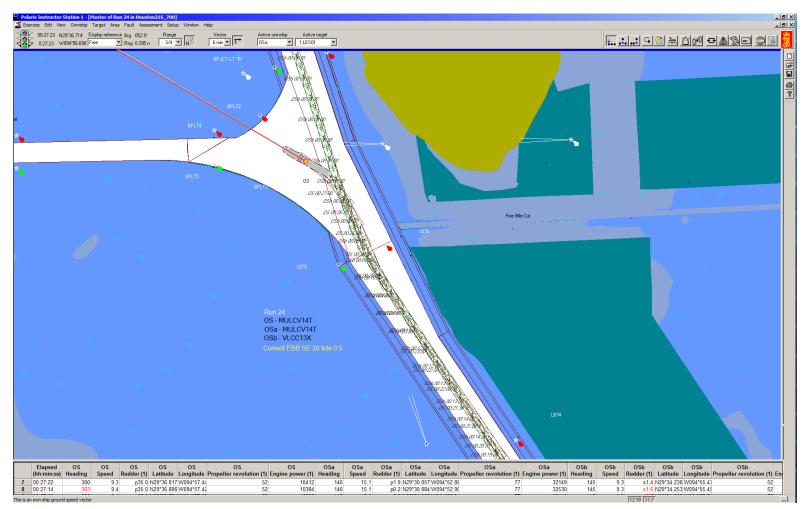


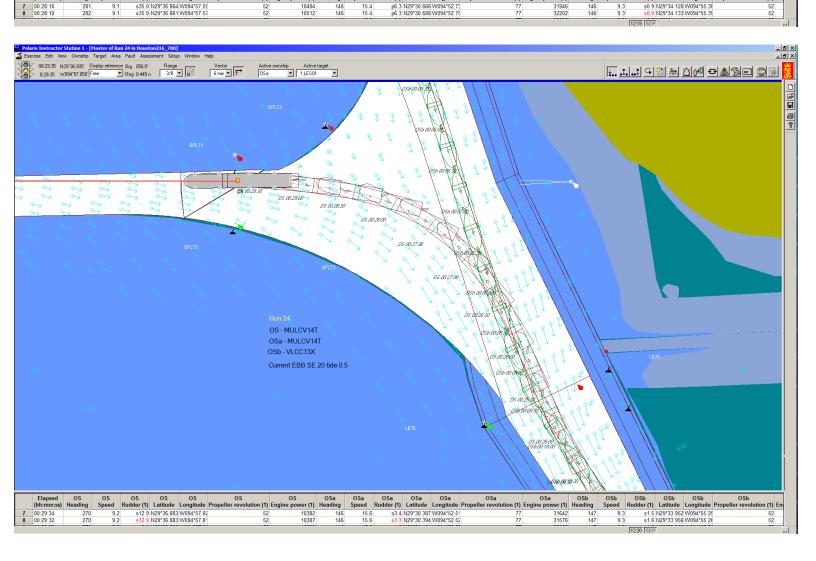


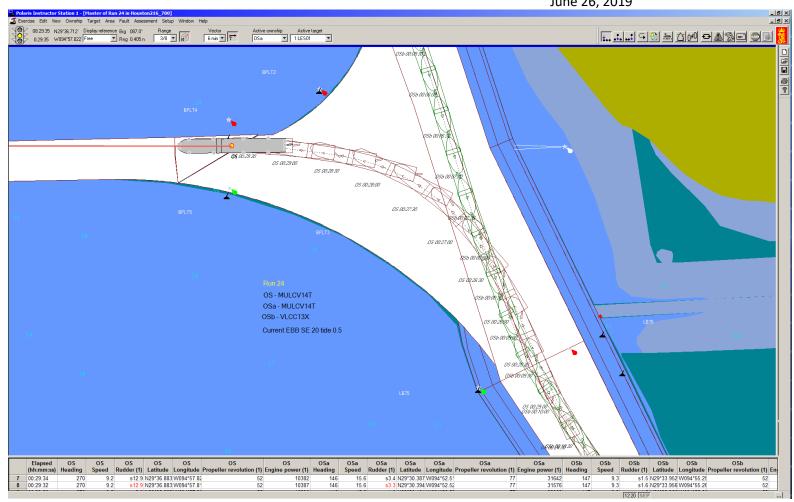


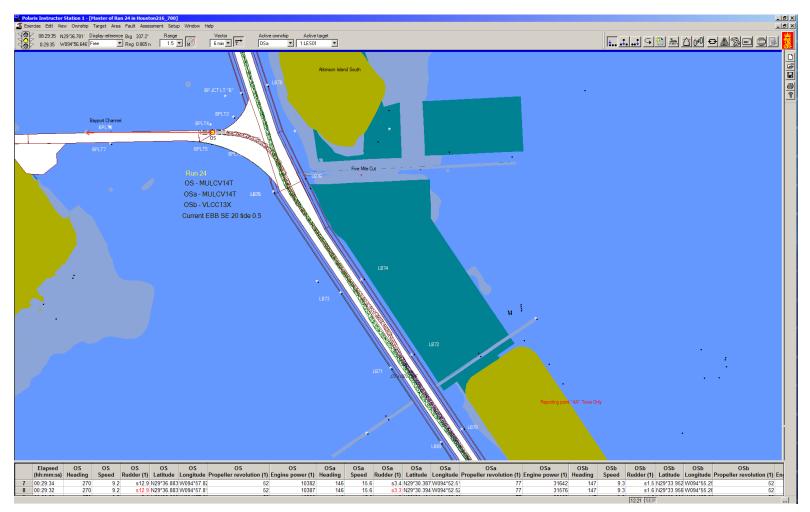


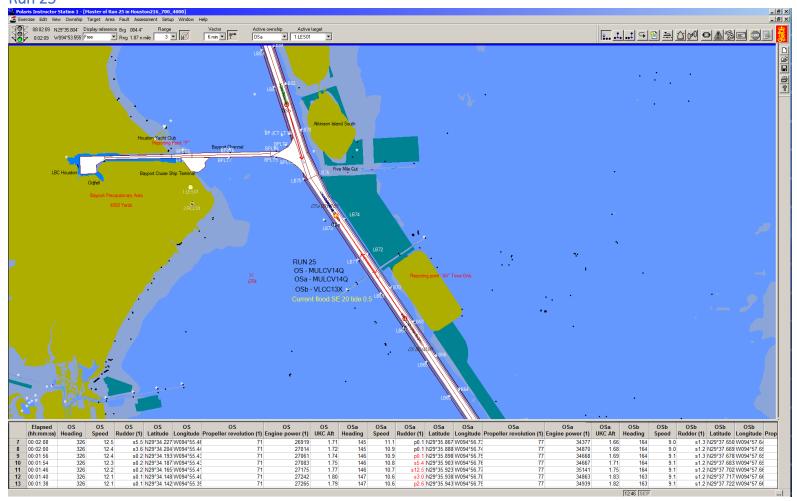


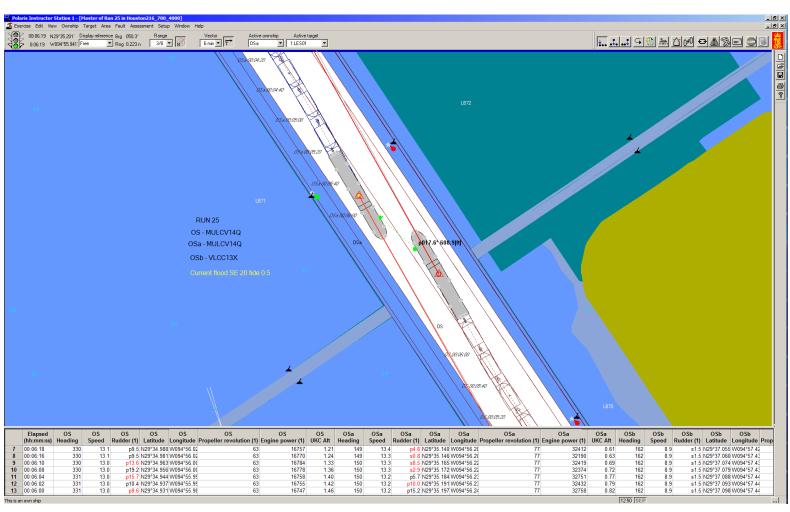




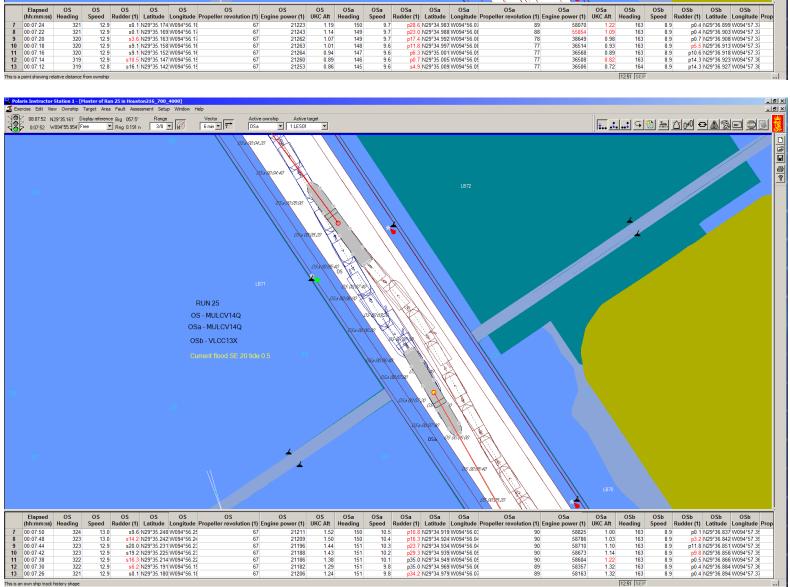


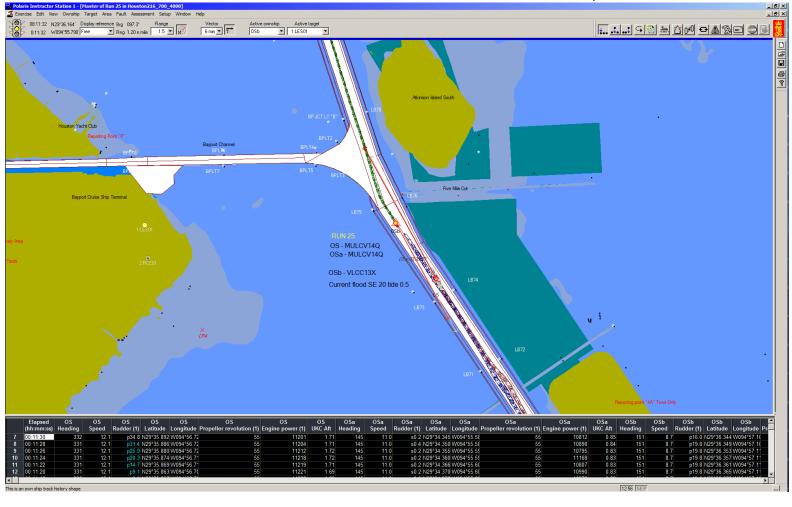


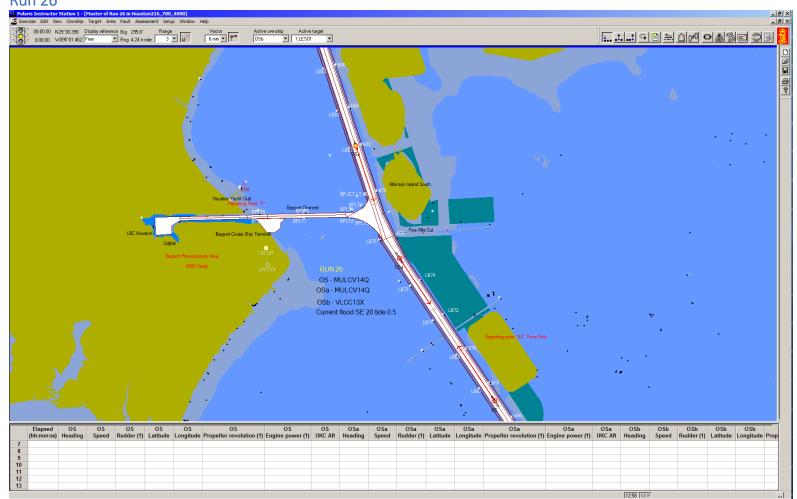


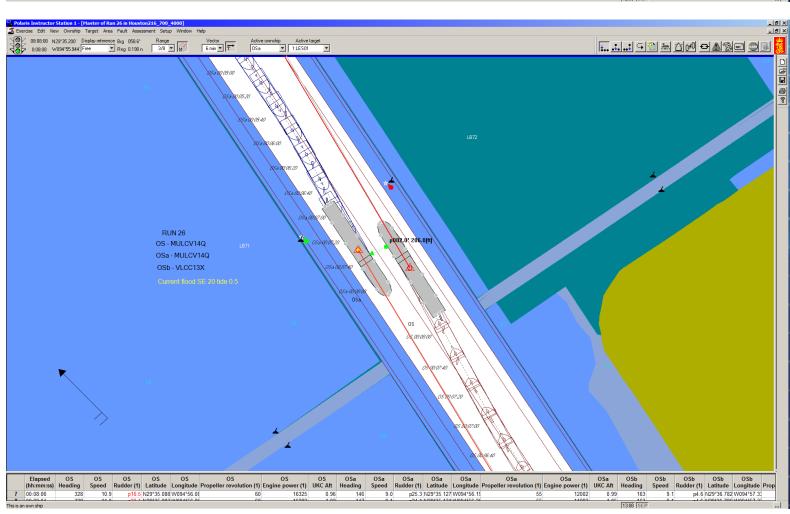


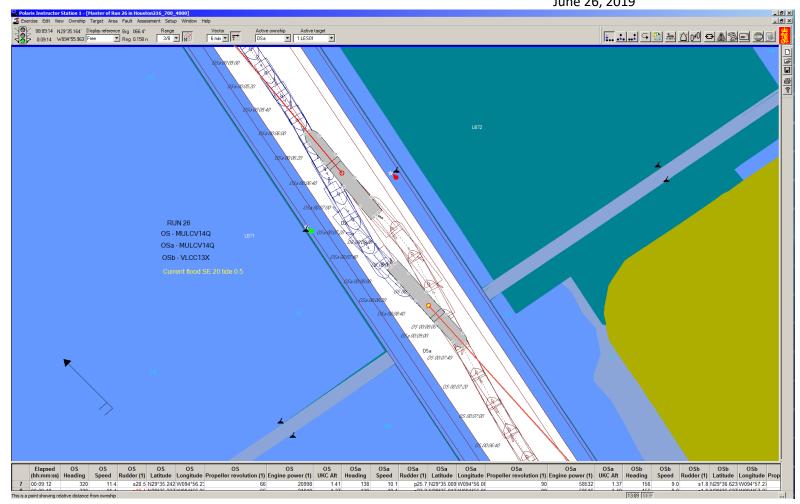
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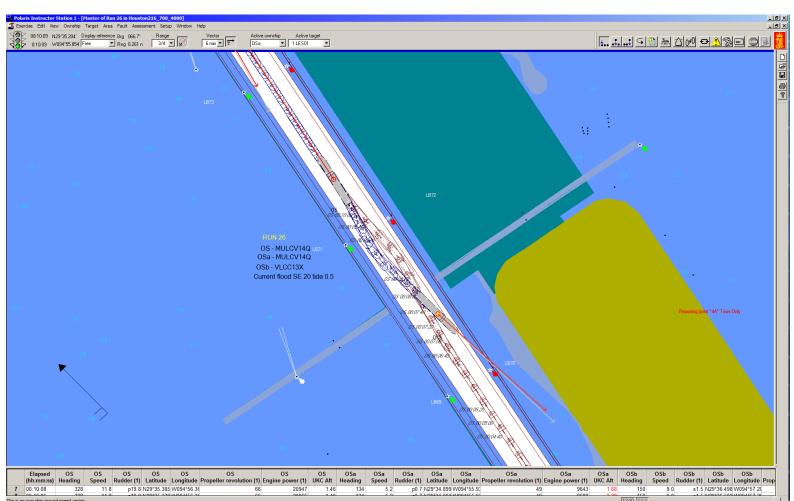


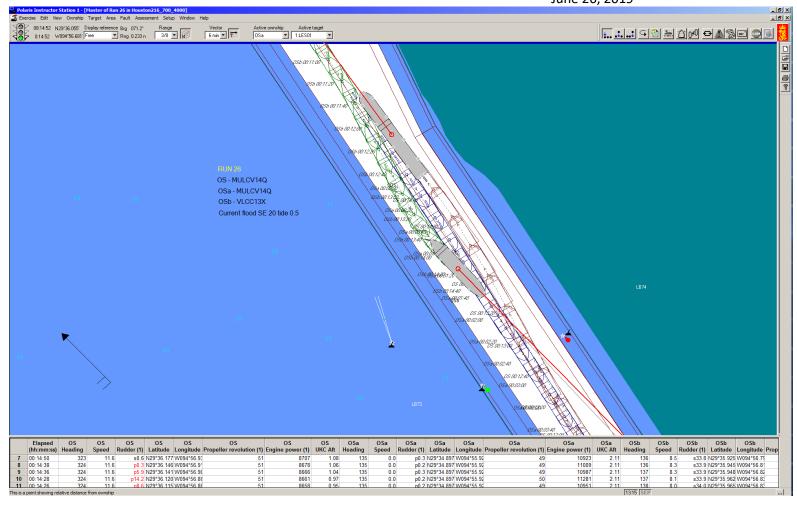


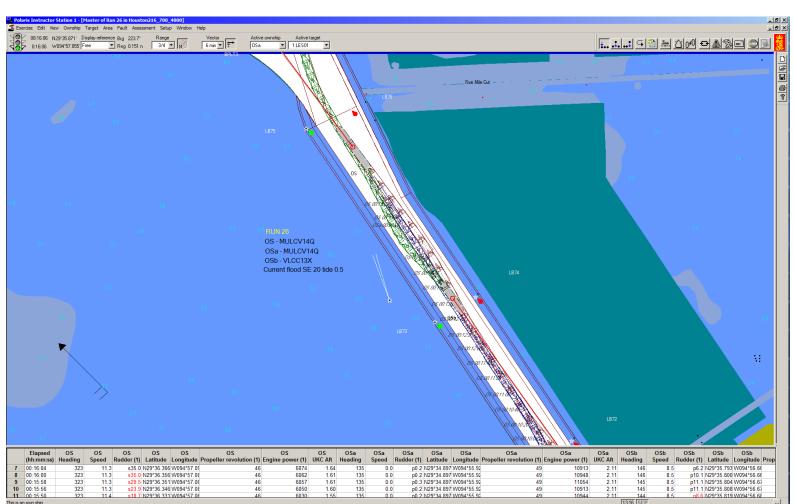


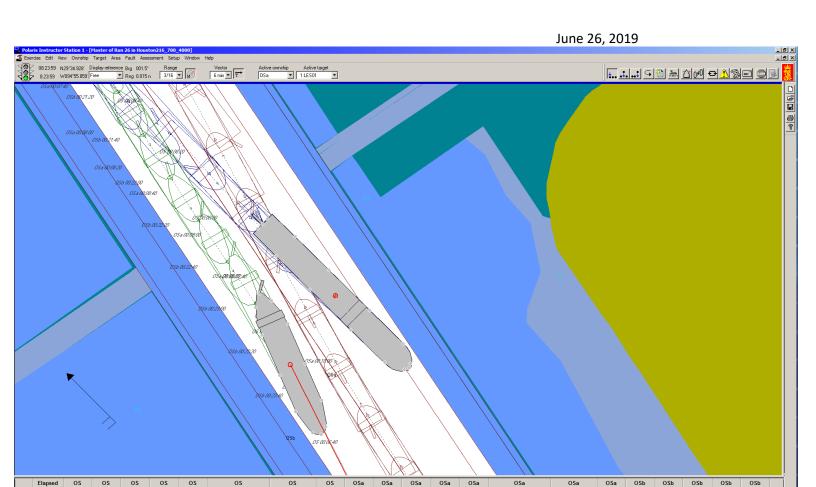


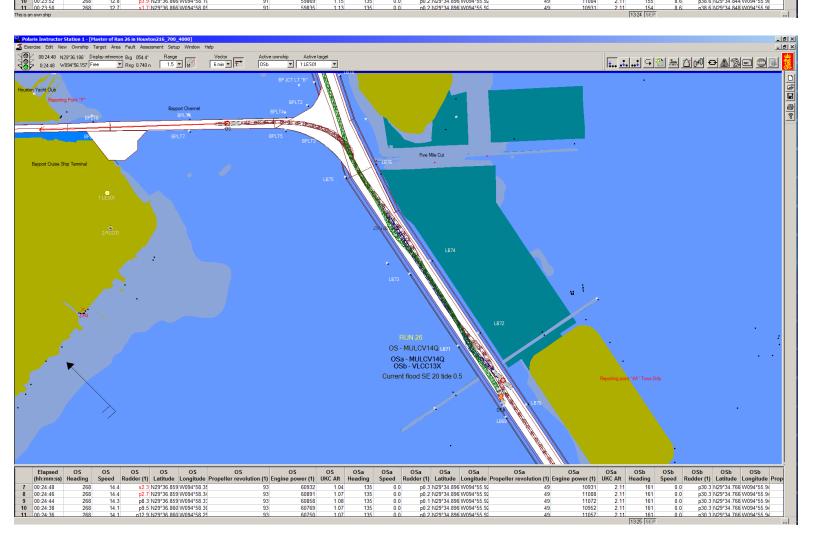


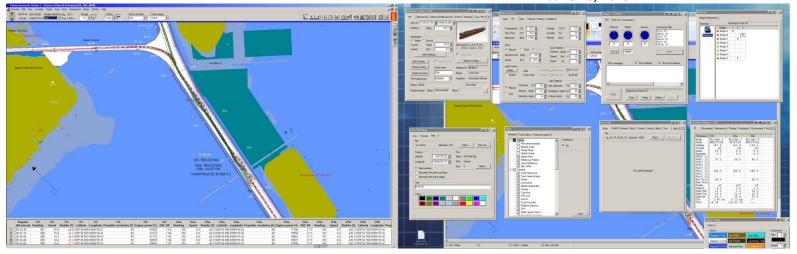


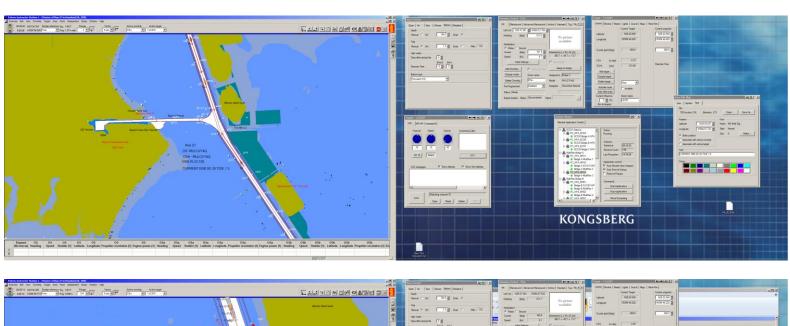


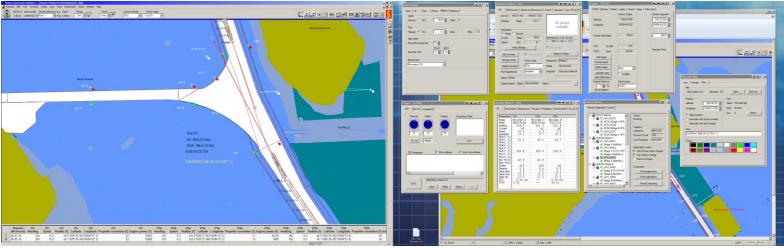


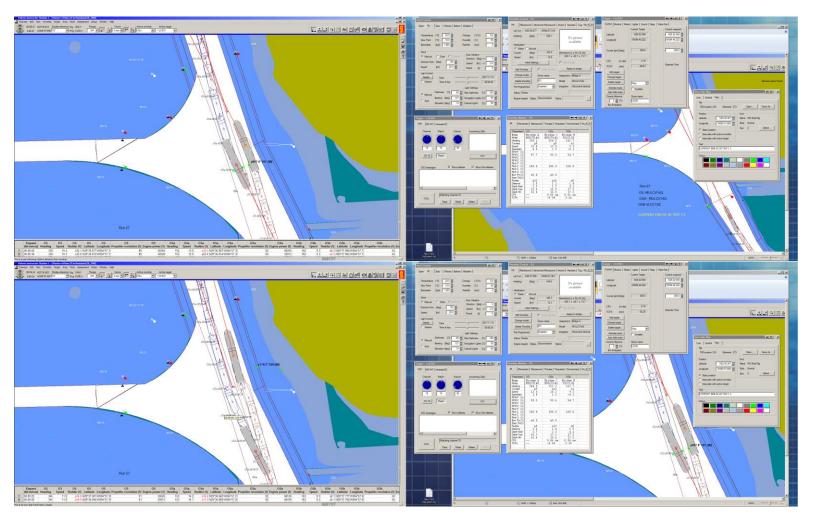


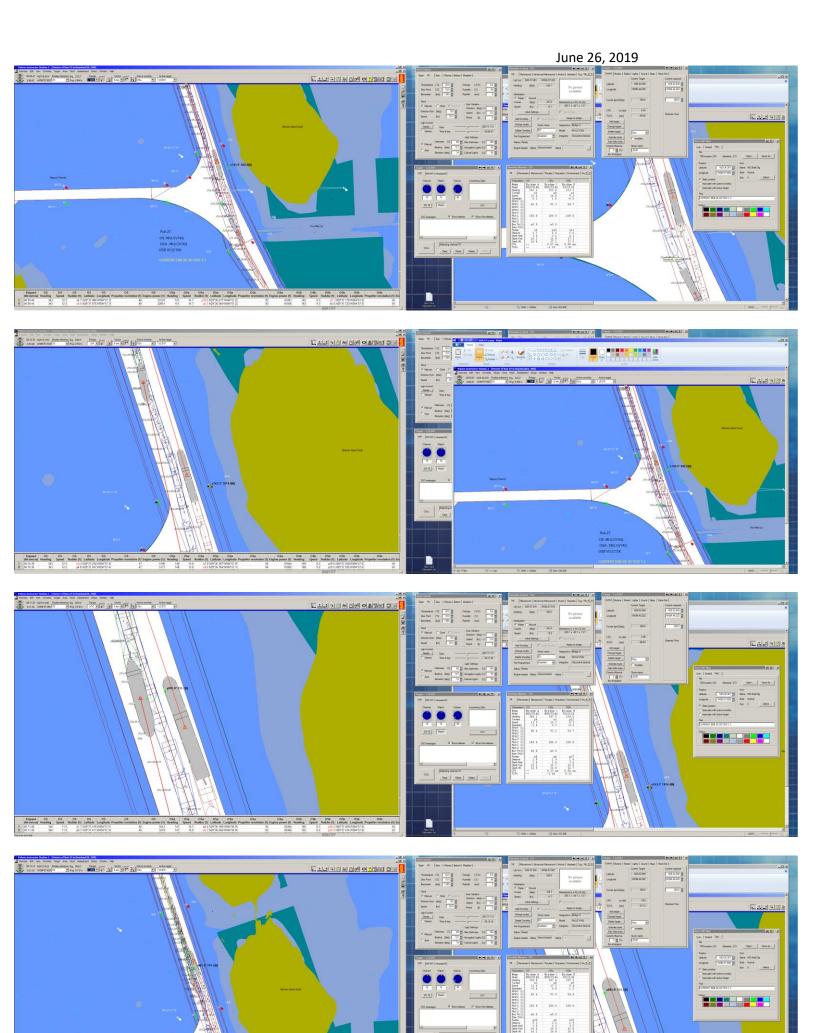


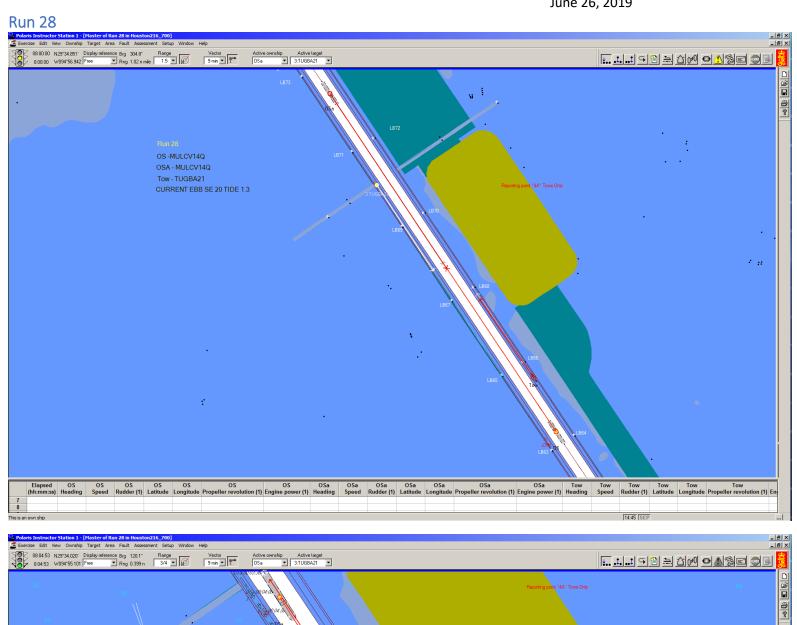


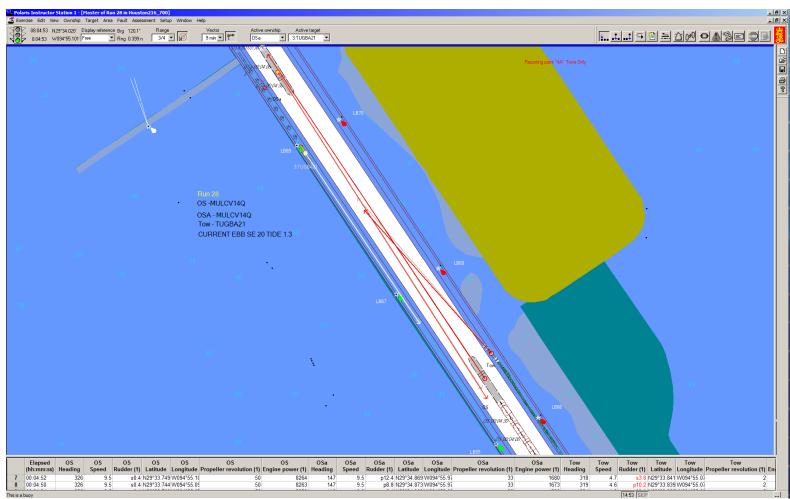


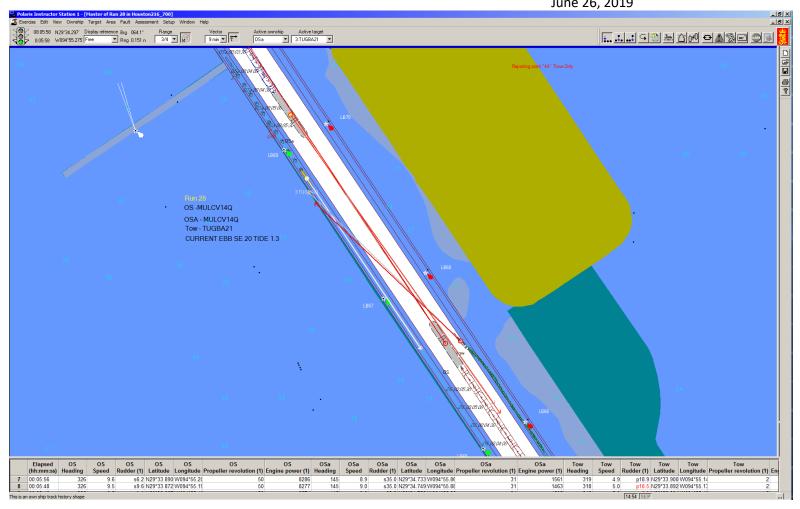


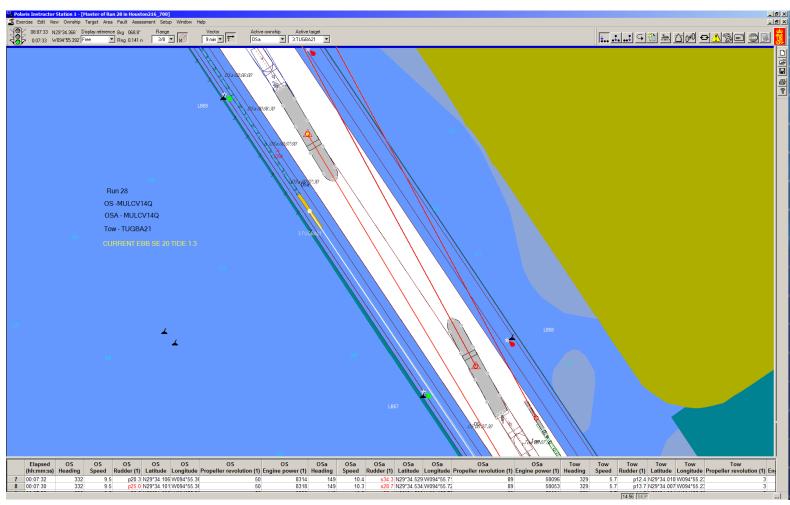


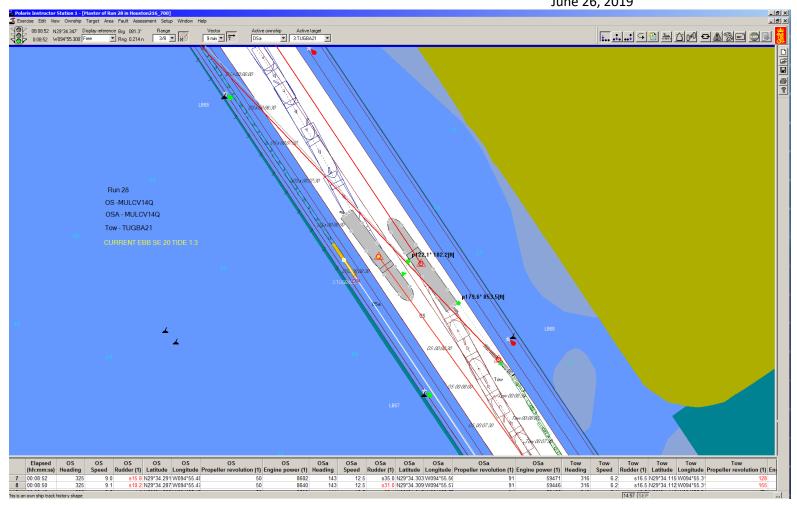




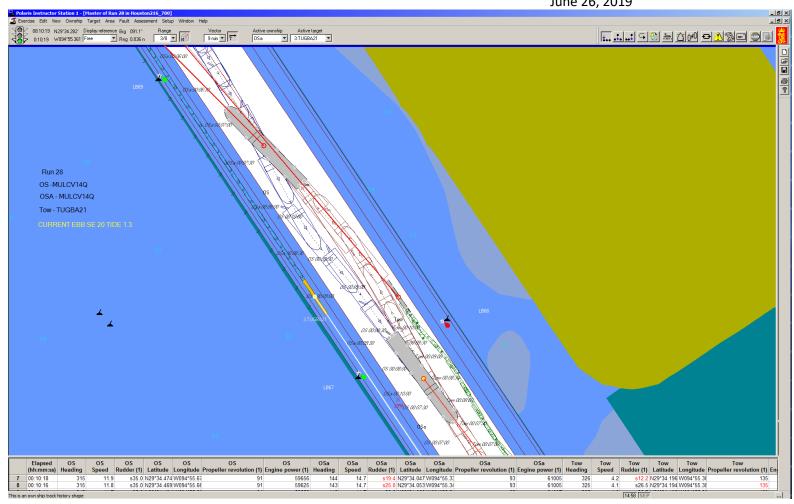


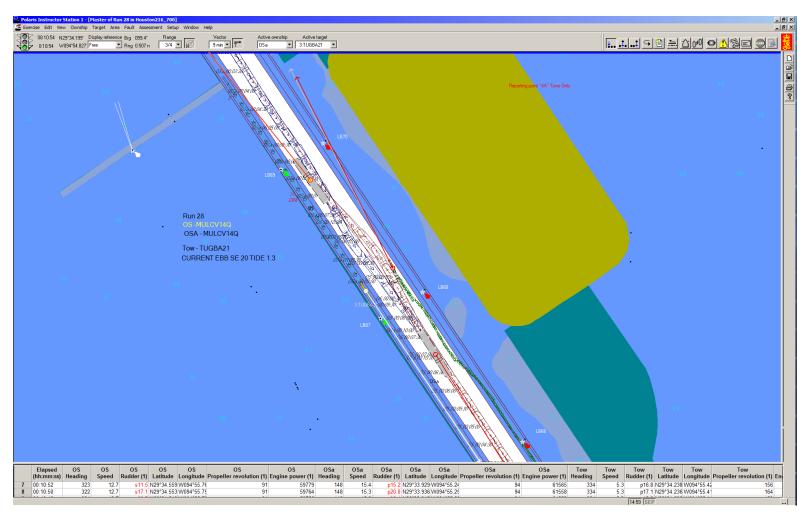


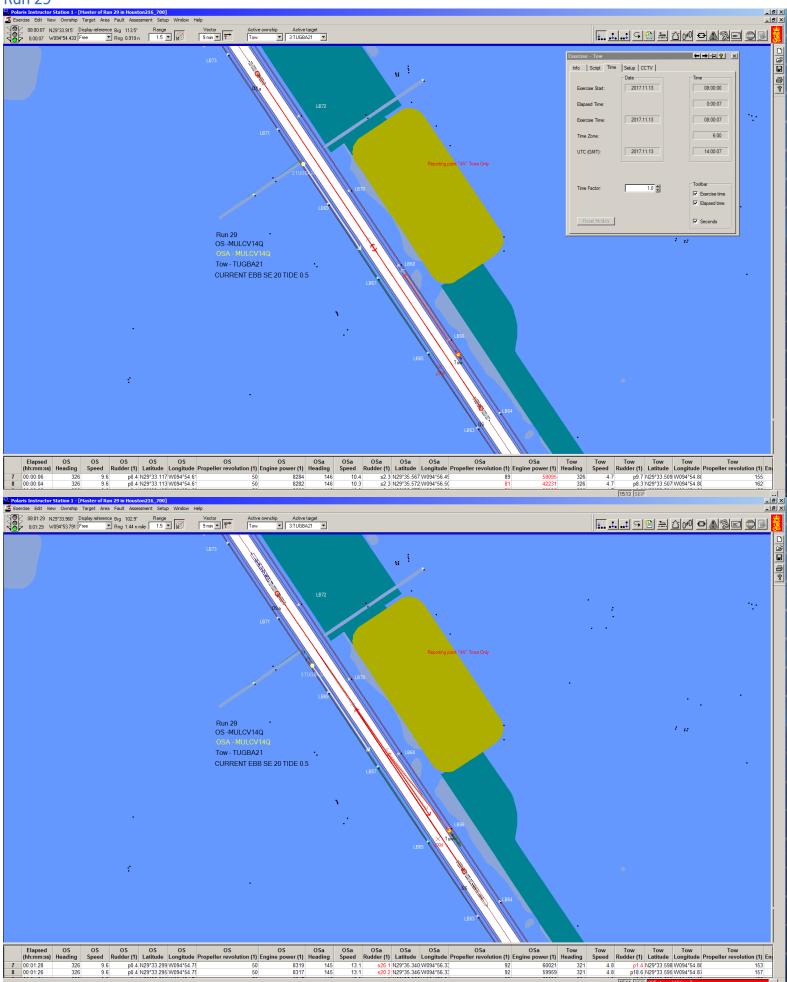


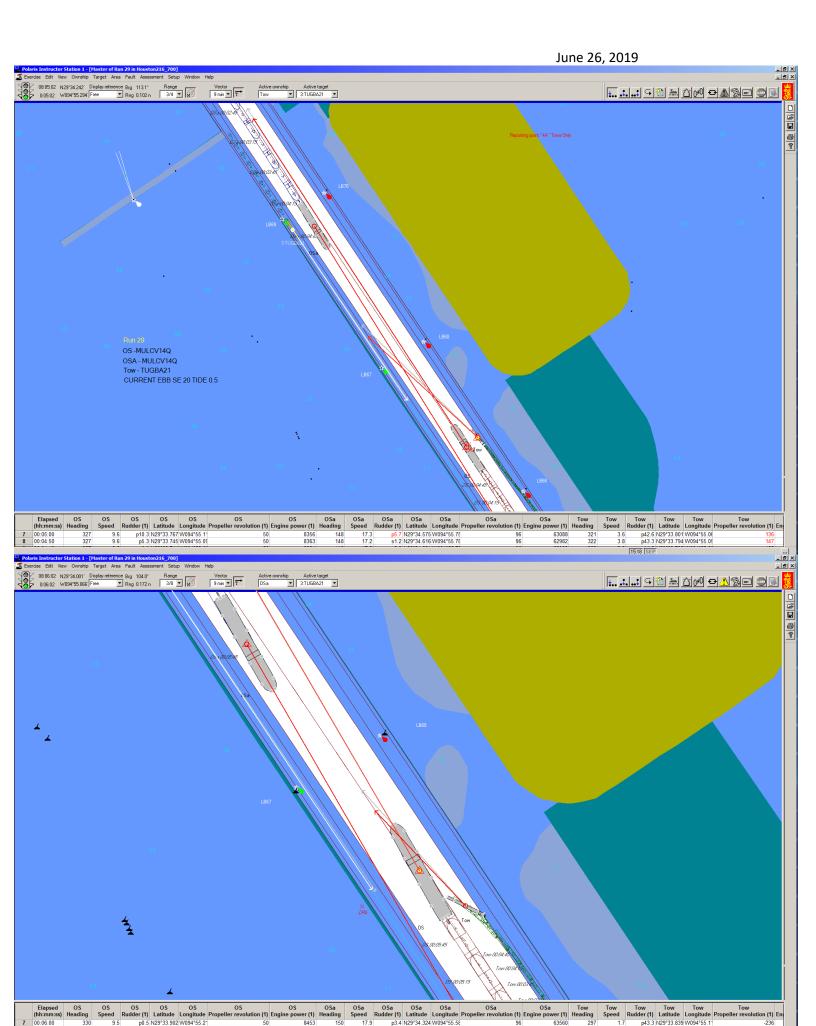




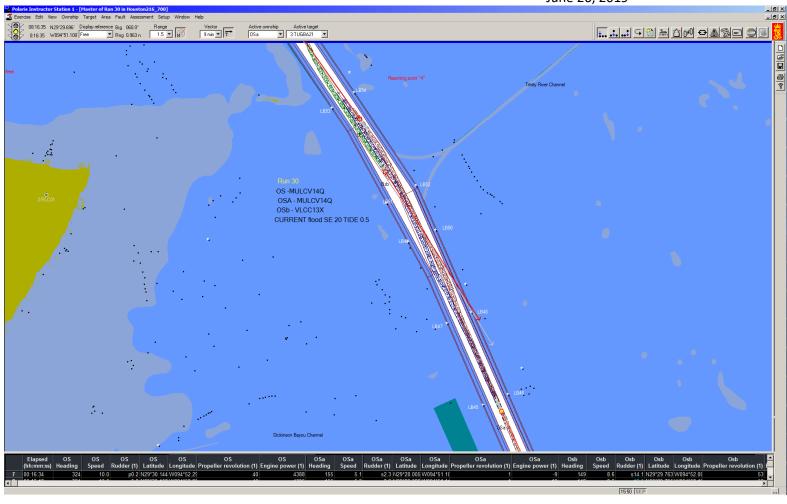


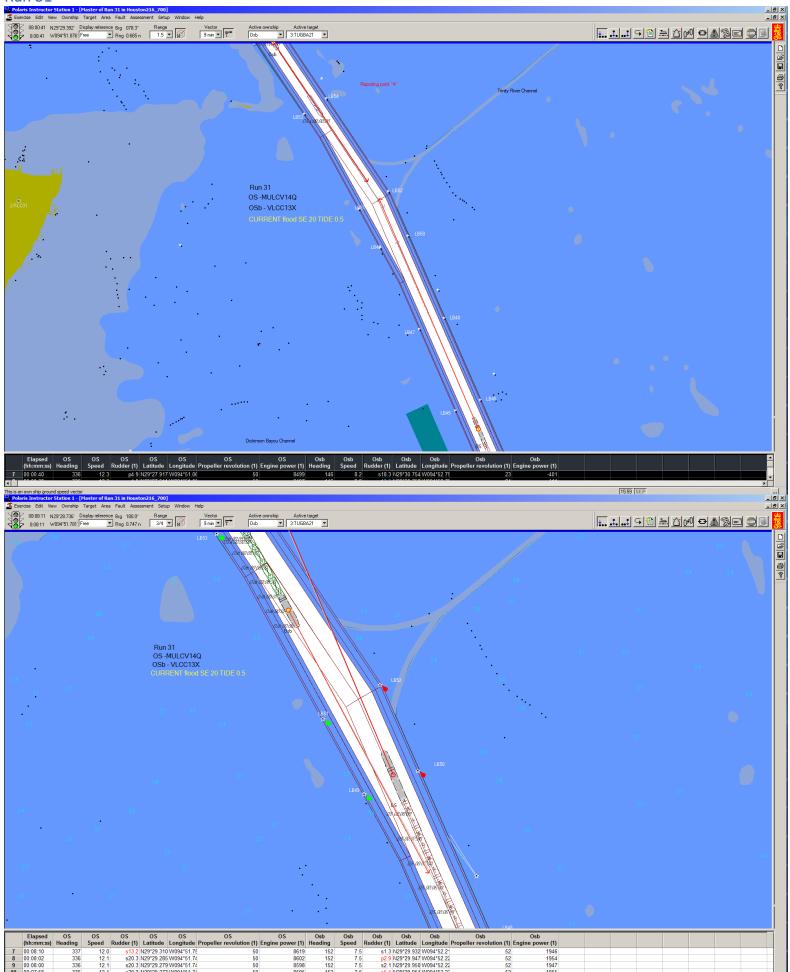


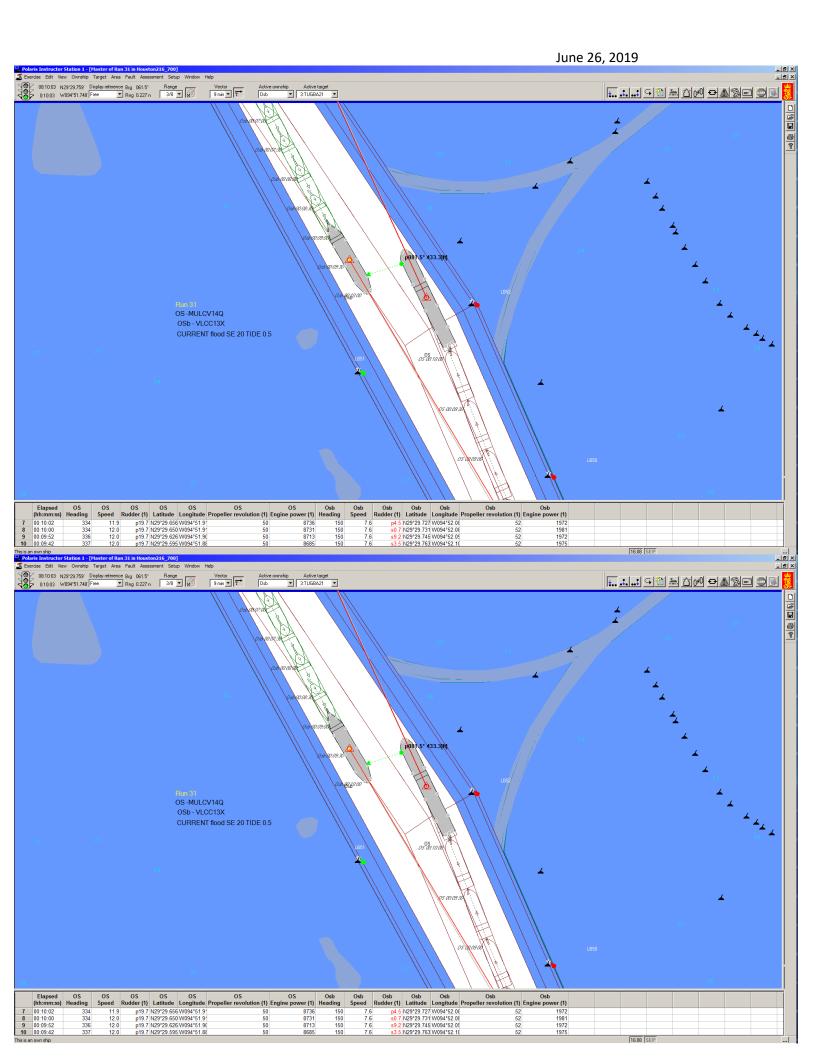


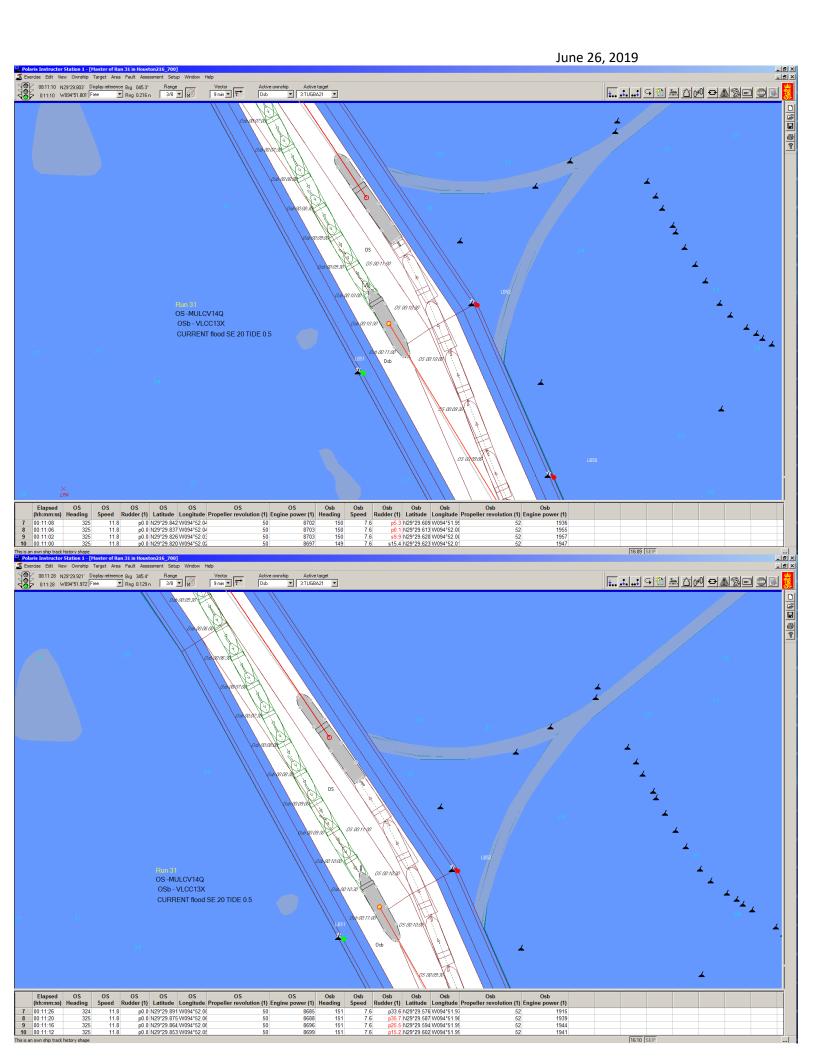


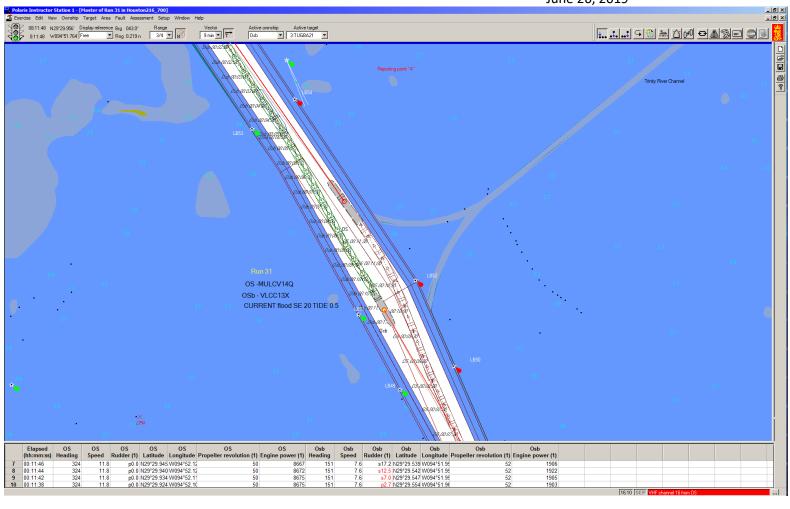


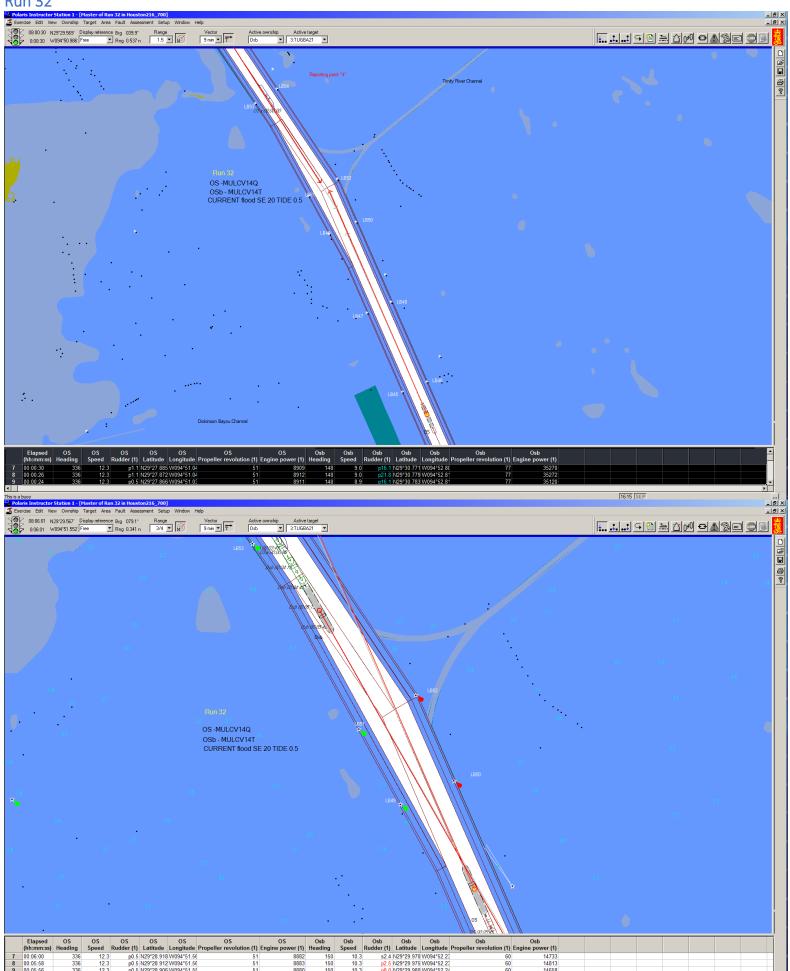


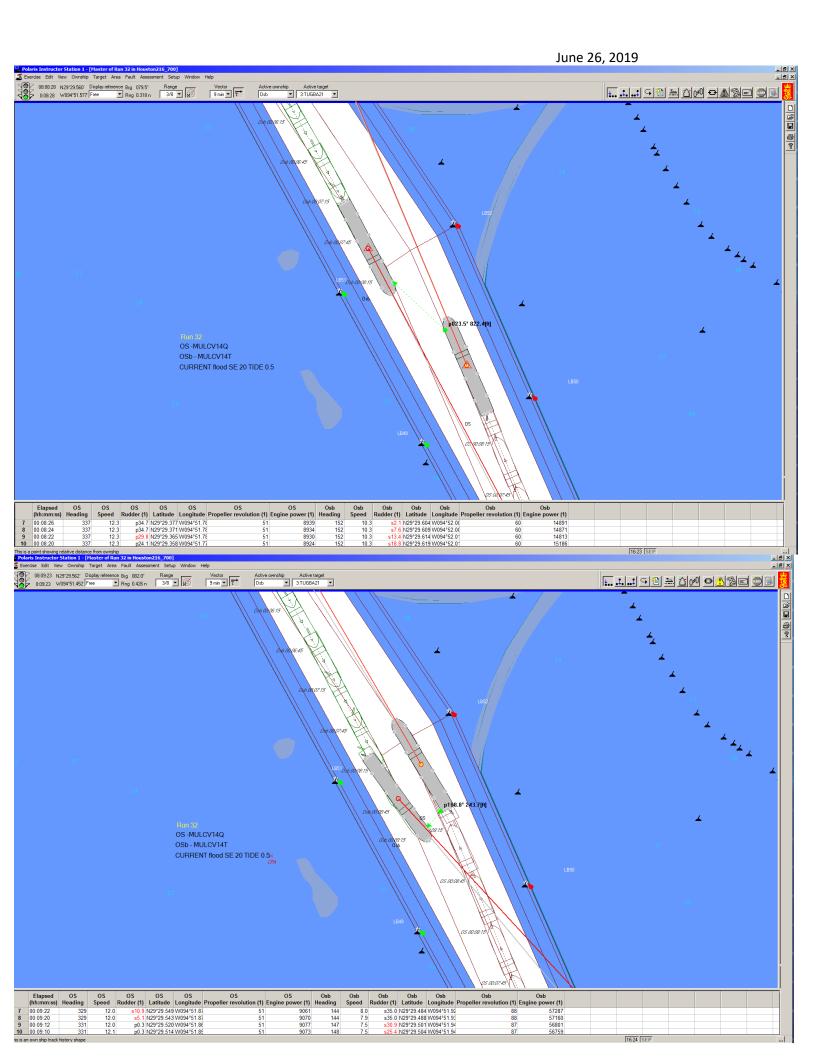


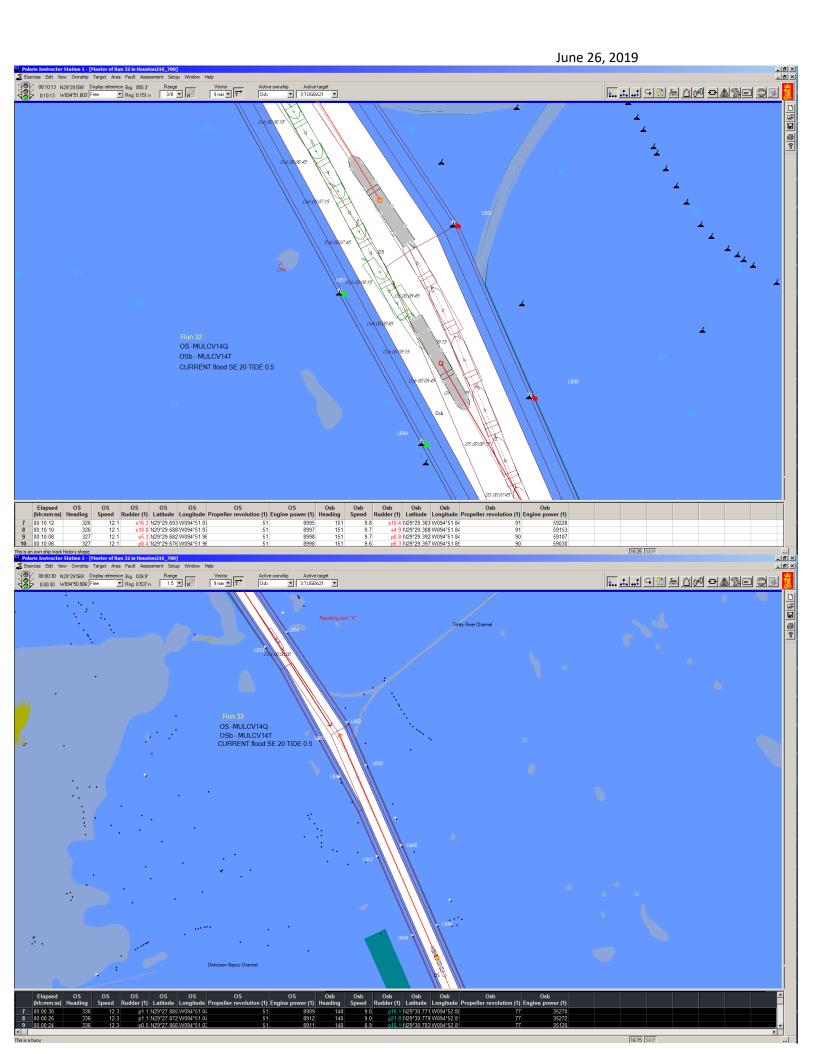




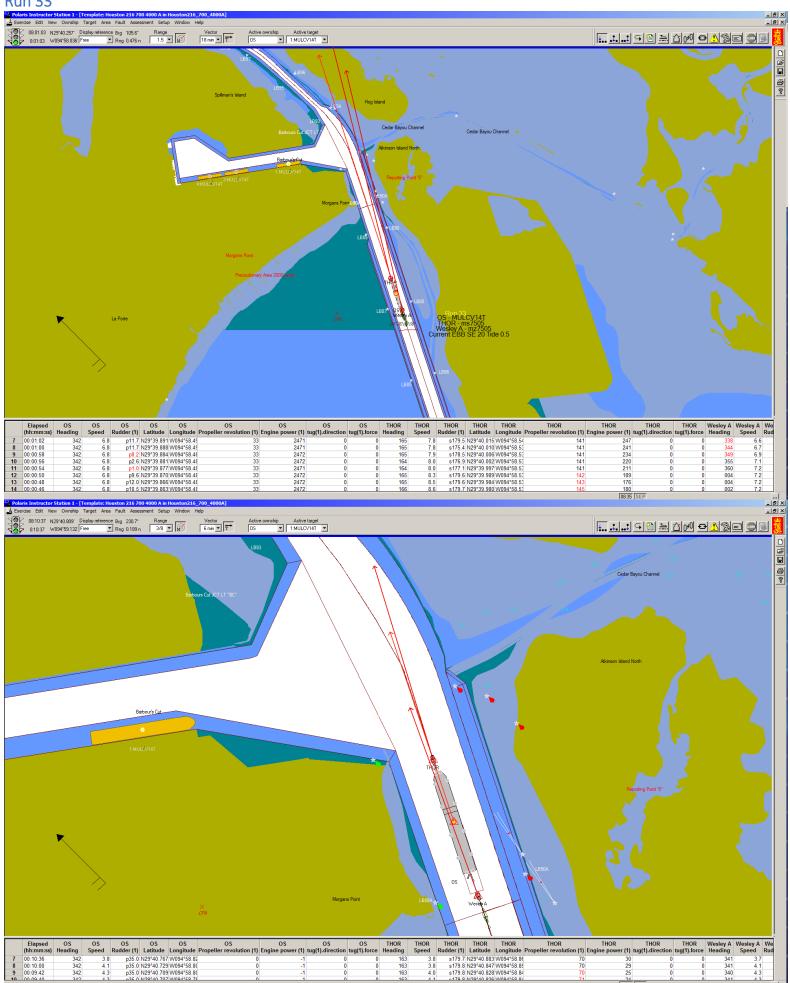


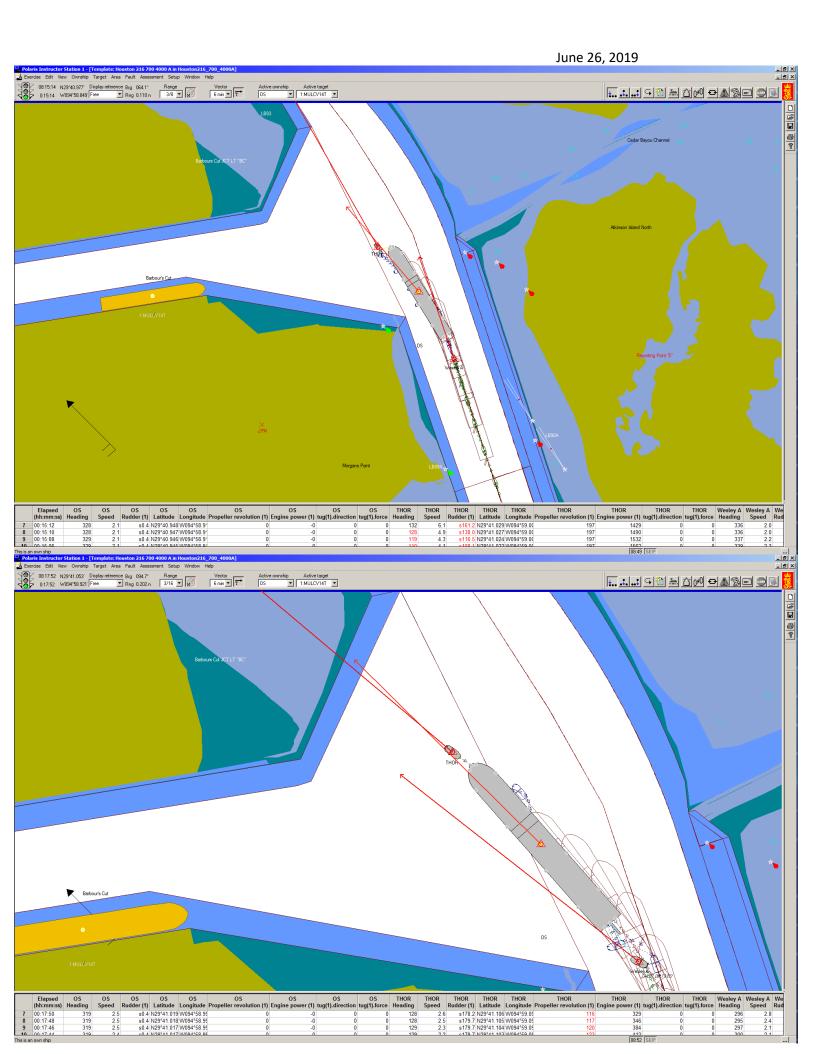


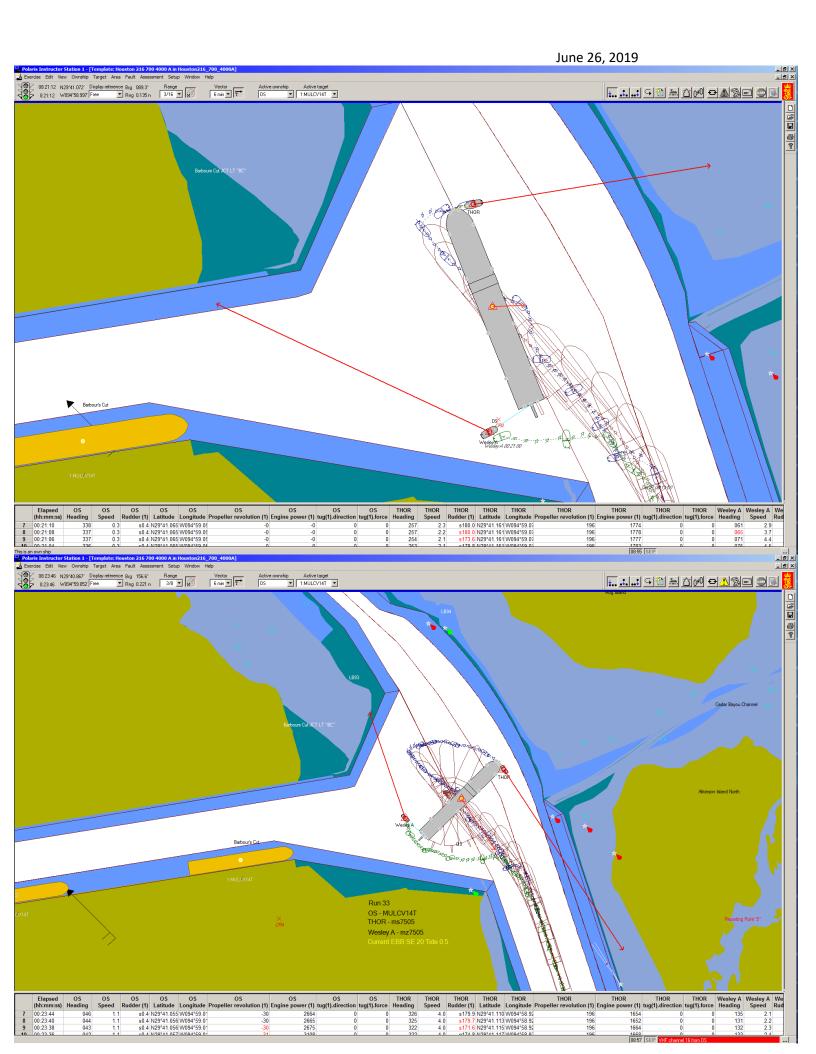


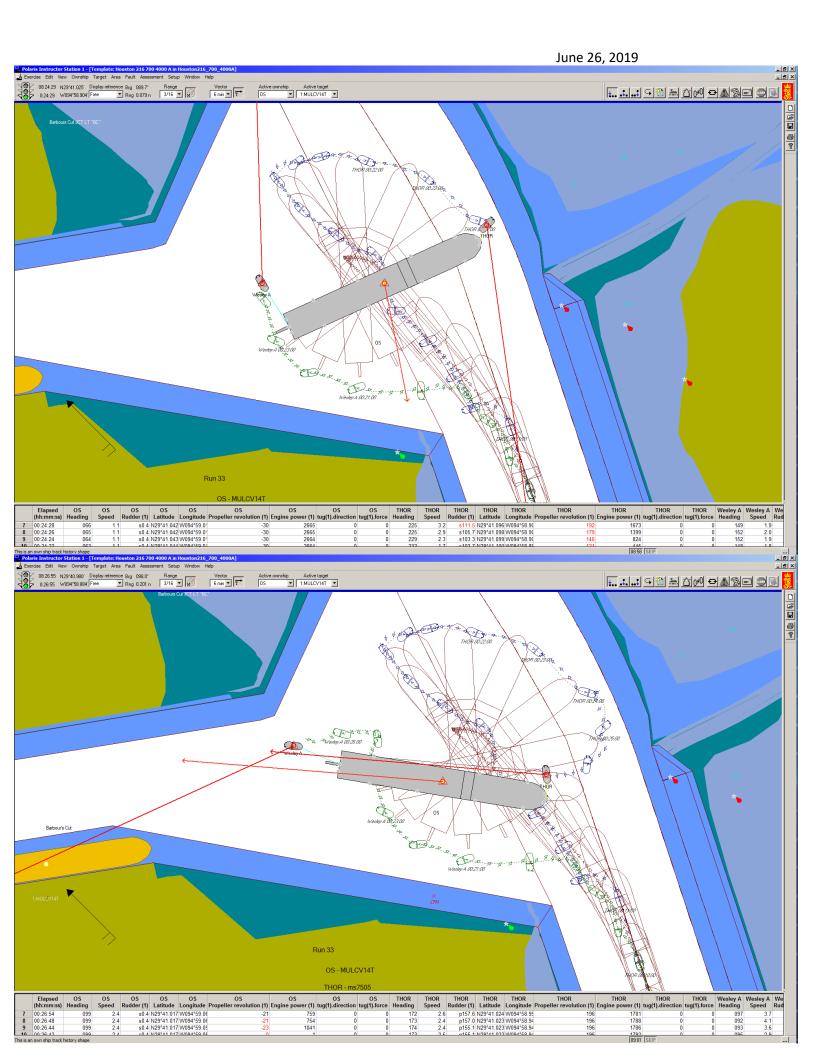


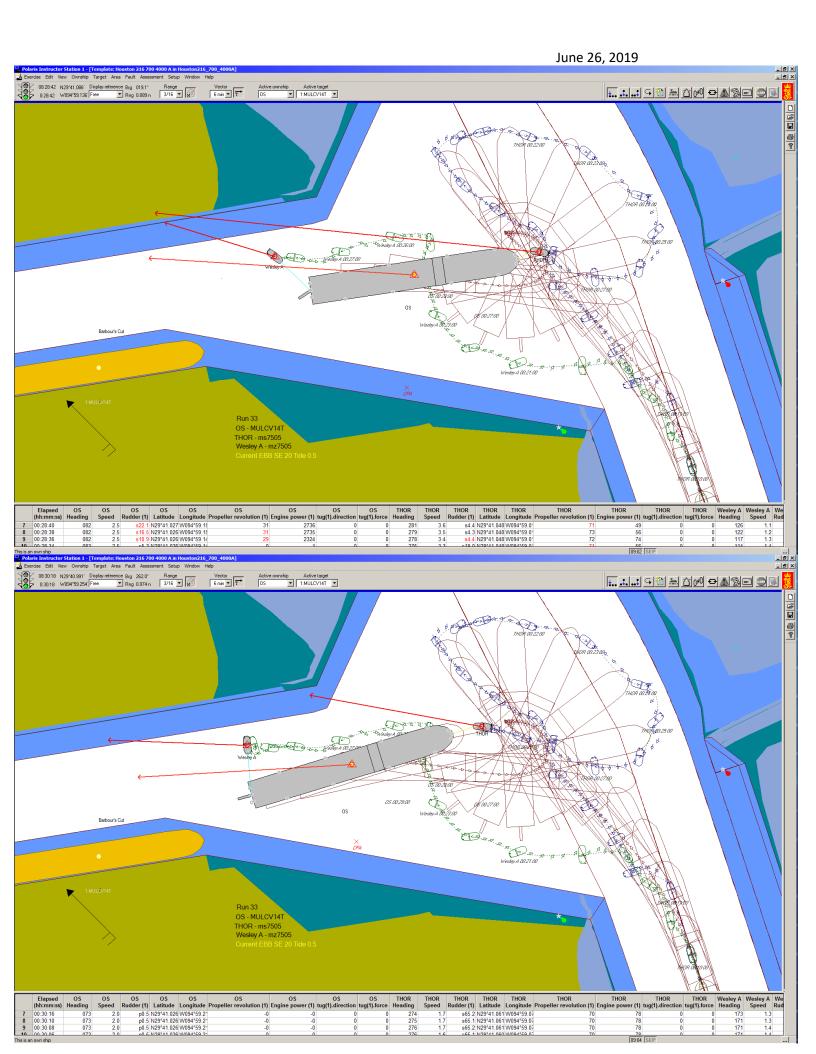
**Appendix M: HSC – Barbours Cut Channel Simulations** 

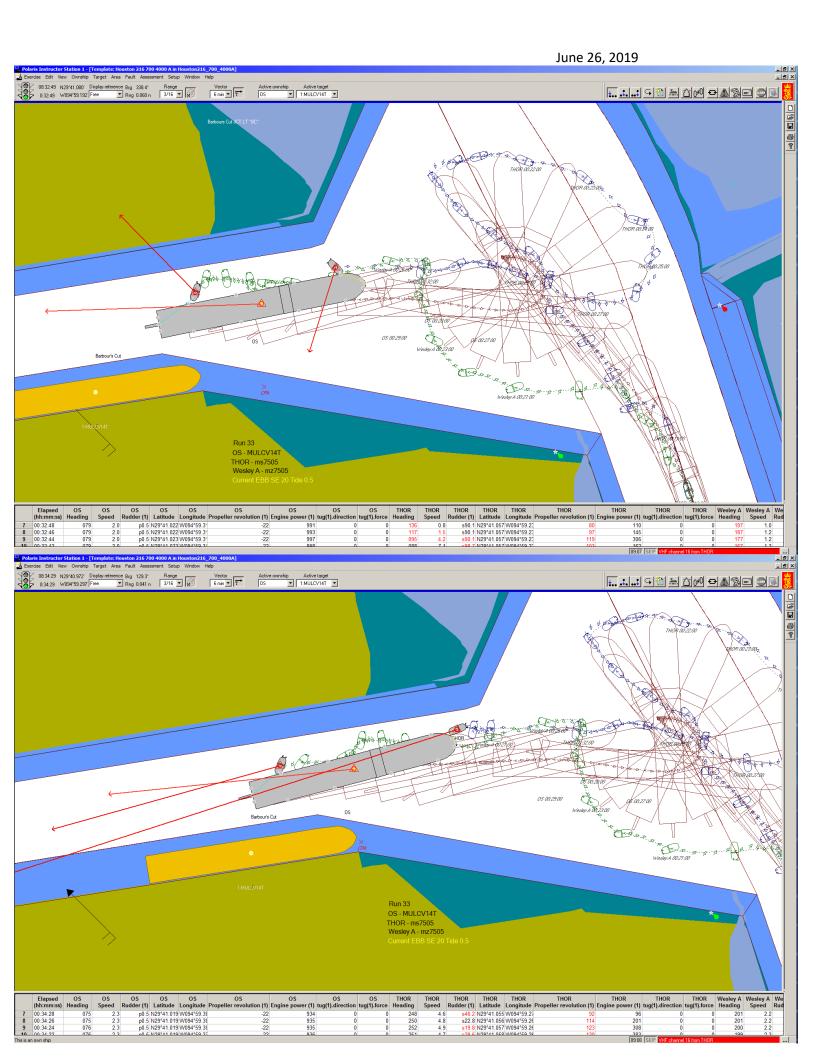


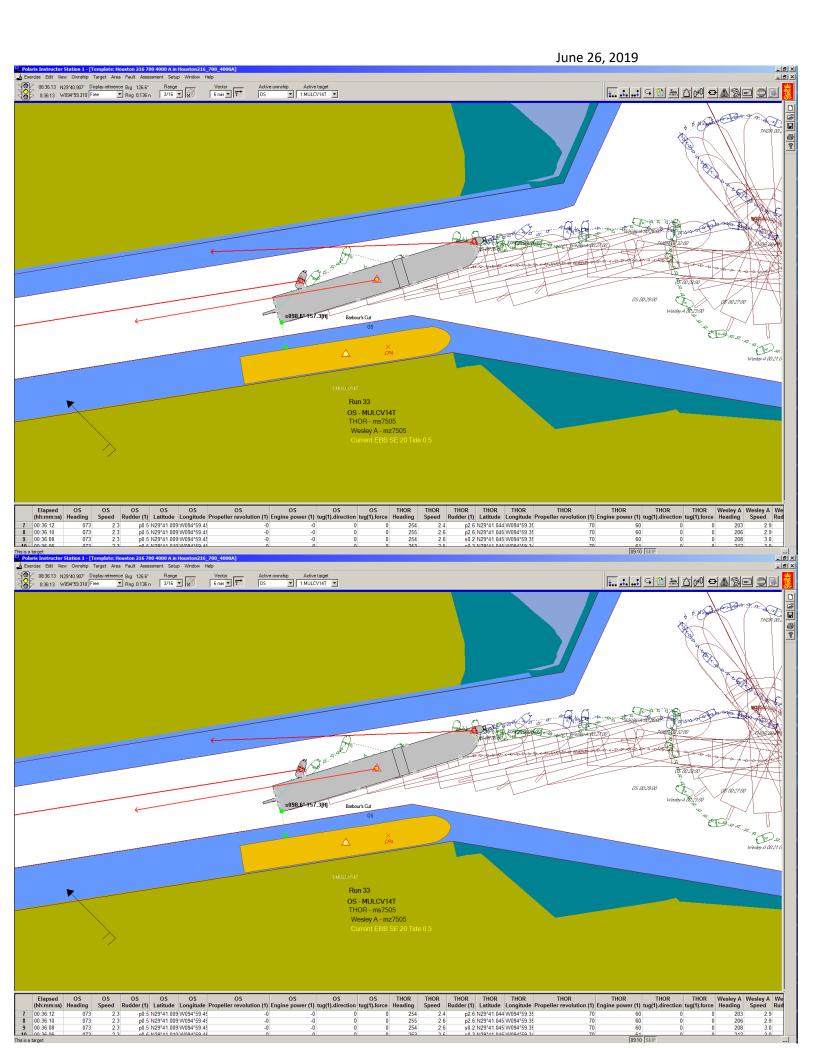




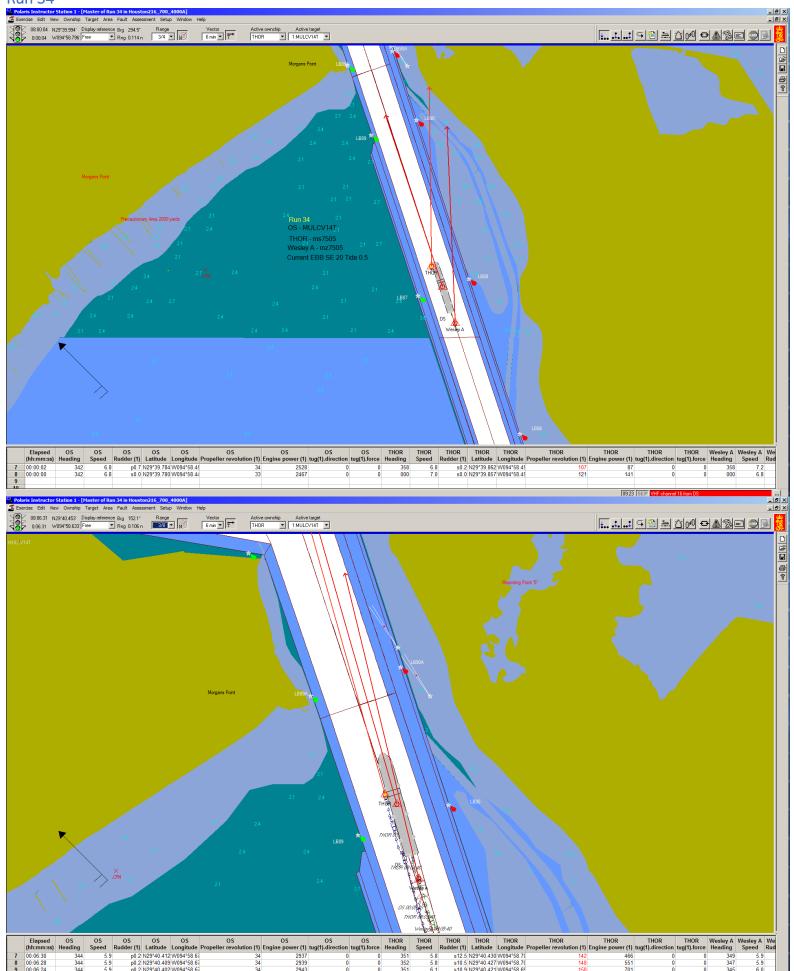


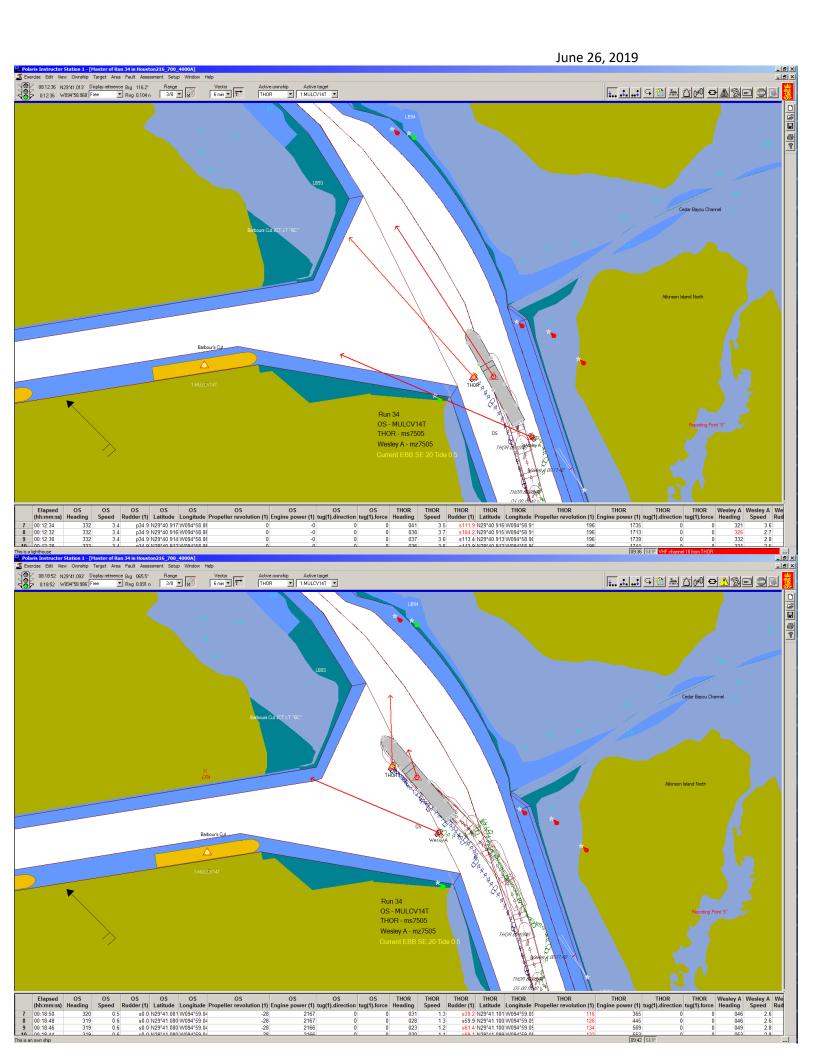


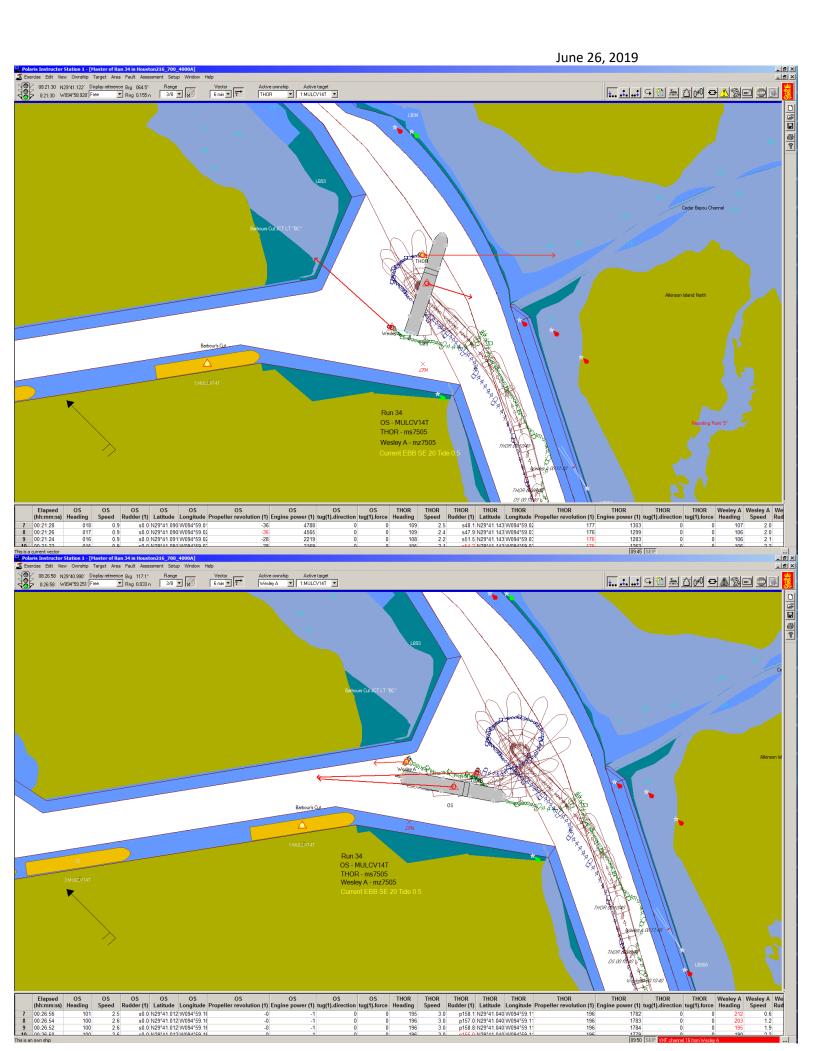


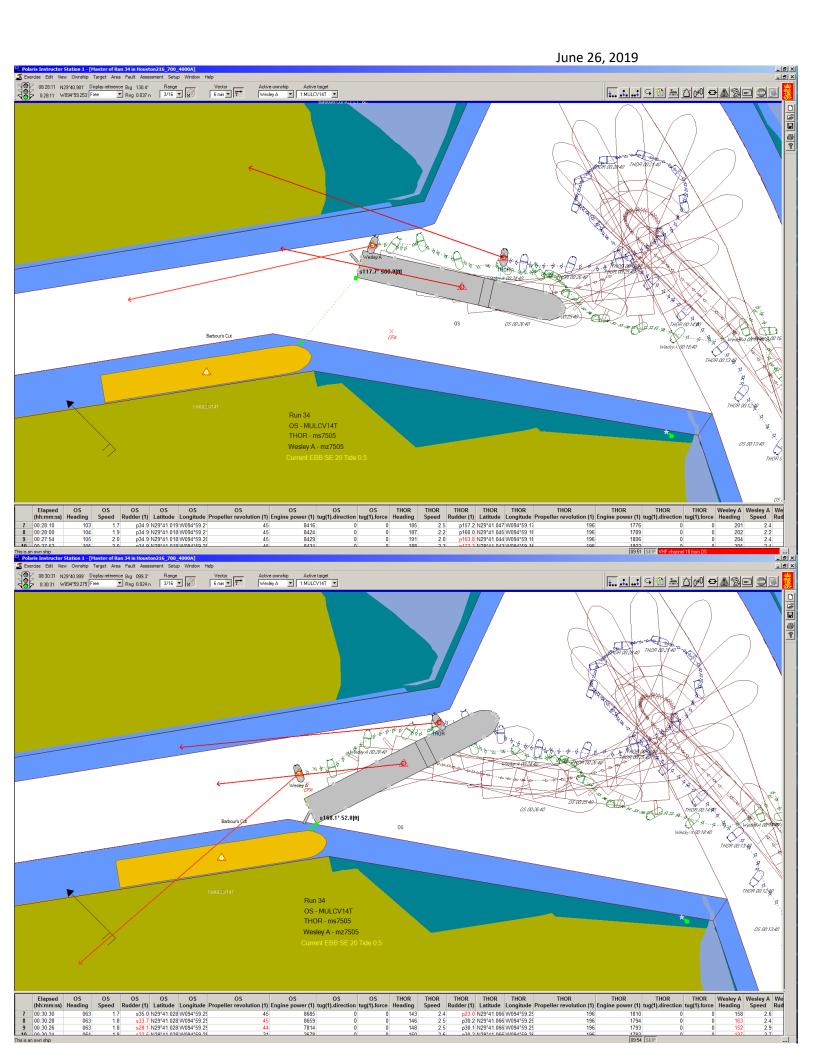


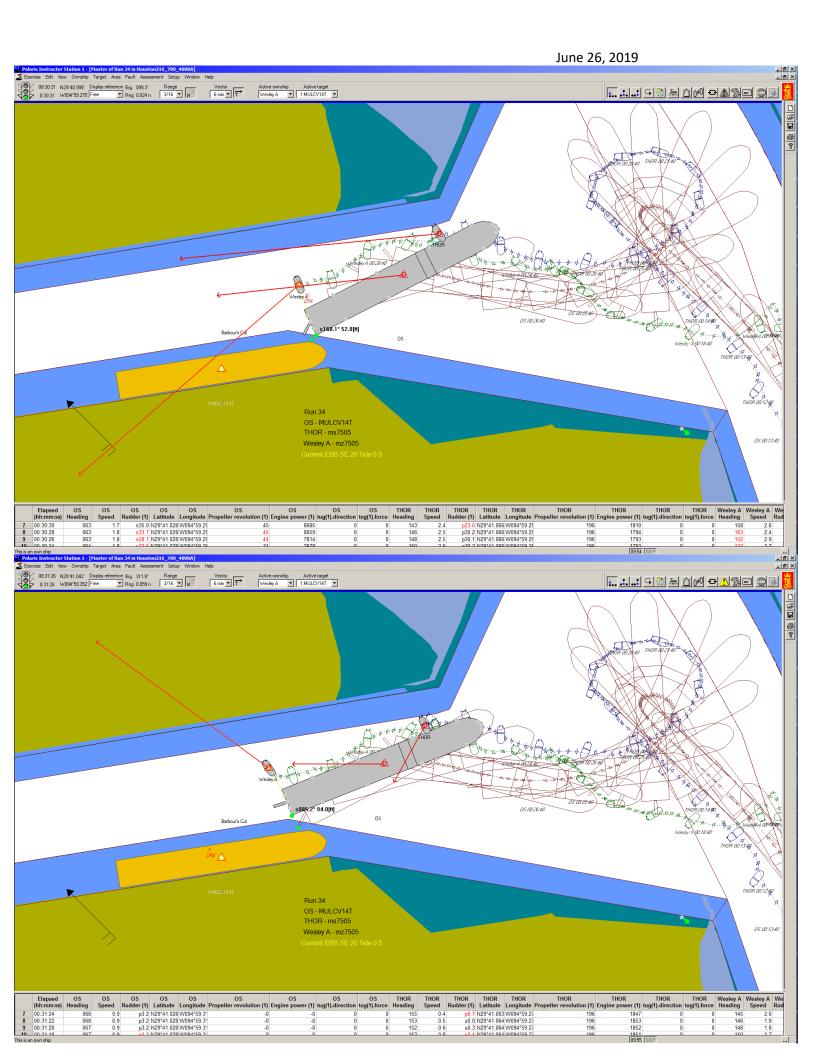
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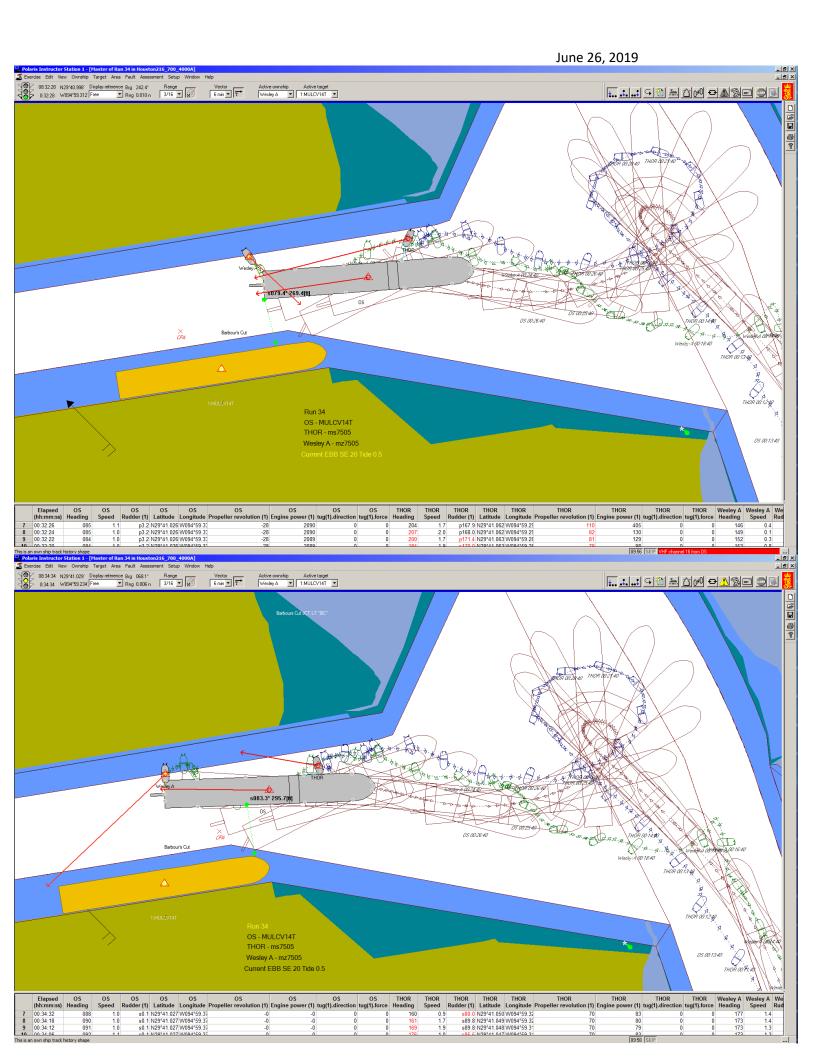


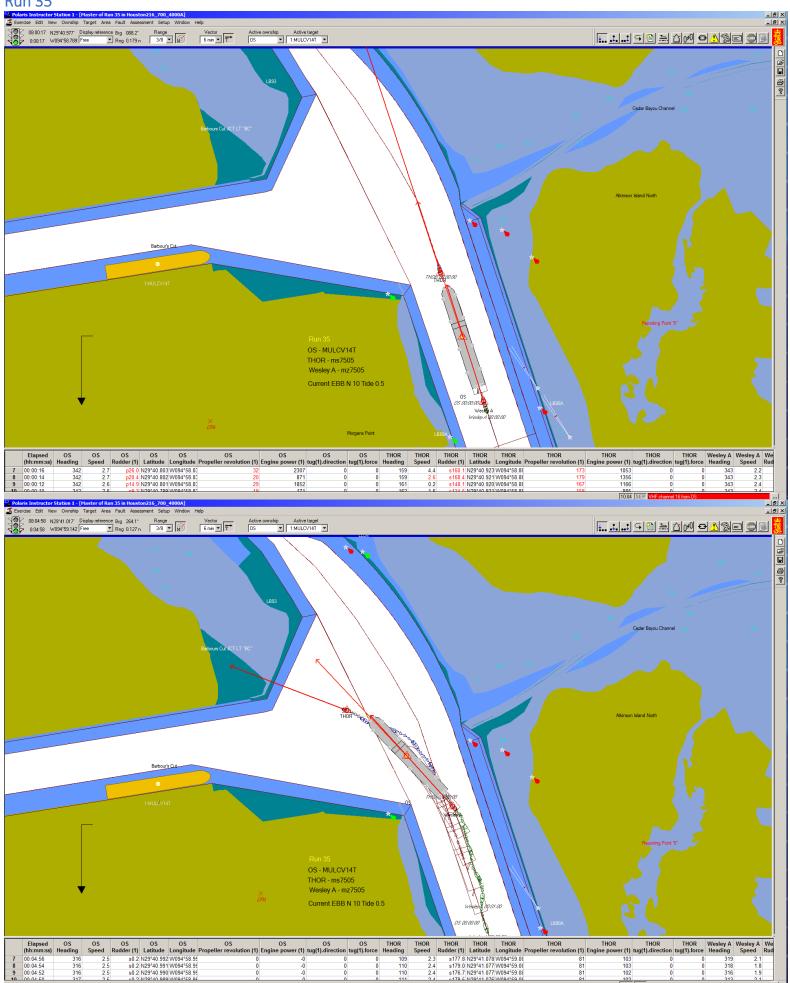


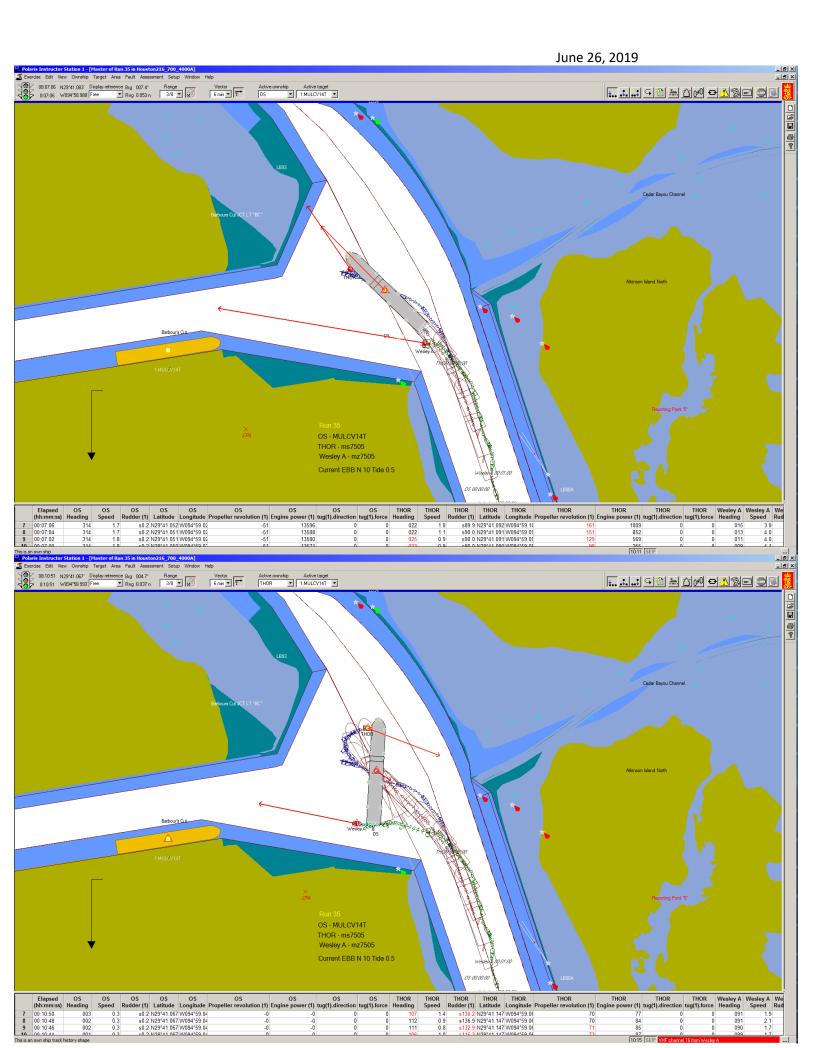


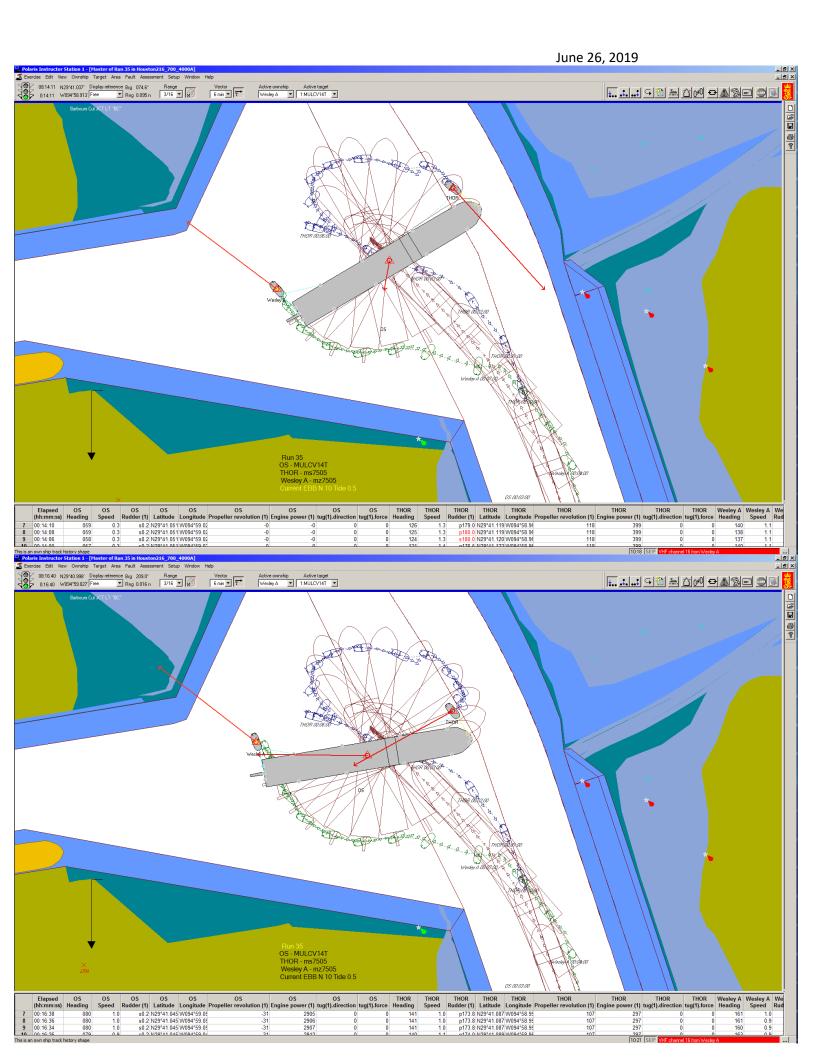


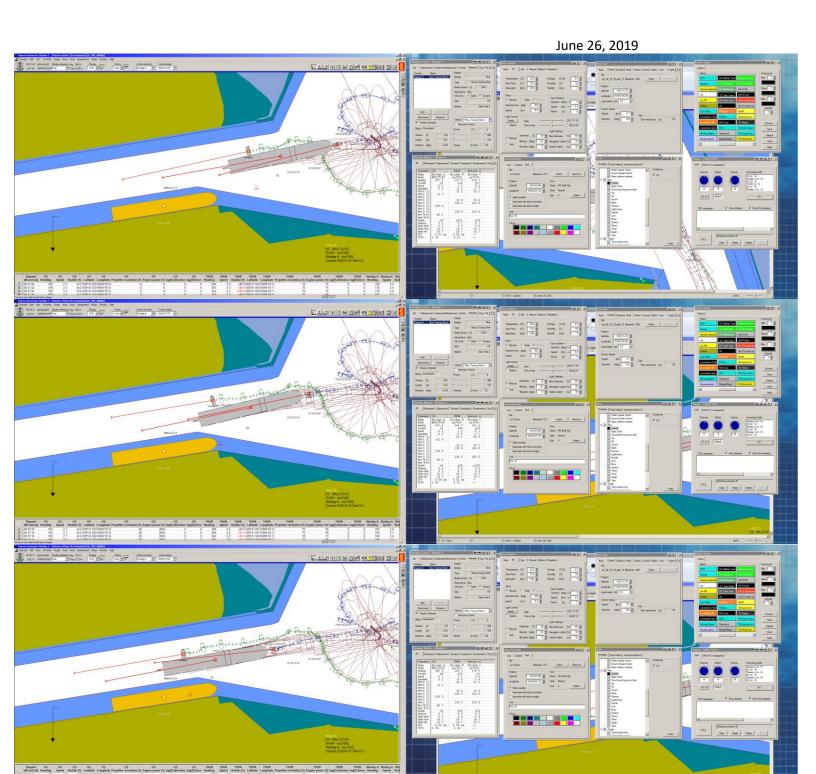


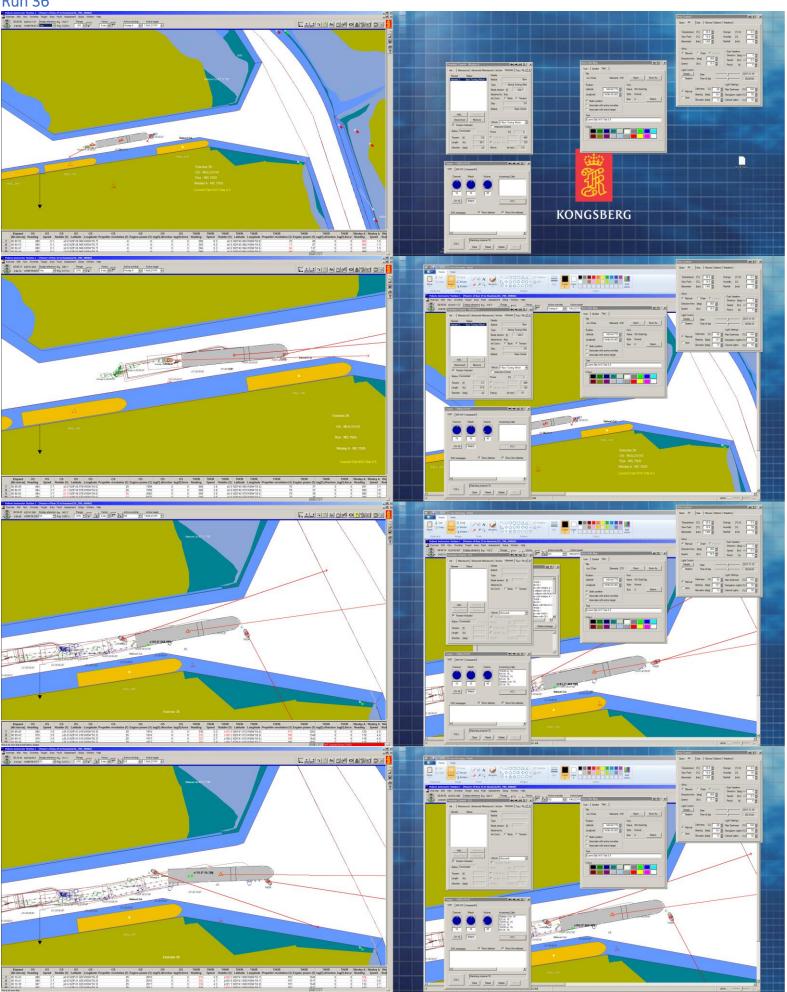


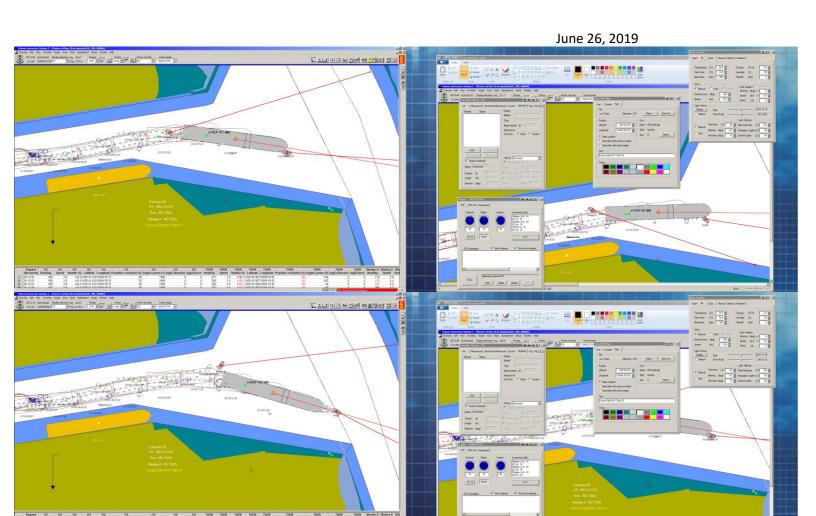


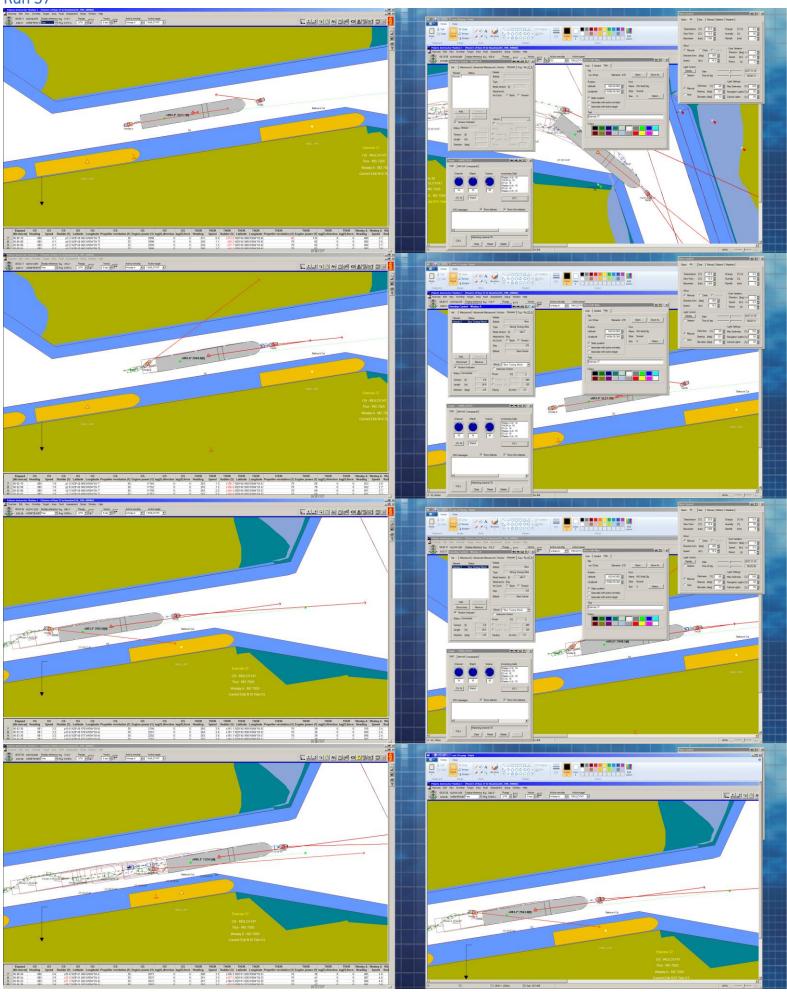


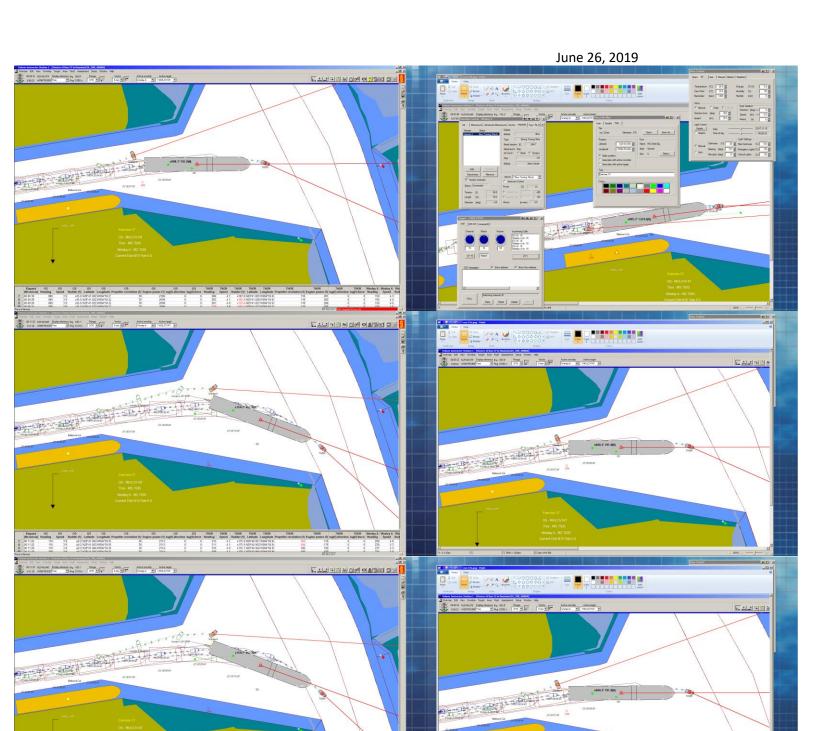


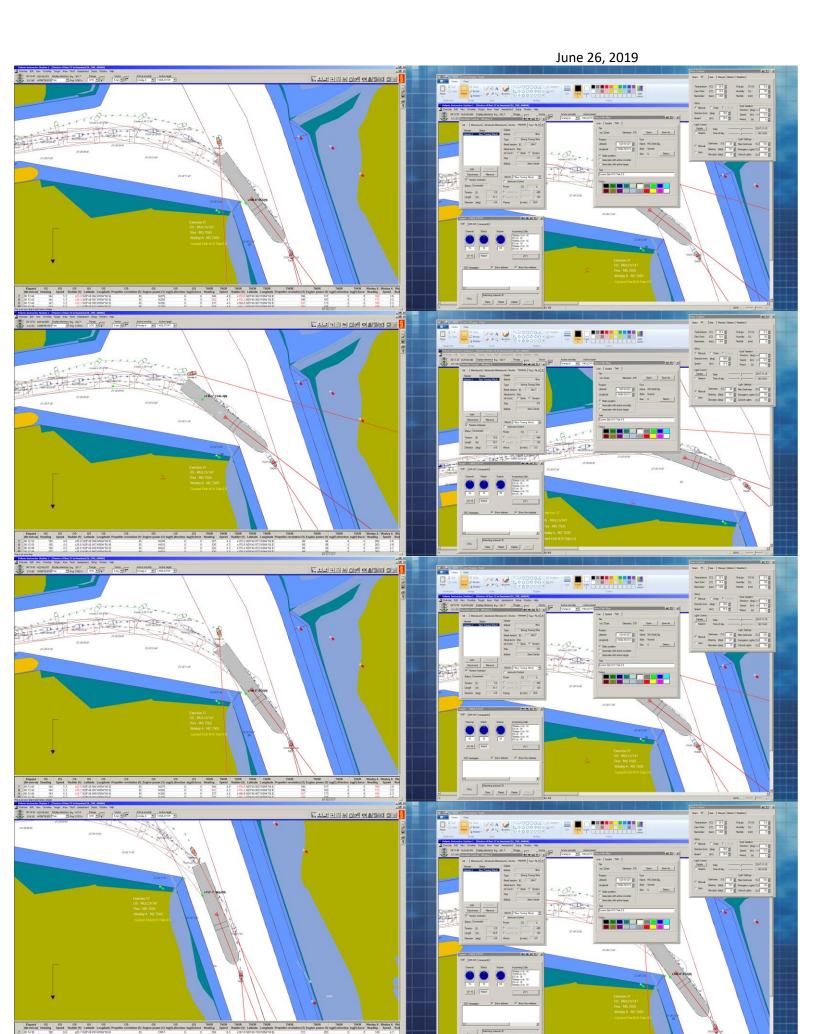


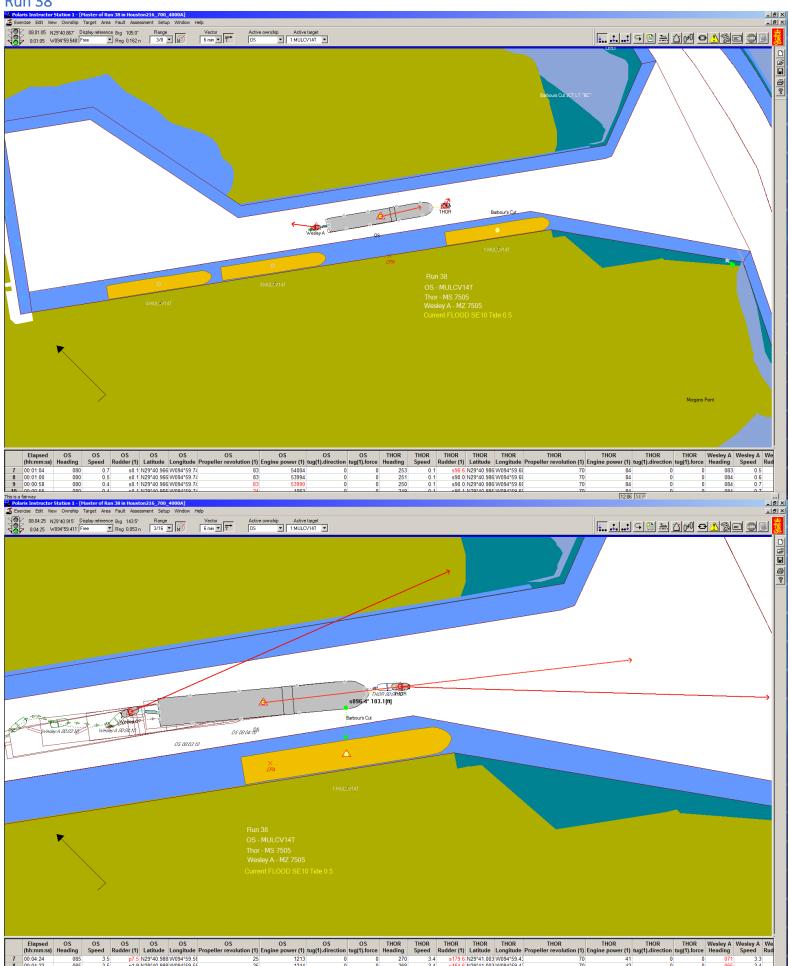


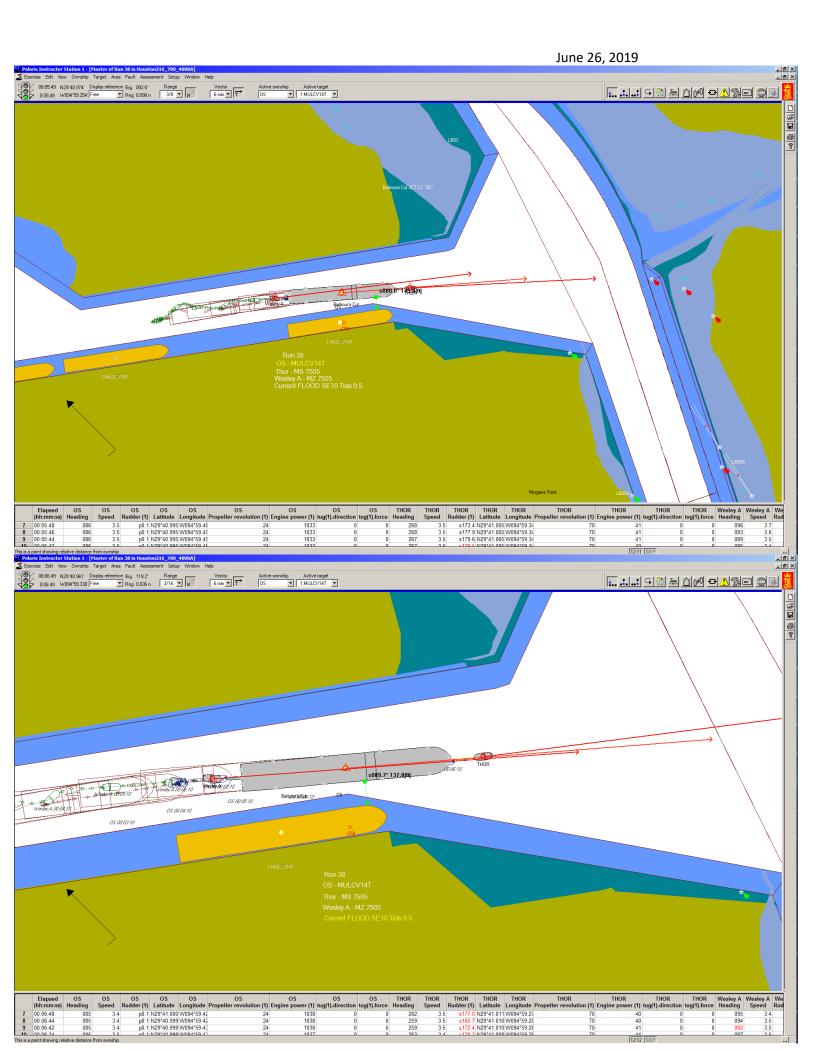


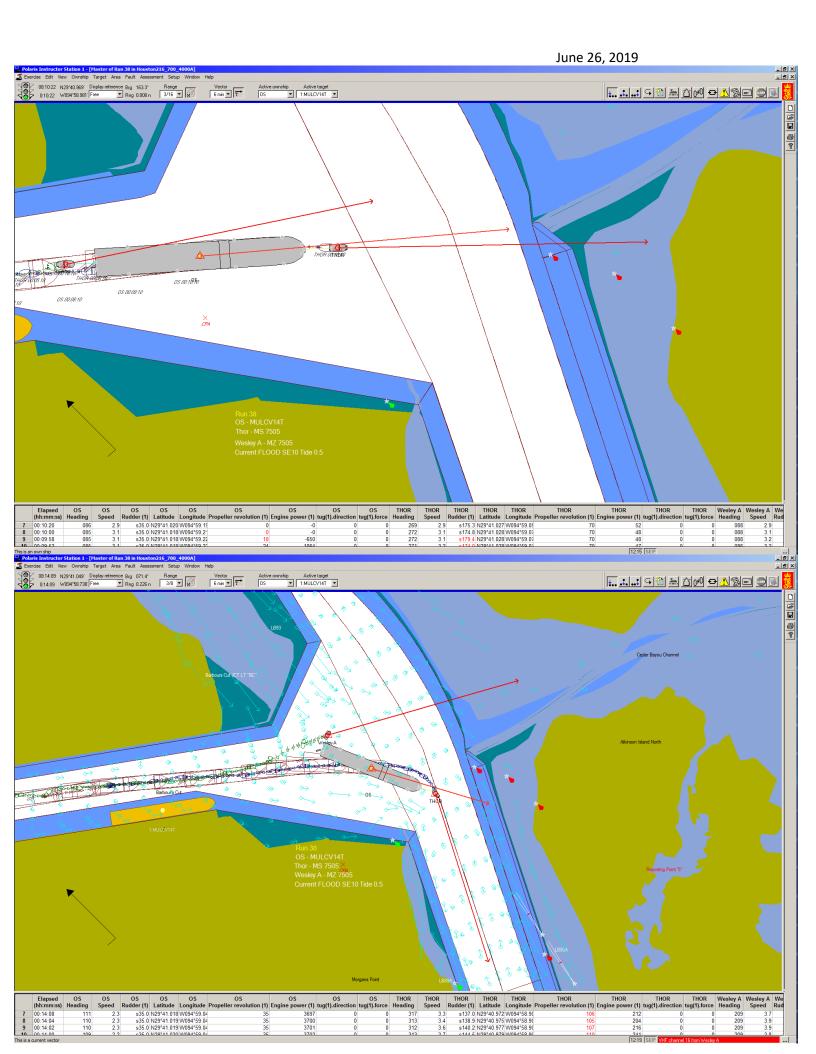


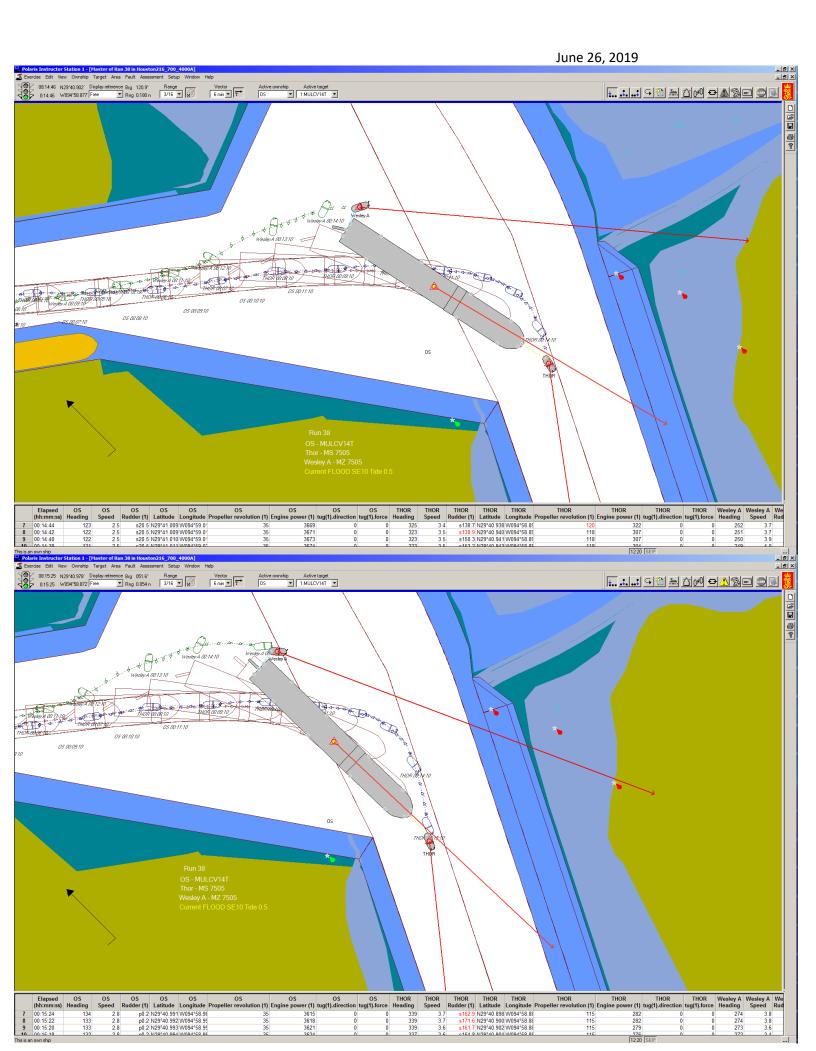


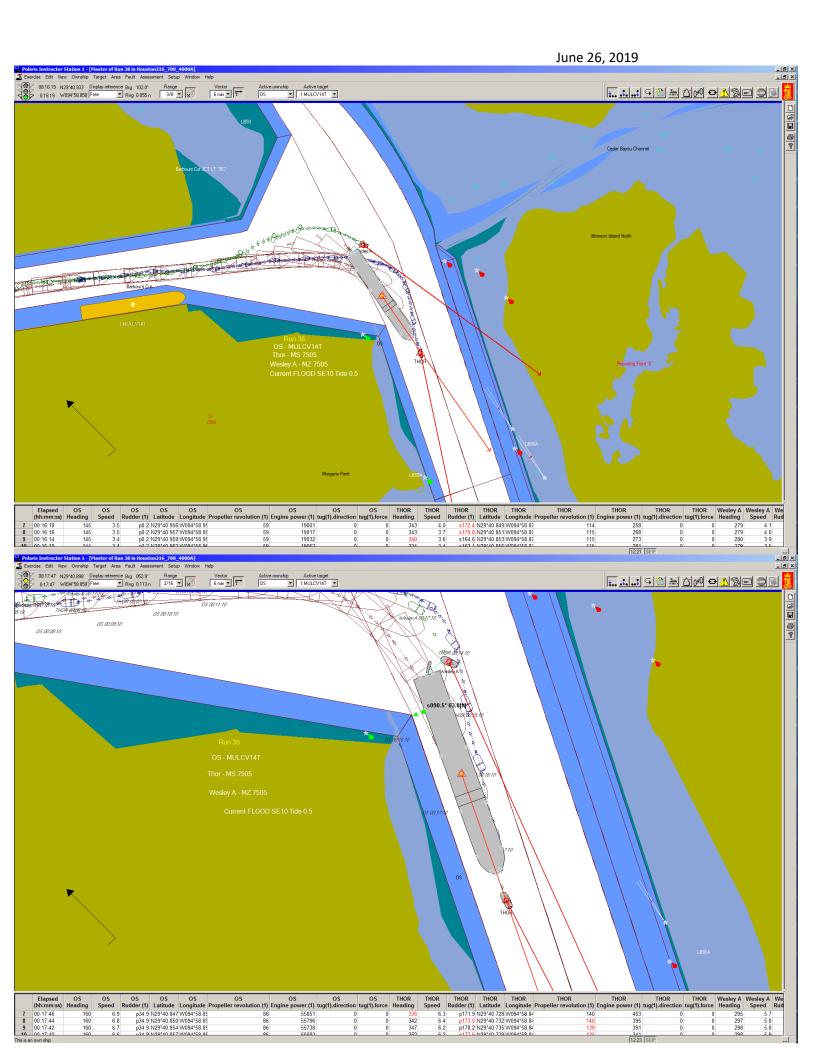


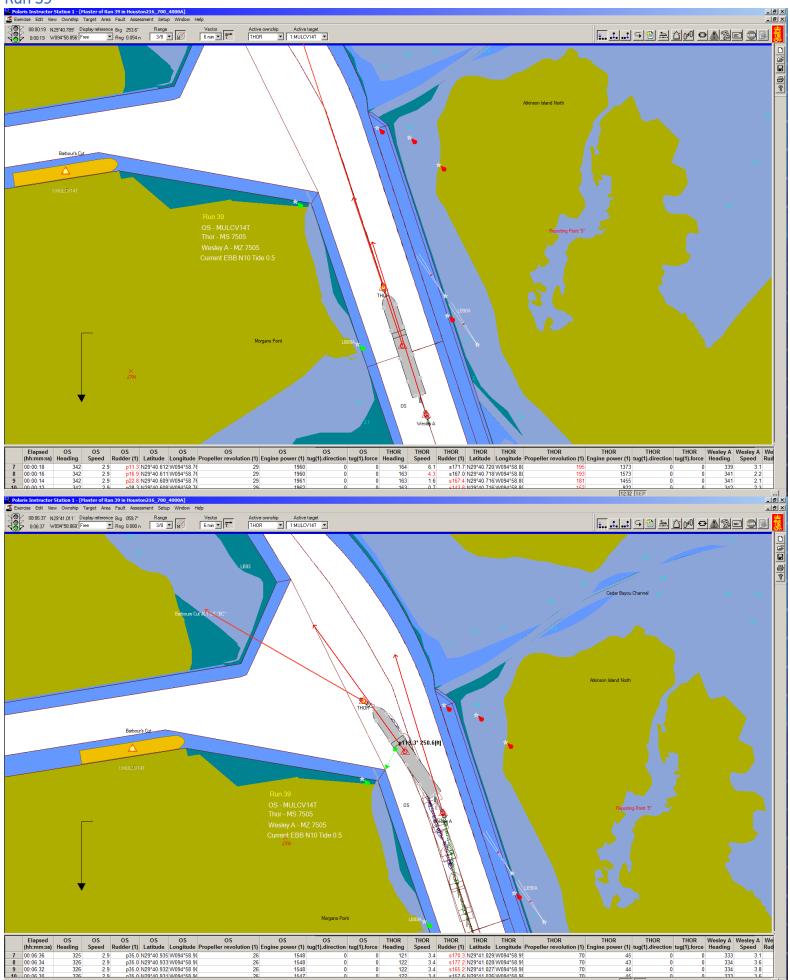


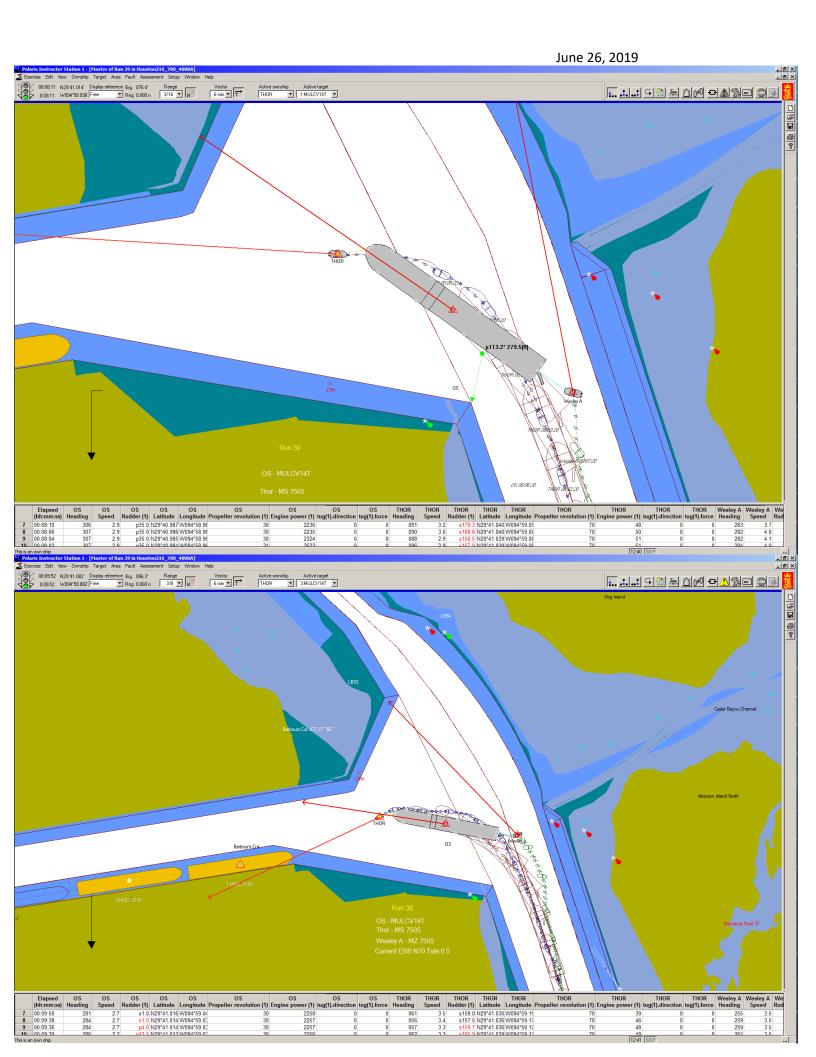


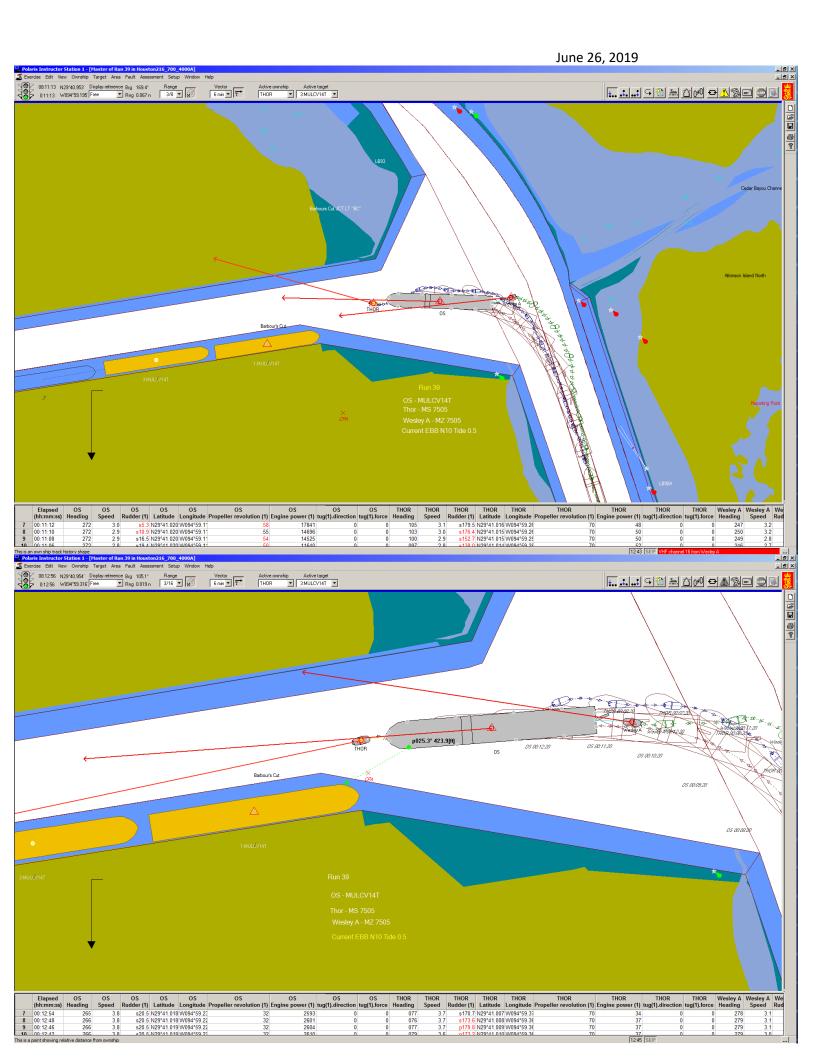


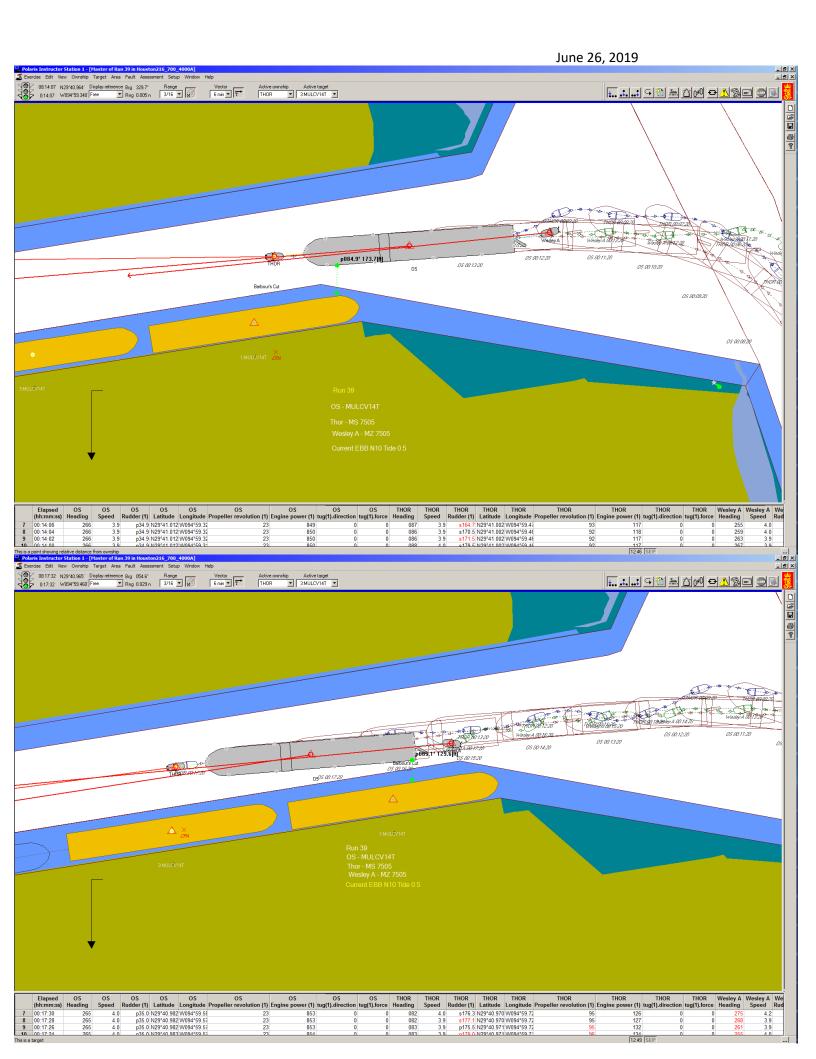


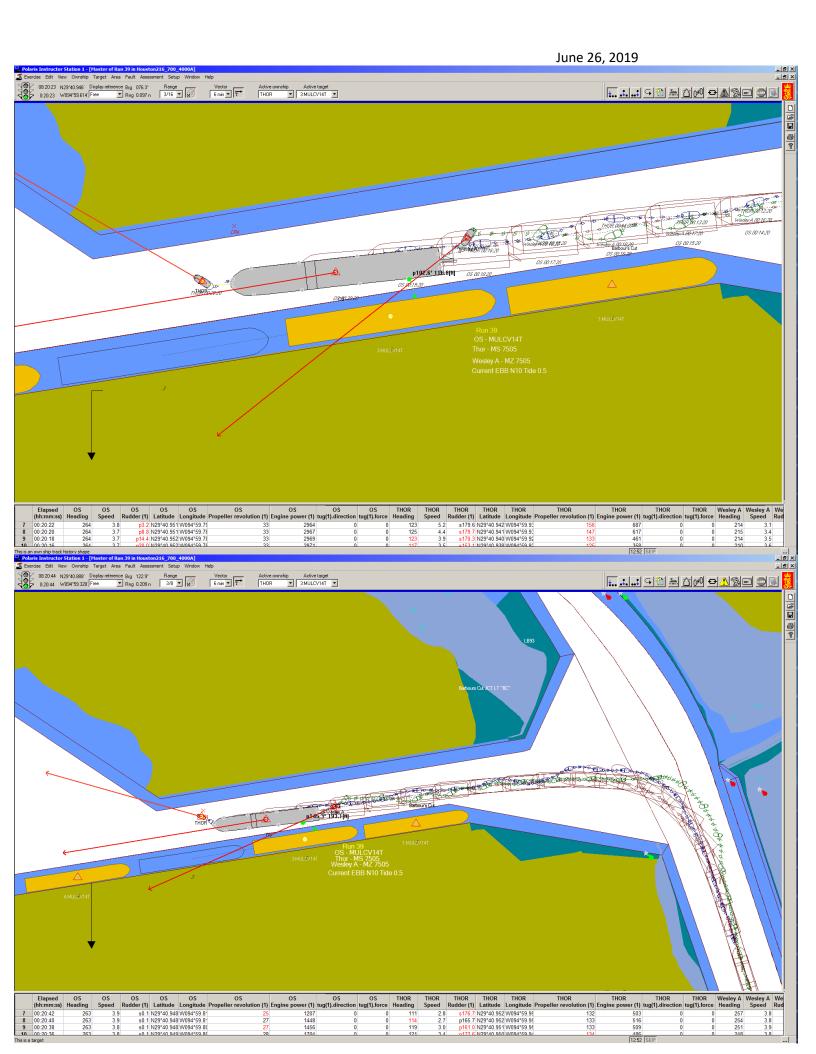


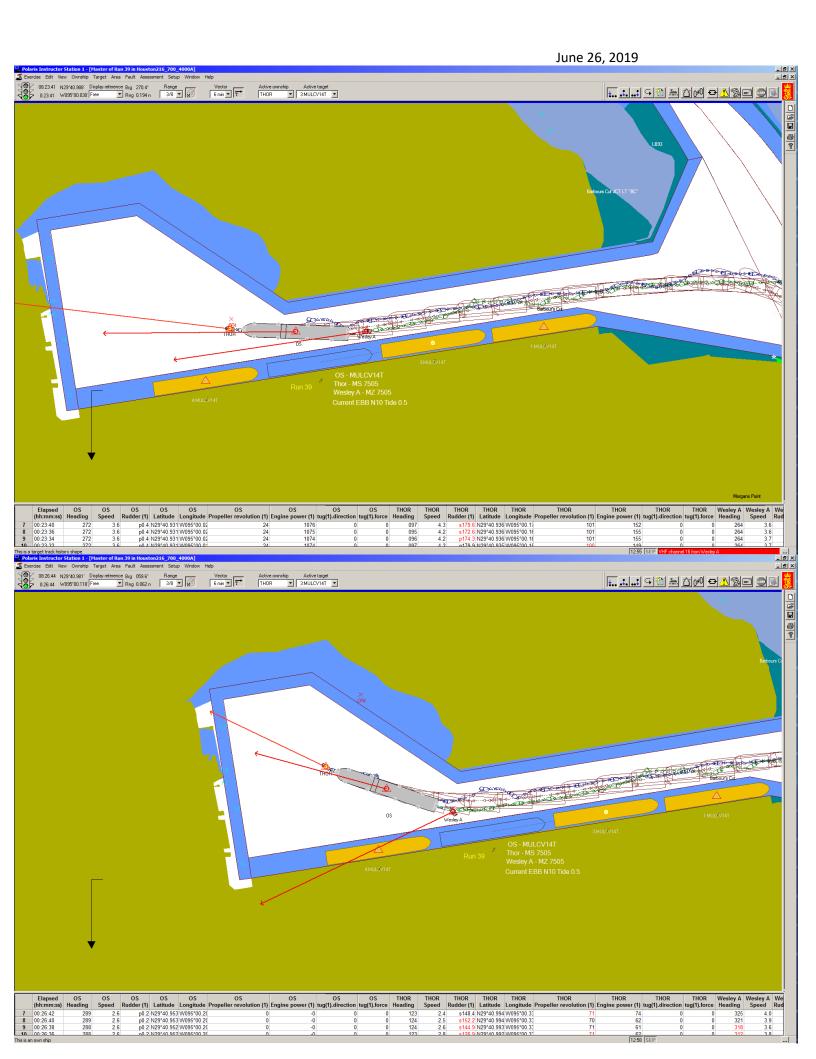


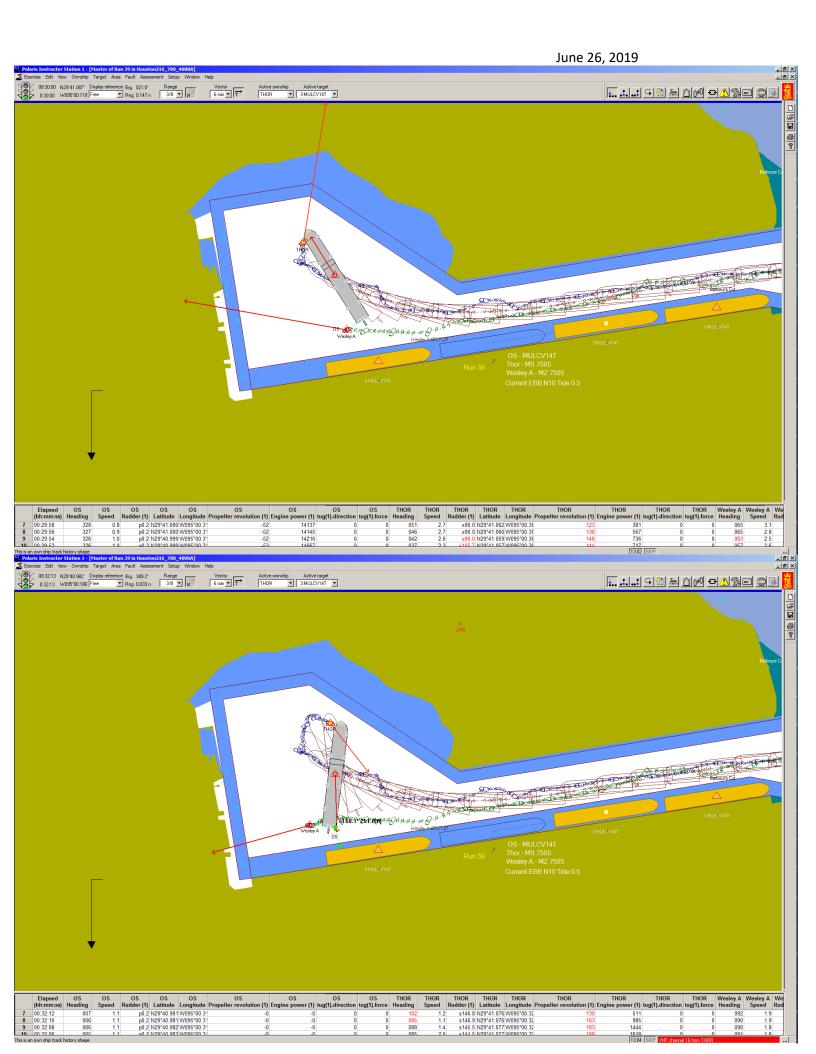


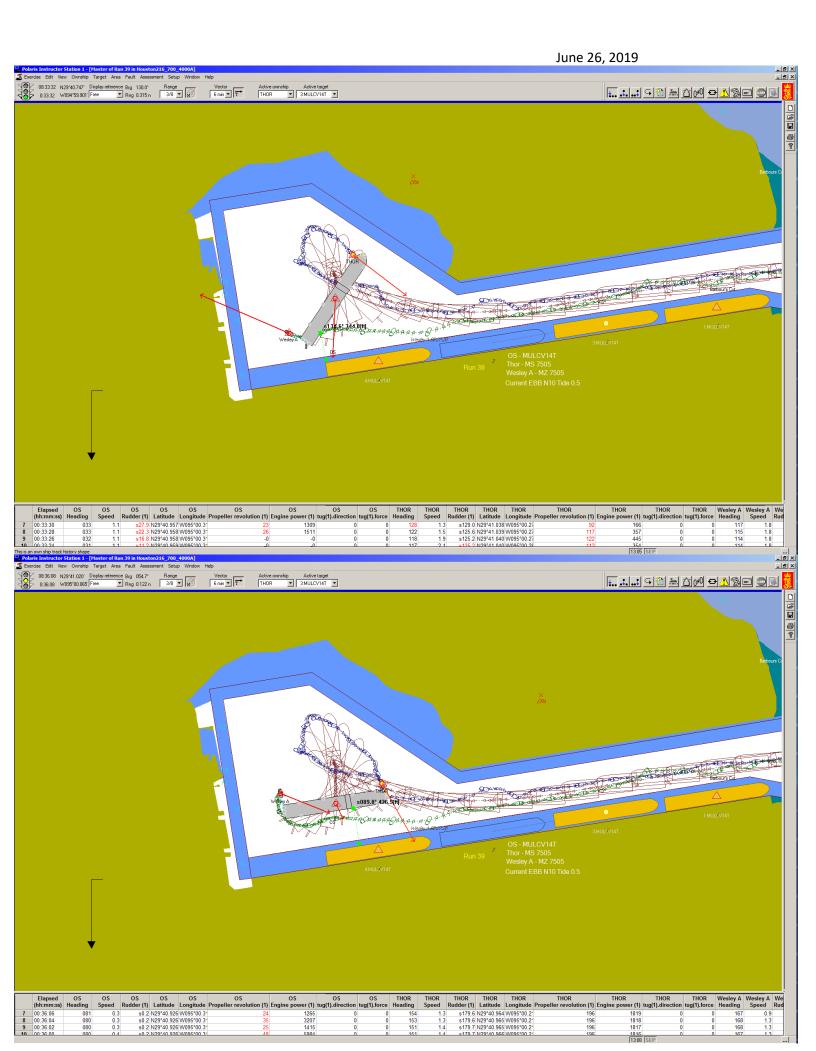


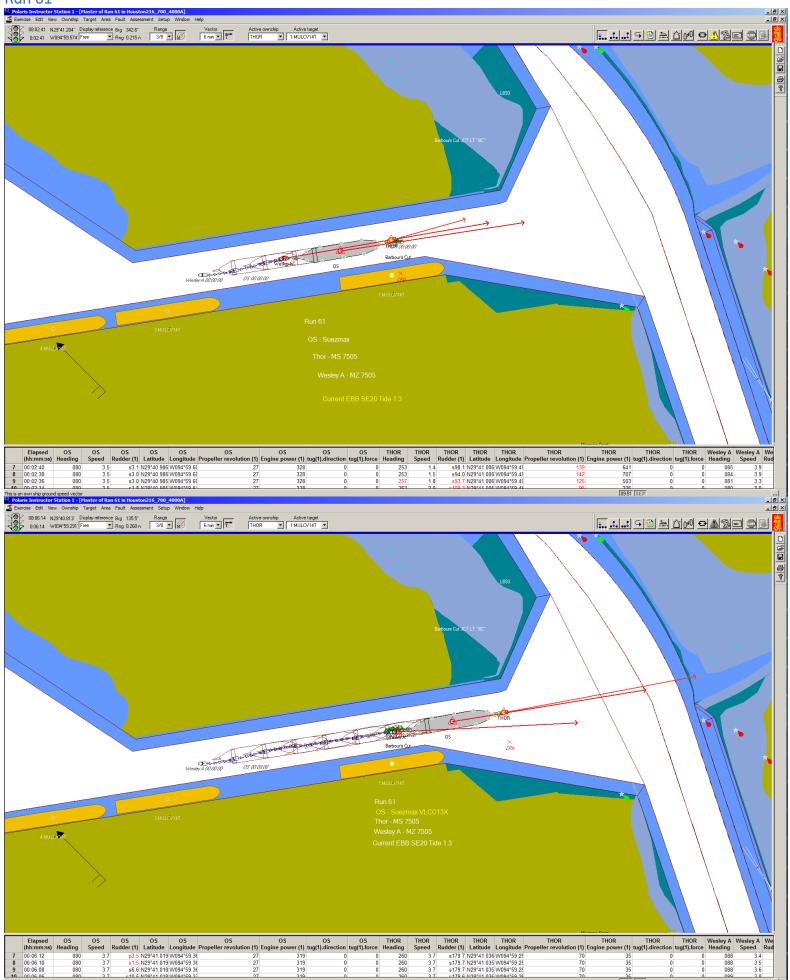


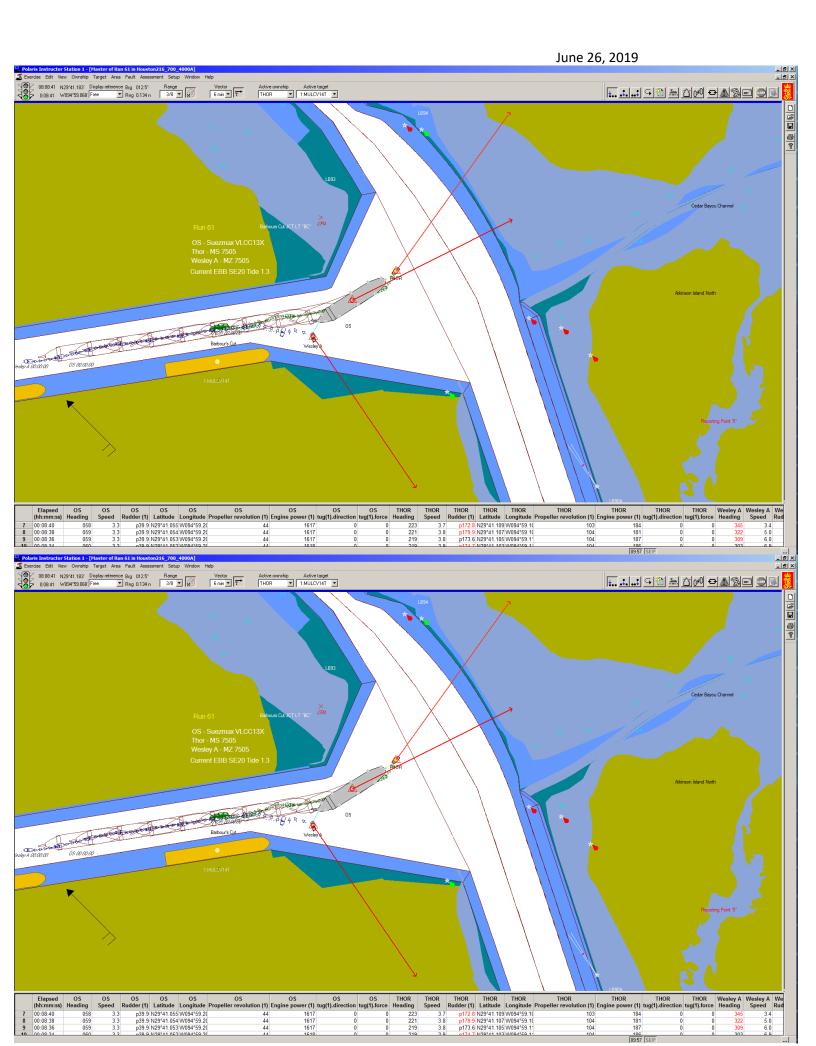


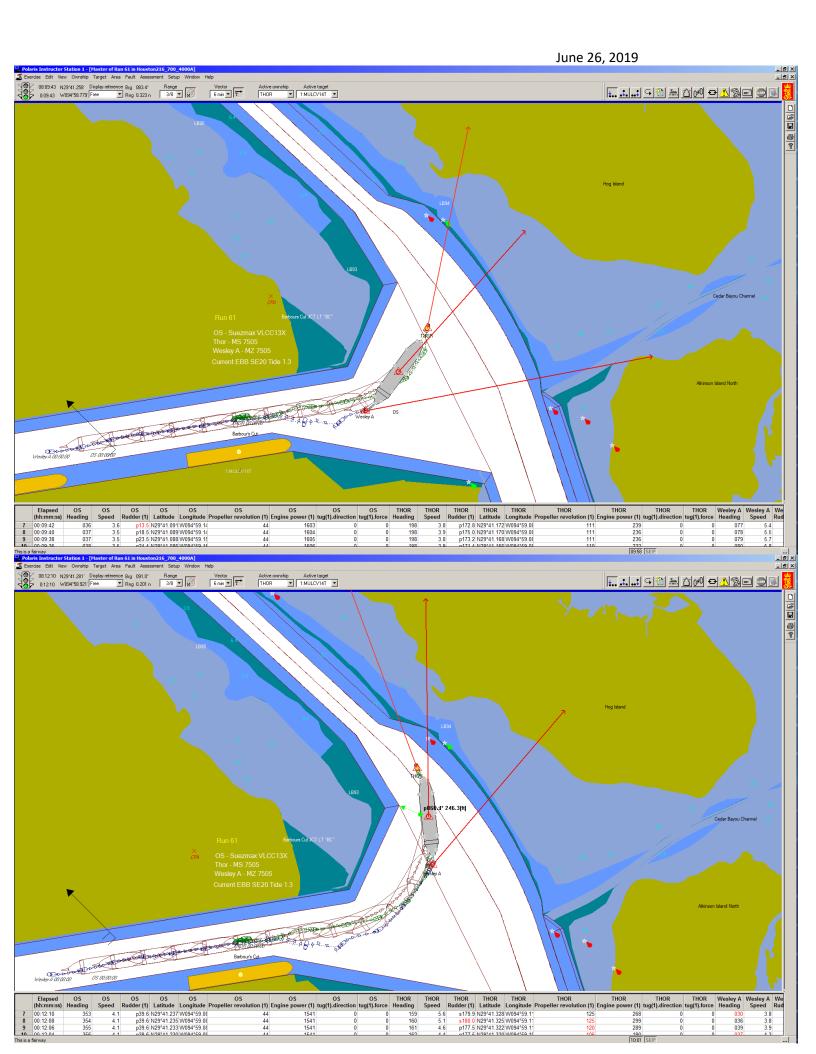


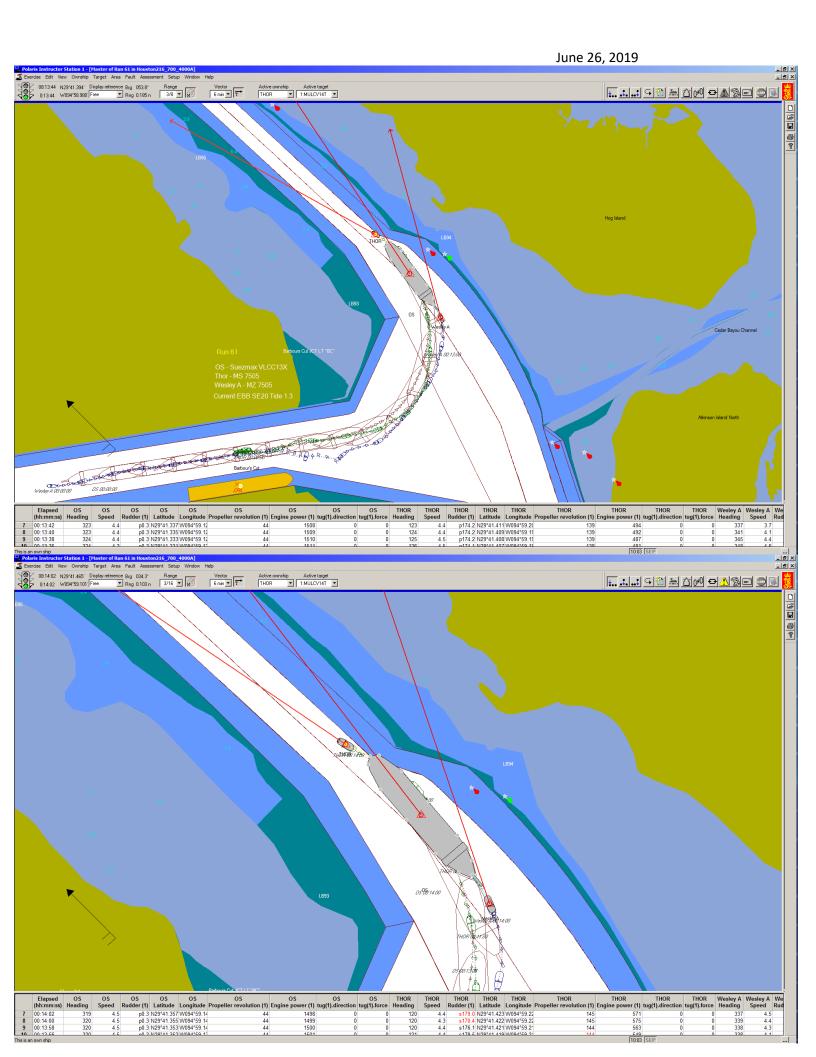


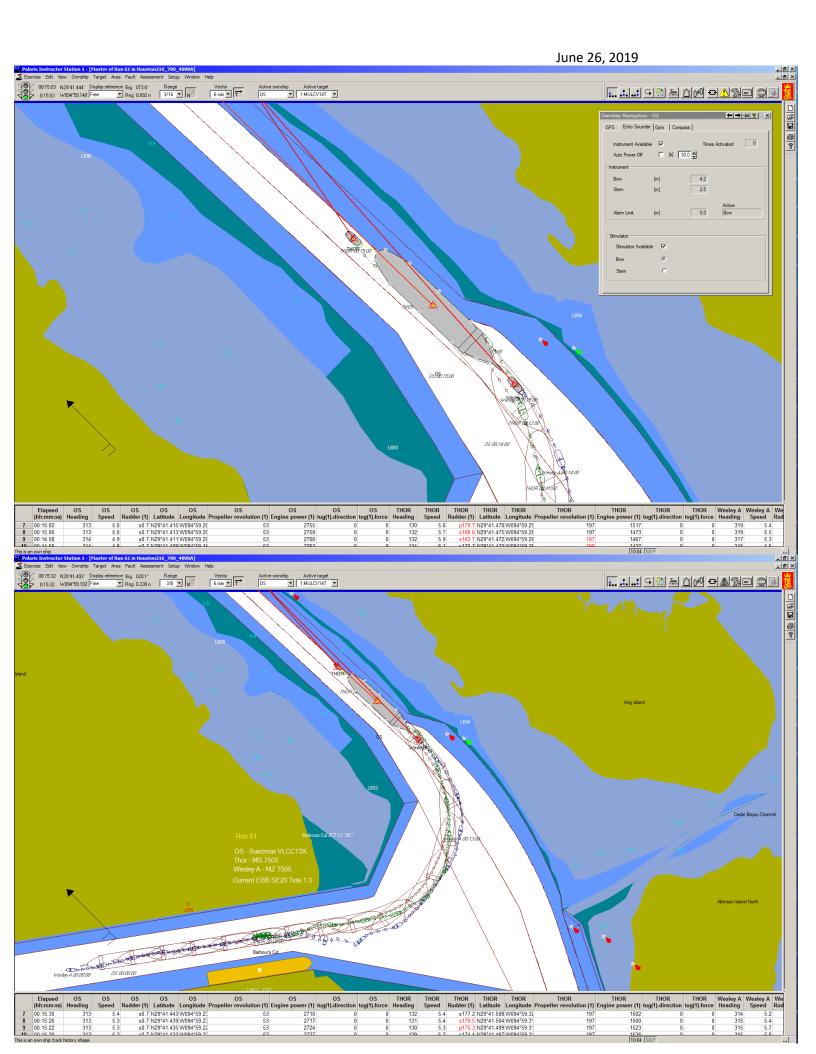


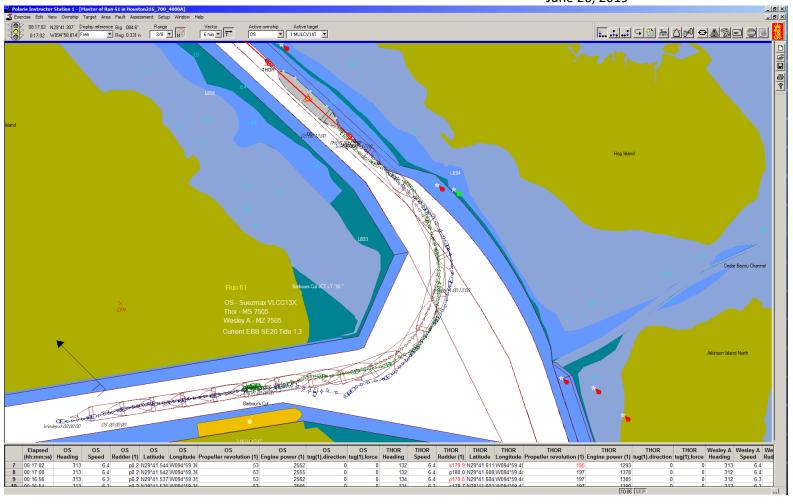


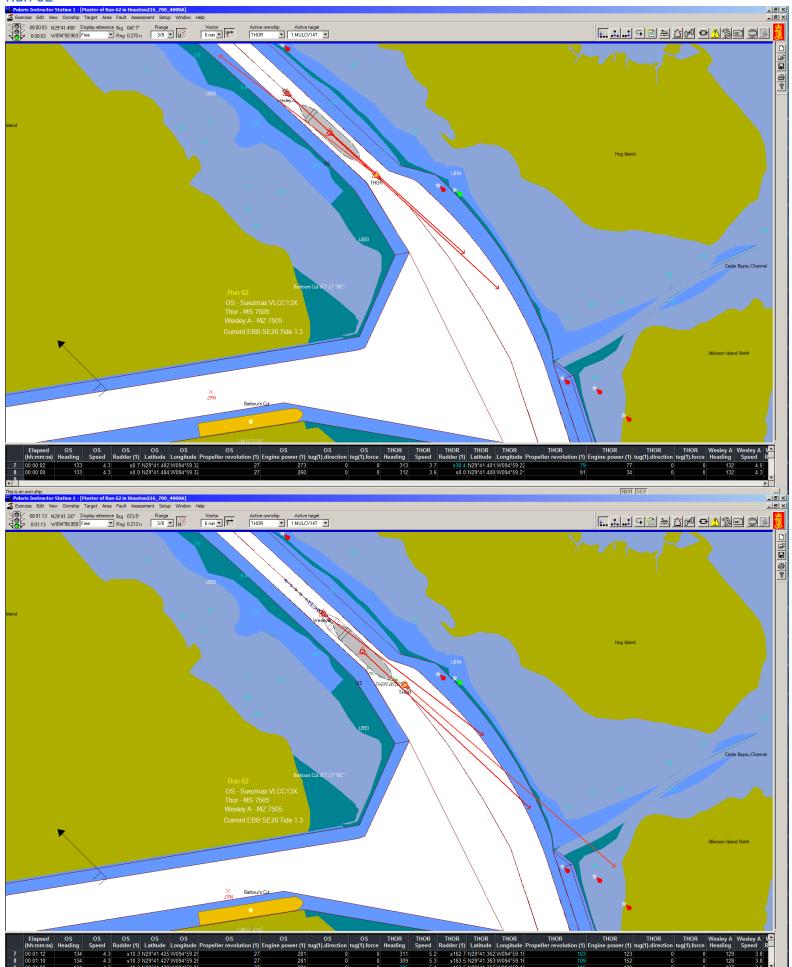


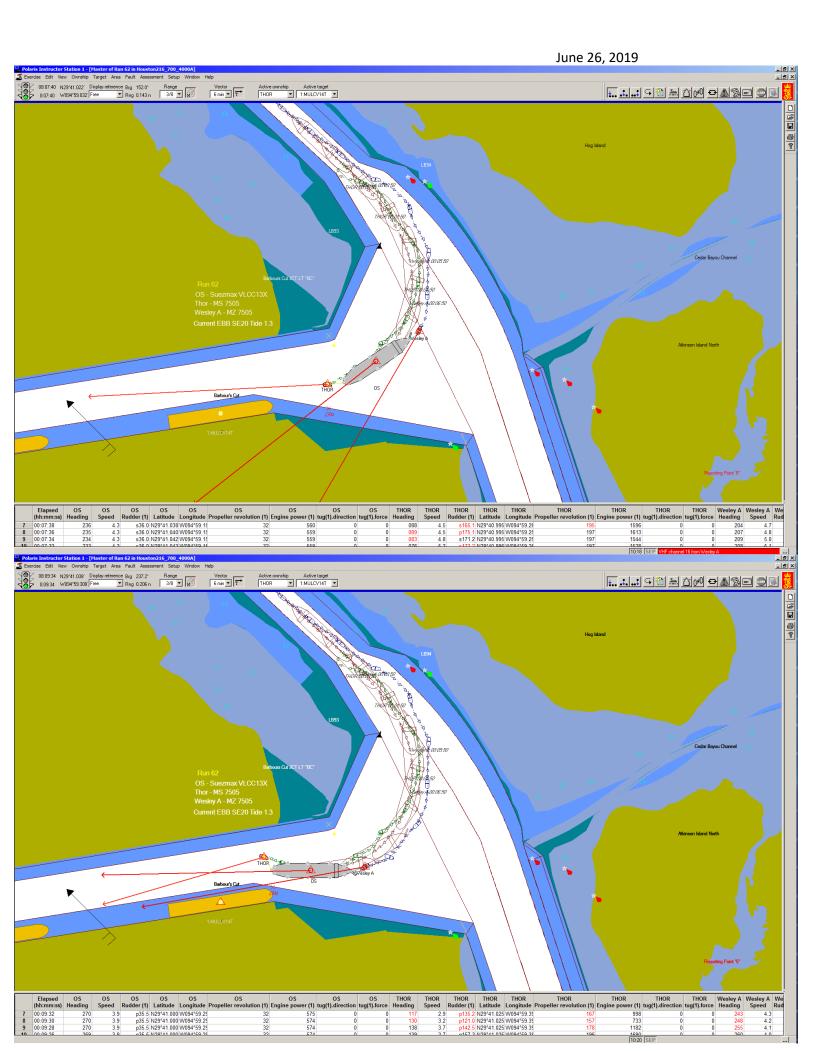


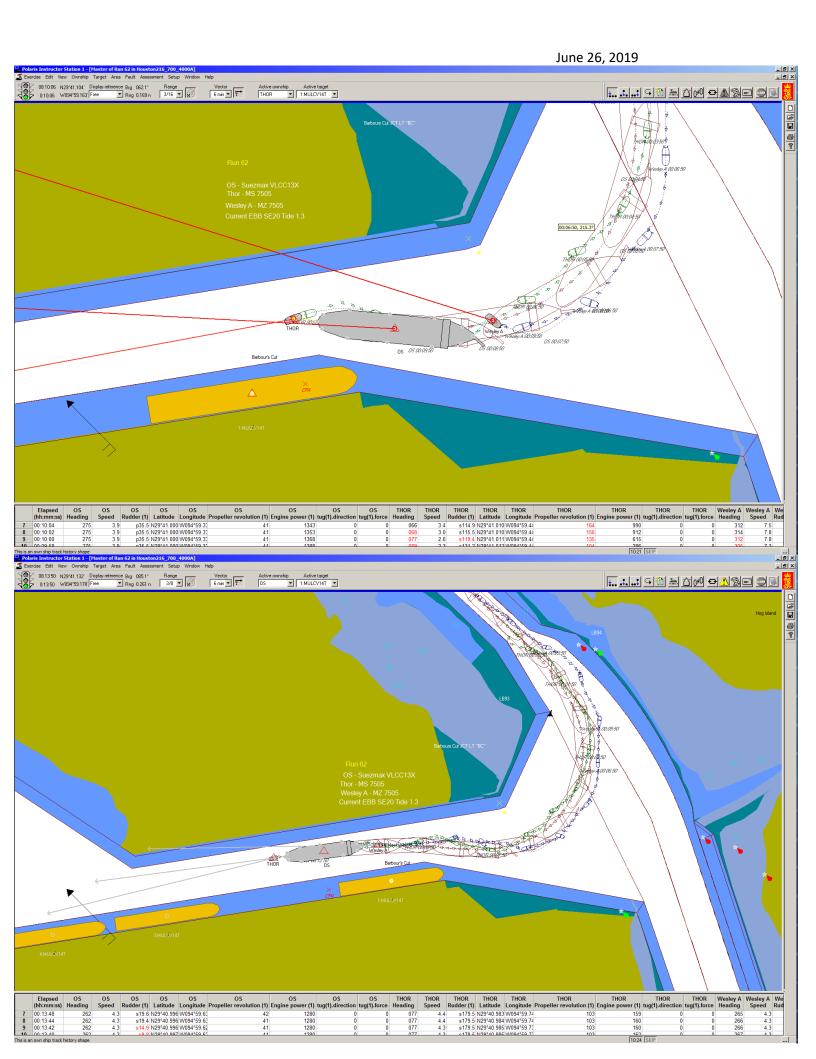




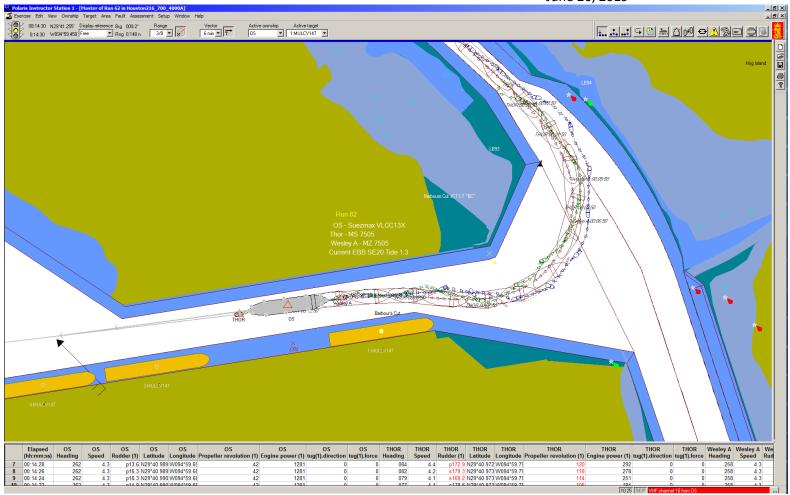




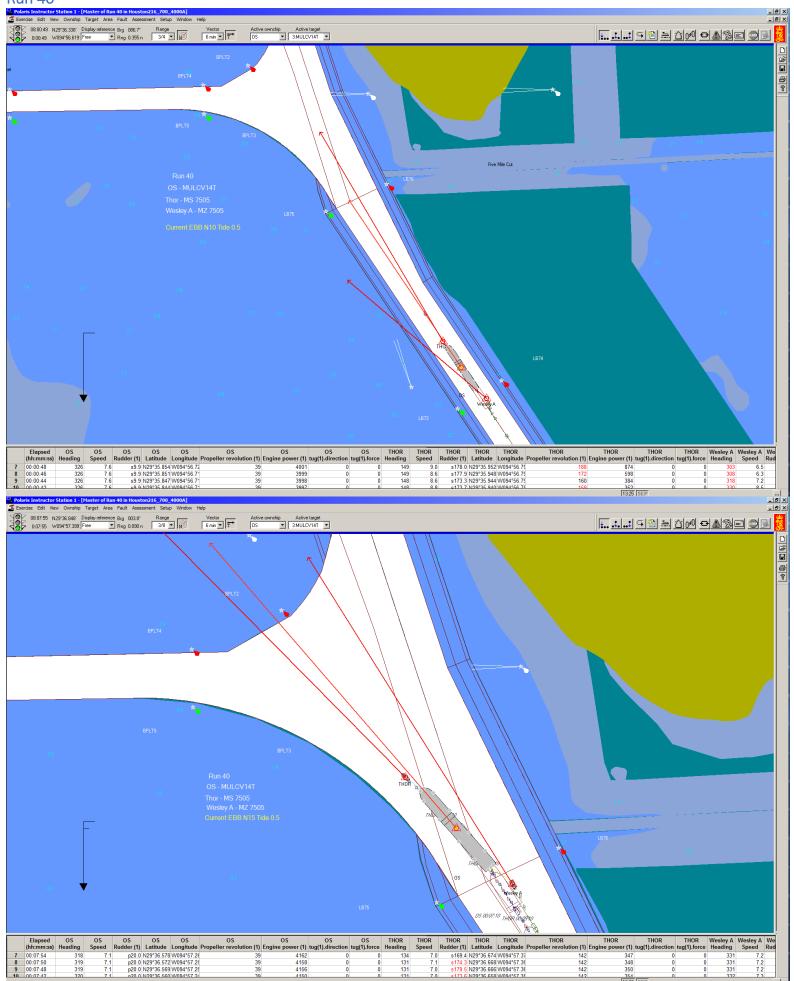


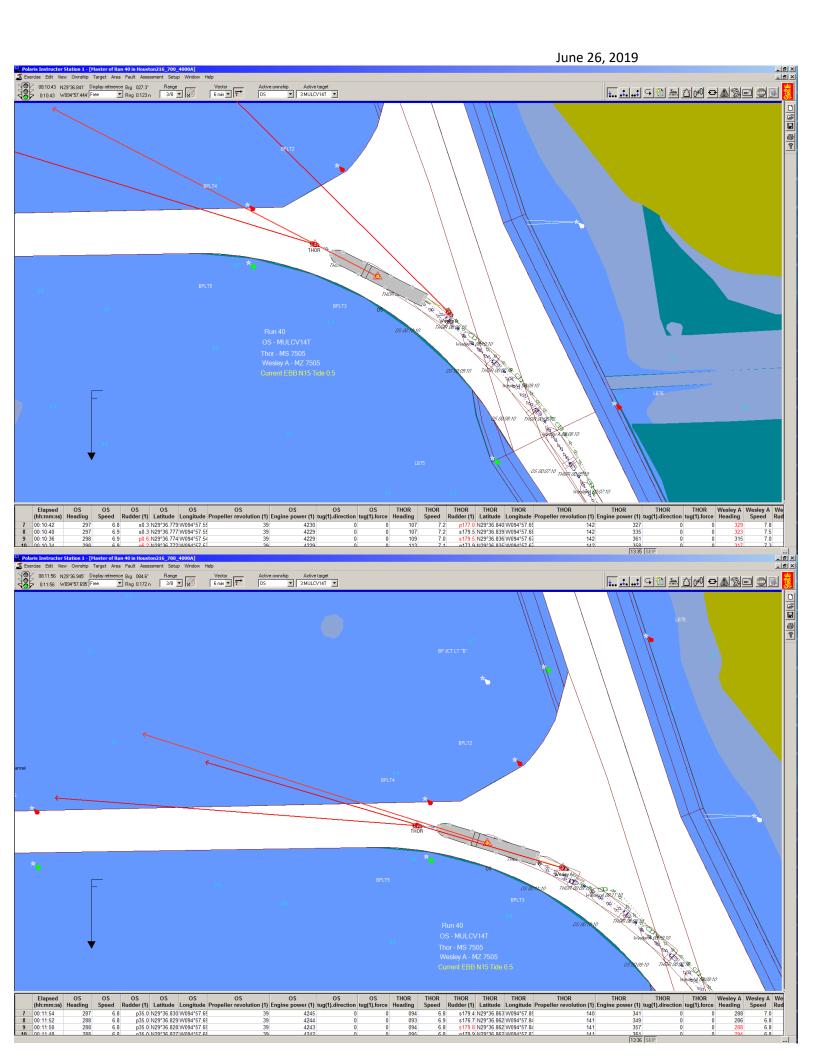


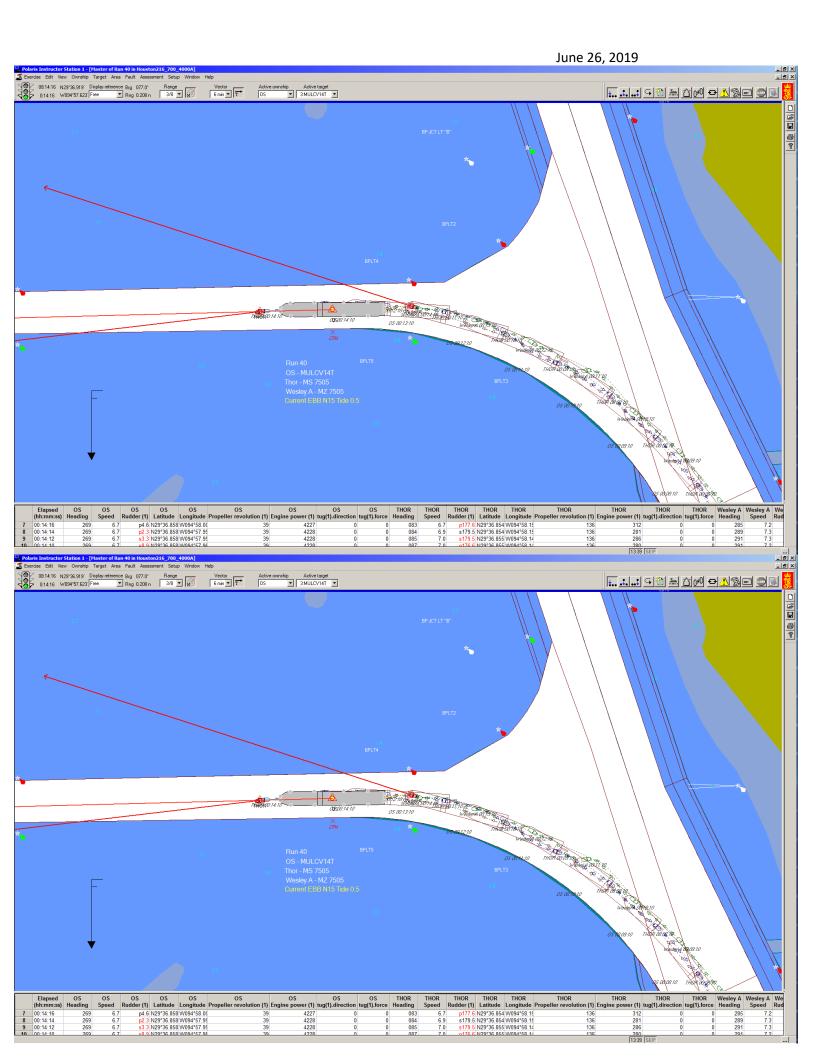
June 26, 2019 

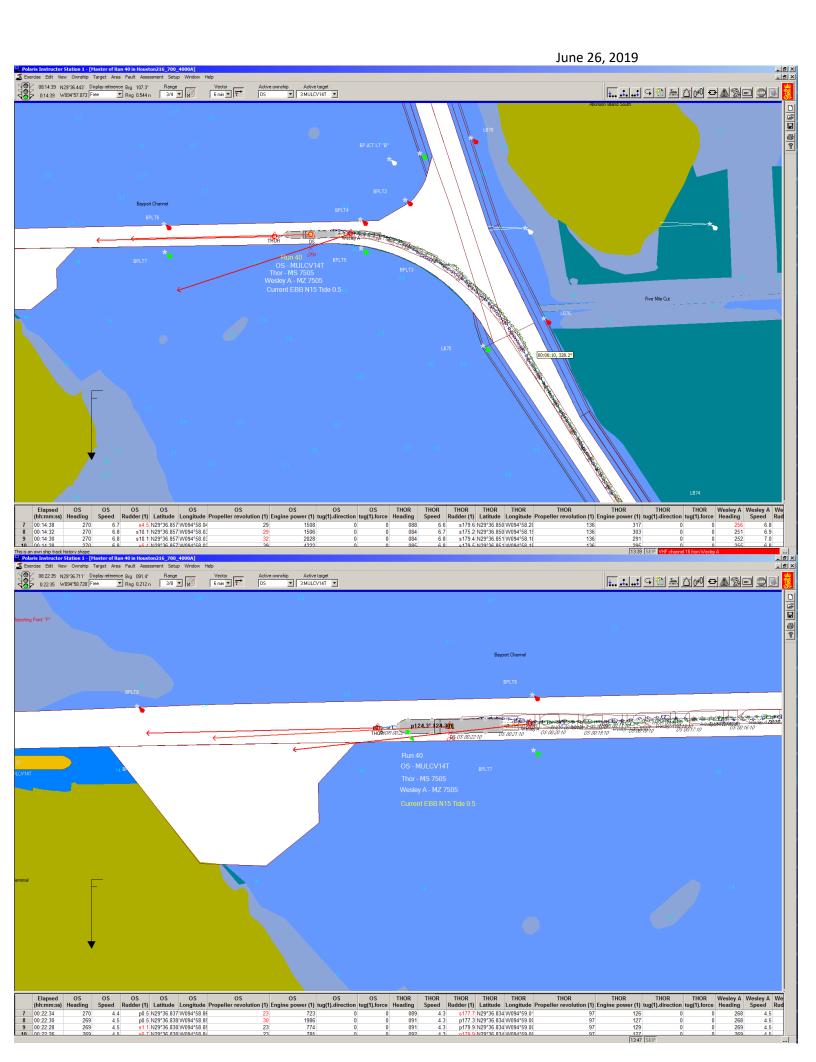


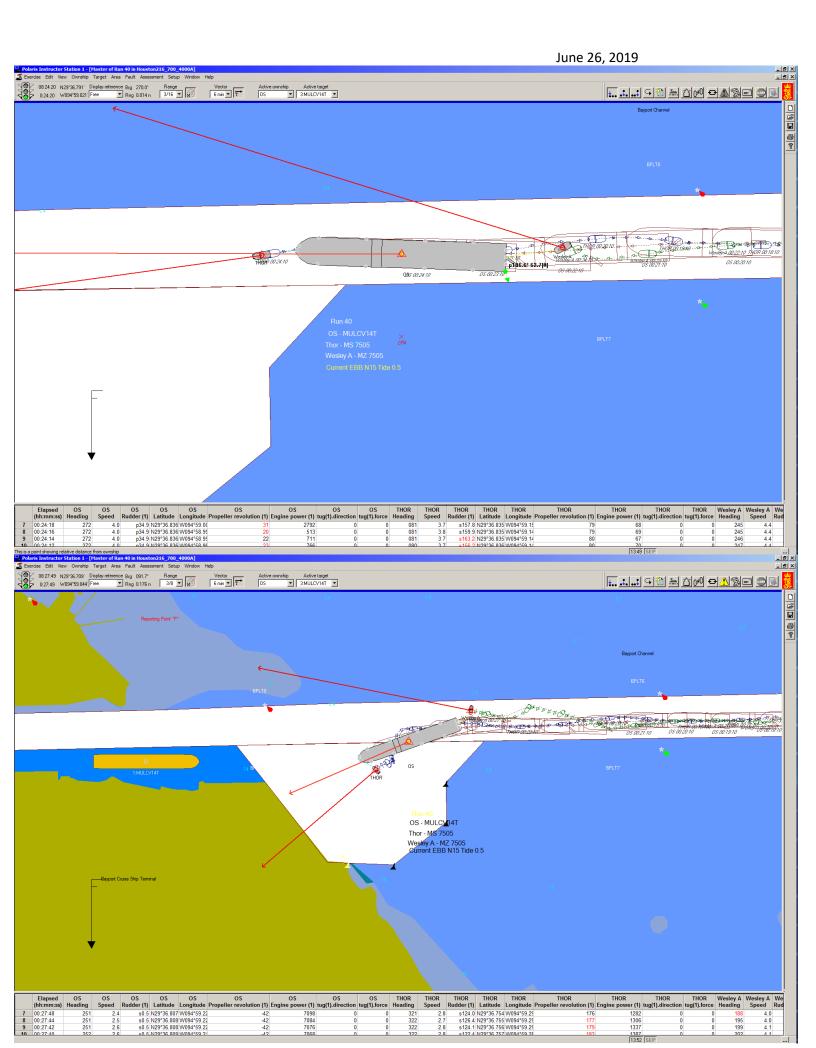
Appendix N: HSC – Bayport Ship Channel Simulations

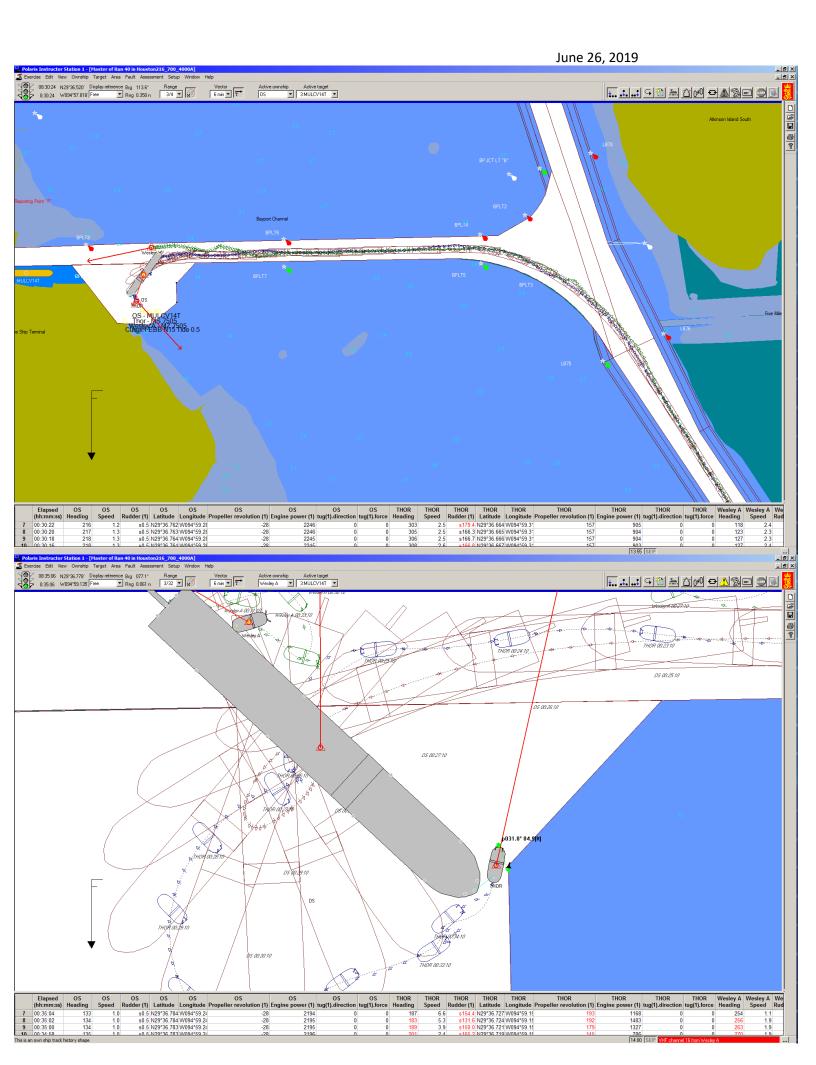


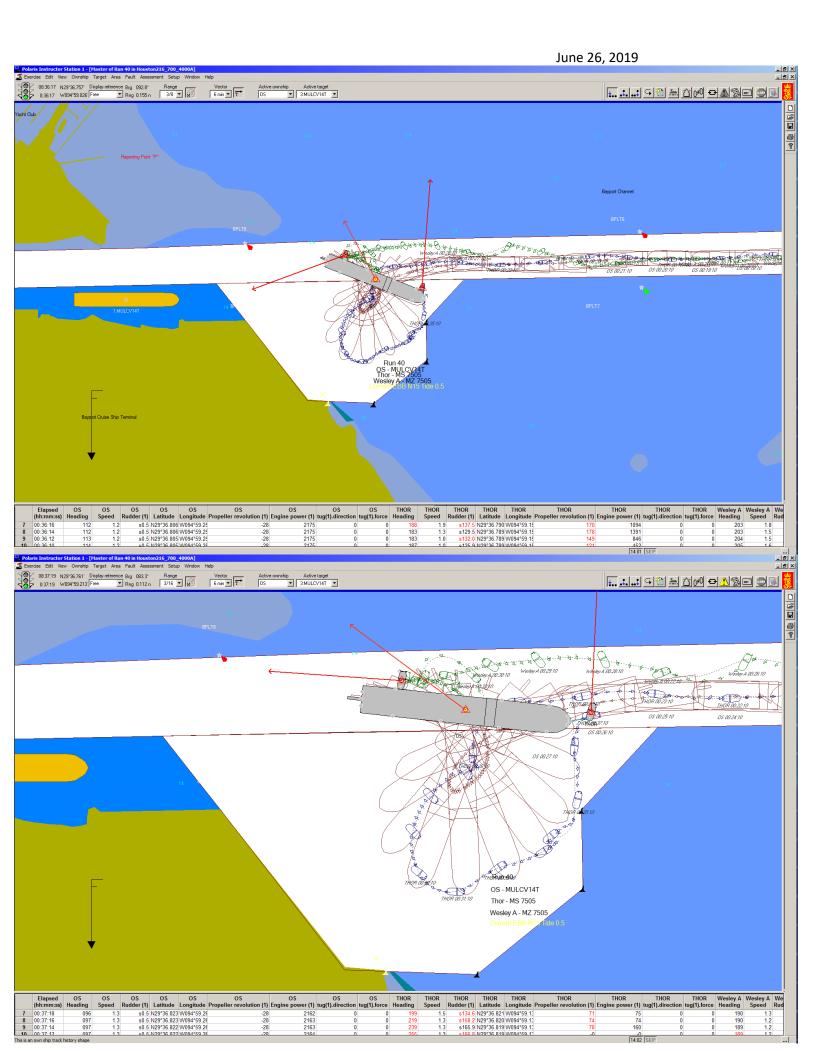


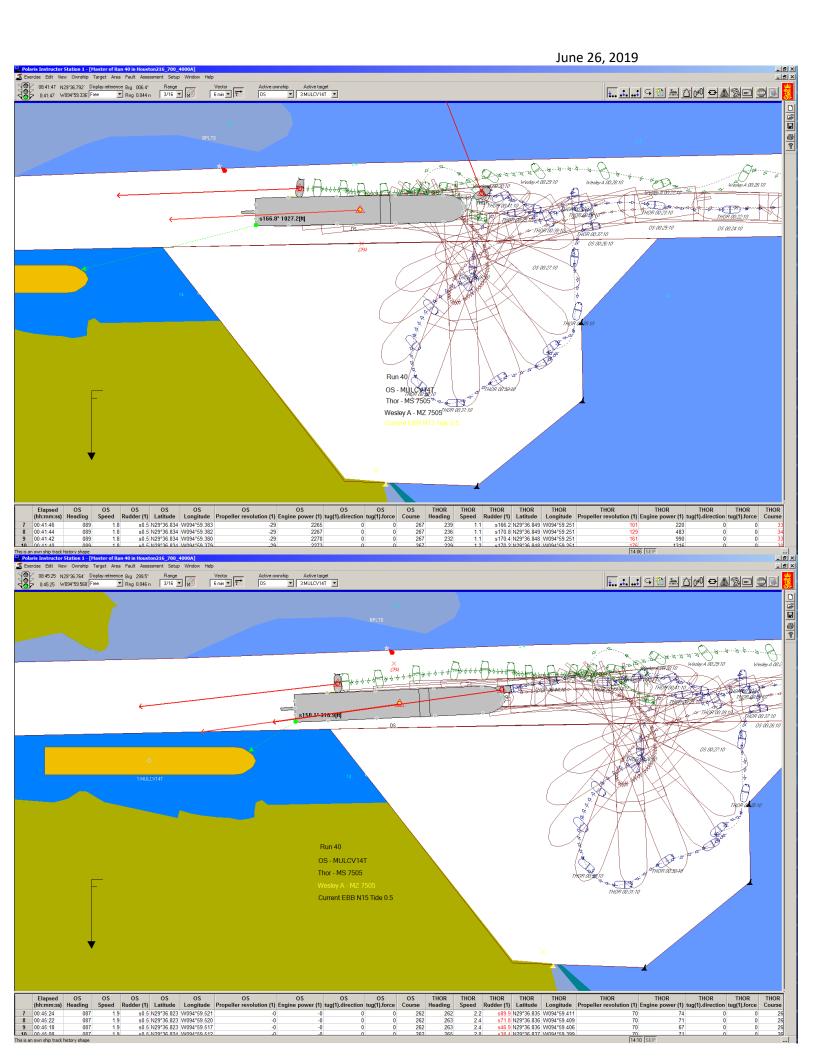


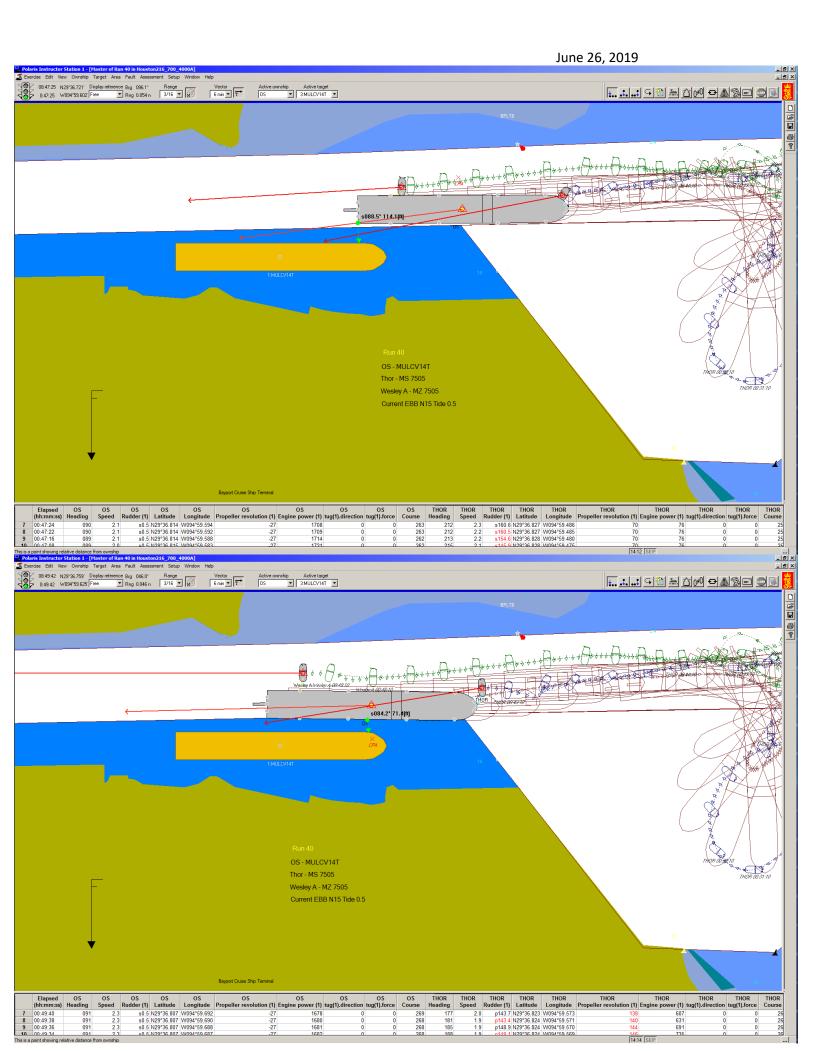


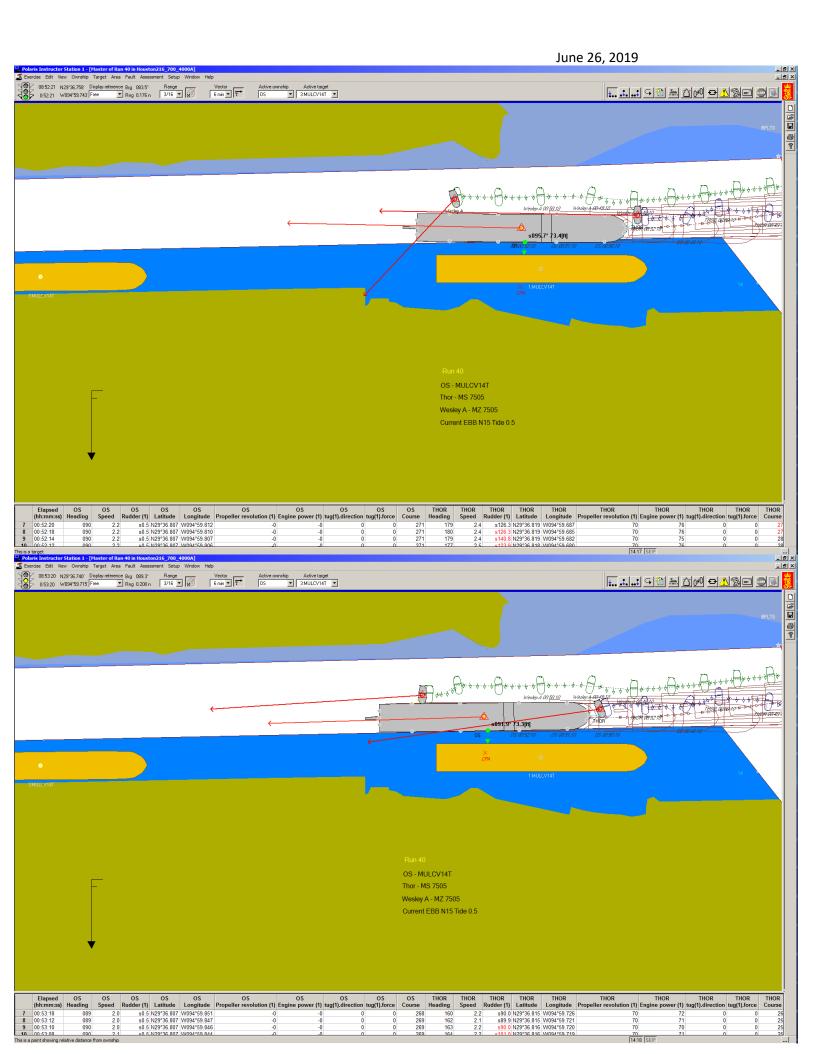


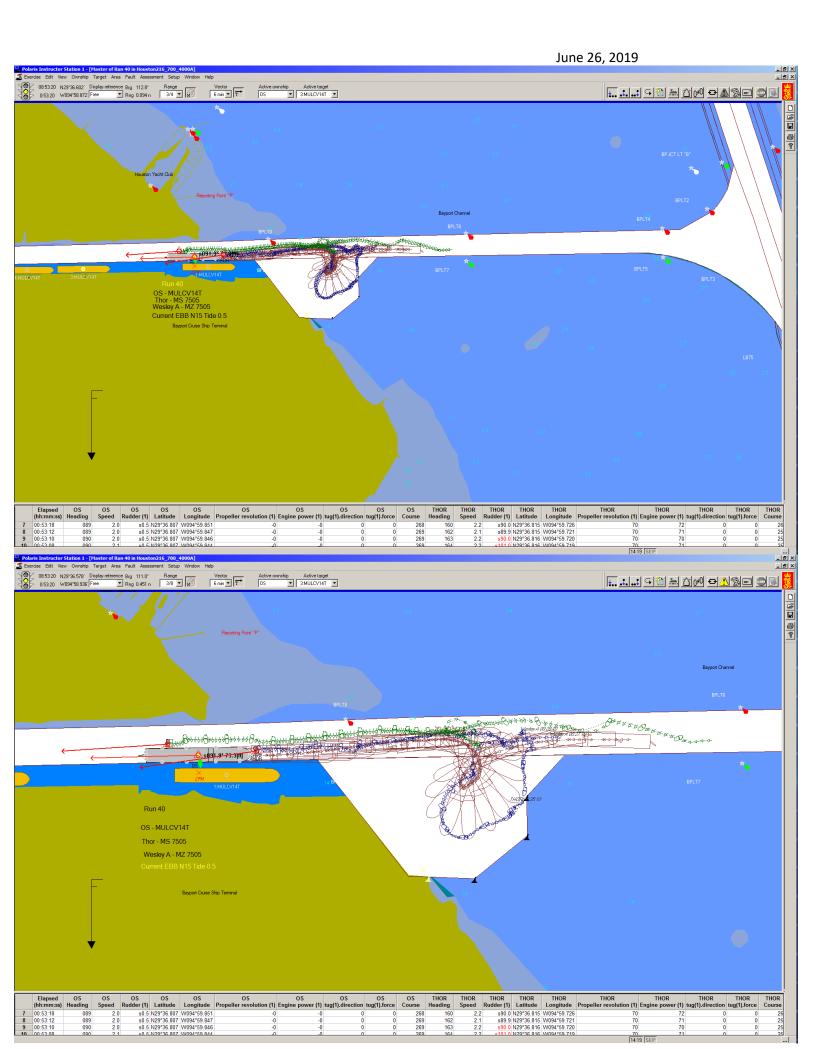


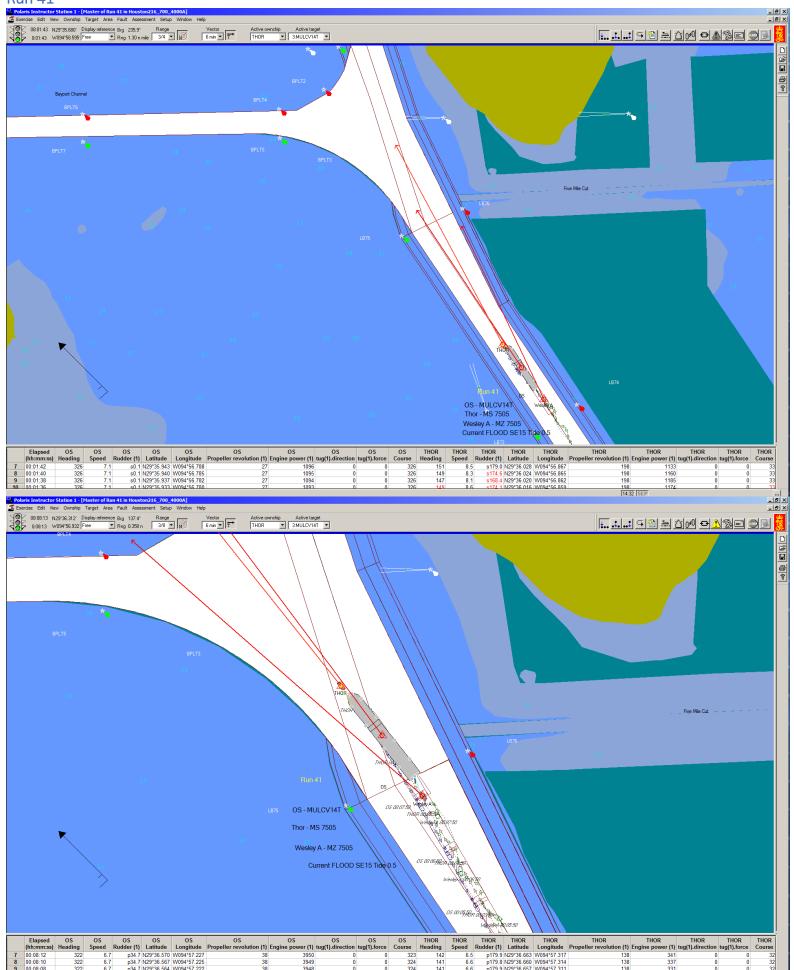


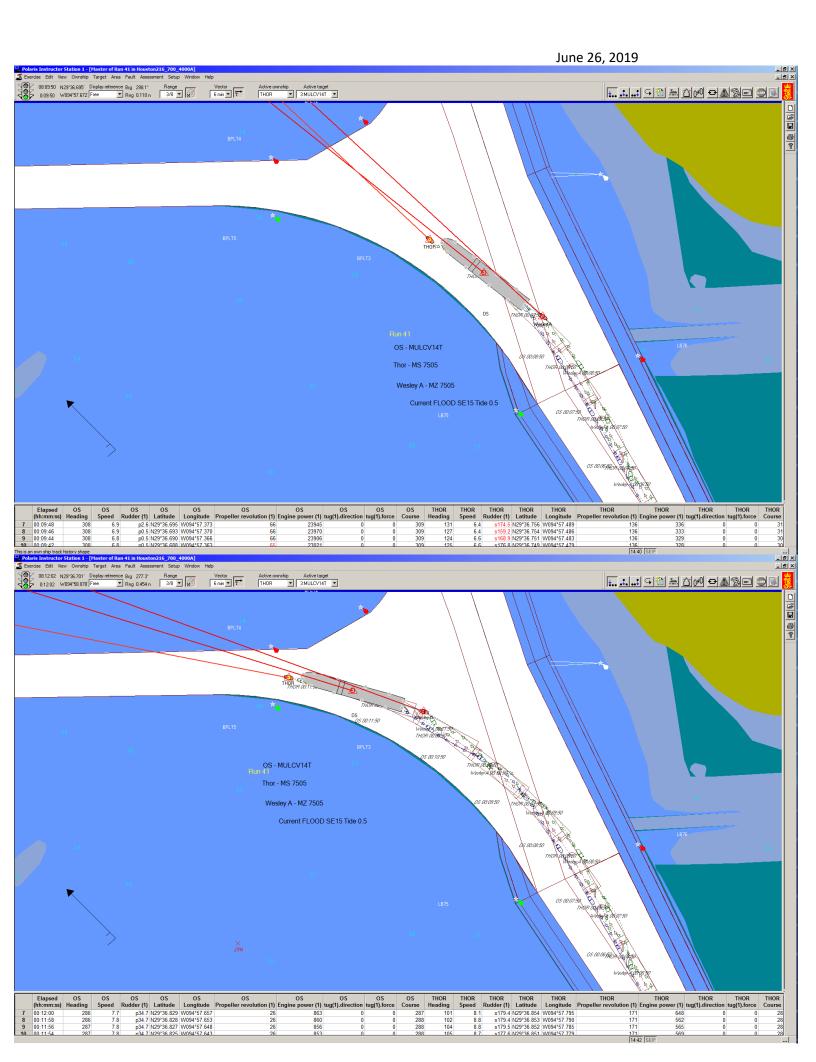


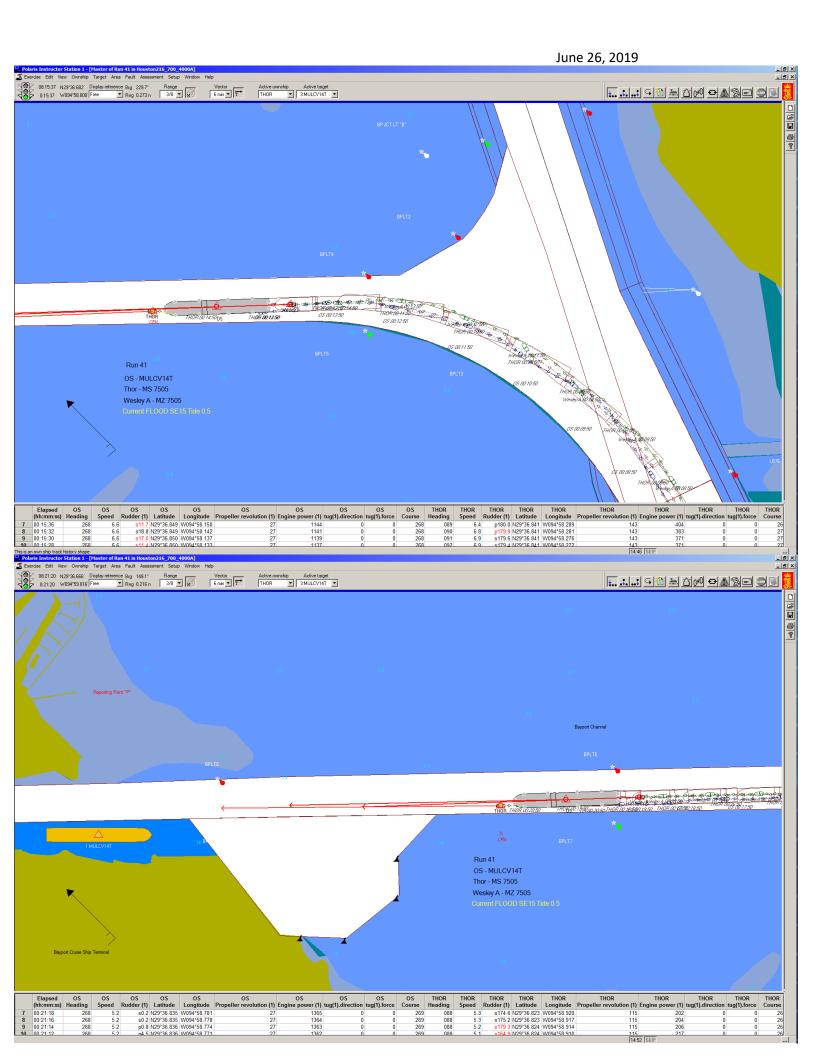


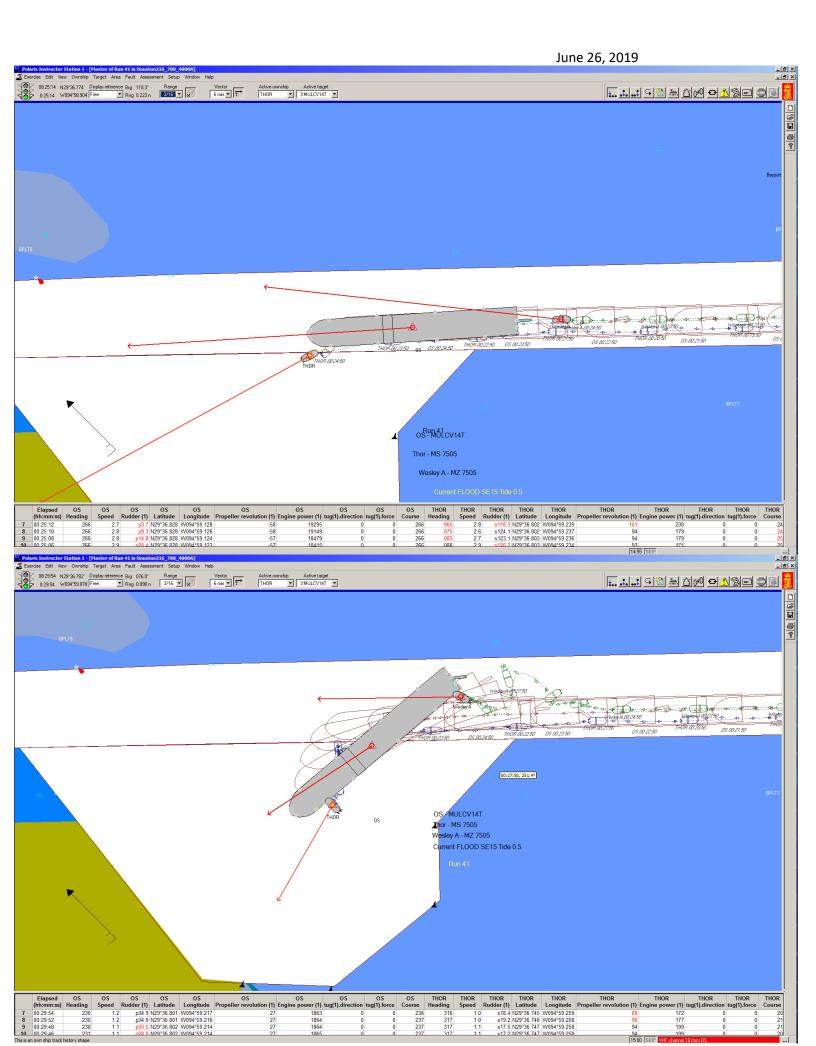


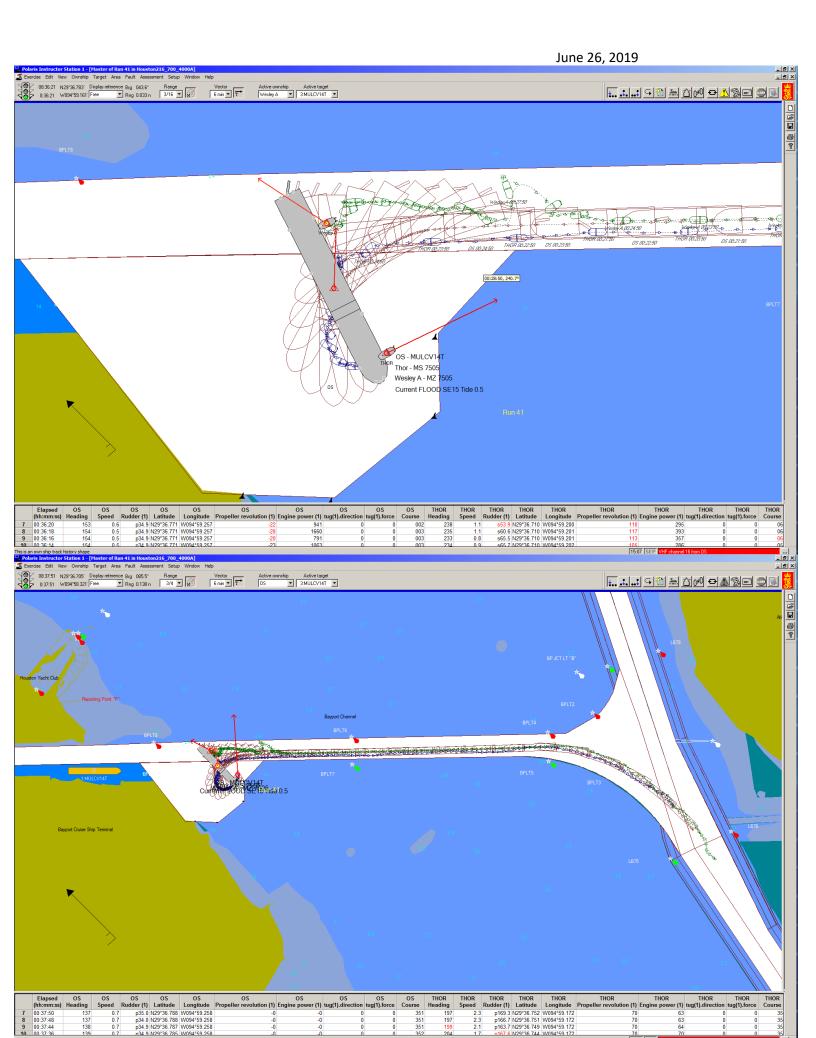


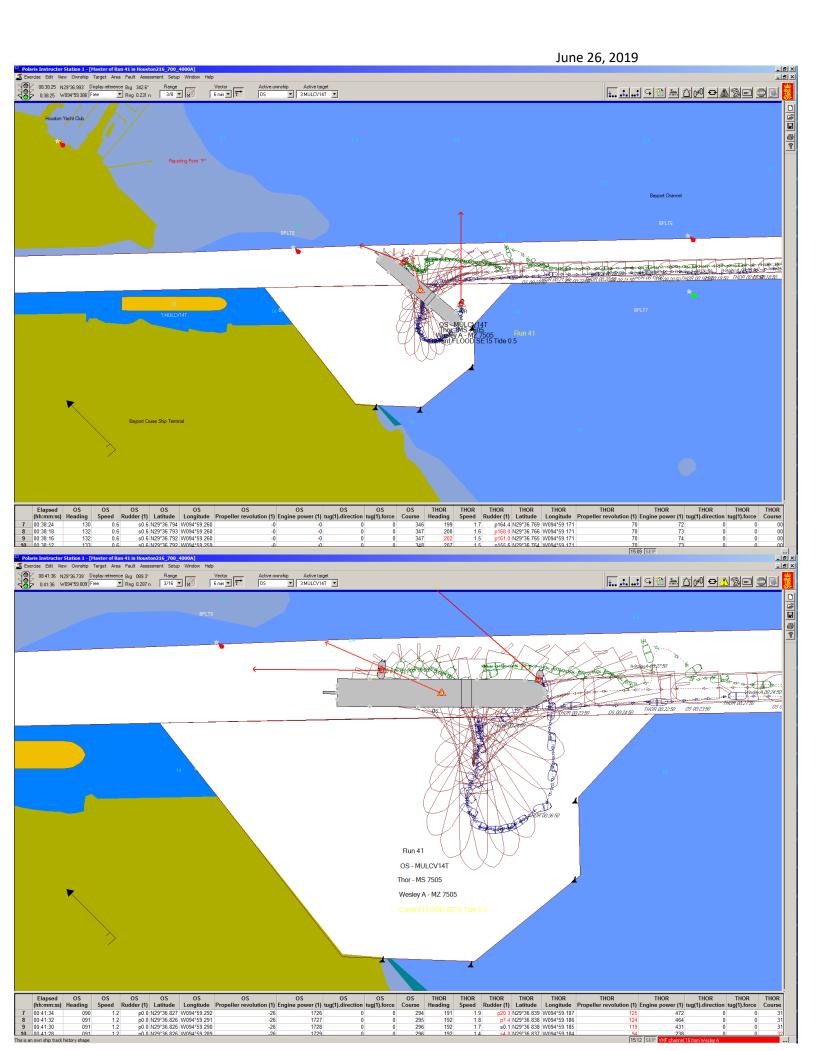


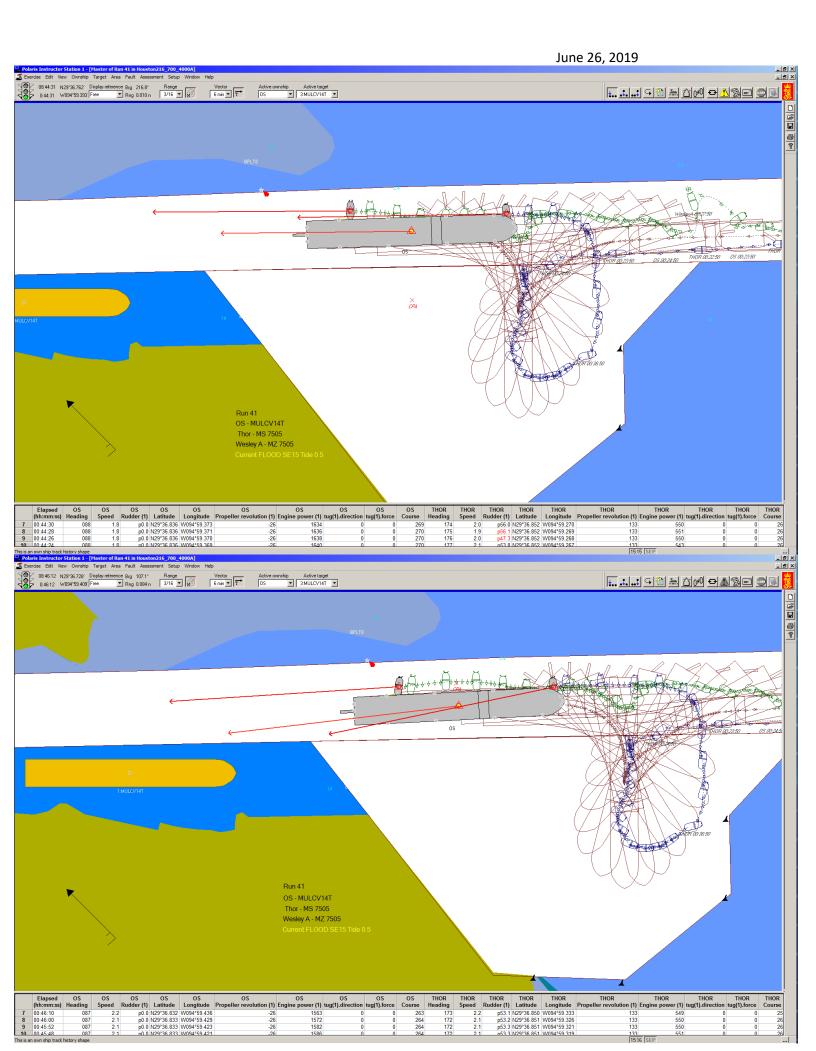




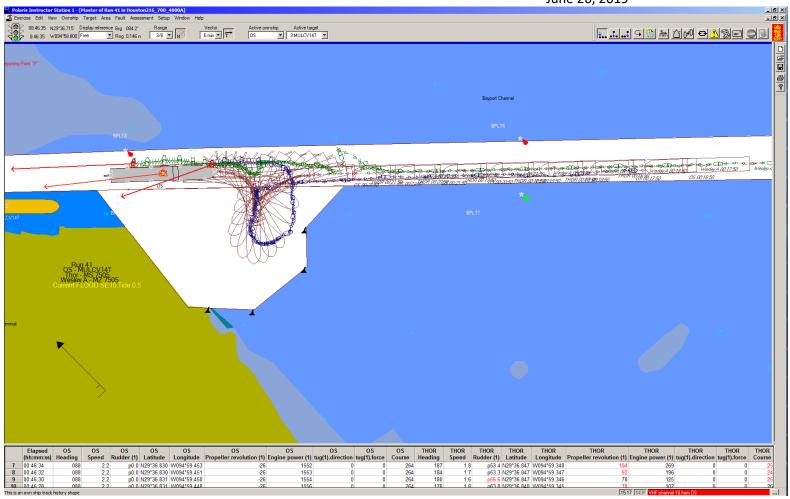


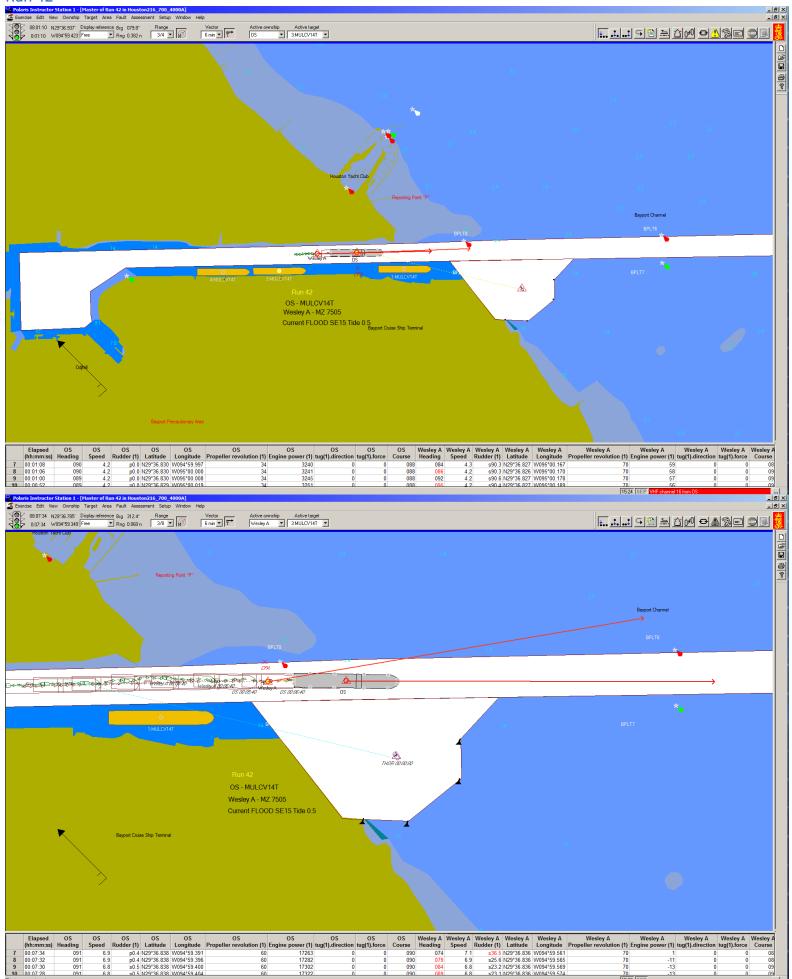


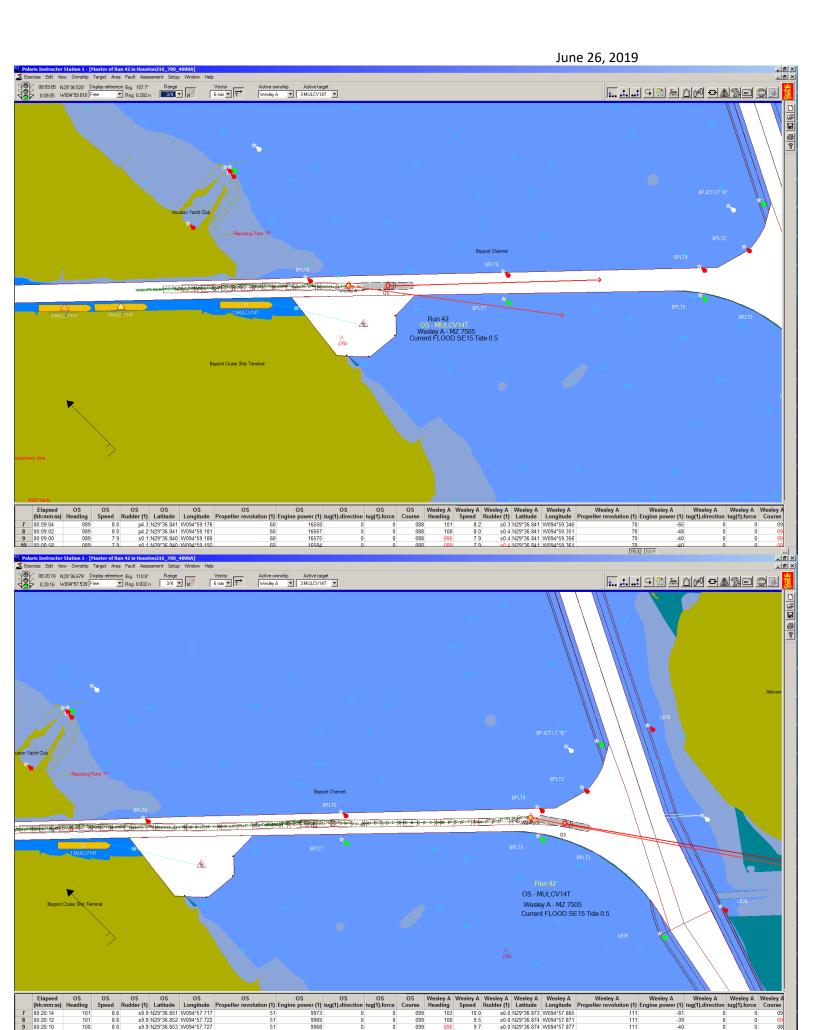


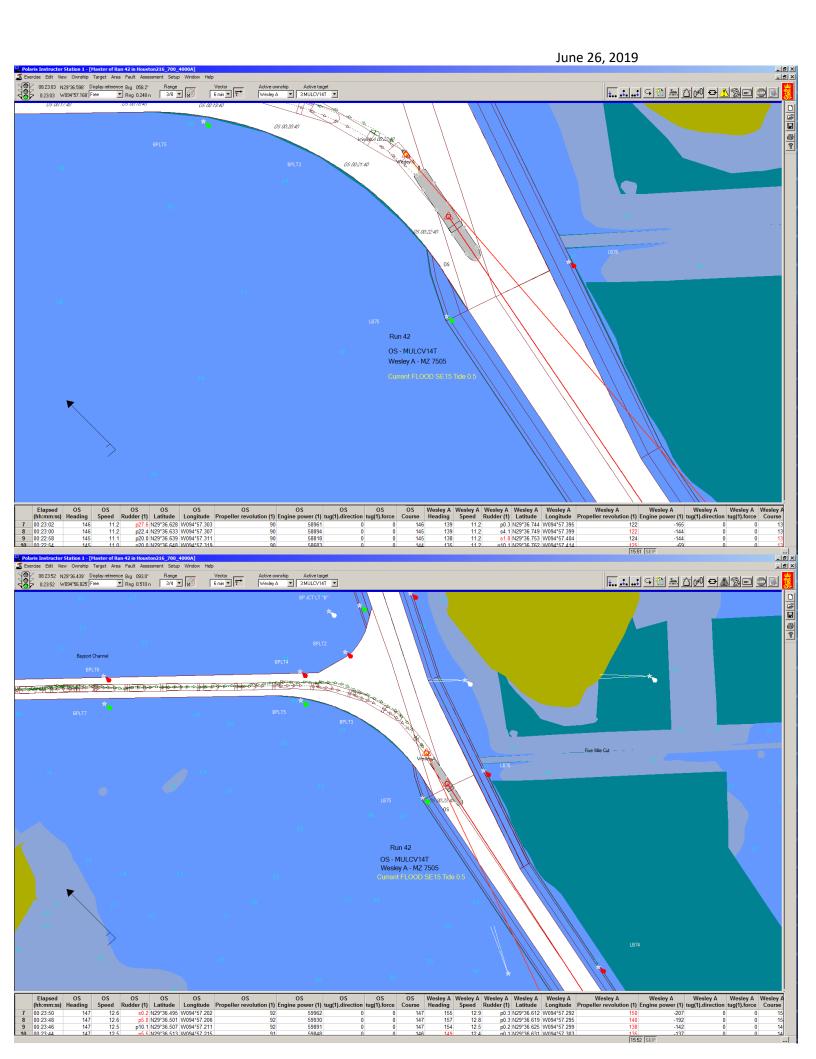


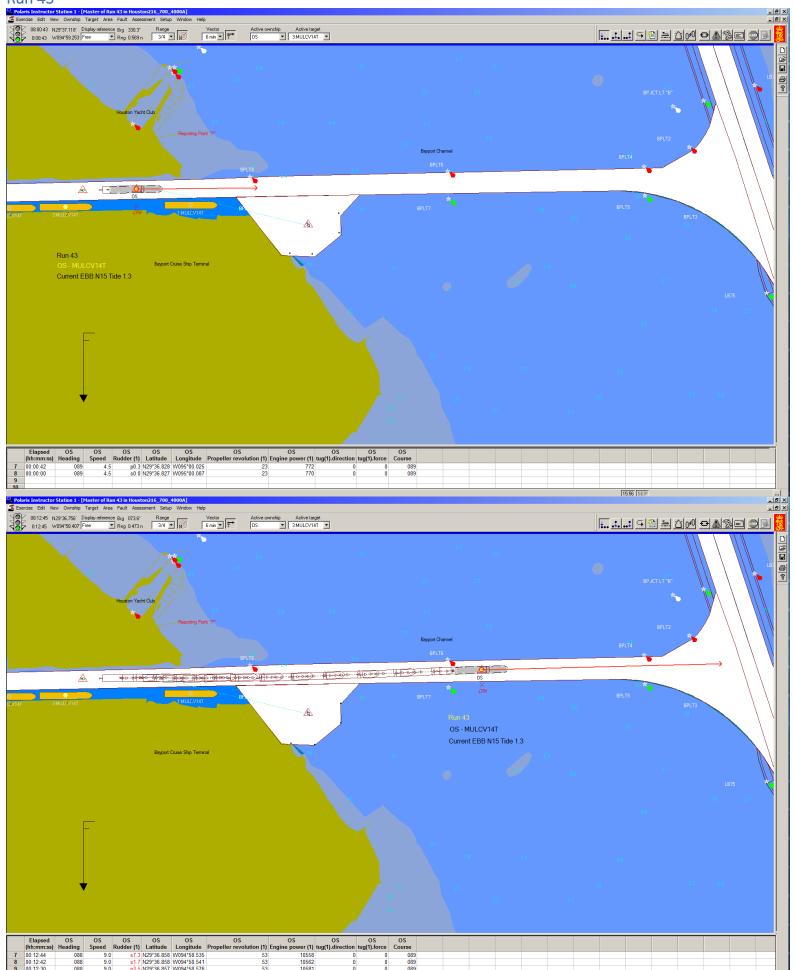
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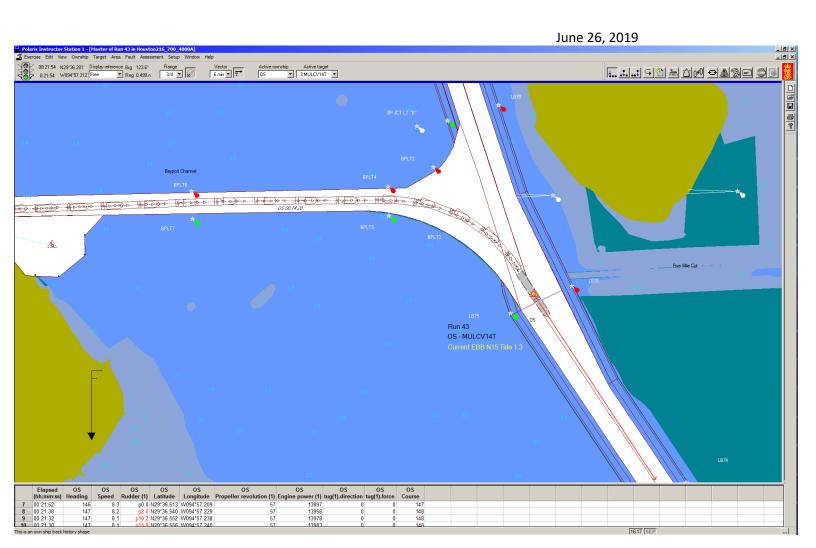


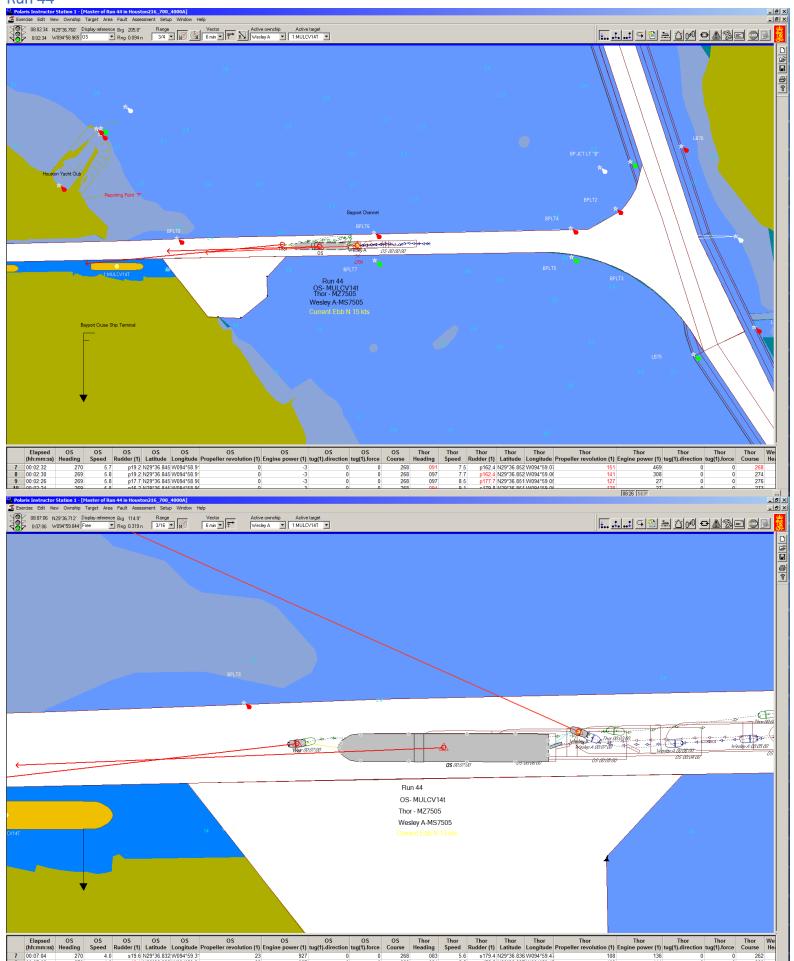


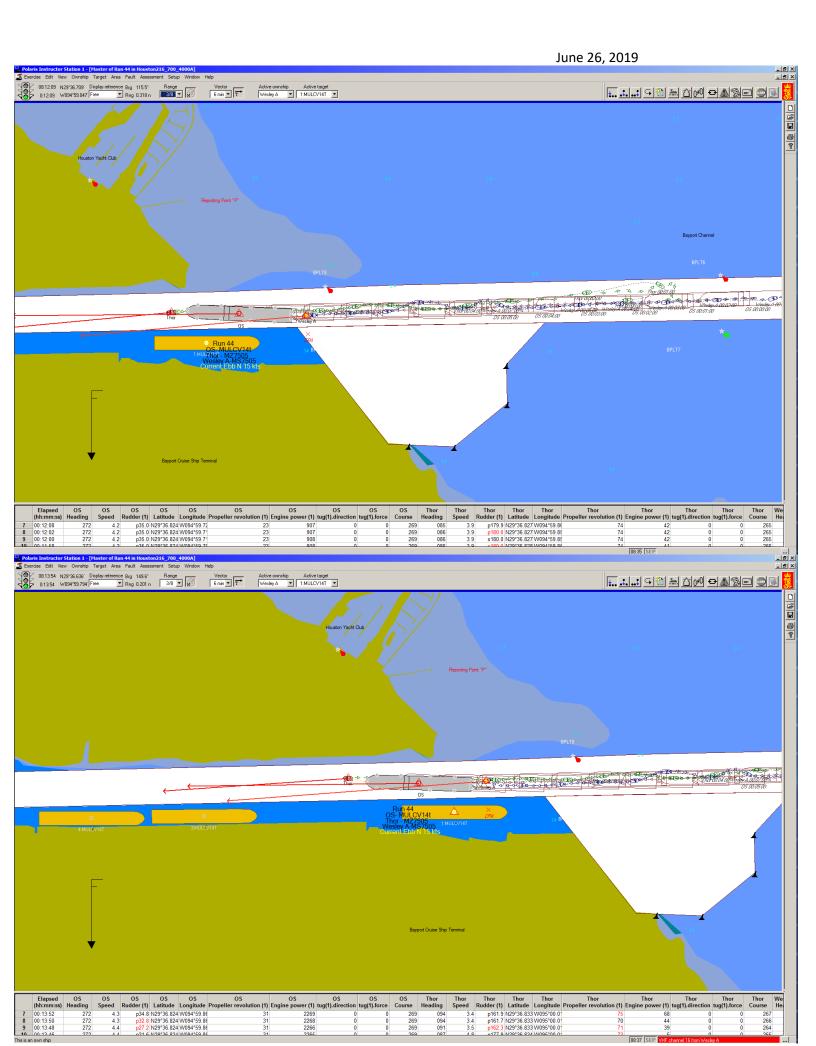


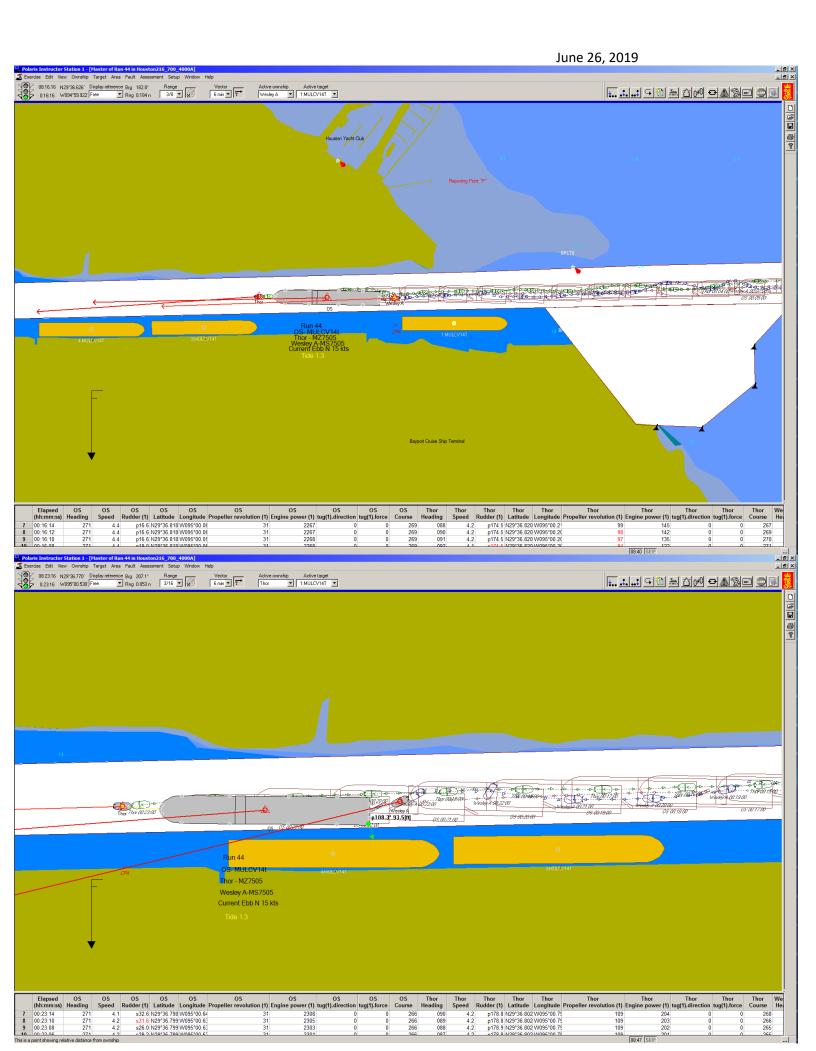


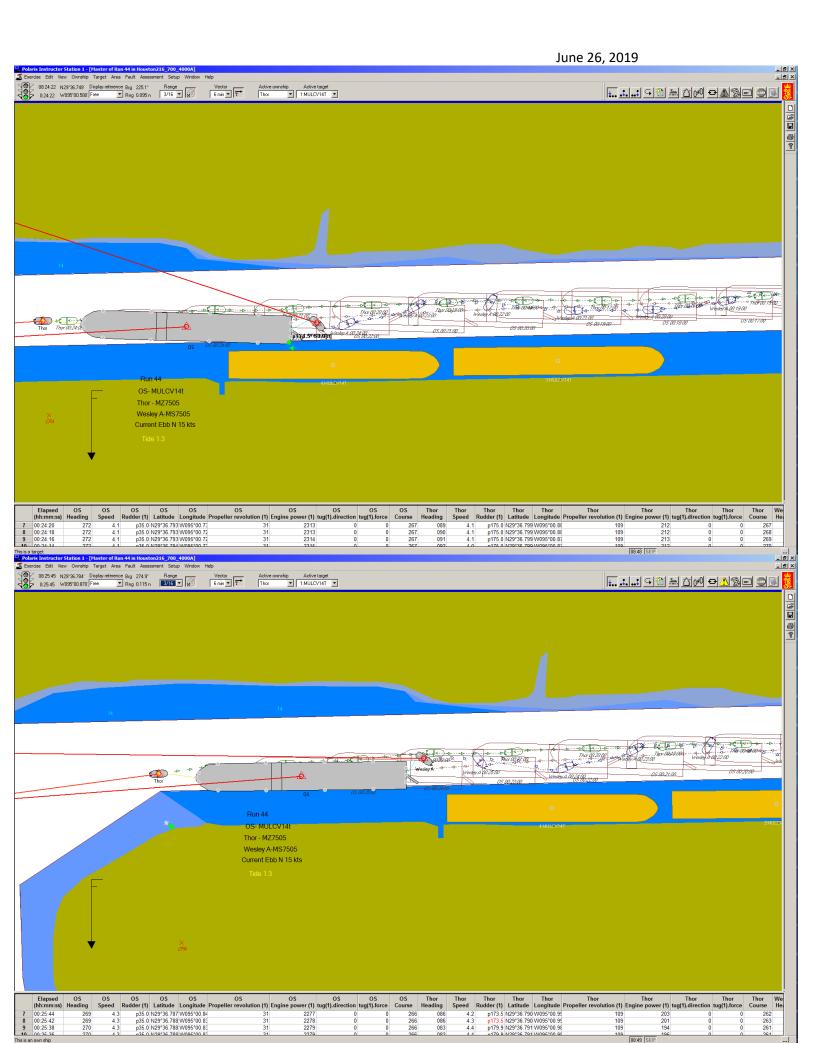












June 26, 2019 08.26.44 N29736.5507 Display reference Big 109.4\* Range Vector Active contribio Active target 0.26.44 W085100.769 Free Ping 0.283 n 3/16 N 6 min T T Thor MINULCVI4T V Run 44 OS- MULCV14t Thor - MZ7505 Wesley A-MS7505 Current Ebb N 15-kts | Elapsed | OS (th:nm:ss) | Heading | Speed | Rudder (1) | Latitude | Longitude | Propeller revolution | Co. 26.44 | 266 | 4.4 | 50.2 N.29"36, 700 W095"00. 92 | Co. 26.40 | 266 | 4.4 | 50.2 N.29"36, 700 W095"00. 92 | Co. 26.40 | 266 | 4.4 | 50.2 N.29"36, 700 W095"00. 92 | Co. 26.40 | 266 | 4.4 | 50.2 N.29"36, 700 W095"00. 92 | Co. 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 26.40 | 2 F At F Chart and F Radio P Vend Foliate

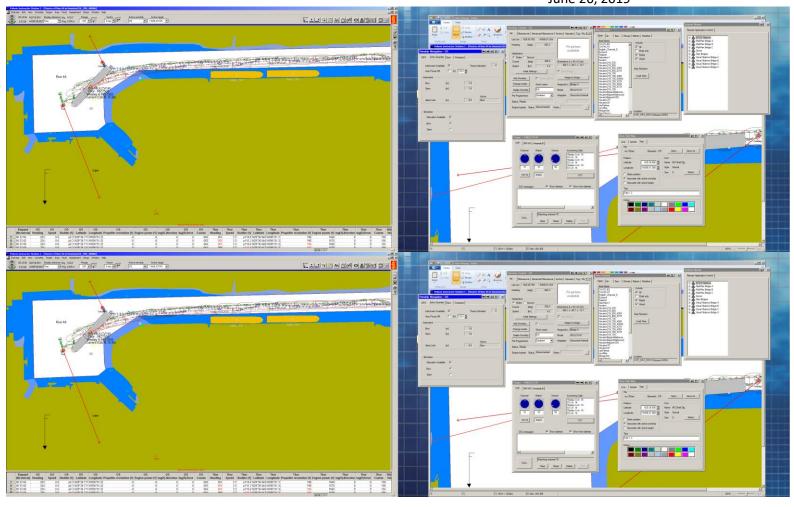
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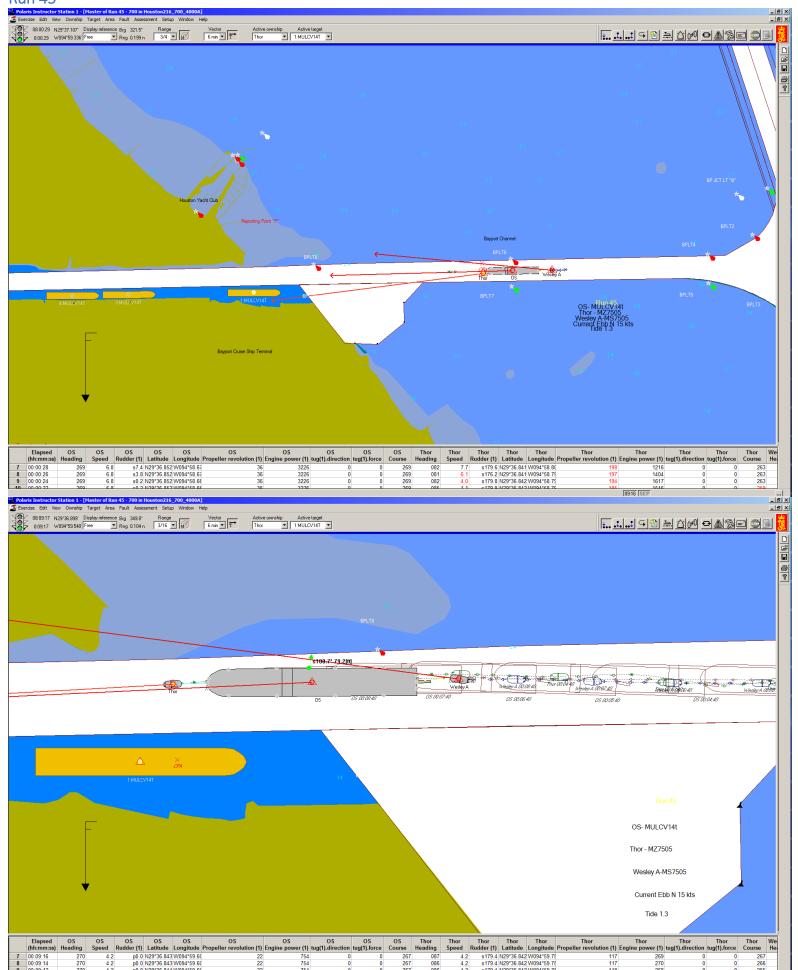
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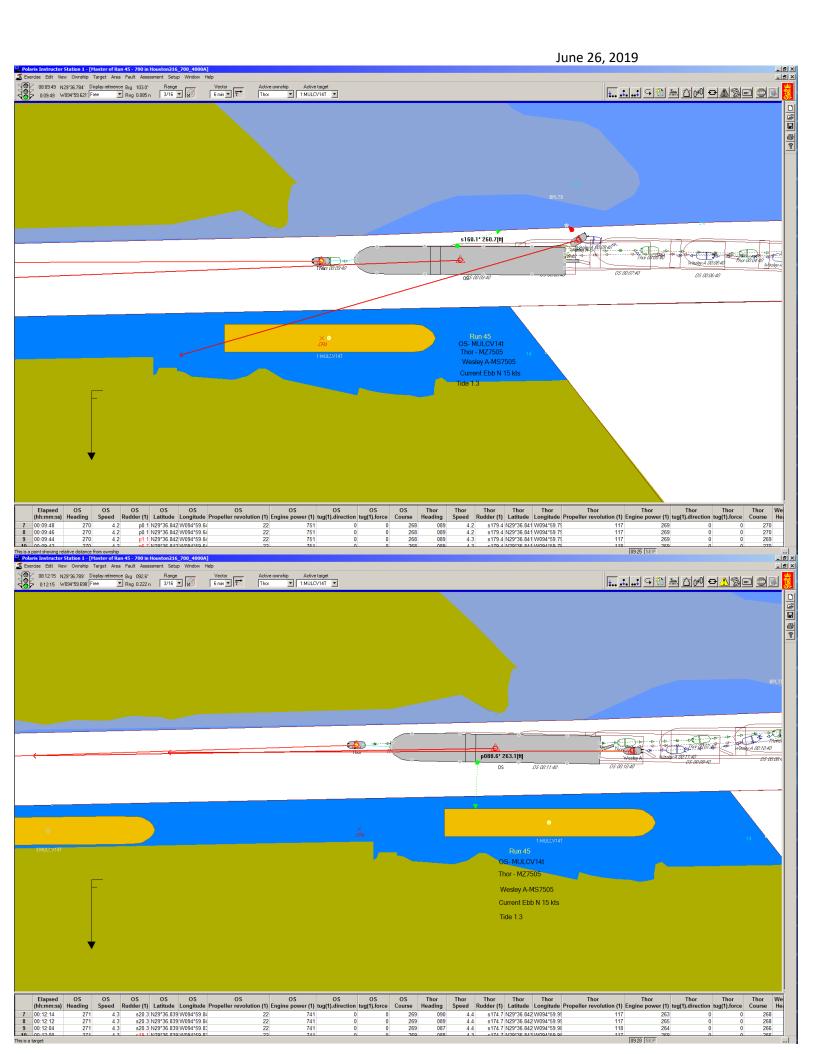
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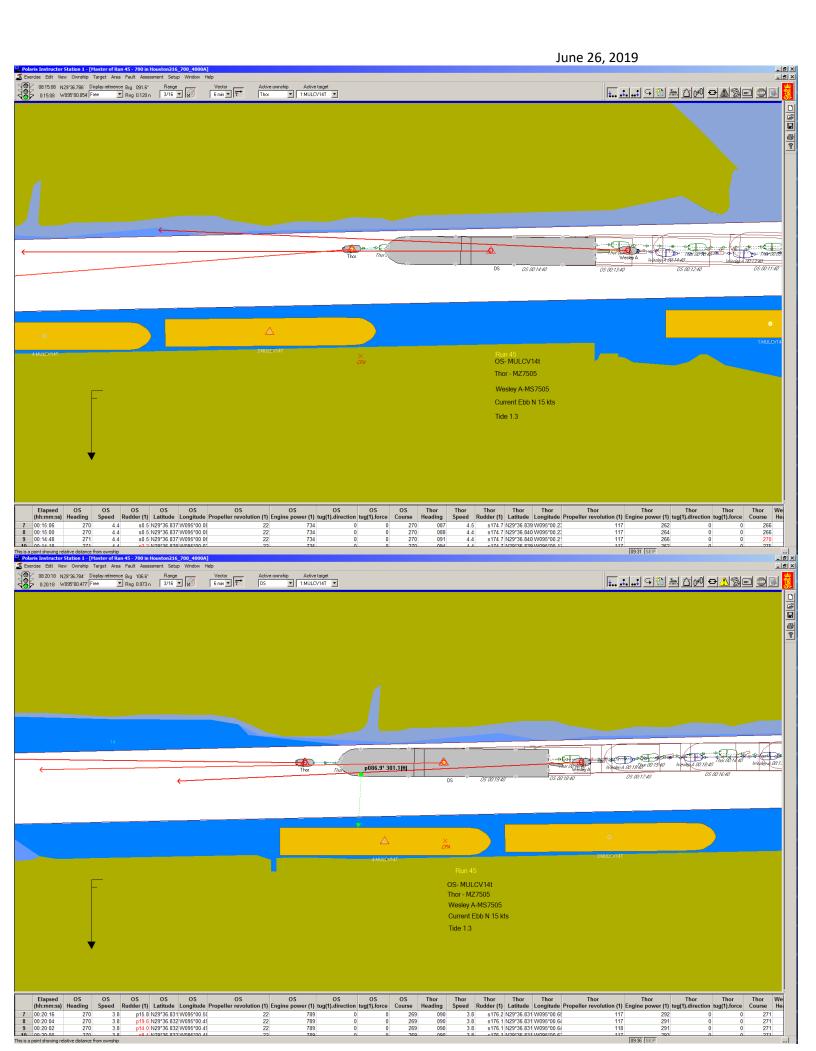
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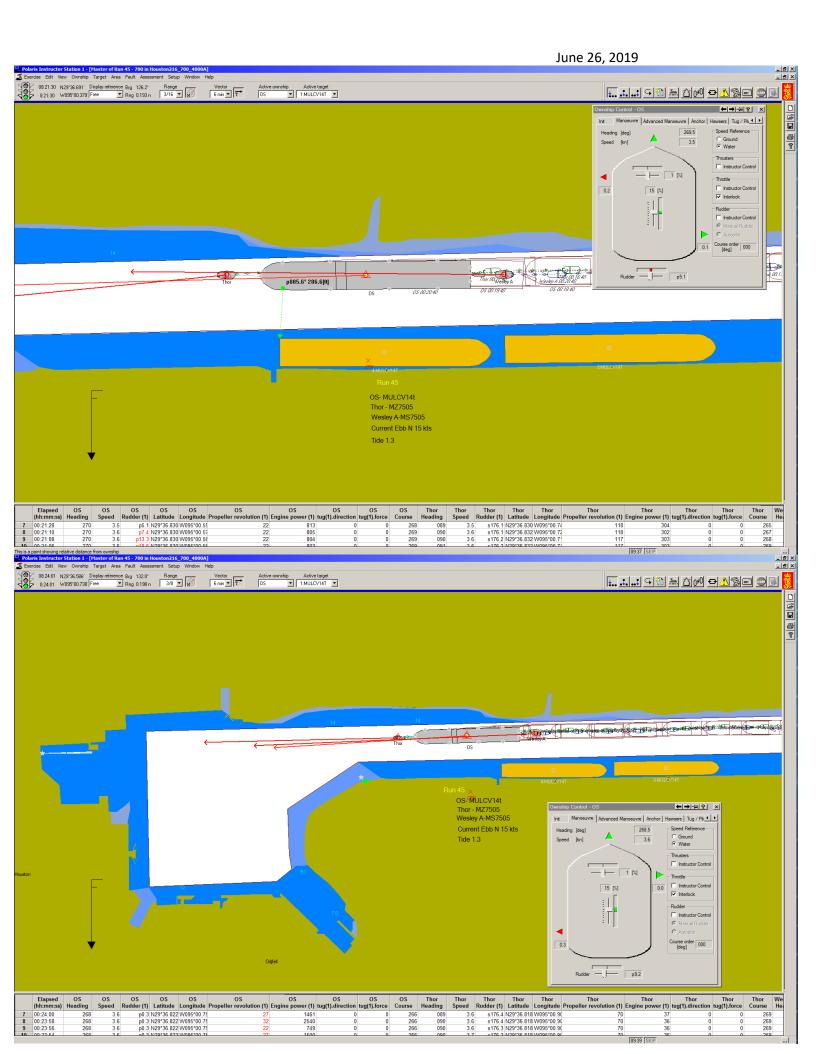
June 26, 2019

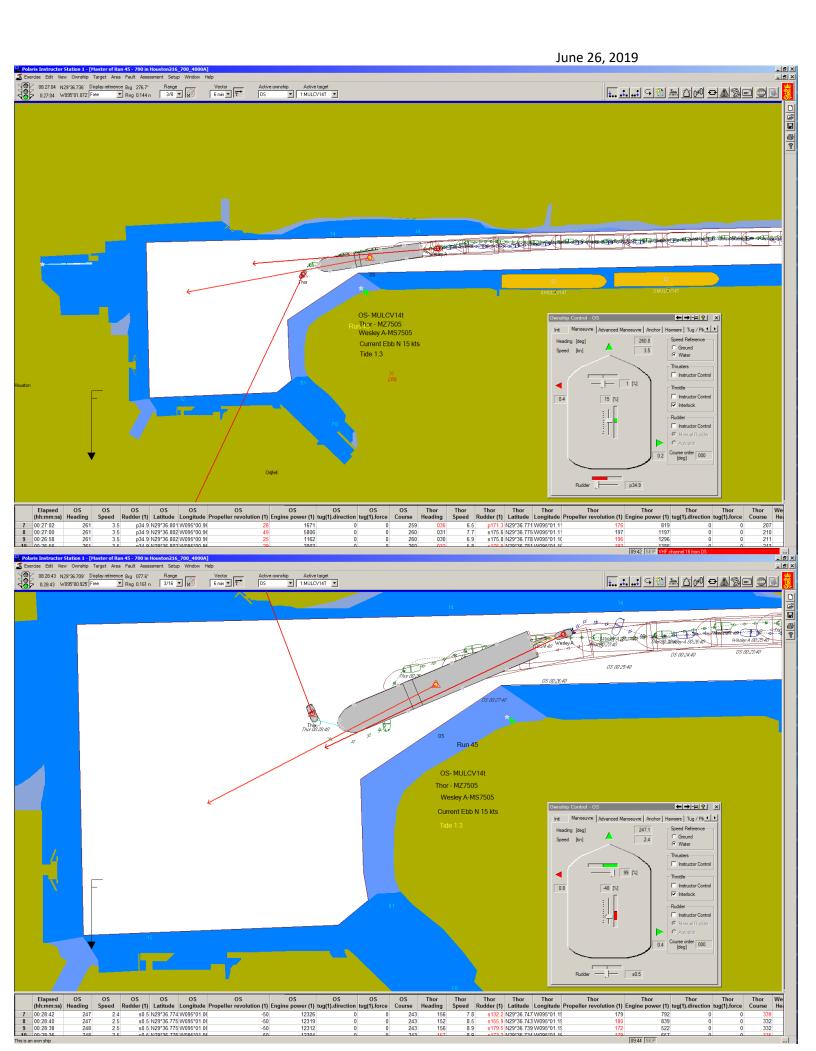


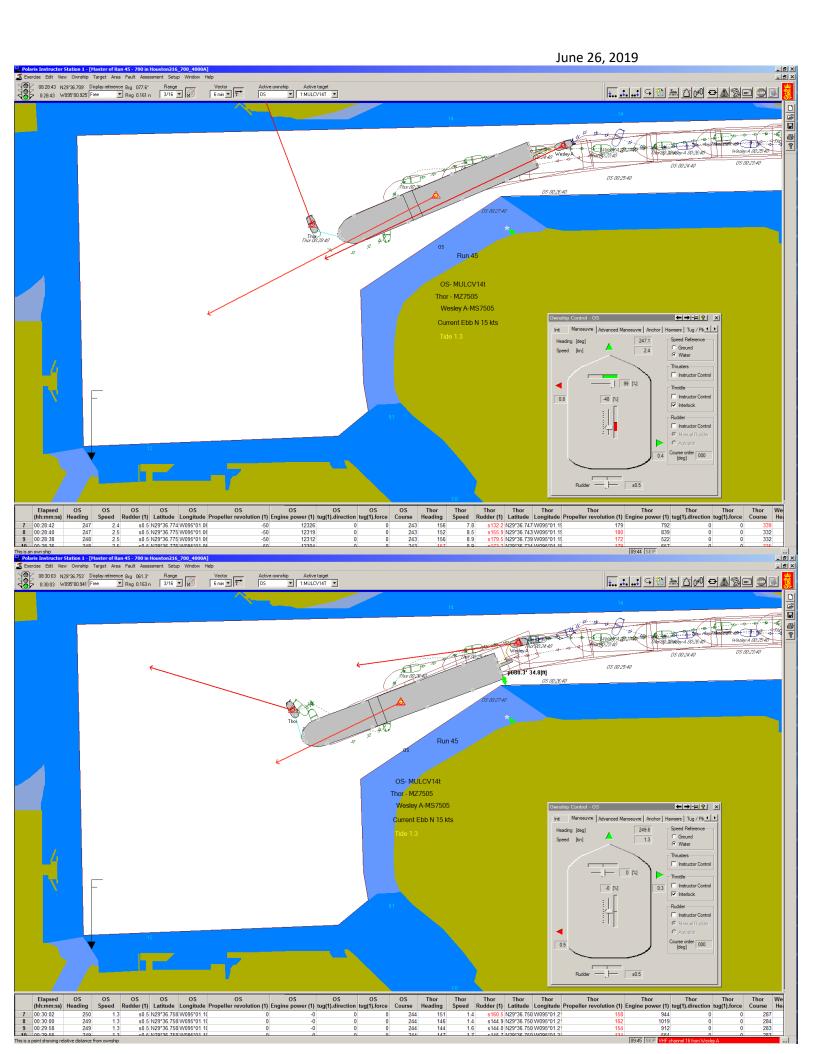


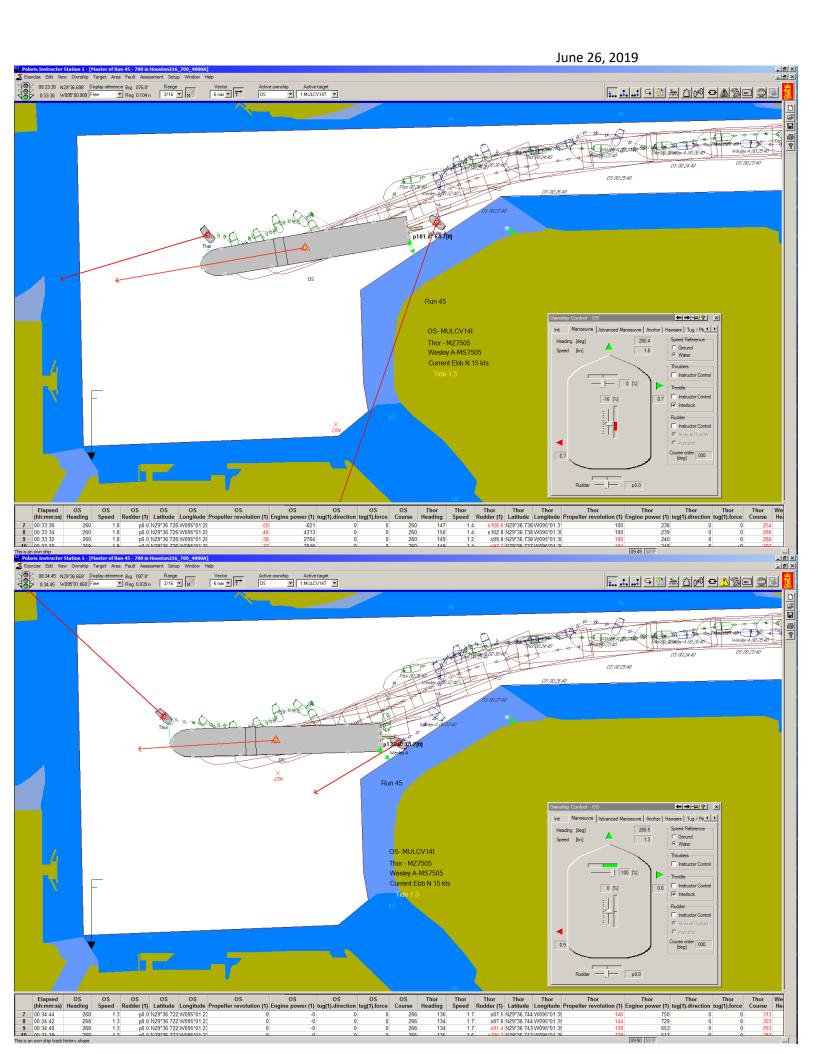


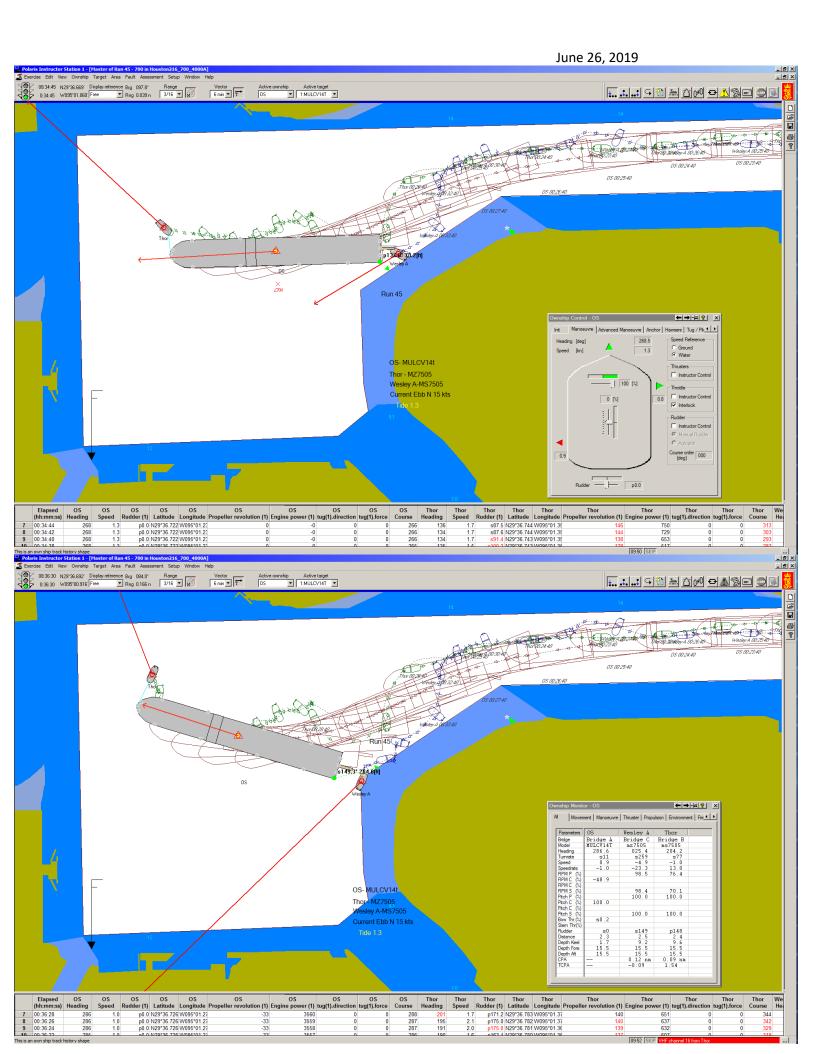


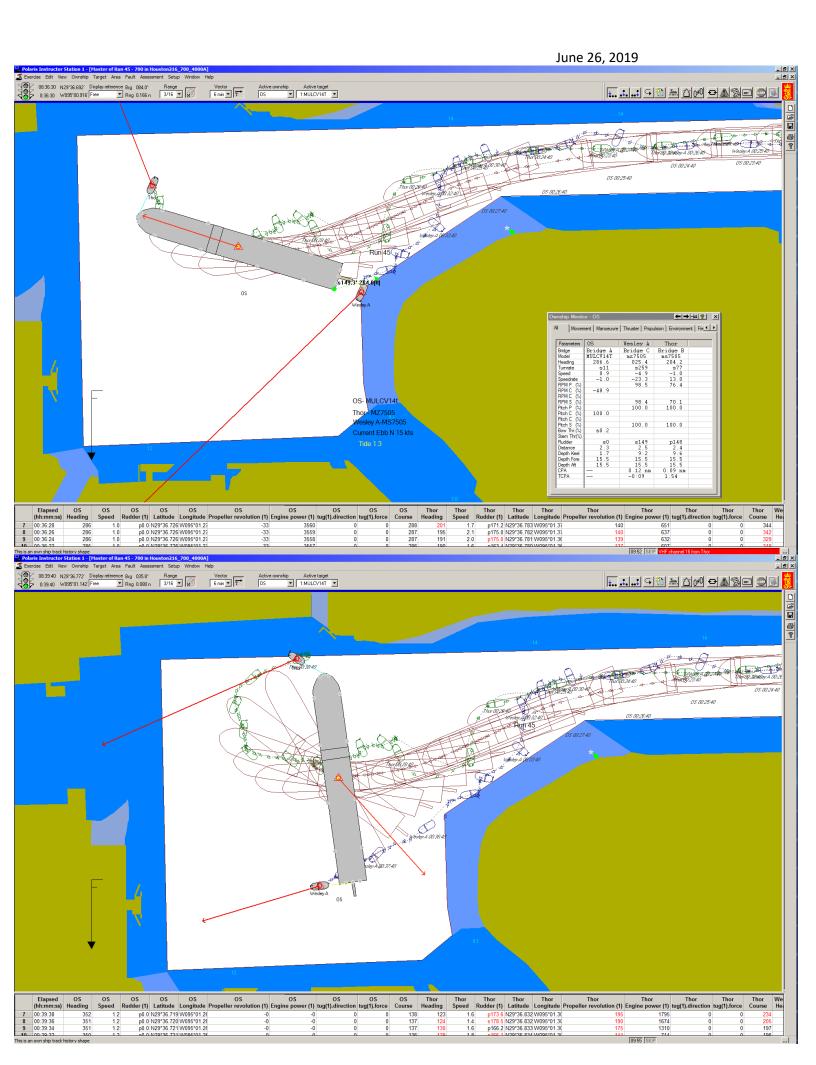


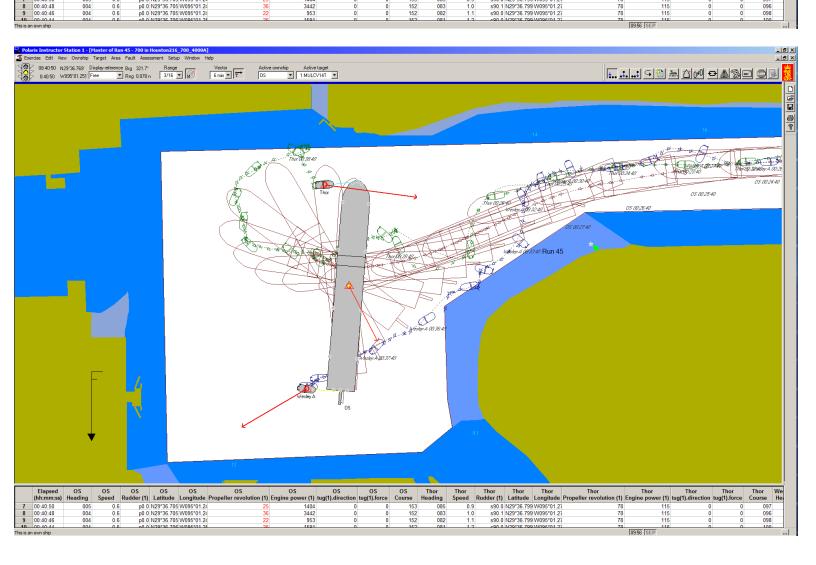


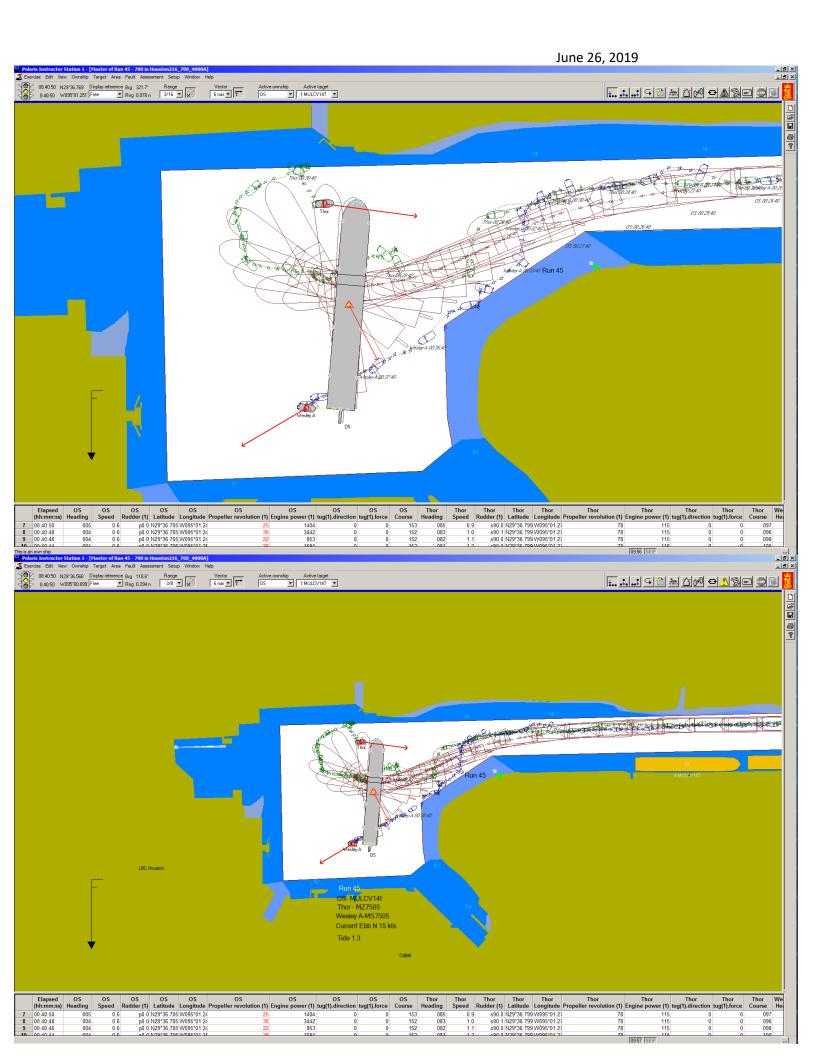




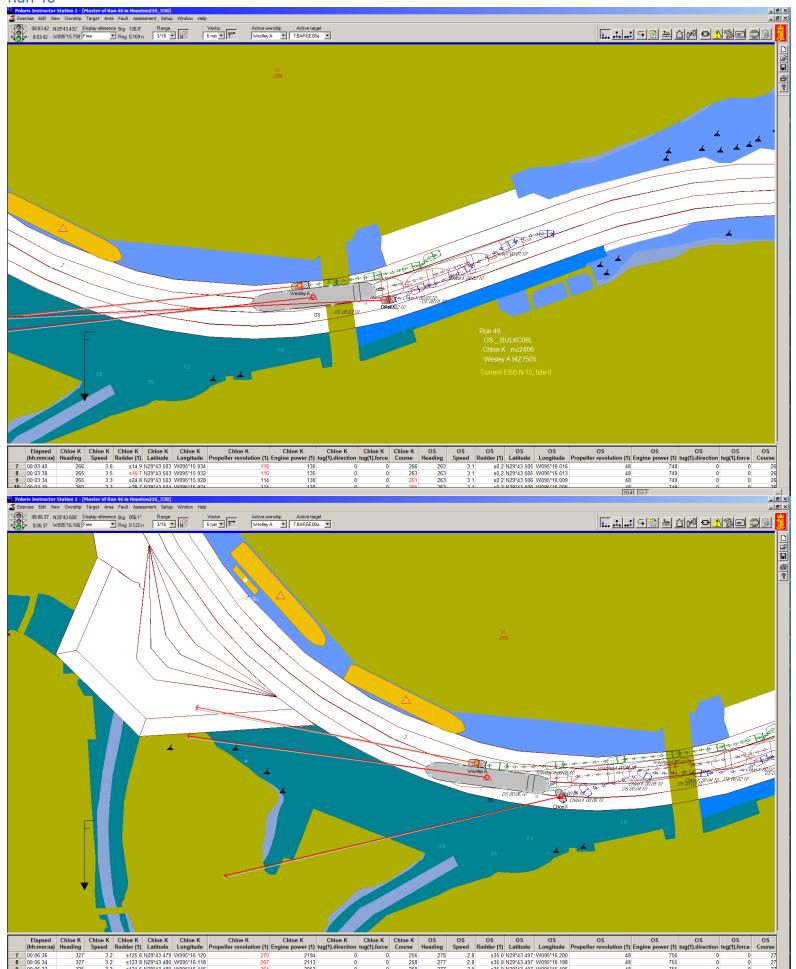


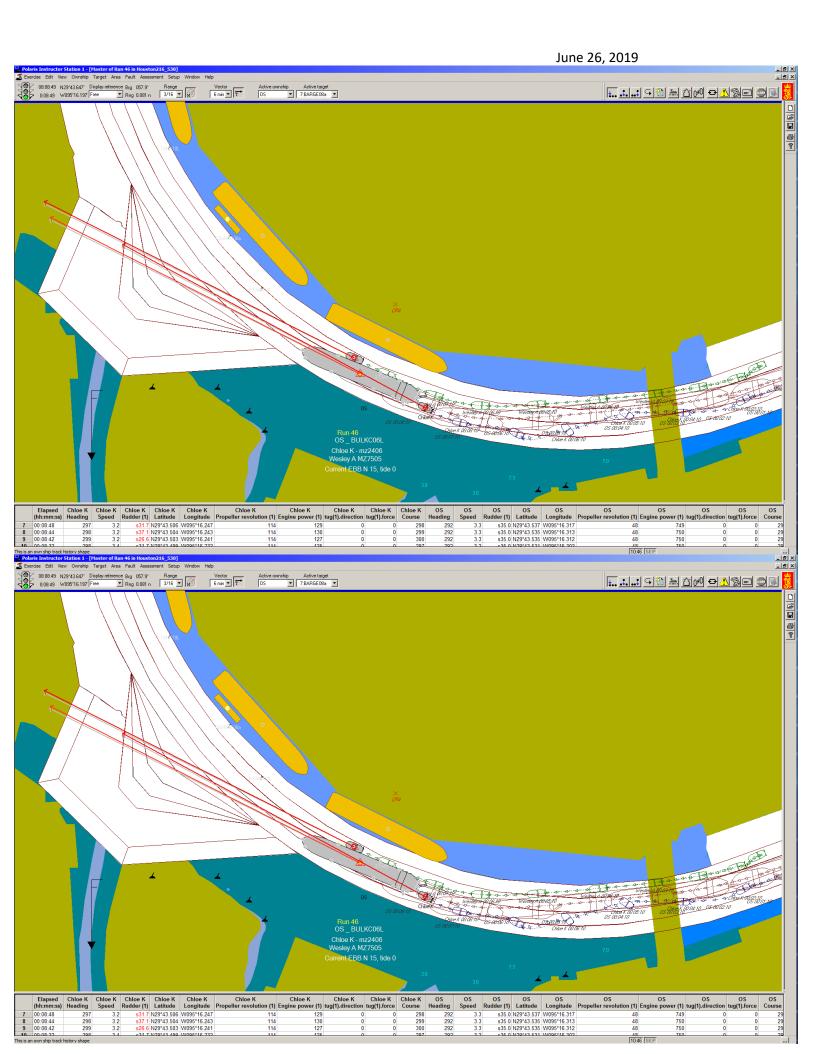


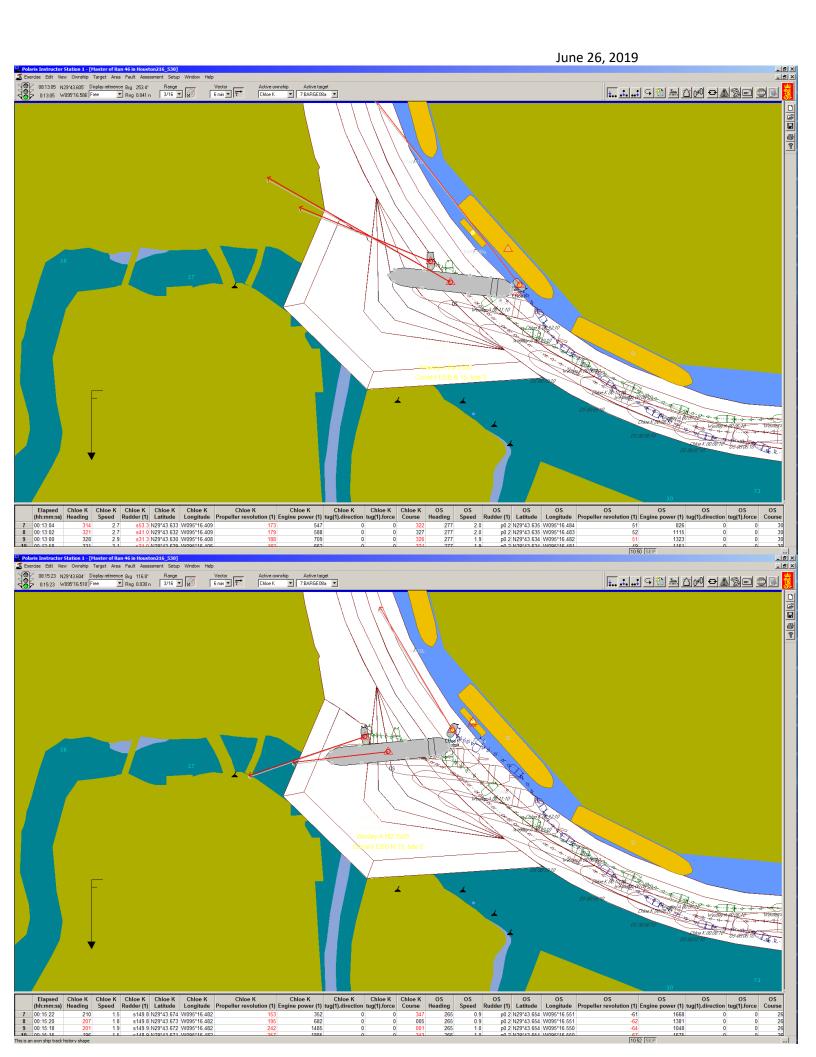


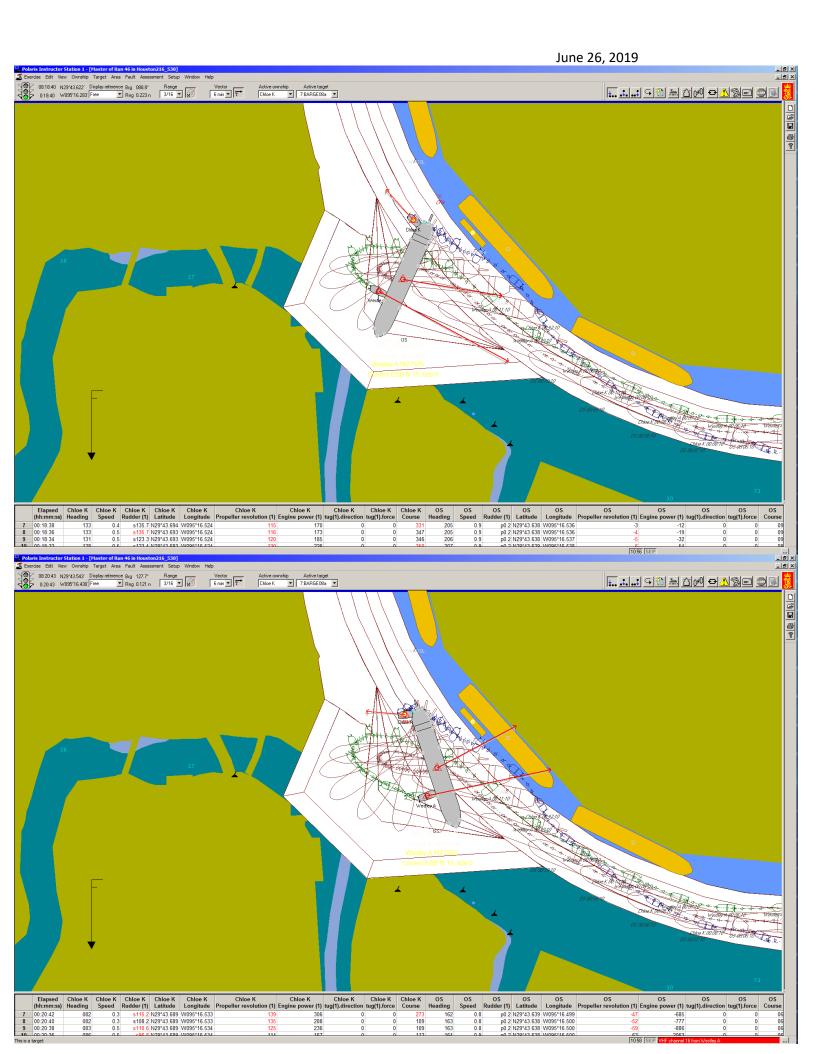


**Appendix O: Brady Island Turning Basin Simulations** 

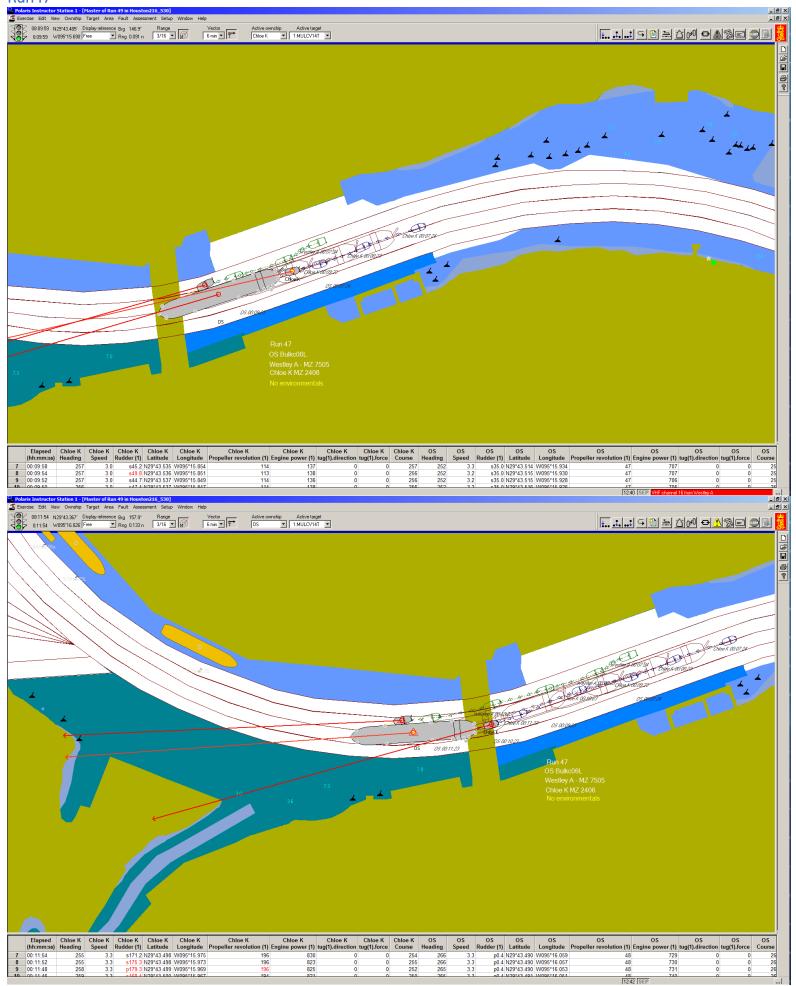


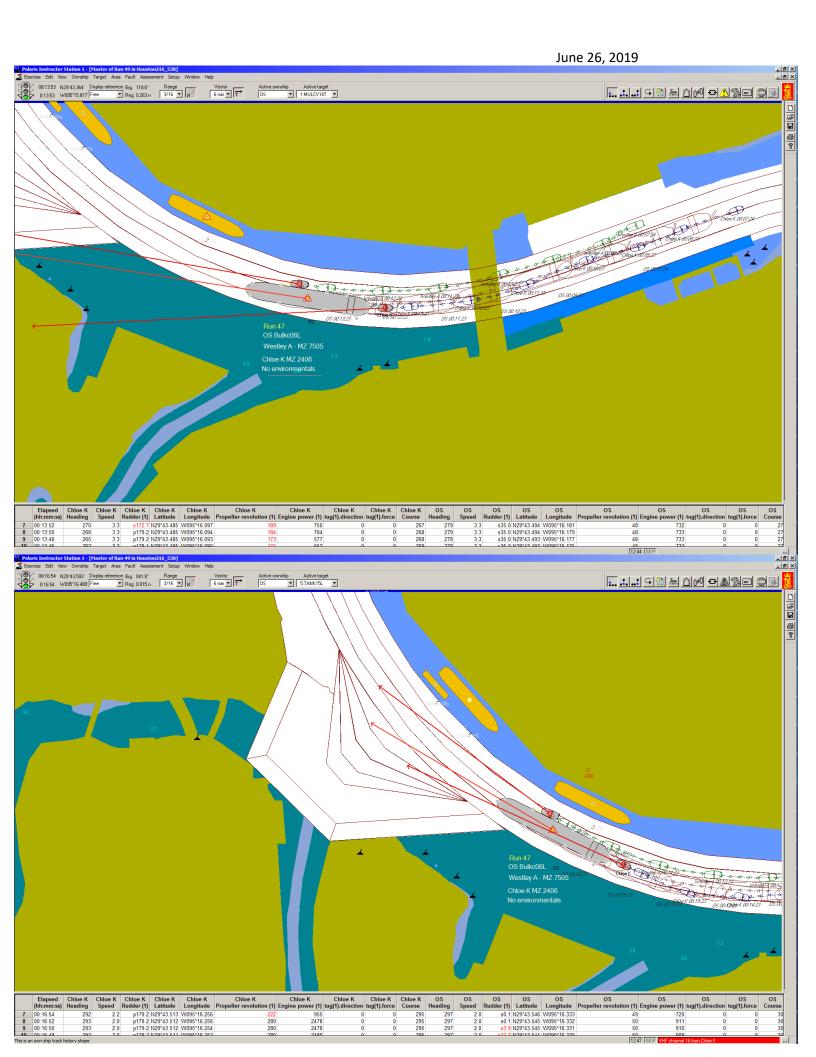


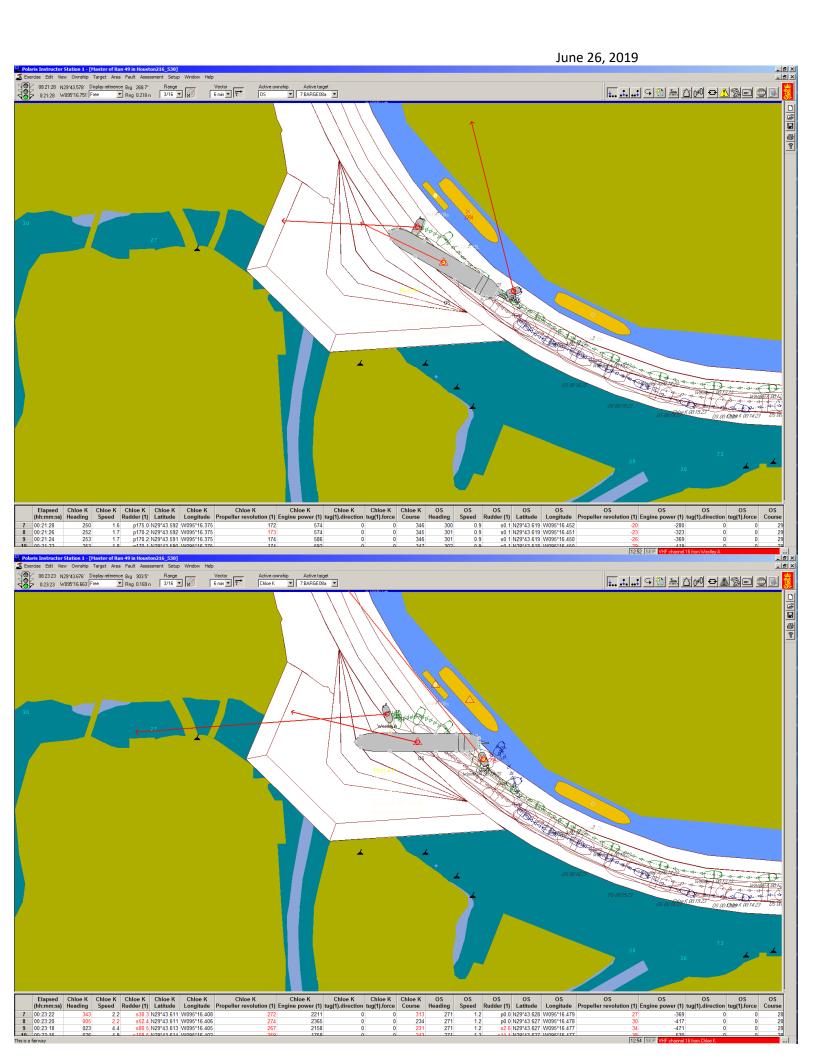


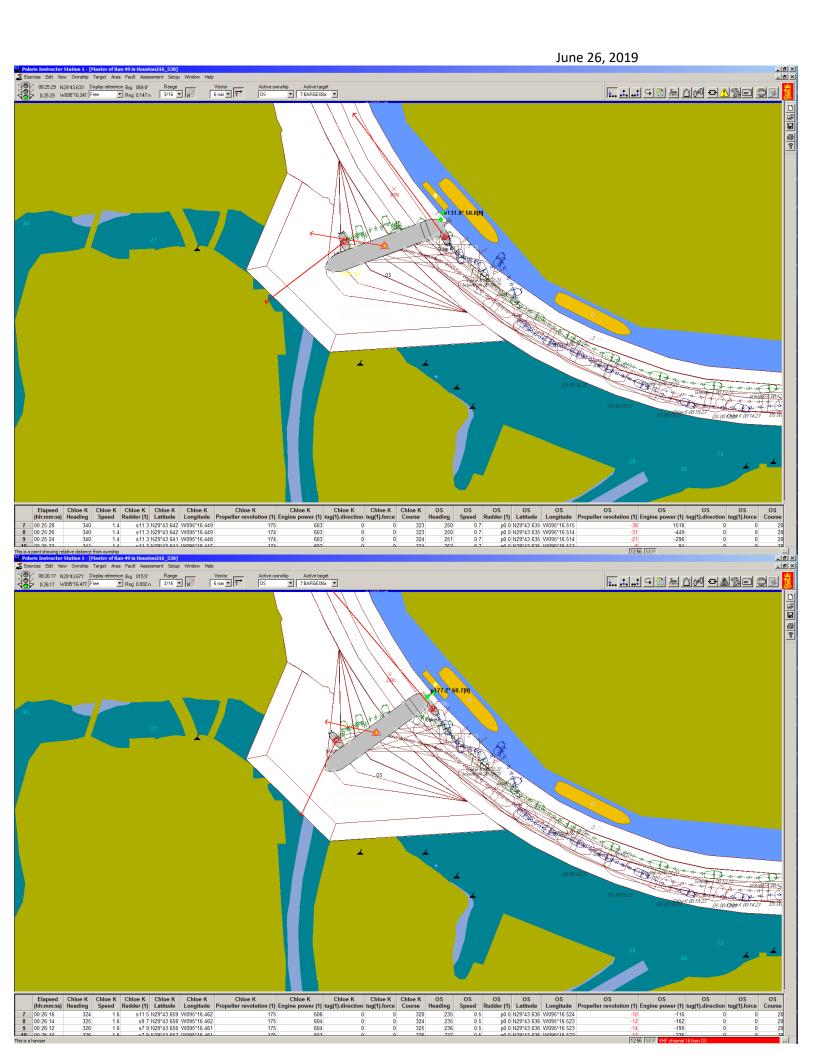






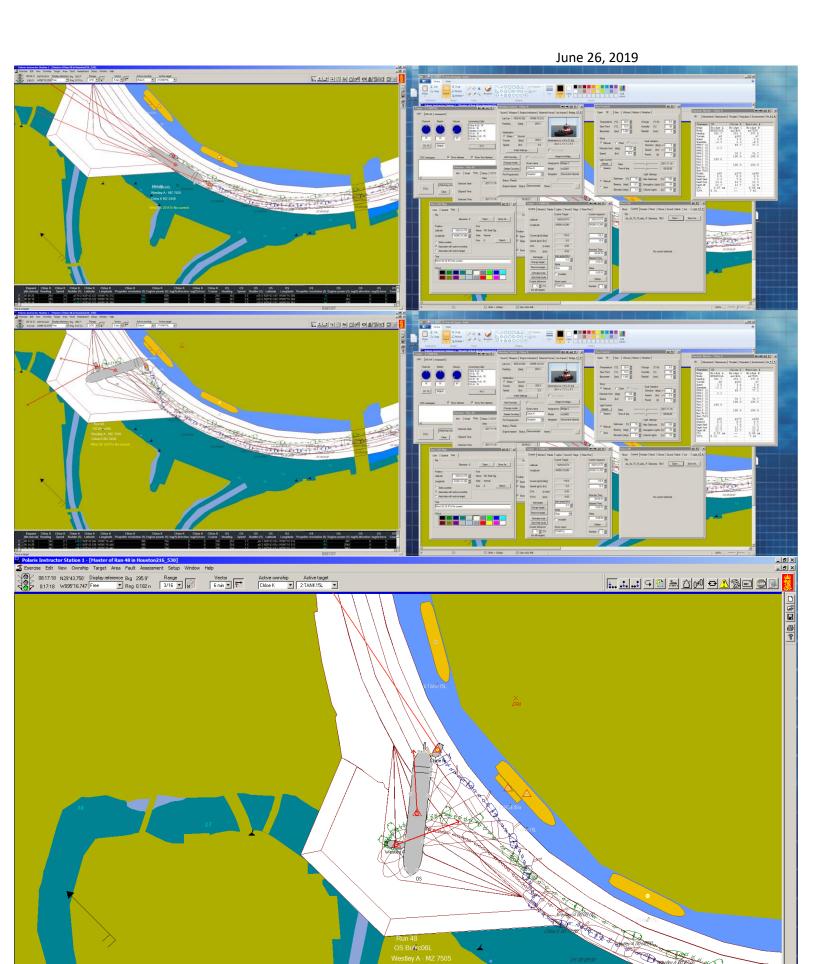






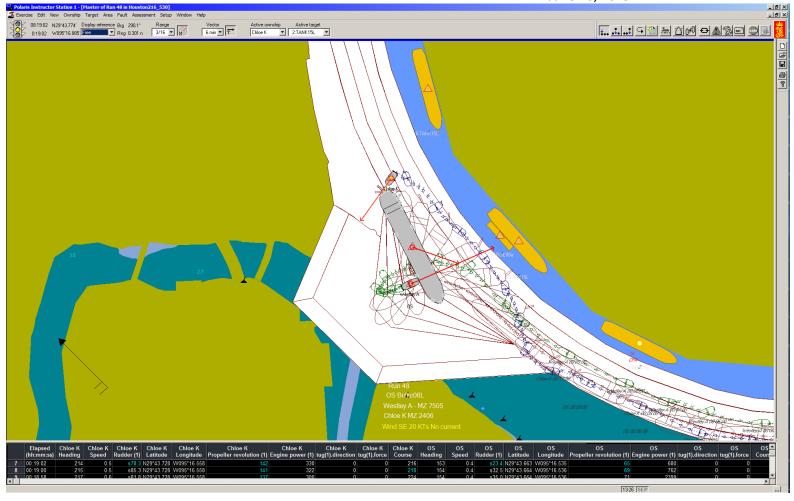




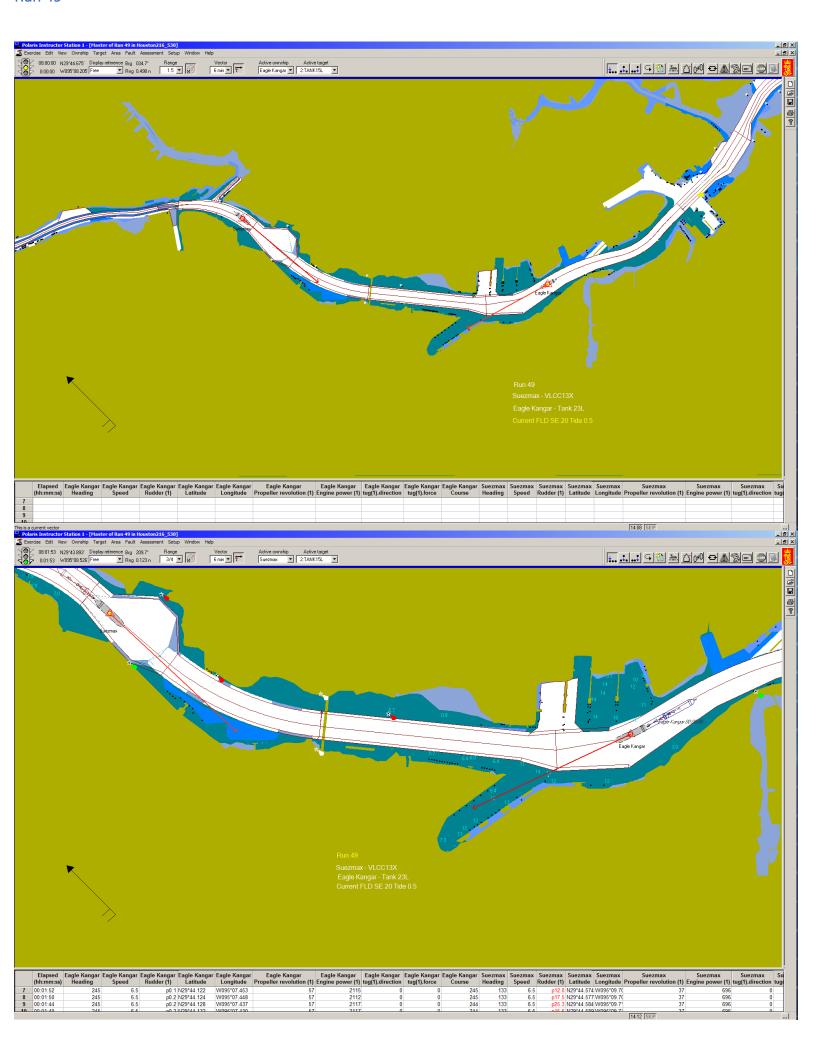


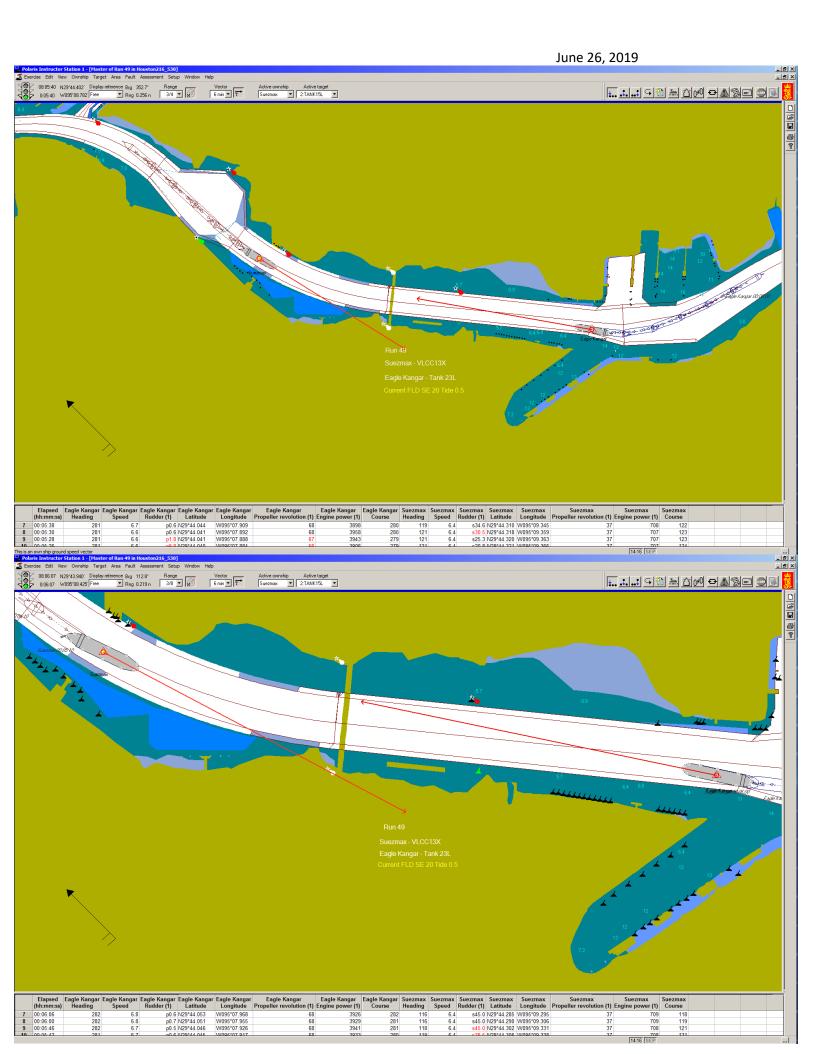
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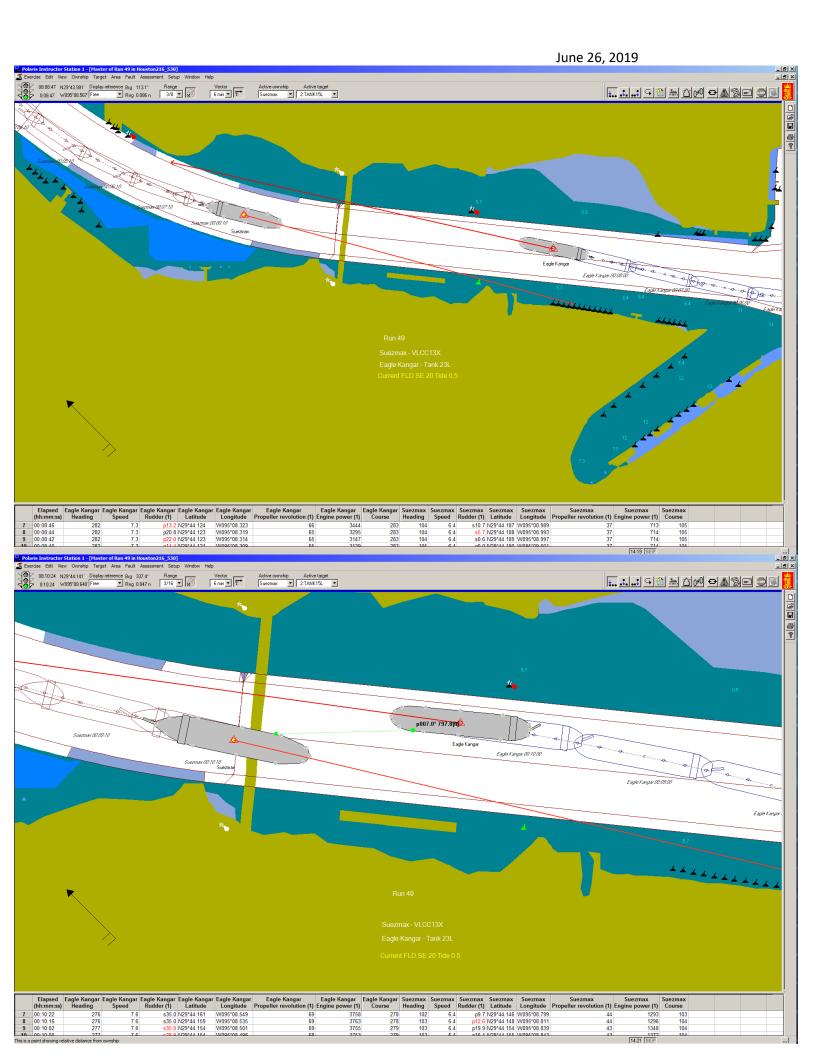
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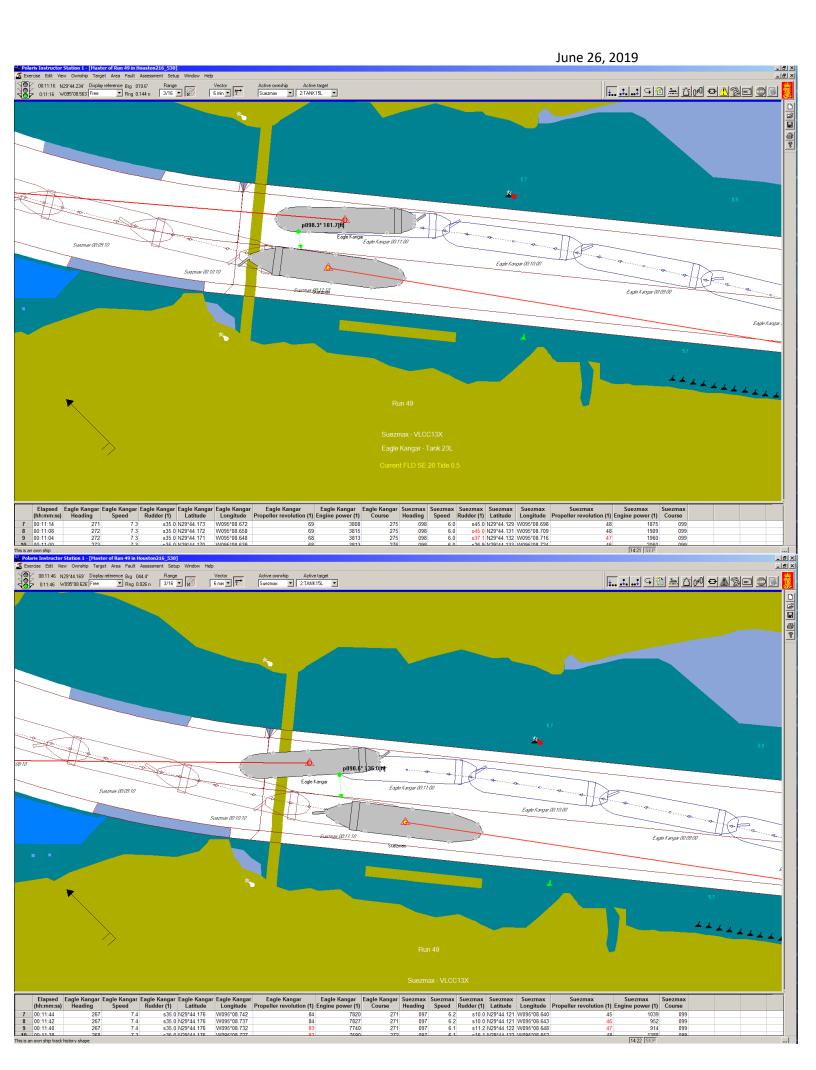


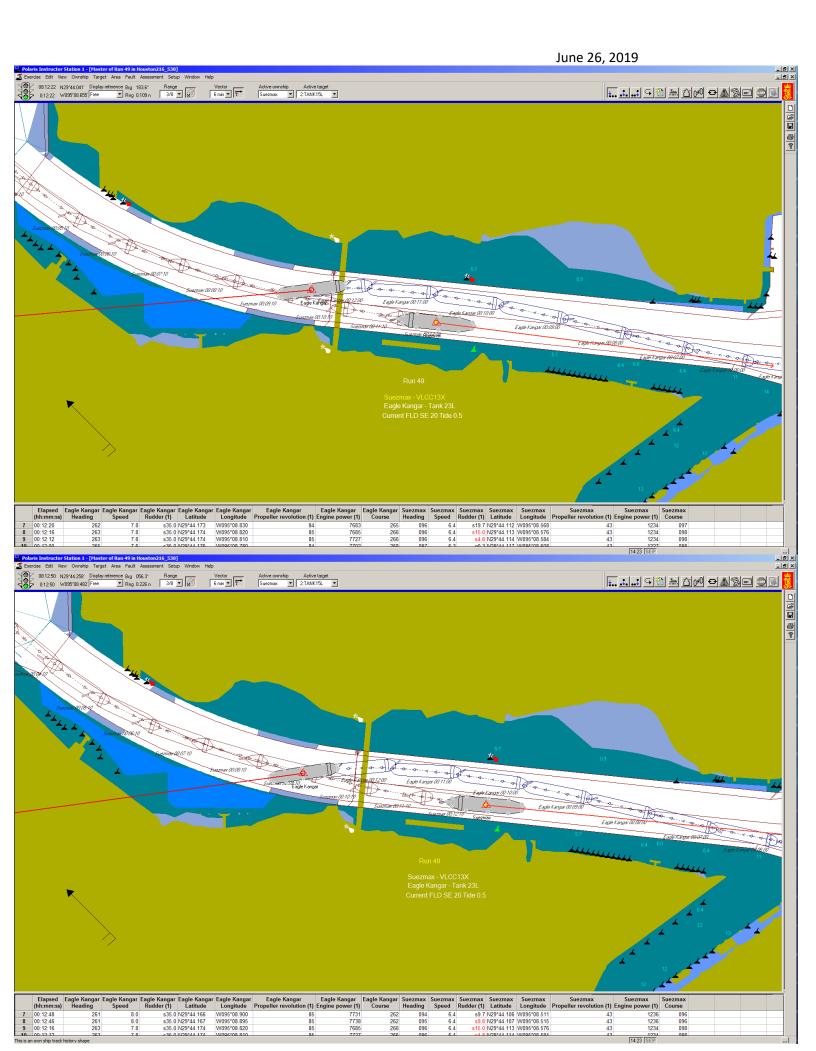
**Appendix P: Boggy Bayou to Greens Bayou Simulations** 



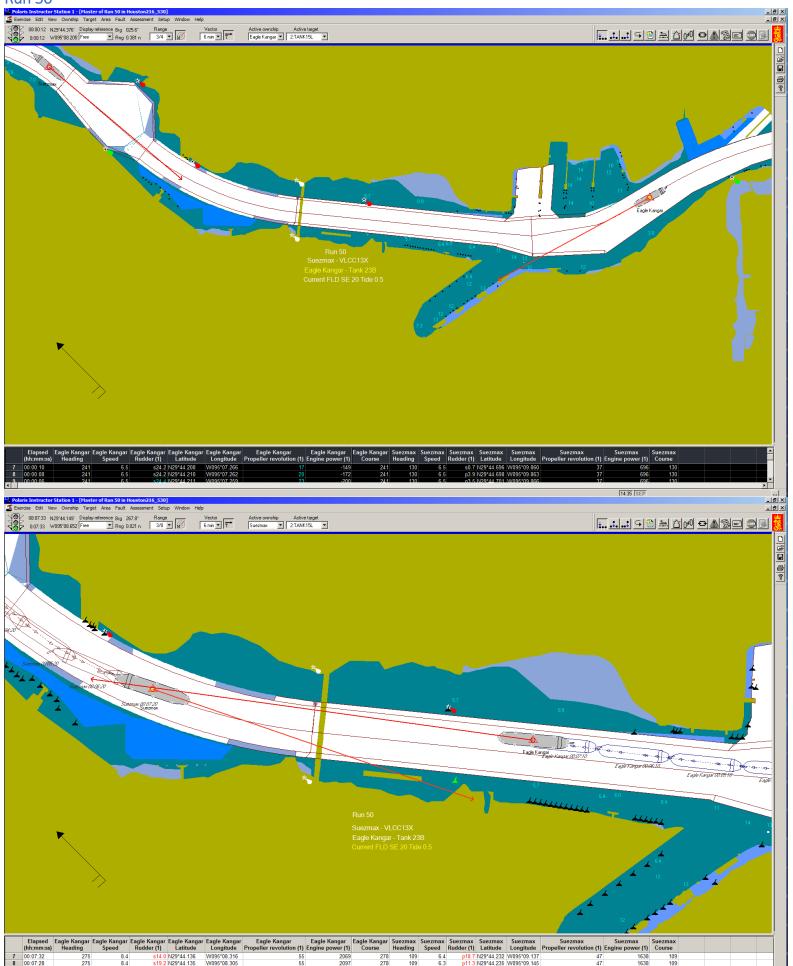


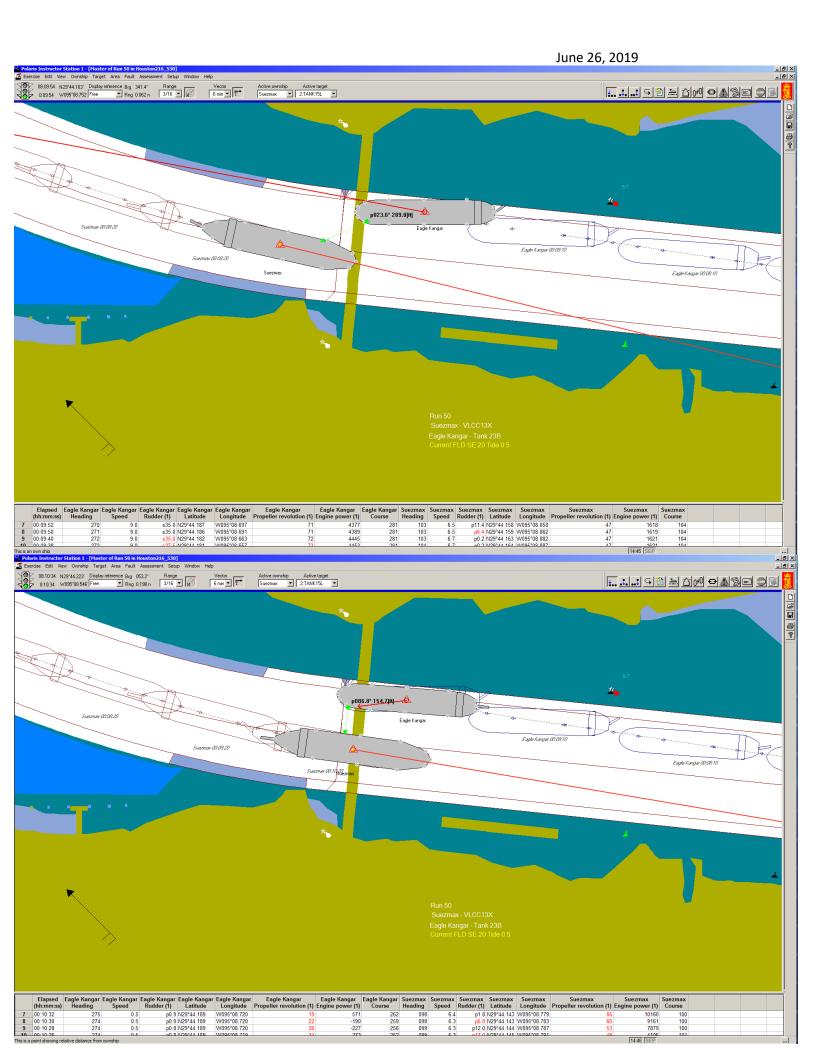


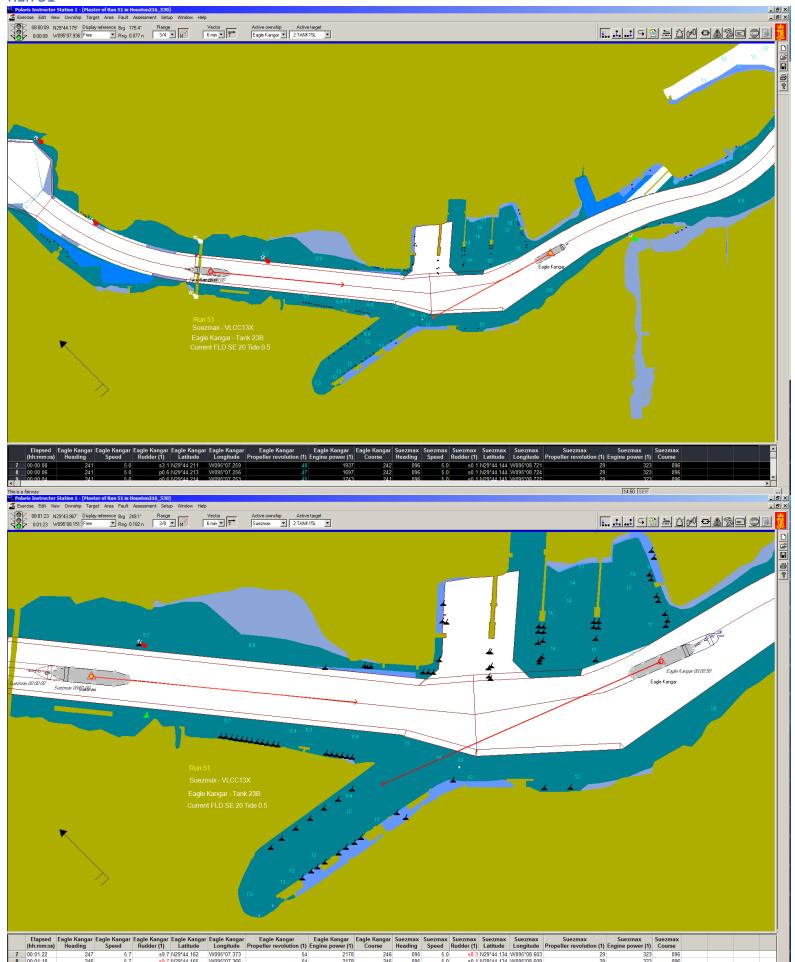


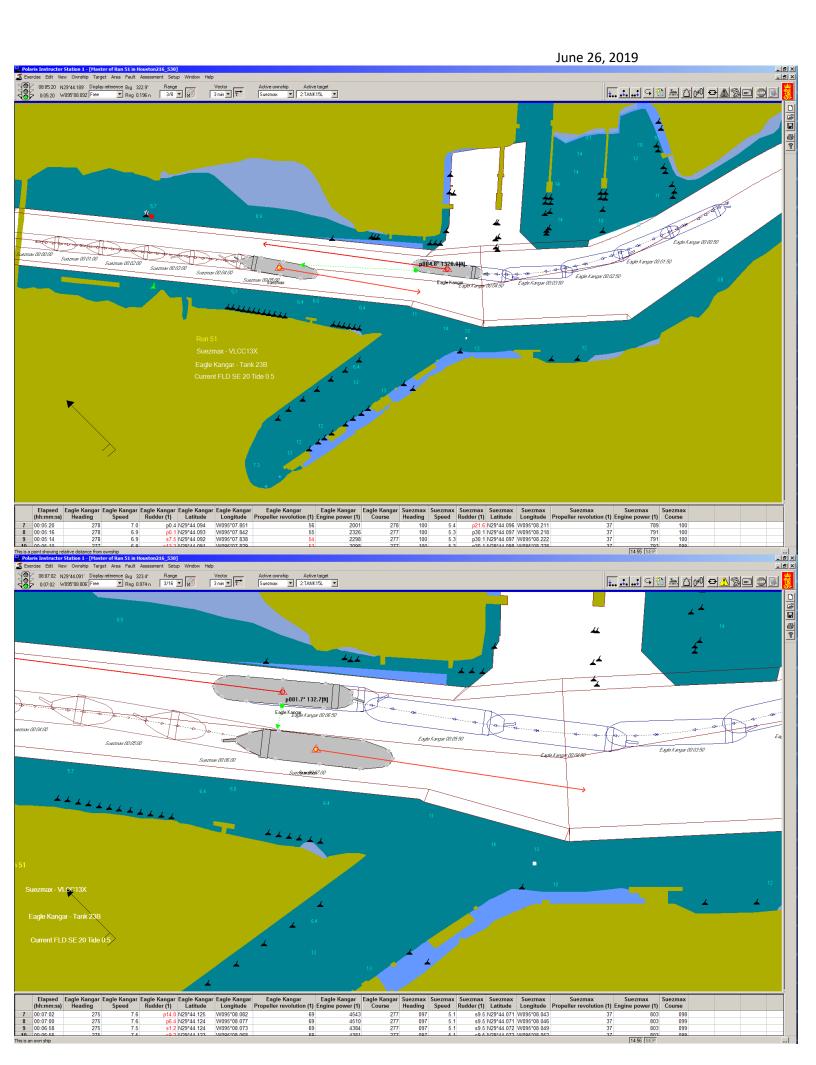


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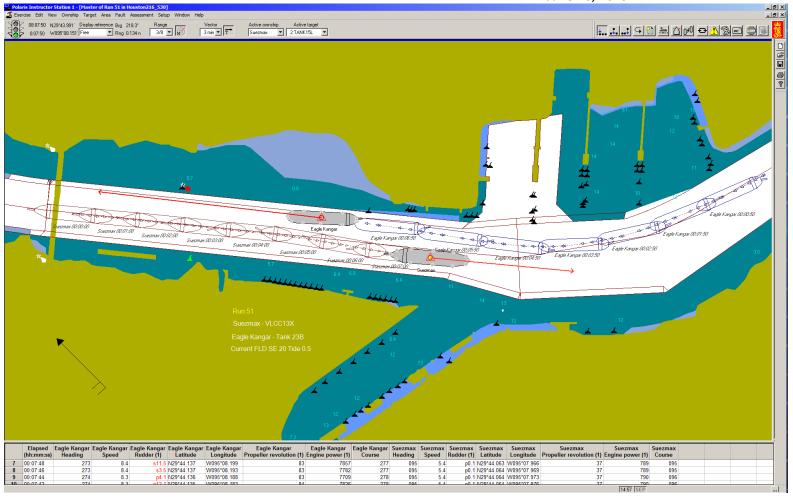


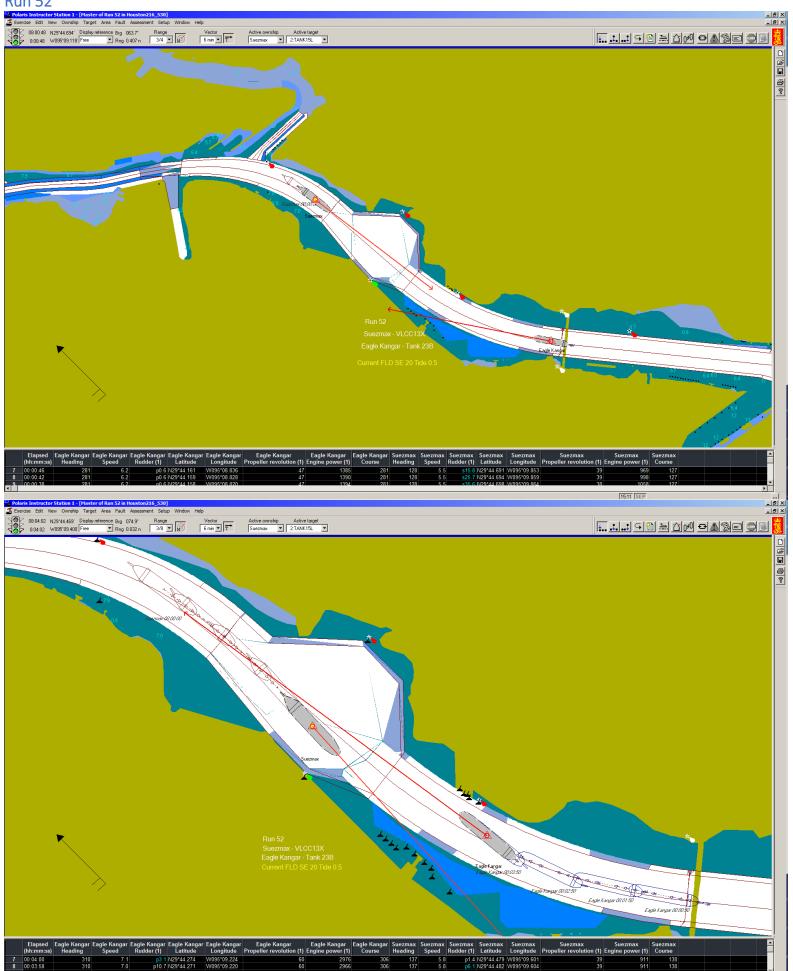


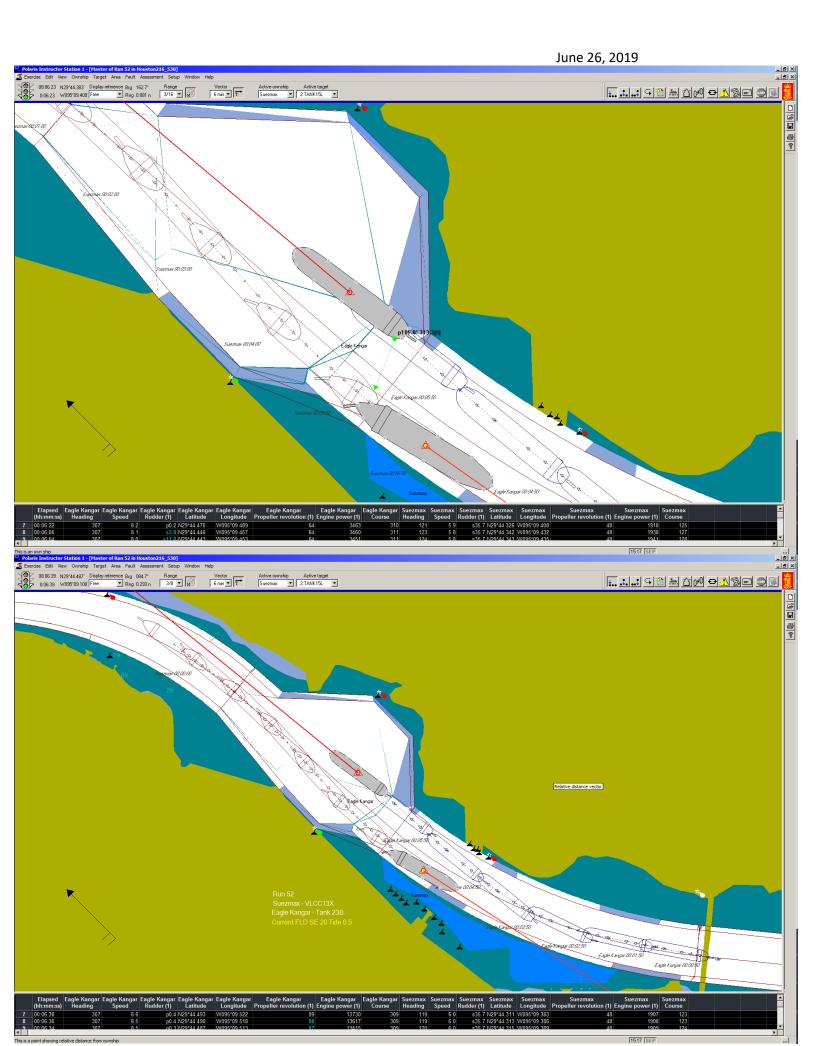


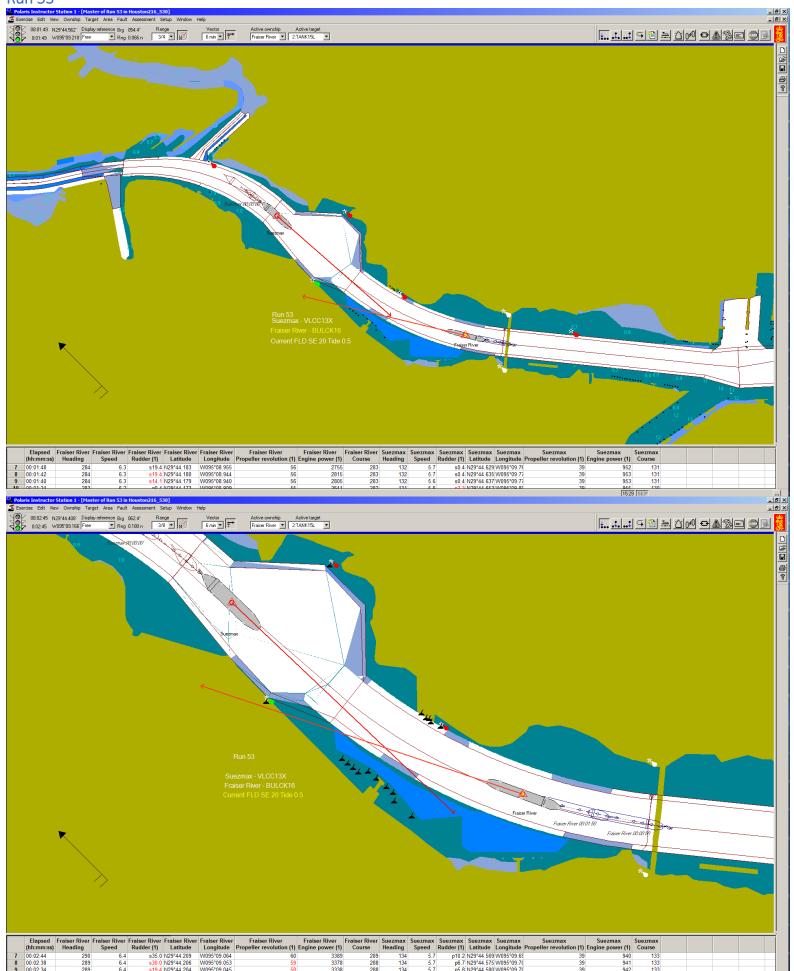


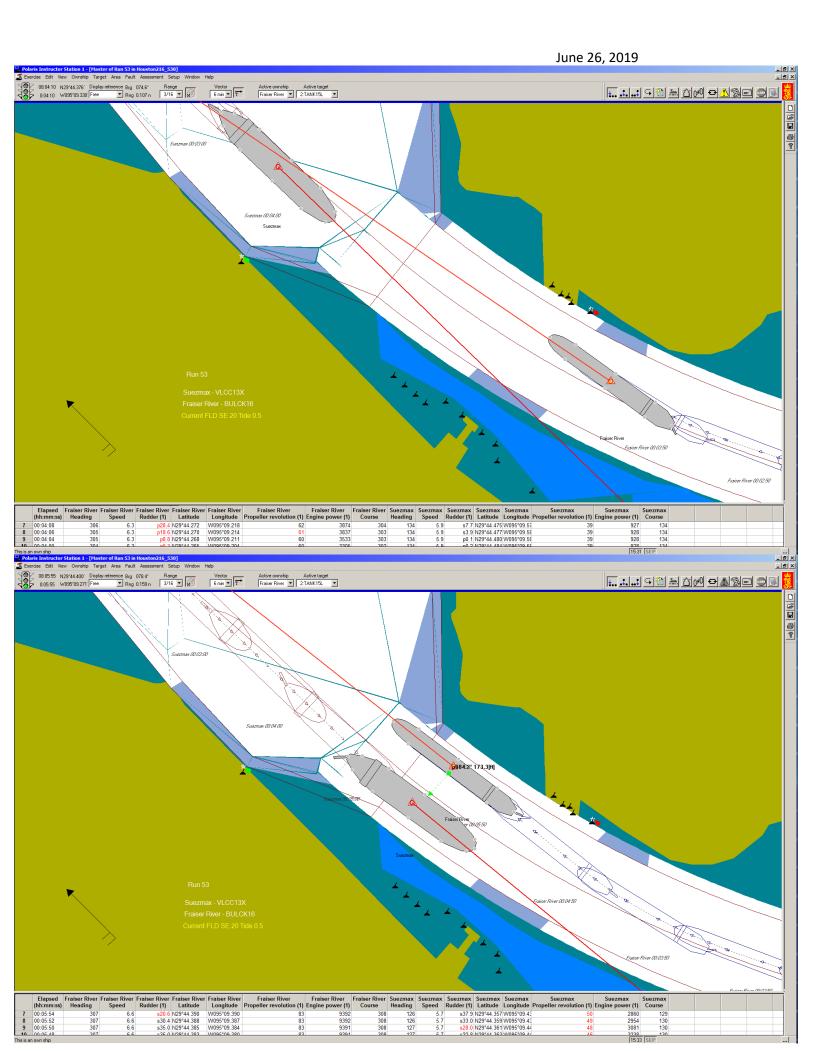
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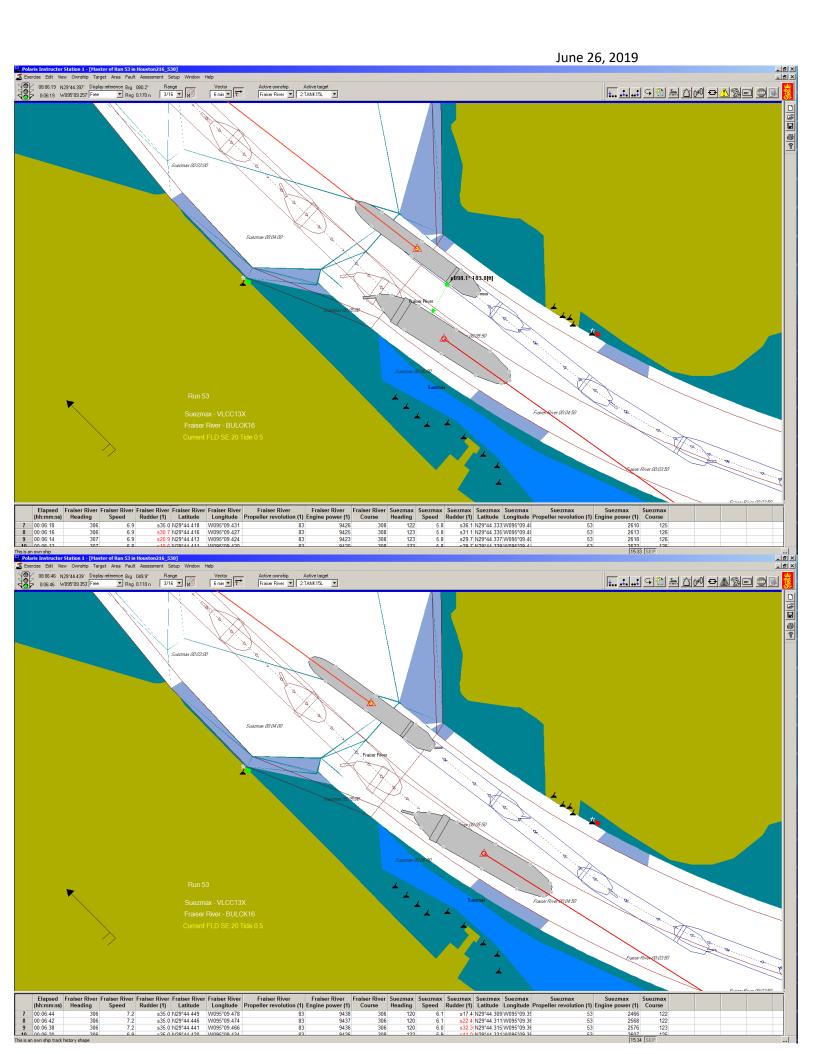


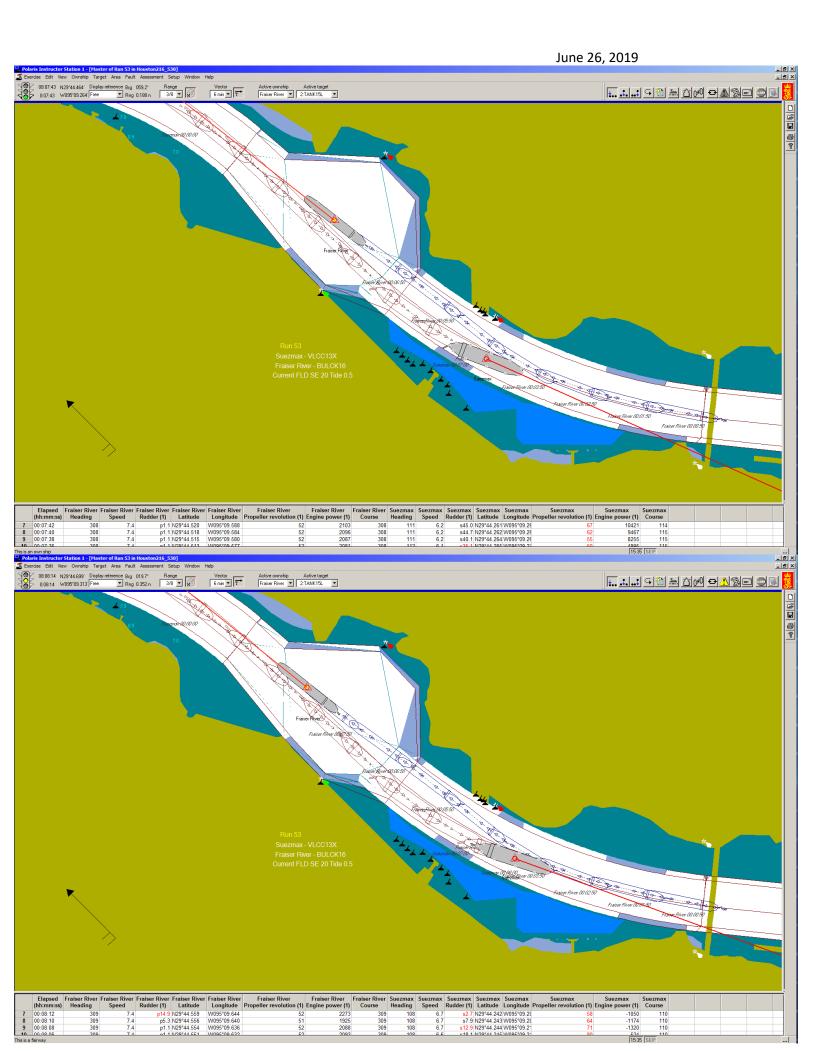


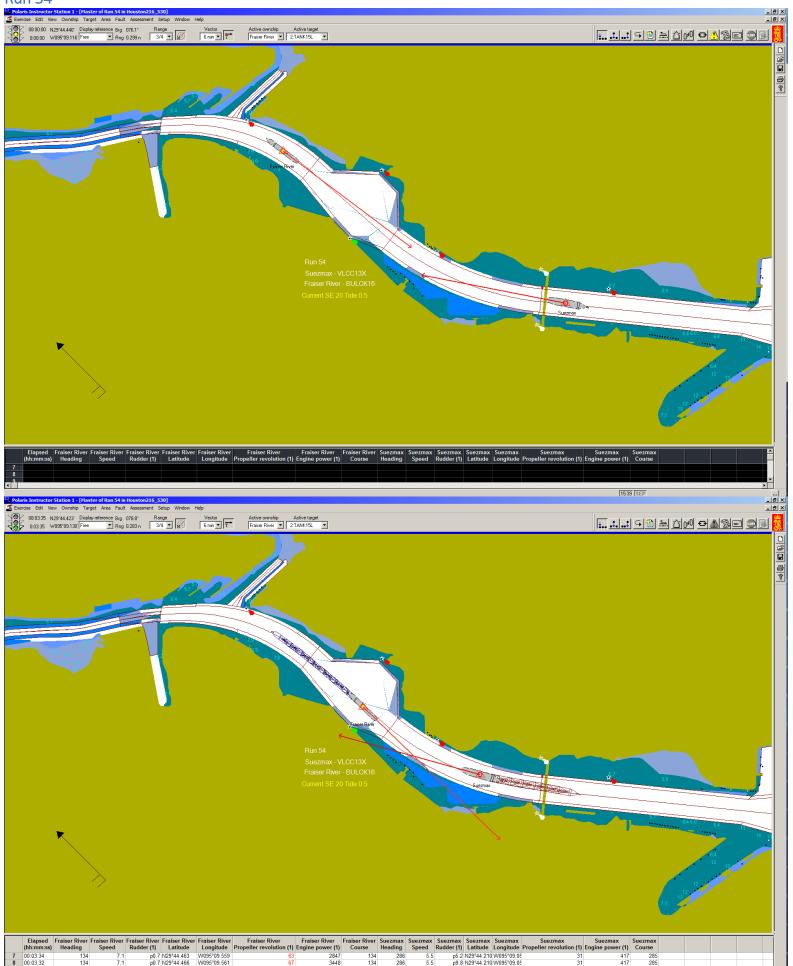


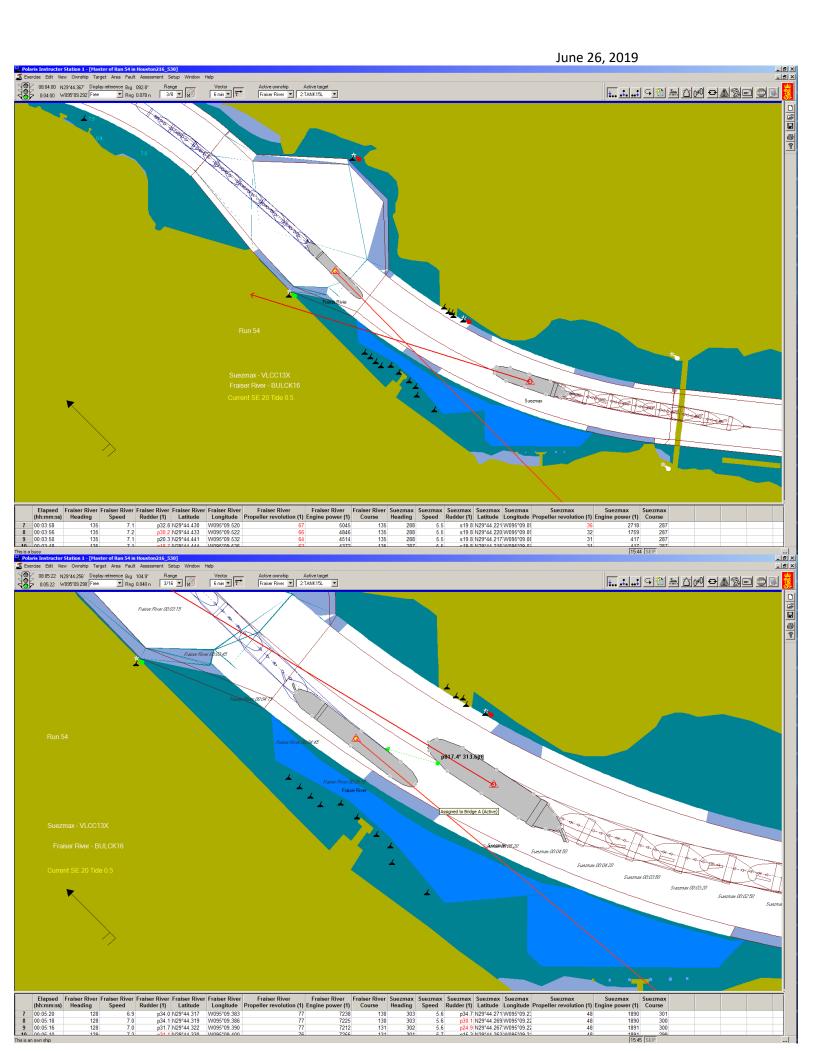


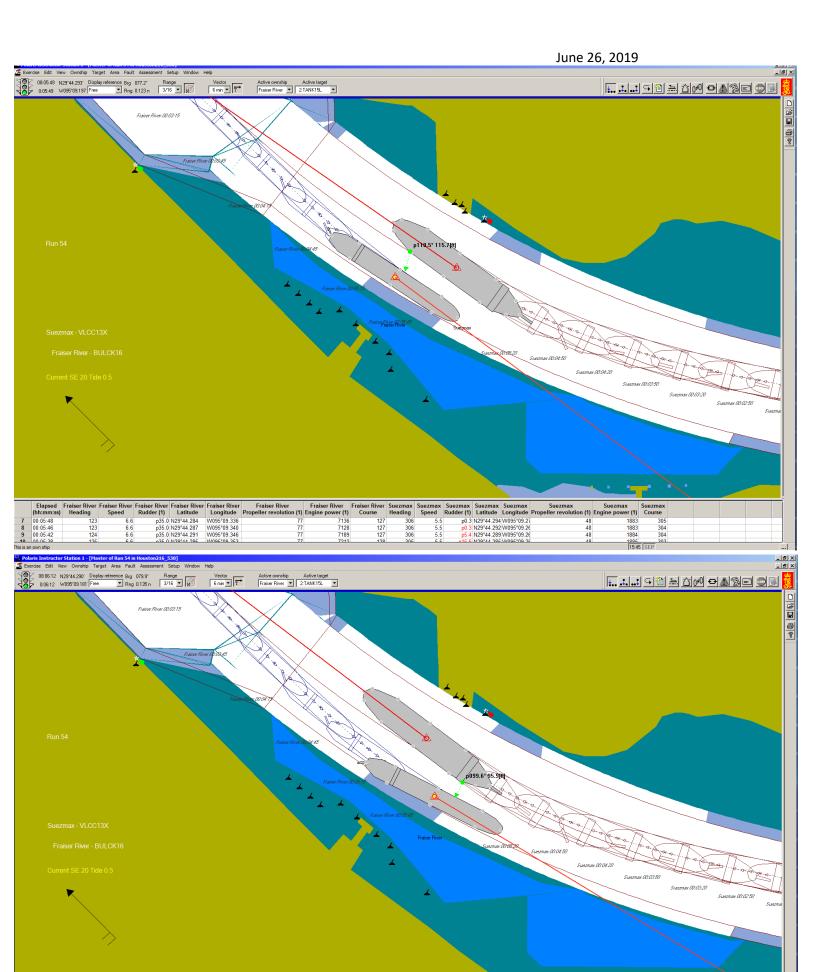


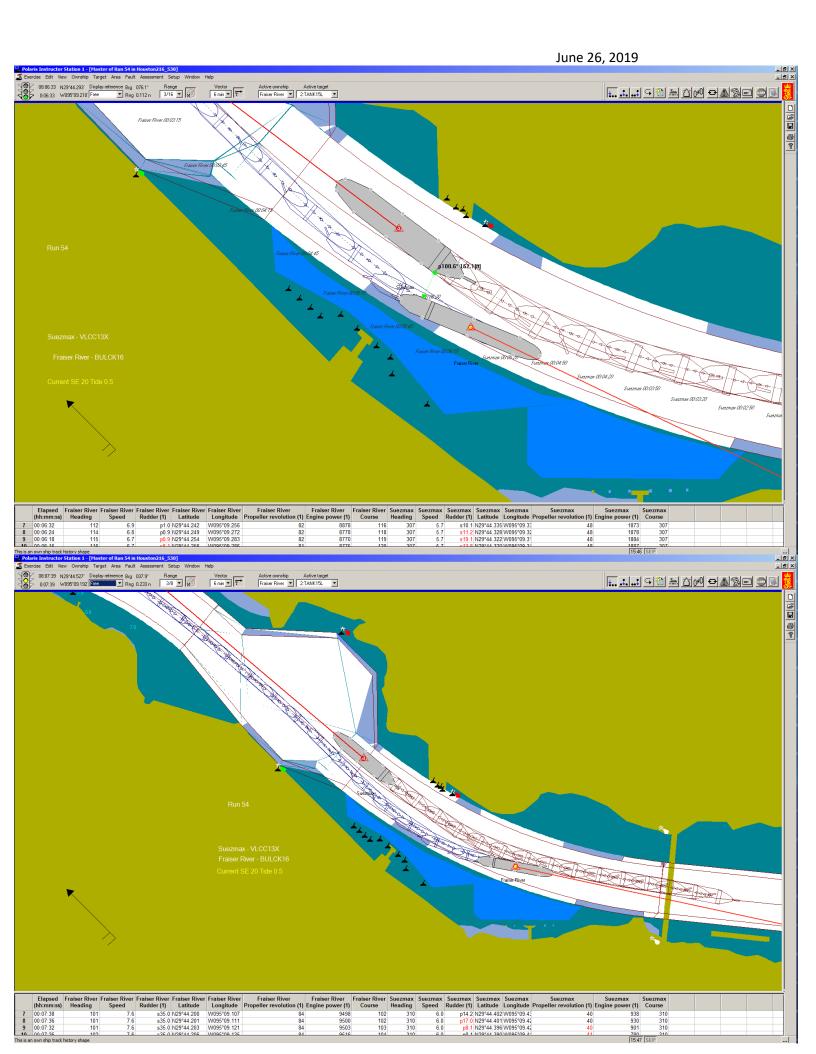




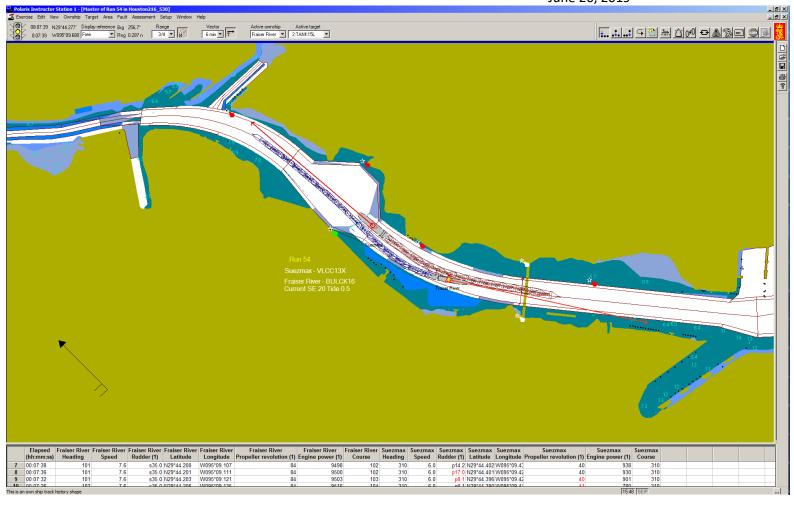


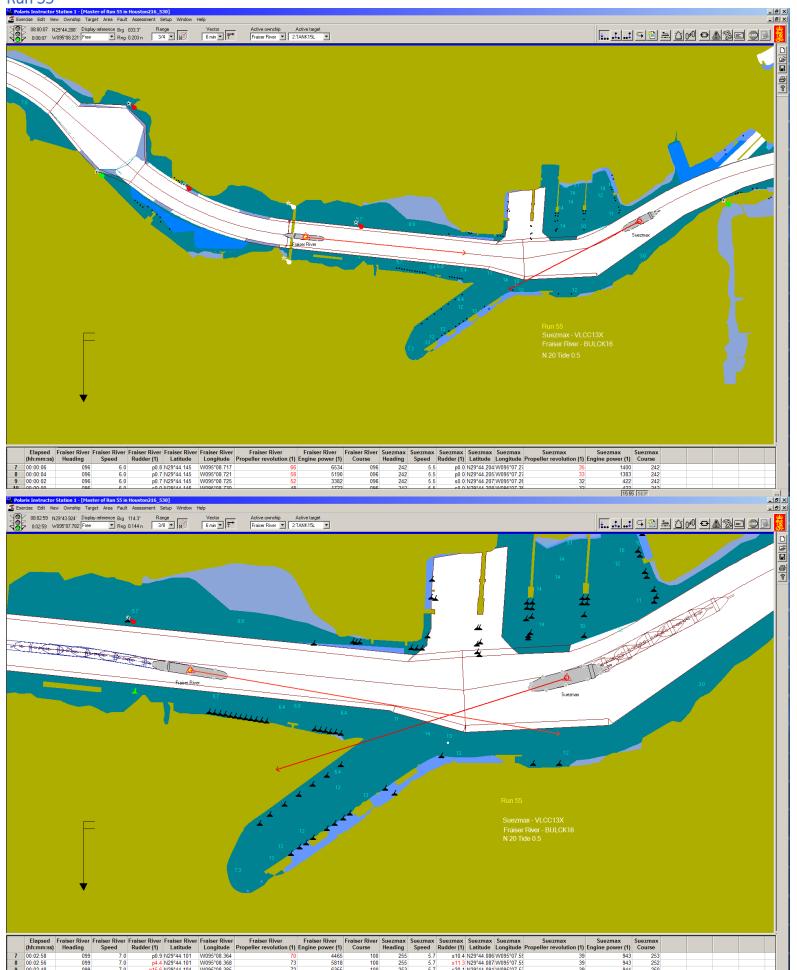


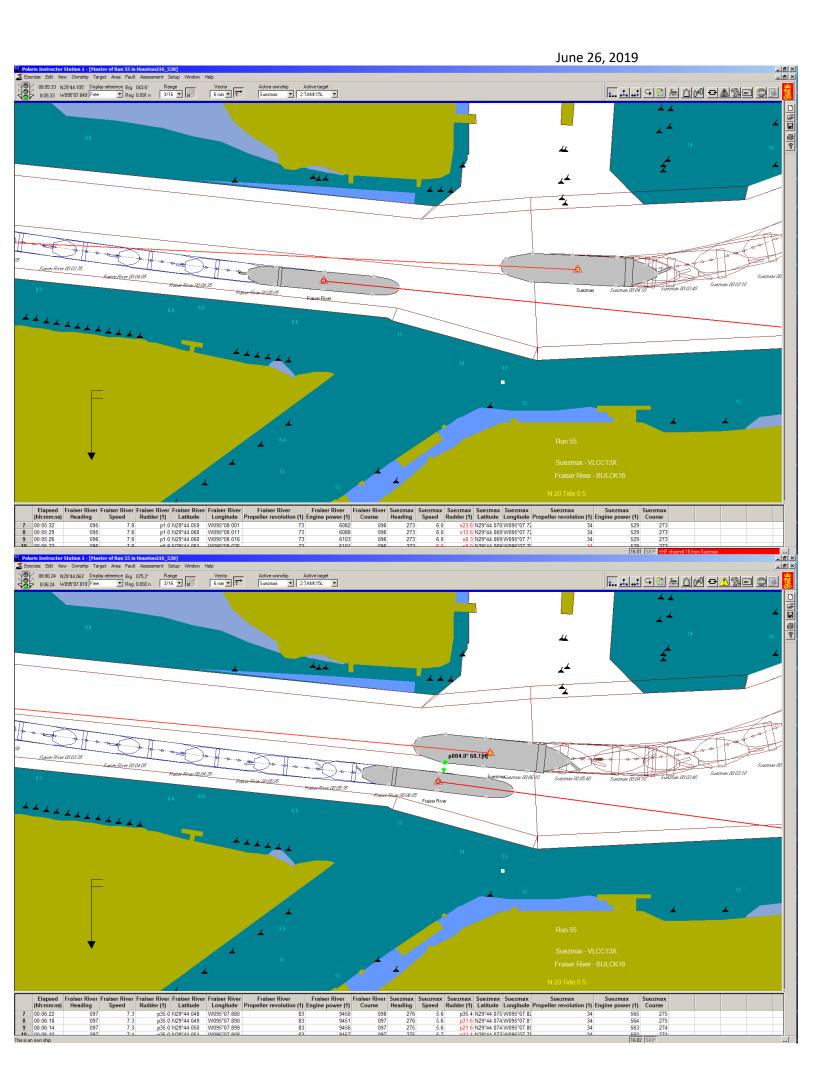


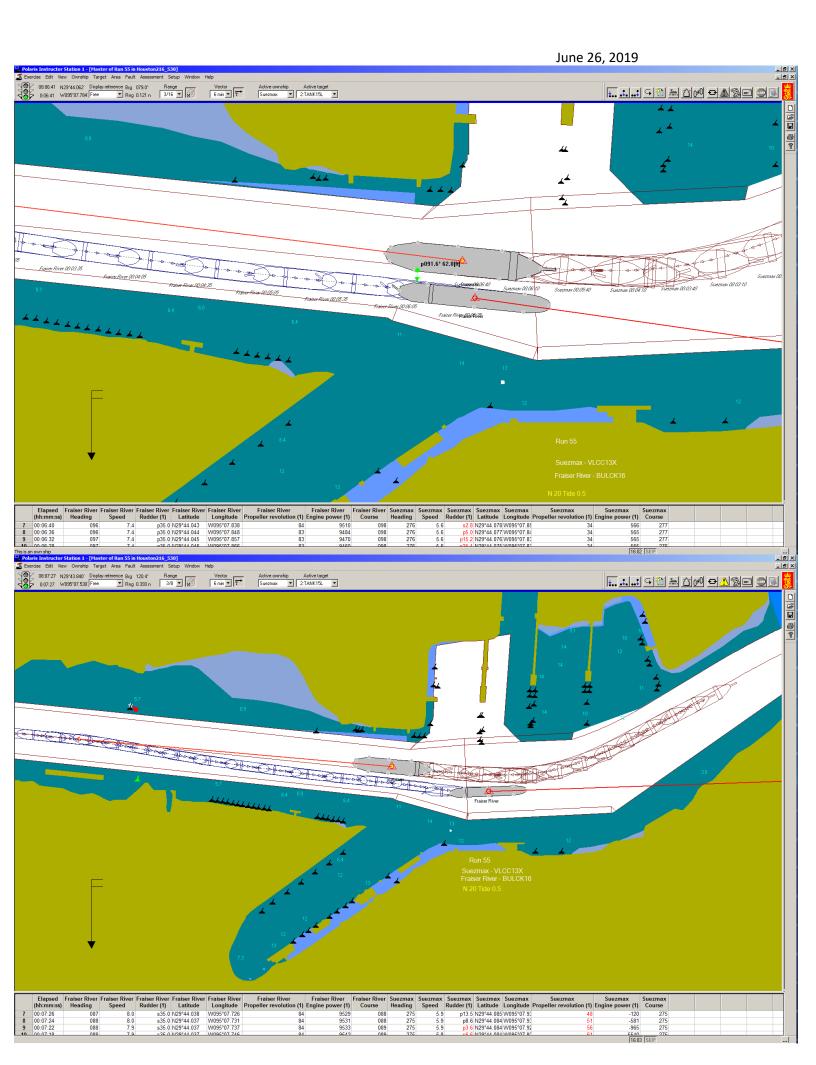


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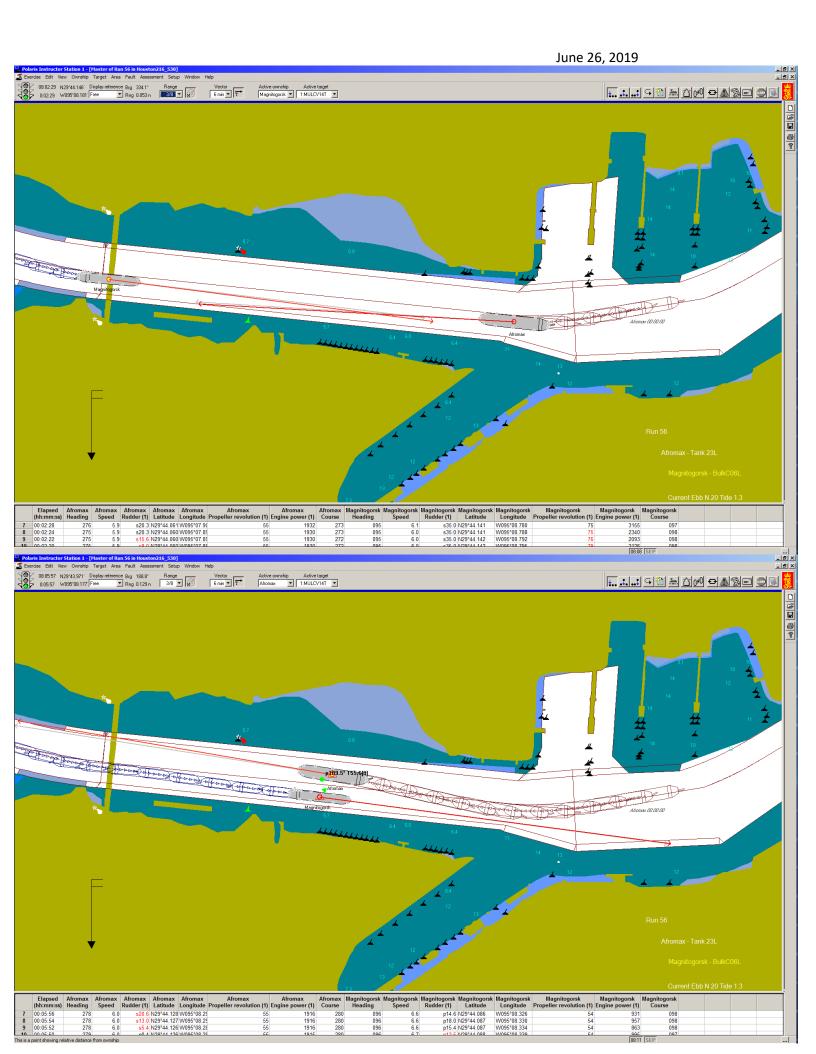


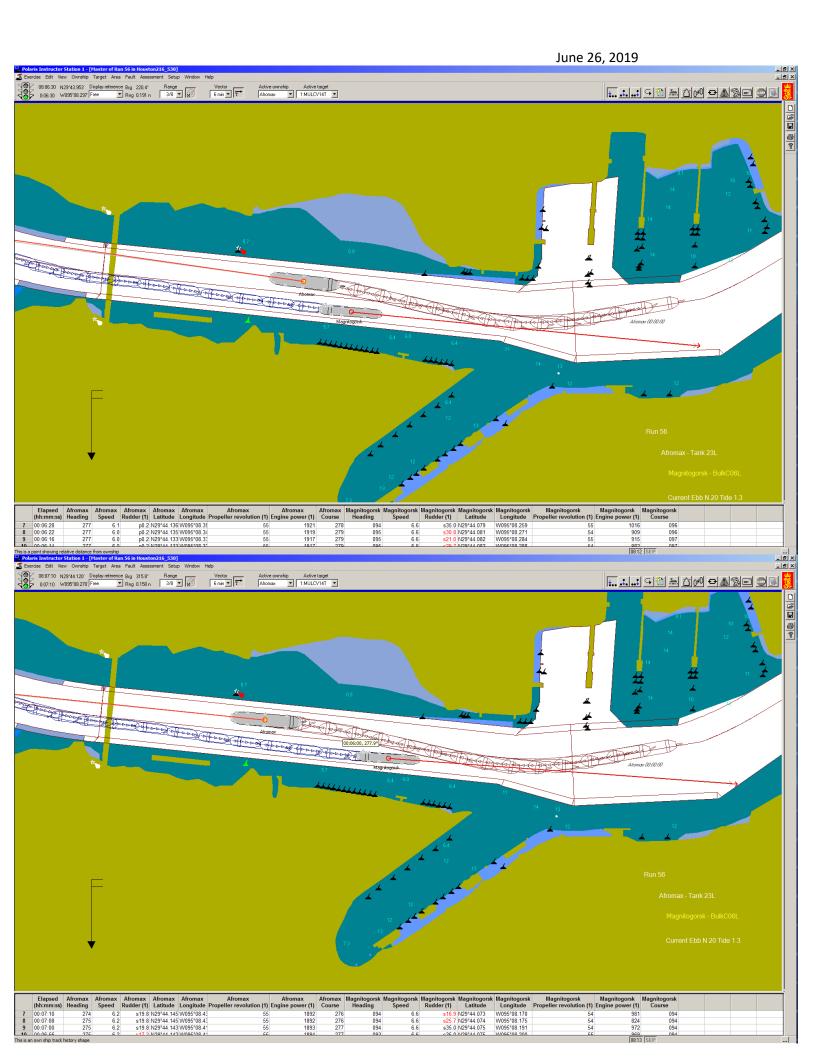


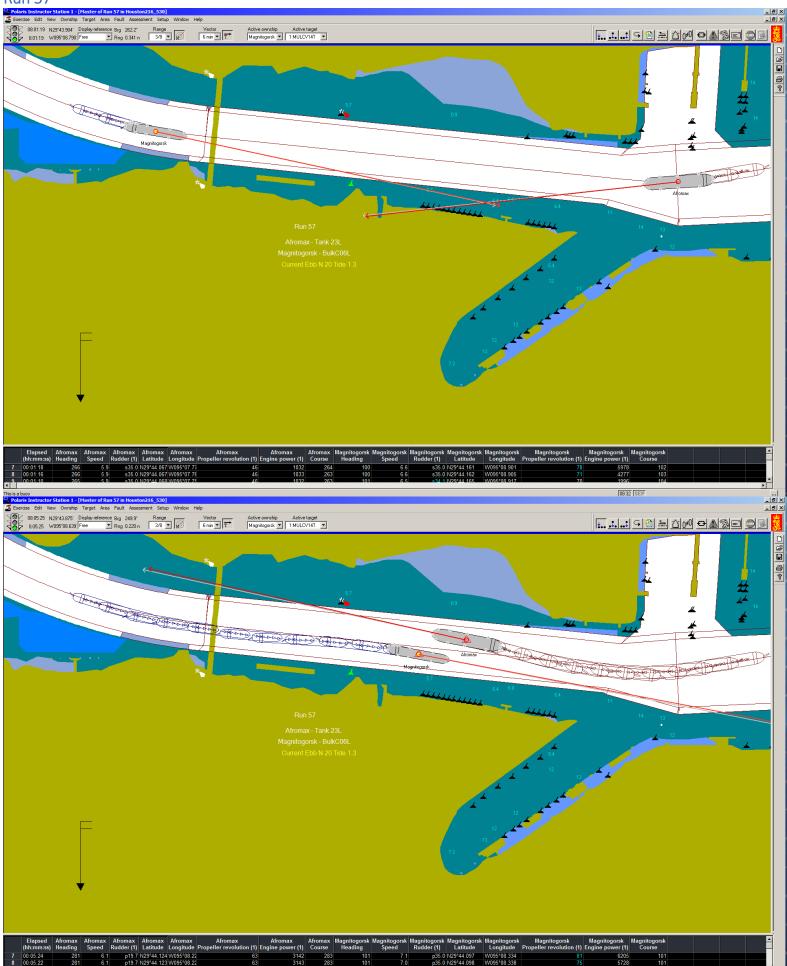
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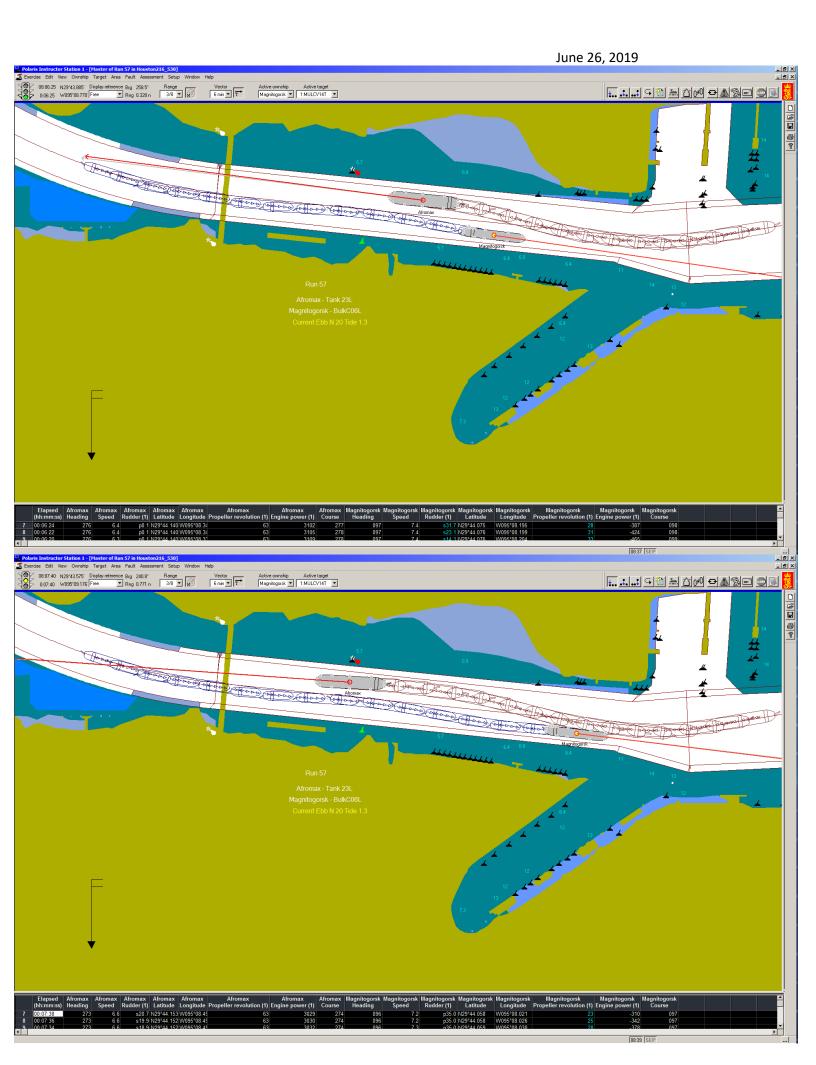
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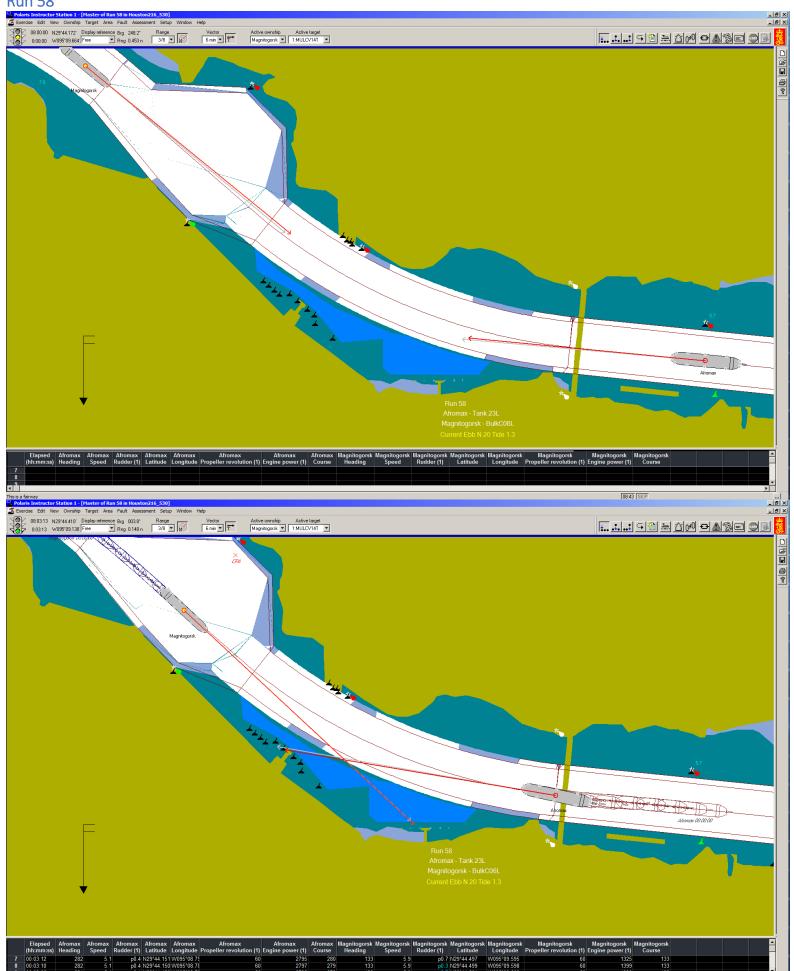


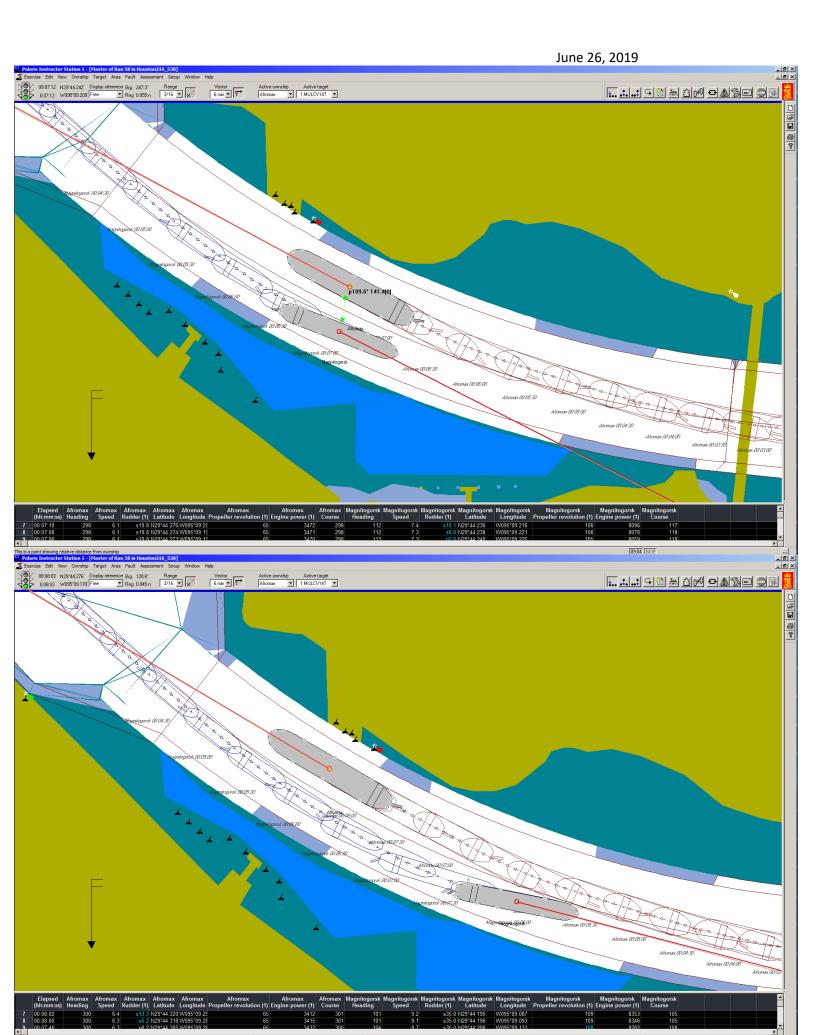




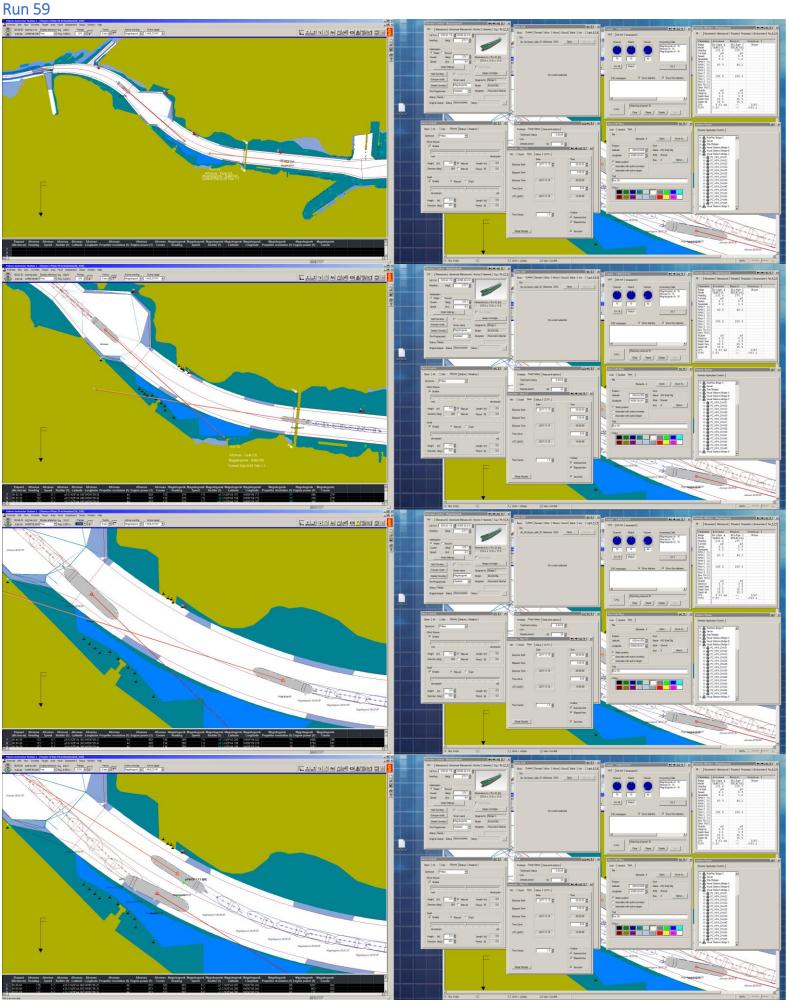


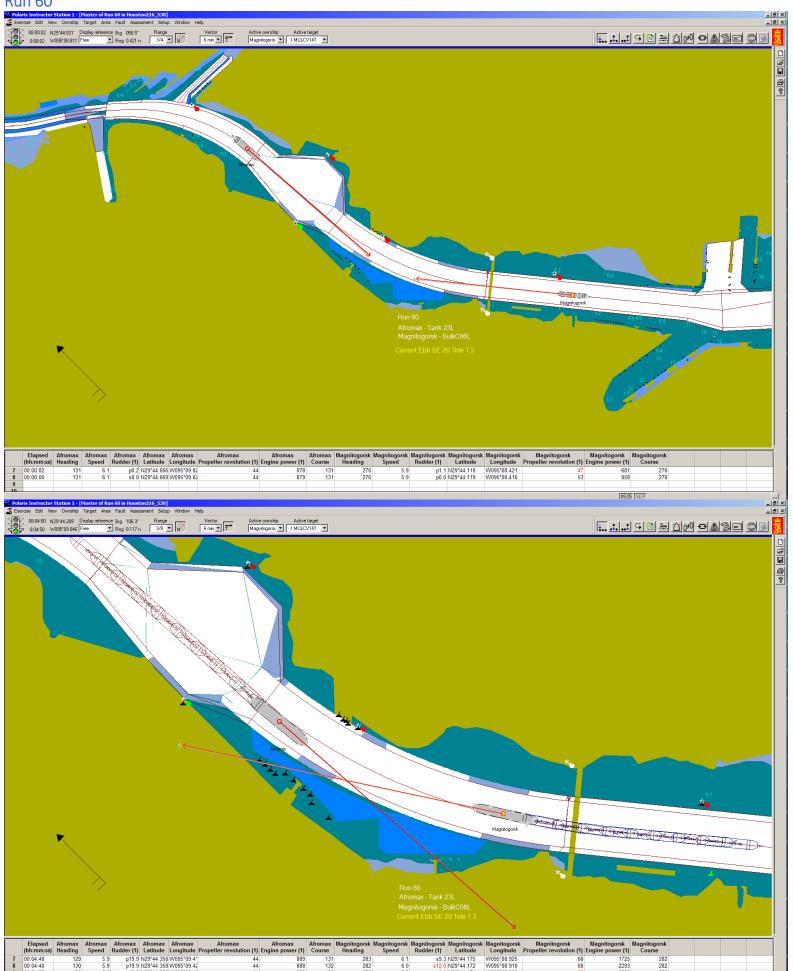


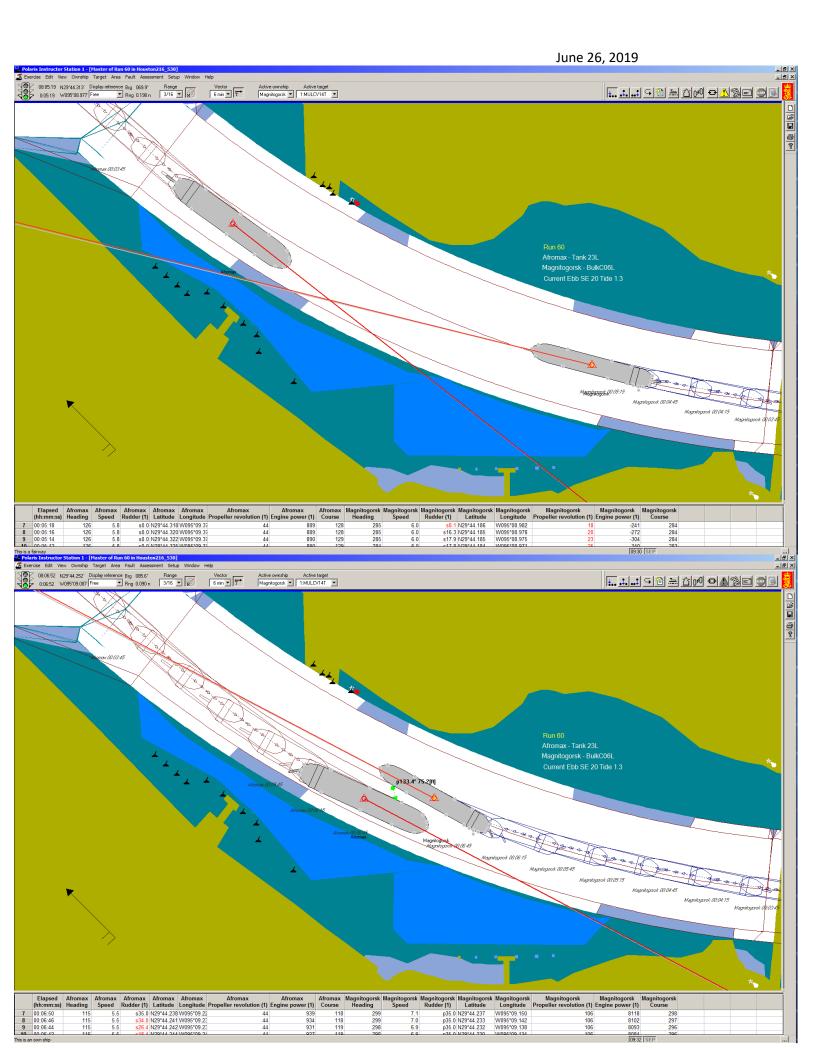


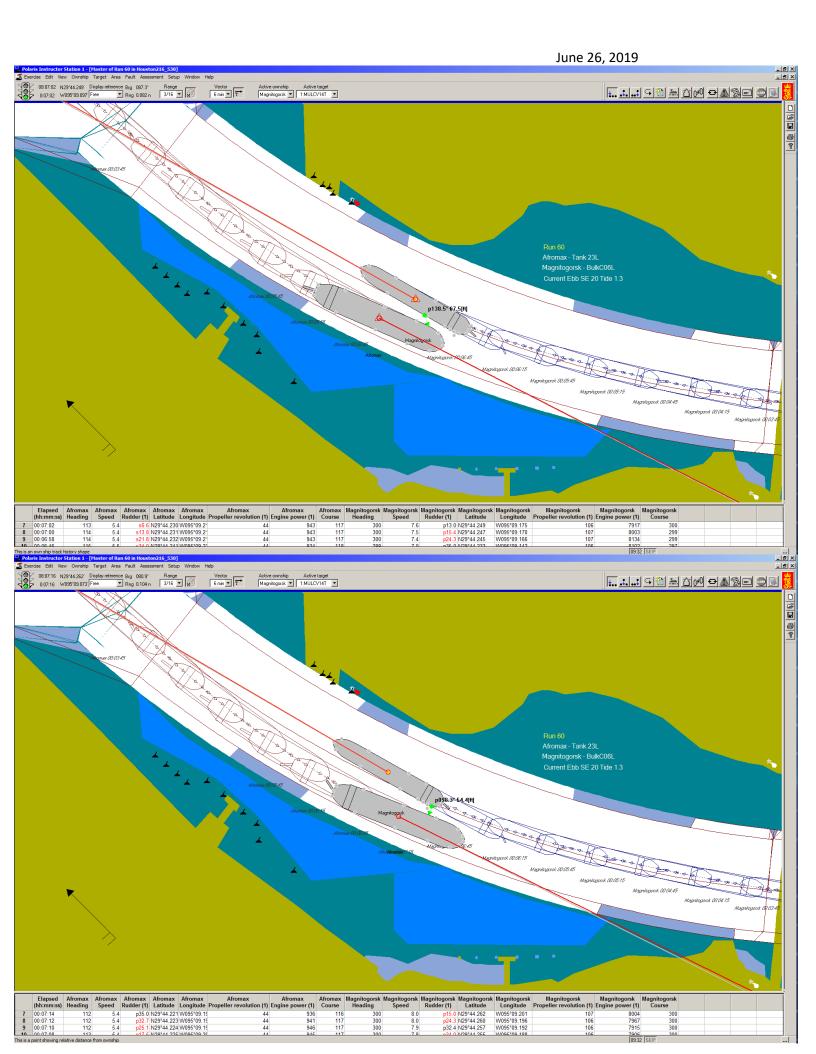


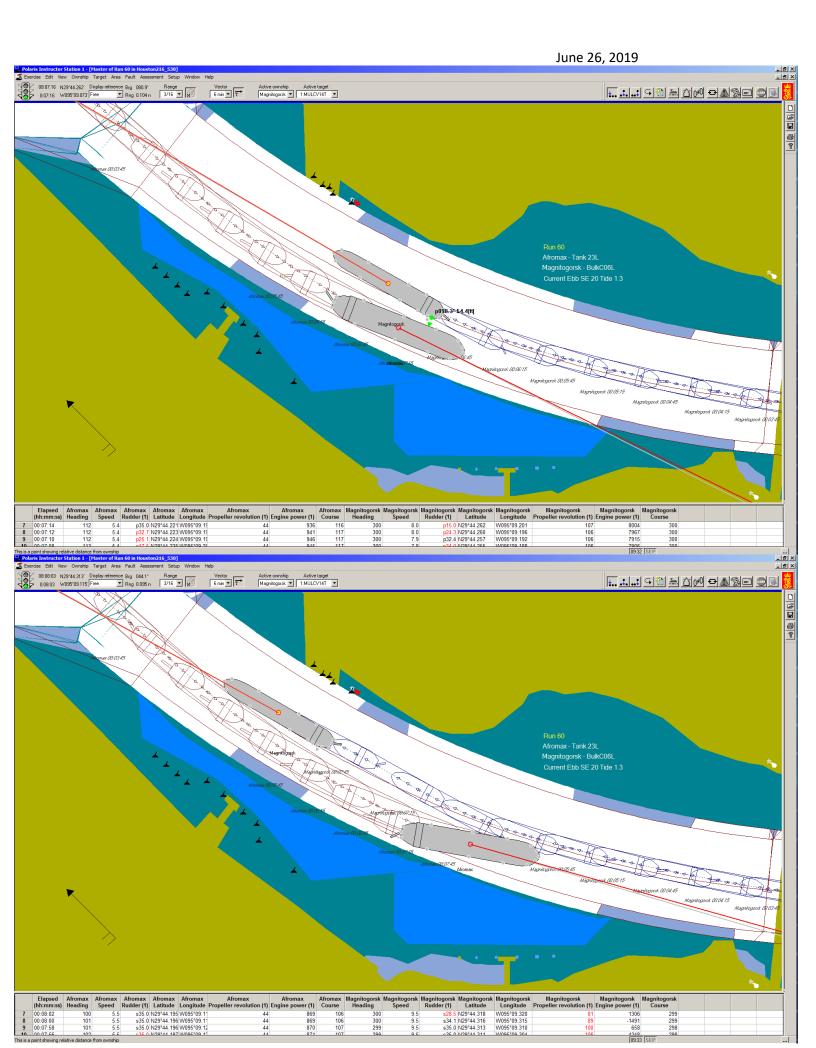
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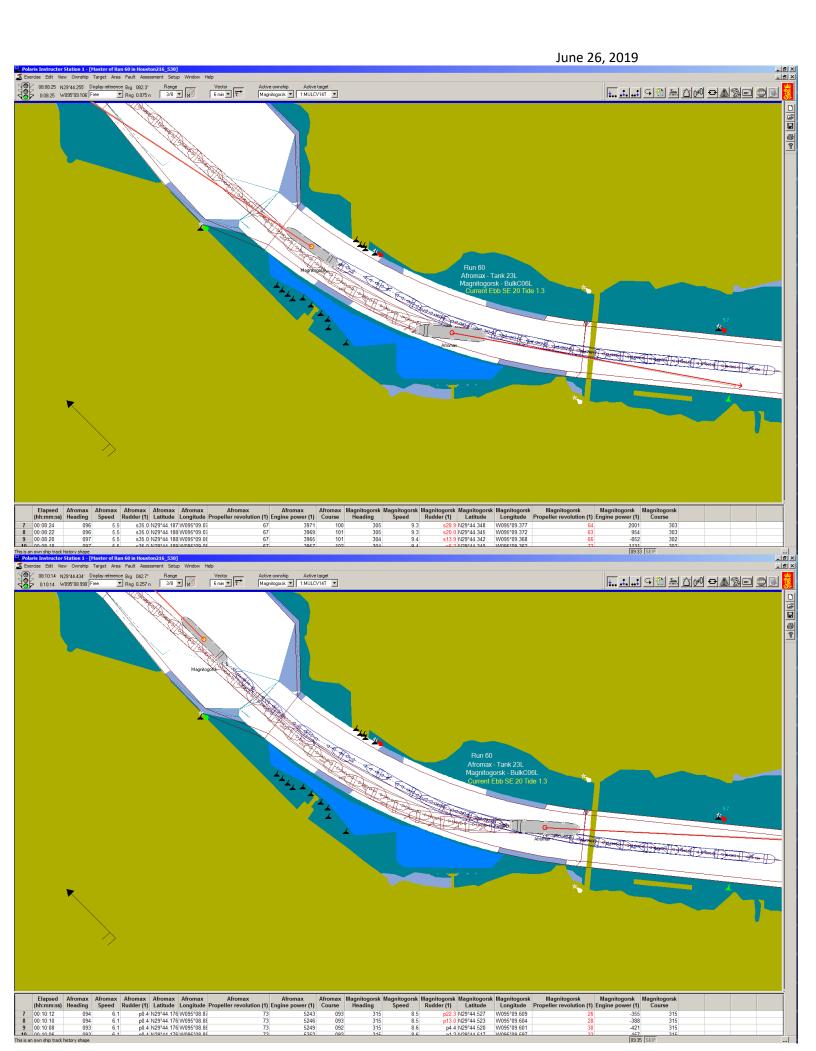












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